"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; tomorrow probably thundershowers; southerly winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 86; min., 68.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXIV....No. 24,677. NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 17, 1925. TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere in the U. S.

COOLIDGE MAY URGE CONGRESS TO MODIFY BELGIAN DEBT TERMS

Lower Interest Proposal Expected From Conference With Mellon and Smoot.

OTHER LOANS INVOLVED

Similar Concessions Probably Would Be Demanded by France and Italy.

BRUSSELS SHOWS ANXIETY

Interallied Conference on Debt Problem, Also Arbitration, Are Talked of There.

Special to The New York Times.

PLYMOUTH, Vt., Aug. 16.—President Coolidge's conference tomorrow with Secretary Mellon and Senator Smoot is expected to result on the initiative of the President in agreement that more favorable terms ought to be granted to Belgium than are laid down in the law under which Great Britain funded her war debt to this country.

It is thought Mr. Coolidge will require Belgium to show just how much she can pay and upon what terms and then pass on to the next Congress with his recommendations the duty of accepting or rejecting the conditions offered by the Belgian Commissioners.

In that event further negotiations with Belgium would, of course, be postponed until Congress had acted upon the question of changing the debt law.

The decision expected to be made tomorrow is regarded as of the utmost importance by the Debt Commission because any terms which may be agreed to tentatively by the President, based upon Belgium's ability to pay, probably would be sought by France and Italy, which are about to enter upon similar negotiations with the United States.

There appears to be no doubt that the interest rate will have to be lowered for Belgium, but whether President Coolidge will consent to recommend to Congress a suspension of the interest charges for a period has not been determined upon, it is said here. The principal, however, will have to be paid in full, in accordance with President Coolidge's policy that none of the debt can be canceled.

Taxation Reduction Involved.

It is recognized by Administration advisers that great caution must be observed and terms that will be acceptable to Congress be worked out, because, as what is done in reference to Belgium probably will have to be followered in the case of France and Italy, the result will have an effect upon tax reduction in the United States.

The Chief Executive has no power to agree to terms for funding the foreign debt. The terms are laid down in the law creating the Debt Commisison, and the commission has no power to depart from the conditions granted to Great Britain. The President, therefore, can only recommend to Congress, and he must be certain, if he consents to more favorable terms for Belgium than Great Britain received, that Congress will sustain him and ratify the recommendation.

Aside from the law governing the matter, the Republican platform in 1924 declared against any terms of war debt settlement different from those to Great Britain. The plank in the platform on which President Coolidge was elected, in part, reads:

"We stand for settlements with all debtor countries, similar in character with our debt agreement with Great Britain. That settlement, achieved under a Republican Administration, was the greatest international transaction in the history of the world. Under the terms of the agreement the United States now receives an annual return upon the $4,000,000,000 owing us by Great Britain with a definite obligation of ultimate payment in full."

President Coolidge's conference with Secretary Mellon and Senator Smoot will be not only in regard to the debt situation, but the proposed taxation revision bill also will be considered.

Secretary Mellon is prepared, according to reports received here, to give the President definite figures as to the amount the taxes can be reduced by the next Congress. Mr. Mellon will not recommend any schedules for the tax bill, knowing that any such activity on his part might be misinterpreted, as it was when the last tax bill was considered by Congress.

Mr. Mellon, it is known, favors a radical reduction in surtaxes and desires to see the inheritance tax repealed. He agrees with President Coolidge that the estate tax cannot be repealed at present, but believes that the maximum rate of 40 per cent. should be substantially reduced. Senator Smoot, Chairman of the Finance Committee, has sketched a tax bill which he will ask the President to approve.

Voluntary consolidation of the railroads may form the subject of a discussion which Alba Johnson, former President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works and now a member of the Executive Committee of Railway Executives, may have with the President if the latter has time to hear him. Mr. Johnson has a Summer estate near here and will seek a conference probably with the President Tuesday.

Arbitration Talk in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 16, (AP).—Should the negotiations at Washington to fund the Belgian debt to the United States fail through, it is understood the question of submitting the entire debt problem

Continued on Page Three.

Real Gems in Queen Mary's Hat Sets New Style in Smart Set

LONDON, Aug. 16 (A. P.).—When Queen Mary sets a fashion, which is seldom—it invariably catches on with the smart set.

The latest vogue which the Queen has started is the wearing of small but genuine jewels in her hat.

Several society women at the recent race meetings followed the fashion, but on a large scale, the jewelled ornaments being in the shape of valuable brooches.

LABOR WILL ATTACK HIGH TEXTILE TARIFF

Federation to Ask Congress to Withdraw Protection From New England Mills.

WAGE CUTTING DENOUNCED

President Green Warns Operators That the Public's Patience Has a Limit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The American Federation of Labor will attack the New England textile manufacturers in the coming Congress and try to cut down their tariff protection, according to an announcement made today by William Green, the President of the Federation. Mr. Green stated this purpose in a letter to M. G. Pierce, President of the American Woolen Company, in which he declared the time was at hand when the manufacturers should be deprived of the "special privileges and special benefits which they have enjoyed from high tariff protection."

Reminding the manufacturers that corporations which enjoy the protection of the law, and especially those that are the beneficiaries of the high protective tariff, must remember they owe something to the Government and the people who make the Government." Mr. Green pointed out that the manufacturers originally obtained a high protective tariff from Congress "that they might pay high wages to their employes."

As far back as 1867, Mr. Green declared, Congress "surrendered" to the manufacturers' demands, and the principles of the notorious Schedule K were fastened upon the people. Despite this, he asserted, no other industry in the country had made such a record for wage reductions and strikes.

Mr. Green gave figures to show that, with few exceptions, the labor item in the textile industry was only from one-tenth to one-fifth of the factory selling price of the product. He enumerated numerous wage cuts and contrasted them with dividends paid by the mills and additions made to reserve funds, and warned the manufacturers that "there is a limit to public patience and public endurance."

The Federation of Labor's head declared it was his purpose to bring the facts to the attention of Congress, to protest against the reduction of textile workers' wages, and to demand that the manufacturers should be deprived of special privileges and special benefits under high tariff protection.

Text of Green's Letter.

President Green's letter reads as follows:

"Even though I have not received a reply to my communication transmitted to you on July 27, I am prompted by the deep sense of injustice which I feel has been inflicted upon the helpless textile workers of New England to address to you this second communication.

"The textile manufacturers of New England insisted that they be made the beneficiaries of a high protective tariff. They demanded of Congress a tariff schedule which, they explained, would adequately protect goods manufactured in the textile industry from competition from Europe. They alleged such protection was necessary in order that they might pay high wages to their employes.

"So, behind the repeated reductions in wages of the textile workers there looms like a ghost the notorious Schedule K. The remarkable feature of this Schedule K is the fact that the principles embodied in Schedule K were first fastened upon the people of the United States in 1867.

"In that year efforts were being made to pass a tariff bill. The textile manufacturers refused to permit its passage until their demands were complied with.

Continued on Page Two.

MRS. THOMPSON BACK; WON'T TELL ABOUT TRIP TO NOVA SCOTIA

Returns to Aunt's Home and There Meets Her Mother and Her Child.

WILL SEE FAMILY LAWYER

First News of Her Safety Came in Telegram Sent From Maine.

SILENT ABOUT HUSBAND

He Is Not Informed by Family of Wife's Appearance—Future Up to Her, He Declares.

Mrs. Isabelle de Puy Thompson, who disappeared from her home at Kew Gardens in the middle of the night a week ago Sunday, ran into the home of her aunt, Mrs. Lillian de Puy, at Amityville, L. I., about 8:30 o'clock last night and threw herself into the arms of her mother, Mrs. Sarah de Puy Gildersleeve.

"Oh, mother, I'm so tired," she cried. "Put me to bed."

She was nervous and crying, and when a little while later she consented to see a reporter she refused to give any details of her trip. She would not say whether she would return to her husband, George Alanson Tracy Thompson, but her mother said she would not return to him under any circumstances.

Mrs. Thompson went to Amityville on a train which reached there about 8 o'clock. She was not met at the station, but her arrival had been expected, for she had telegraphed from Augusta, Me., on Saturday night that she had been at Yarmouth, N. S., and would be home yesterday. Her mother had left her home at Freeport to go to Amityville some time before. Mrs. Thompson took a cab from the station to her aunt's house, and when she left it fairly ran up the walk and into the house, crying out to them as she came.

After she had embraced her mother, Mrs. Gildersleeve asked her if she didn't want to see the baby, and Mrs. Thompson kissed the youngster and said she would see it longer later, and to put it to bed. Then she went upstairs and slept for about an hour, after which she was interviewed. The talk was a short and not illuminating one.

Left Home at 2:15 A. M.

She was asked what happened the Saturday night before she went away, when her husband, George Thompson, came home from a dinner he had had with friends in town and went to bed immediately.

"I will not talk about what happened when George got home," she said.

"I left the house about 2:15 that Sunday morning, and walked to the Long Island Railroad Station, where I took the first train. It was a dreary walk, and I was dreadfully afraid. The rest of my trip I will not discuss."

"Did any one go with you?" she was asked.

"I won't tell," she said. "There was no man in the case."

"Did you go to Yarmouth?"

"I won't tell you."

She also refused to say whom she stayed with while she was away, and as to her return would only say that she had come back by train.

"Will you return to your husband?"

"I have nothing to say about that now. I am going with my mother to Judge William Bayes, who handles all the legal affairs for our family, and after I have talked with him I will decide what to do."

At this point Mrs. Thompson broke down and cried, and her aunt terminated the interview.

As the party left the bedroom, however, Mrs. Gildersleeve said emphatically:

"Isabelle will under no circumstances return to her husband."

Mrs. Thompson did not look as if her trip had done her harm, for although she was tired and distaught she looked well. She is only twenty-two years old, and the hour's rest she had after reaching the house restored her completely, although she was still very nervous and restrained her tears with difficulty.

Her Husband Not Informed.

Mr. Thompson, who was staying last night at the Hotel Richmond, 70 West Forty-sixth Street, was informed of his wife's reappearance by a NEW YORK

Continued on Page Two.

200,000 Quit Paris Park in Fear of Leopard; Thirty Police Hunt Bois for Zoo Fugitive

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—At least 200,000 people gave up the plan to spend this hot Summer evening in the Bois de Boulgone when the afternoon papers announced that a leopard had escaped from the zoo and had taken refuge in the big park of Paris.

Thirty policemen with trained dogs failed this afternoon to find the animal, which is described as the finest specimen of its kind in the Paris Zoological Gardens.

The Bois was crowded, as always on a Summer Sunday, when the newspapers told of the danger afoot. Mothers garnered their children and picnic parties began to break up and by nightfall the Bois was almost deserted.

The zoo director gave a warning that while the leopard was not dangerous in the daytime it was a peril at night.

CAR LEAPS SEAWALL; WOMAN IS DROWNED

Man Is Rescued From Closed Auto After Struggle at Sheepshead Bay.

DIVER FIGHTS TO FREE THEM

Thousands in Darkness Watch as Lights Are Thrown on Scene —Other Auto Accidents.

A closed automobile in which were a man, a woman and a collie dog leaped the seawall into Sheepshead Bay last night and carried the woman imprisoned in it to death. Her husband was extricated from the submerged car by life guards who raced to the place in canoes. He was alive but in a serious condition from submersion and was bruised and hysterical after his struggle under water to open the doors of the car. The dog was dead.

The couple were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lass, each 55 years old, of 2,031 East Twelfth Street, Brooklyn. The husband is a telegraph operator in the brokerage offices of Strong, Sturgis & Co., 11 Wall Street, and his wife was similarly employed in the offices of F. P. Reistein.

They were motoring shortly before 9 o'clock yesterday evening on the Shore Boulevard at Manhattan Beach. At the foot of Langham Street, Lass started to turn his car back. The front wheels of the sedan were resting against the curb, and he attempted to throw the gears into reverse. Instead he pressed his foot on the accelerator. The sedan lunged forward over the curbing and across the fifteen feet of sand and dirt that separated the roadway from the bulkhead bordering Sheepshead Bay. Lass tried to stop it, but it went on, toppled over the bulkhead and dropped into the bay, overturning as it fell. It sank in the eight feet of water until only its wheels were visible.

Vincent Foy, a life guard, in a canoe near by, rushed to the overturned car, dived in and tried to pull the door open. Automobilists on the Shore Boulevard who had seen the car plunge into the water raced to the Oriental Point Station of the United States Volunteer Life Saving Corps and brought help.

Diver Fights to Get Woman.

While Foy dived again and again, staying down as long as he could each time and battling with the car door, automobiles gathered on the road near by and turned their lights on the scene to help the rescuers. Meanwhile Larry Herrara and Louis Phipps, life guards, came up and joined Foy.

Finally Foy forced the door open and pulled out Lass, who had been beating at the other side of the door in the black water in a frantic effort to get his wife and himself to the surface. Lass was taken by other guards and handed up to motorists waiting on the shore. Then Foy dived again and got Mrs. Lass. She was unconscious when she was laid on the ground.

An ambulance from Coney Island Hospital, with Doctors Boylan and Gaber, had arrived and was waiting, and a fire engine company also had come. Doctors, firemen and lifeguards worked for two hours in relays trying to revive the woman, while a crowd of thousands gathered around, kept in check by the police reserves. In the end Mrs. Lass was pronounced dead and her body was taken to the Coney Island Police Station.

Mr. Lass was taken to the Coney Island Hospital, where it was believed he would recover. He was so shaken from his battle under water that he was not told his wife was dead.

Auto Death in Newark.

Miss Glenna Colley of Newark died early yesterday morning in the City Hospital there as a result of injuries received when she was struck by an automobile on Saturday night.

The machine was driven by Carl F. Metzger and he is being held on a charge of manslaughter.

Georgiana Henderson, 21 years old, of 65 East 105th Street, and her escort, John Hinesce, 28, of 2,054 West Twenty-second Street, Chicago, were run down by an automobile, thrown in the path of a taxi and seriously injured yesterday afternoon when they started to cross 106th Street at Third Avenue.

A southbound auto, owned by Joseph Lichman, 415 East Fifty-fifth Street, and driven by Anthony Petch of 31 East Sixty-third Street, knocked them to the pavement. Just then a taxicab driven by Harry Brodofsky of 230 East 101st Street, coming from the opposite direction, ran into them, fracturing Miss Henderson's hip and fracturing Hinesce's skull and possibly his leg. They were taken to City Hospital. Patrolman John Ashworth of the East 104th Street Station arrested the two drivers on charges of felonious assault.

WILDWOOD, N. J., Aug. 16.—Dorothy Lynch, 18 years old, of 149 North Willow Street, Philadelphia, who was injured in an automobile accident at Rio Grande

Continued on Page Two.

Knickerbocker Grill, 42d St. at B'way.—Dinner Supreme $1.50. Dancing. Cool Place.—Advt.

BUCKNER APPOINTS 18 AIDS; 2 ARE WOMEN

List Includes Winners of High Honors in Colleges and Law Schools.

125 APPLIED FOR PLACES

Glad to Accept Low Salaries to Get Court Training—15,000 Cases Pending March 1.

Two women are included among the eighteen new assistants whose appointment United States District Attorney Emory R. Buckner announced yesterday. Mr. Buckner said the additional help, which brings his staff up to fifty, is made necessary by his endeavor to clean up the 15,000 cases pending when he took office on March 1 of this year. The Federal prosecutor pointed out that in his new appointments he had with rare exceptions adhered to the policy of naming young men who have recently graduated from law schools with high honors. The new appointees are as follows:

BISHOP, EARL N., Albany Law School, 1921. Civil Division.

COUDERT, FRERERIC JR., Columbia College, 1919, Phi Beta Kappa; and Columbia Law School, 1922, with highest honors in class. Anti-Trust Division.

EGE, LAWRENCE S., Dartmouth, 1921, Phi Beta Kappa; and Harvard Law School, 1924, with high honors; editor-in-chief of The Harvard Law Review.

FAILOR, Miss ELLAMARYE, Rice Institute at Houston, Texas, 1920; Master's degree from Columbia University, 1921; New York University Law School, 1924, with high honors. Criminal Division.

HITCHCOCK, HORACE G., Dartmouth College, 1919, Phi Beta Kappa; and Yale Law School, 1922, first prize in moot court work. Prohibition Division.

JURY, JOHN C., University of California, 1921, Phi Beta Kappa; and post-graduate work at Yale Law School this year. Criminal Division.

KENYON, WILLIAM H. JR., Harvard College, 1921, and Harvard Law School, 1924. Anti-Trust Division.

KOENIG, RAPHAEL, Yale College, 1922, Phi Beta Kappa; and Harvard Law School, 1925, with high honors. Anti-Trust Division.

LUMBARD, J. EDWARD JR., Harvard College, 1922, with honors, and Harvard Law School, 1925. Prohibition Division.

MARSH, FRANK, Yale College, 1908, and Harvard Law School, with high honors, in 1911. Criminal Division.

MURDOCK, JAMES O., University of Chicago, 1916; Harvard Law School, with high honors. Criminal Division.

OSEAS, ISRAEL B., College of the City of New York, 1922, and Harvard Law School, 1925, with high honors. Anti-Trust Division.

SELLERS, Miss CRENNA, University of Missouri, 1918, and Yale Law School, 1923, with high honors. Division not specified.

STICHMAN, HERBERT T., Yale College, 1922, Phi Beta Kappa; and Yale Law School, 1925, with highest honors in class, and also editor-in-chief of The Yale Law Journal. Prohibition Division.

SYLVESTER, ALVIN McKAY, Columbia College, 1921; Columbia Law School, 1925, with high honors. Civil Division.

WATTS, ROBERT D., Bates College, 1922, Phi Beta Kappa; and Yale Law School, 1925, with high honors, also editor-in-chief of The Yale Law Journal. Prohibition Division.

WHITNEY, WILLIAM D., Yale College, 1920, Phi Beta Kappa; and Yale Law School, 1924. Anti-Trust Division.

WILLIAMS, C. D., Yale College, 1922, and Yale Law School, 1924, with high honors; editor-in-chief of The Yale Law Journal. For past year Legal Secretary to Chief Justice Taft. Prohibition Department.

With the appointment of two women Mr. Buckner now has six women assistants on the office staff. Miss Mary R. Towle has been upon it for some years. Miss Bessie Young and Miss Laura B. Mason were attached to the office from Washington, and Miss Anna Faians, holding a clerical title, has been a member of the bar and assists in legal matters.

Office Sought After.

Besides his pleasure in the quality of his women assistants, Mr. Buckner expressed himself as greatly pleased at his success in rounding up a staff of young men who had distinguished themselves in college and law school and thus had given promise of rapid development. He said the valuable experience offered in the United States Attorney's office in both civil and criminal cases, afforded young men an opportunity for quick learning and participation in trial work, together with the character of assistants with which he is recruiting his office, had already made positions on his staff so desirable a prize that the low salaries paid by the Government offered no obstacle to his plans. In five months he had received 125 applications for appointment, from which he had appointed those having the best records, he said. He expressed himself as highly gratified at the cordial cooperation he had received from the Department of Justice at Washington and the Republican organization in New York.

Mr. Buckner said that the scarcity of Judges now offered the most serious obstacle to the efficient transaction of the Government's business. "We need three additional Judges at the very minimum sitting here all of the time," he said. He said that until relief could be given by Congress, Federal Judge Augustus N. Hand would make every effort to have three out-of-town Judges in constant attendance here, and would appeal to Chief Justice Taft to assist in obtaining this assistance.

"North Meets South, East Meets West"—One night's ride, special Penn. sleeper, to The Greenbrier, White Sulphur.—Advt.

GIRL AND 2 MEN DIE IN BURNING HOTEL AT LONG BRANCH

Volunteer Firemen Are Carried Down in Blazing Ruins When Roof Collapses.

LIFE LOST FOR CLOTHES

Waitress Is Trapped After Returning to Her Room to Get Her Property.

ALL THE GUESTS ESCAPE

First Alarm Sounded on a Siren on Fishermen's Boat at Sea.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 16.—Three persons lost their lives and five others were injured in a fire which started early this morning in the two-story frame and stucco annex of the Atlantic Hotel on Ocean Avenue. Two of the dead were volunteer firemen who were carried down in the blazing ruins when the roof of the burning building fell in. The third was a sixteen-year-old New York City girl employed as a waitress. More than 100 guests of the hotel were driven to the street in their night attire.

The Dead.

ALLEN, LEONA, 16, waitress, 436 West 124th Street, New York City.
DINAN, RAYMOND, 19, volunteer fireman, 126 Union Avenue, Long Beach.
LLOYD, WILBUR, 40, volunteer fireman, 43 Second Avenue, Long Branch.

The Injured.

CODNER, WILLIAM, volunteer fireman.
EMZ, ELSIE, waitress.
HANNISH, FRANK, volunteer fireman.
PETERKA, MARIE, waitress.
SCHWARK, JOSEPH J., volunteer fireman.

The first alarm of fire came from the siren of a motor launch in which a number of Long Branch fishermen were at sea. The men saw the flames lighting up the waterfront side of the annex and blew long blasts on the siren.

A woman living near the hotel heard the siren and peered from her bedroom window to ascertain where the noise came from. She saw the hotel on fire and sent in an alarm to fire headquarters. At the same time a policeman on patrol a block or two from the hotel also heard the motor launch and pulled a fire alarm box.

The flames were shooting up from the first floor of the annex, which adjoins the main brick hotel building on the south. The annex consists of a dining room and kitchen with sleeping quarters for twenty maids and other servants above the kitchen. The hotel is on Ocean Avenue, which parallels the Boardwalk on one side and faces seaward on the other.

All of the guests in the main hotel building and the twenty servants in the annex were roused by the ringing of automatic alarm bells and escaped.

Waitress Trapped in Her Room.

Miss Allen was trapped in her room when she went back to obtain her personal effects. Like the other maids, waitresses and other employes of the hotel who slept in rooms over the kitchen, she was awakened by the ringing of the alarm bells. She did not stop to gather any of her belongings but rushed down the stairs with the others. There she joined the hundred or more persons who had poured from the hotel and annex as soon as the alarm was raised and stood waiting the arrival of the firemen.

Very little flame but a thick cloud of smoke was coming from the burning building at this juncture, when, without saying a word to any of her companions, she dashed back into the place. It is believed she intended to get her clothing, money and valuables, which, like the rest, she had been compelled to abandon in her enforced flight.

It is thought that she reached the upper floor in safety and when she tried to retrace her steps found her escape by the stairs, the only way, cut off by the wall of flame that had swept up from the burning kitchen.

The companies composing the volunteer fire-fighting force of Long Branch answered the alarm and the firemen under Chief Bomby Muschello soon had several streams of water playing on the flames.

The flames were fanned by a strong breeze from the sea. Efforts of the firemen to check the flames from the ground were not successful and four members of the Phil Daley Volunteer Hose Company were ordered to the roof. The fire had just begun to show through the roof when Dinan, Lloyd, Codner, Han-

Continued on Page Ten.

Not for Sale, Says Policeman, Arresting Butcher as Briber

A patrolman is not a piece of merchandise, to be bought and sold like so much beefsteak, said Patrolman Dugan of the East Twenty-second Street Station yesterday as he arrested Charles Loder, a butcher, of 335 First Avenue, for attempted bribery.

Dugan said he noticed Loder selling meat yesterday in violation of the Sunday law and started in to serve Loder with a summons. Loder saw him coming and slammed the door, catching three of the fingers of the patrolman's right hand. Loder flung open the door and strode inside.

"Don't get rough," cautioned the patrolman. "I'm going to serve this summons, door or no door."

Then, Dugan said, Loder dug deep and produced two crumpled one dollar bills.

"Can't we fix this thing up?" asked Loder, according to the patrolman.

"I'm not for sale," said Dugan. "The salable goods in this shop are behind the counter and they're not even legally salable on Sunday. I'll just arrest you on the spot instead of giving you a summons."

ASKS SMITH TO LEAD KINGS WAR ON HYLAN

Municipal Civic League Says Survey Shows Opposition to Mayor Widespread.

AWAITS GOVERNOR'S REPLY

He Will Go to Albany Today and Start Speaking Campaign on Return Here Next Week.

An appeal to Governor Smith to lead the fight in Brooklyn to defeat Mayor Hylan for renomination in the primaries was made yesterday by former Assemblyman Thomas E. Willmott, Chairman of the Municipal Civic League, in a letter to the Governor. Mr. Willmott declared the Democrats of Brooklyn were waiting to hear from him.

Governor Smith has already assured leaders of Tammany and the Bronx Democratic organization that he will take active part in the campaign to nominate Senator James J. Walker, Tammany candidate for Mayor, and will begin his speaking campaign immediately after his return from Albany on Aug. 25. The Governor took the day off from politics yesterday and did not return to his apartment in the Hotel Biltmore until late in the evening. He will go to Albany today, and official business will keep him up-State for the week.

"The time has arrived," Mr. Willmott wrote, "when, in the opinion of loyal Democrats of Kings County, it is your duty to give your confidence to the tens of thousands of party members who today are determined to rescue from the blight of Hylanism a Democratic community of more than two millions of people."

League Reports on Survey.

A survey made by the league in Brooklyn disclosed these outstanding things, the league said:

"1. That the business men are opposed to another four years of what they term an administration of bluster and blunder.

"2. That the men and women of the trades unions regard Hylan as unfriendly to them and to their representatives, and will oppose in the open his nomination, and his election if nominated.

"3. That the city employes, regardless of department, are in almost open revolt against a continuance at City Hall of a policy which has caused their representatives to be repeatedly insulted when they have presented their grievances to Hylan for discussion.

"4. That the feeling of hostility against the Administration known to exist in the Police Department because of its favoritism, of its blacklist and of its suppression of the truth has made these thousands of our uniformed protectors long for the end of Hylanism.

"5. That the street railway and subway employes residing or working in Brooklyn are almost unanimously opposed to another four years of Hylanism. These employes, with their families, number 75,000 voters, most of them Democratic. They have declared they are now able to see at first hand the havoc made by the Mayor in the unscrambling of the transit lines.

"6. That property owners are fearful

Continued on Page Two.

BENNETT ASKS PARTY TO DROP WATERMAN AND UNITE FACTIONS

Demands Hilles Call a "Real" Republican Conference to Pick a Substitute.

SUGGESTS JUSTICE CROPSEY

Offers to Quit Himself to Defeat Tammany, Which He Says Can Be Done.

WOULD TAKE SECOND PLACE

Calls Lyons "Impossible," but Declares He Might Make a "Fairly Good Sheriff."

Asserting that the triangular fight for the Republican nomination for Mayor was splitting the party and that its was time for an effort to bring about a united party for the city election, William M. Bennett, one of the candidates, called upon Charles D. Hilles yesterday to call a "real Republican conference" to pick a new candidate in place of Frank D. Waterman.

Mr. Bennett, who expressed his willingness to retire in favor of a regular Republican with sufficient appeal to the voters to stand a good chance of winning, suggested that Justice James C. Cropsey of Brooklyn would be such a candidate. He added that he would like to go on the ticket as a candidate for Controller, but indicated that his failure to get that nomination would not interfere with his suggested harmony move. He also said that if Mr. Hilles did not call a conference he would call one himself.

Mr. Bennett declared that Mr. Waterman was a weak candidate, and that none of the party leaders expected him to win the election, although he might win the primary. He pronounced John J. Lyons, the remaining Republican Mayoralty candidate, "impossible" for Mayor, adding that Mr. Lyons would make a "fairly good" Sheriff.

Time for Harmony, He Says.

"The time has come for the Republican leaders to make an effort to bring about a united party at the coming election," Mr. Bennett said. "The leaders all say that they can carry the primary for Mr. Waterman, but none of them says he can be elected.

"The object of the Republican organization should not be the elimination of Hylan alone, but the elimination of Tammany Hall in the City Government. Tammany Hall nominated and elected and renominated and re-elected Mr. Hylan. His Administration has been a typical Tammany administration, with Tammany leaders heading all departments of Government. If he is re-elected he will give us four years more of Tammany government. If Senator Walker is elected he also will give us four years more of Tammany government.

"The object of the Republican Party should be to end Tammany government. To do so it must win this election, and to win this election it must be united on a ticket with an appeal.

"Even Mr. Hilles, who seems to be the sponsor for this ticket, must see by this time that the Republican campaign is off on the wrong foot. Mr. Hilles has announced that the Republicans this year are going to avoid and correct the errors of the past. Let him demonstrate his sincerity.

"Mr. Hilles ought to know the mistakes of the Republican Party by heart. He was part and parcel of the disastrous 1912 Roosevelt-Taft fight, which wrecked the party and gave us eight years of Wilson. He was part and parcel of the 1917 Mayoralty campaign, when the determination to run Mr. Mitchel against his own personal wishes as an independent candidate split the Republican Party and elected Mr. Hylan.

Recalls Mitchel Episode.

"In 1917, before the primary, I wrote to Mr. Mitchel and also announced in the newspapers that if he won in the Republican primary I would support him, and I asked him to give me a promise that if I won he would support me. He refused.

"After I had won the primary and Mr. Mitchel's friends persisted against his wishes in shoving him in as an independent candidate, I again wrote Mr. Mitchel and stated that by virtue of having won the Republican primaries I was entitled to be the candidate of the anti-Tammany forces, but that apparently his friends insisted that he should run independently. I told him that the result of that would be the election of Hylan; that I considered that the paramount issue was the defeat of Tammany Hall, as represented by Hylan, and that therefore in order to defeat Mr. Hylan I was willing to forego the honor of being the anti-Tammany candidate, which I had honestly won, and would retire if he would retire, and we would then permit the Republican City Committee to select a single candidate in our place who would have united support, and who could, therefore, defeat Mr. Hylan. Mr. Mitchel refused this suggestion. All of these facts are matters of record and can be found in the files of any New York newspaper for September, 1917.

"I was of the opinion then that the issue was the defeat of Tammany Hall. The issue this year is the defeat of Tammany Hall, whether personified by Mr. Hylan or Senator Walker. It cannot be done with a divided party. It cannot be done with a ticket that lacks appeal. There is nothing against Mr.

Death of Chang Tso-lin, Manchuria War Lord, Rumored in Peking; Once a Bandit Chief

PEKING, Aug. 16.—It is rumored here that General Chang Tso-lin, the Manchurian War Lord, is dead.

General Chang Tso-lin became generally regarded as the most powerful individual in China after he assisted Tuan Chi-jui to thwart General Chang Hsun's monarchist coup in 1917. The following year he was made "Inspecting General of the Three Eastern Provinces," with headquarters in Mukden.

Controlling his own army of 100,000 men, and not being without foreign backing, he became the power behind his old friend Tuan Chi-jui, the President of China for the time being. After the downfall last year of his great rival, General Wu Pei-fu, he was expected to take over the national Government but the continuous turmoil throughout the country made this impossible.

General Chang began his military career more than twenty years ago as a leader of a bandit force. Uneducated, he made himself conspicuous by his bravery and initiative.

In the Russo-Japanese war of 1904-5 Chang fought with the forces of the Mikado. Afterward Chang and his followers surrendered to the Chinese Government and he and his followers were taken into the regular army. Chang got a commission and increased his influence as time went on.

On the establishment of the republic in 1911 General Chang Tso-lin was made military Governor of Fengtien.

Chang Tso-lin's plan, he told an interviewer last Fall, included the uniting of China, with himself as the leader in modernization. Some have said he aspires to be crowned Emperor, with autocratic powers to reorganize the country from Mongolia to Canton.

Chang was described recently by a journalist who interviewed him as "a tiny man with sloping shoulders, weary eyes, half veiled by drooping lids; dispirited mustaches, and hair cut so short as to be almost shaven. He is not more than 5 feet in height. His face was like parchment, the skin was drawn tight and devoid of wrinkles, and his age might have been anything between 40 and 70. Actually he is about 50."

He is said to have lived in constant fear of assassination.

TAKE BELL-ANS AFTER MEALS for Perfect Digestion.—Advt.

Monoxide Gas Kills Autoist in Garage; Think He Fell Asleep With Engine Running

Tired from a long drive, J. Frank Valentine, a purchasing agent, is believed to have fallen asleep at the wheel of his automobile yesterday as he brought it to a stop in the garage adjoining the home of his parents, with whom he lived, on Staten Island. The motor continued to run. The garage door swung shut and several hours later he was found dead from heart failure induced by carbon monoxide poisoning.

Valentine was 34 years old and unmarried. He was employed by the import and export firm of D. Iwai, Ltd., of 233 Broadway, and was well known in the iron and steel industries. He lived at 60 Du Bois Avenue, West New Brighton.

He spent Saturday afternoon and night with friends on the Jersey shore and got off to an early start in the morning in his car. He wanted to be on the roads before the Sunday crowds caused a congestion of traffic. He made good time and reached Du Bois Avenue before his family was awake.

The door of the garage had been propped back by a stick the night before. He drove in. Then, so those believed who investigated later, he was overpowered by fatigue, and dropped asleep without shutting off the motor. In some way, possibly by the wind, the stick was dislodged and the door closed.

The garage was small and the one window was shut. In a few moments the fumes from the running motor began to fill the room. Valentine slept on while the rapidly forming poison commenced its work.

When the family arose and heard the engine running in the garage the father went out to investigate. He swung open the door and saw his son at the wheel and smelled the fumes. As soon as he could with safety he carried the body outside and called a doctor.

Efforts to revive the man were useless. Acting Deputy Medical Examiner R. M. Shields gave the cause of death as heart failure induced by carbon monoxide.

Waterman personally. Apparently he is a gentle, dignified man of ability. He may carry the primary, but can he win the election against a native-born New Yorker?

"Mr. Waterman has been a resident of New Jersey for the sixteen years from 1907 to 1923. That undoubtedly would qualify him to run for Governor of New Jersey, but does it make him available as a candidate for Mayor of New York City? He himself and the five county leaders say he will not make any speeches during the campaign. I have heard of invisible government, but I never heard of an invisible candidate.

Says Tammany Can Be Beaten.

"Political leaders are supposed to show their sagacity by selecting a ticket only after mature deliberation on all matters concerning the availability of candidates as winners—winners not at the primary on Sept. 15, but at the general election on Nov. 4. Have they done so? It must be apparent that they have not. Tammany Hall can be beaten this Fall, but not by this ticket, nor by any ticket picked by Mr. Hilles alone and handed out on a slip of paper to the five county leaders, none of whom, as I have been informed, has ever seen Mr. Waterman but are invited to a luncheon tomorrow to meet the candidate and look him over.

"As to John J. Lyons, he is, of course, impossible for Mayor. He might make a fairly competent Sheriff, but beyond that, no!

"As to Mr. Waterman, he is a fine man and would make a good candidate in New Jersey, but not a winning candidate in New York. He is not accustomed to turmoil and strife of political campaigns or public life, and by this time would undoubtedly be glad to retire if he could be shown a dignified way to do so.

"The Republicans can win this year. The Republicans must win this year. But they must have a united party and a winning ticket.

"In 1917 I did my part by trying to bring about a united party. I do not want to enter the campaign this year without again exhausting every effort to bring about a united party. I therefore say now to Mr. Hilles that neither this ticket, nor any other ticket picked by him and five other men at a luncheon behind closed doors, can win either the primary or the election.

"And I therefore suggest to him that with the memories of 1913 and 1917 scared deeply in his heart, he really make an attempt to avoid and rectify the errors of previous years.

"I therefore suggest that he call a real conference of Republicans who have views of their own as to the seriousness of the situation, and select a winning ticket.

"In that conference I and my friends are willing to join. But he will have to act quickly, as Friday, Aug. 21, will be the last day on which it will be possible for him to undo the irreparable injury he has done to the Republican Party and to the chances of rescuing this great city from the clutches of Tammany Hall.

"If Mr. Hilles does not call such a conference the gravity of the situation and the necessity of suggesting a winning Republican ticket may require that I should call such a conference."

Hilles Due Back Today.

Mr. Hilles is due to return from a trip to Columbus, Ohio, this morning and will receive a letter from Mr. Bennett regarding the latter's proposed conference today. There is no expectation even among Mr. Bennett's supporters that he will consent to a conference and it was said to be doubtful whether Justice Cropsey would consent to run for Mayor unless assured of the support of the Republican organizations in the five counties of the city. Justice Cropsey is understood to have been the original choice of Jacob A. Livingston, the Brooklyn Republican leader, as the Republican candidate for Mayor and his entrance into the race in place of Mr. Bennett would add to uncertainty of the outcome of the Republican primary.

The members of the Lyons Loyal League of Republicans were busy yesterday circulating petitions for Mr. Lyons, and John C. Lewis, the Lyons campaign manager, declared that good progress in obtaining signatures was being made and that the Lyons designating petitions would be filed with the Board of Elections on Tuesday.

It was said by one of the leading supporters of Mr. Lyons that the latter had entered the race with promises of support of at least twelve Republican Assembly district leaders, some of whom are in Manhattan and some in Brooklyn. It also was said that the fight of the Lyons League would be, first, to nominate and elect Mr. Lyons, and, second, to weaken the leadership of Samuel S. Koenig, New York County Republican Chairman.

Some of the Lyons supporters were particularly bitter against Mr. Koenig, and blamed him for having kept Mr. Lyons and Arthur B. Murtha, one of his leading supporters, from having been named as members of the Republican Advisory Committee of 180. It was said that the names of Mr. Lyons and Mr. Murtha were suggested for this committee, but that their names were eliminated from the list.

Another grievance of Mr. Lyons's supporters grew out of their belief that the ticket headed by Mr. Waterman is not intended to be elected. As one of them expressed it, "We are tired of the leadership of the Republican Party that year after year puts up tickets to be knocked down."

Mr. Koenig at his Summer home at Bradley Beach, N. J., declined to comment either upon Mr. Bennett's suggestion for a conference to pick a new Mayoralty candidate or the attacks made upon him by Mr. Lyons's supporters.

GOVERNOR AT SEA GATE.

Spends Sunday, With Friends as Guests of Sister, Mrs. Glynn.

Governor and Mrs. Alfred E. Smith and a party of friends were among the million or more New Yorkers who escaped the oppressive temperature yesterday at the beaches. The Governor and his party were guests of the Governor's sister, Mrs. John Glynn, at Sea Gate in the early afternoon, and later went bathing. They had dinner at the Hotel Shelburne, at Brighton Beach. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Farrell, Mrs. Arthur Leonard, John Curtin, Brooklyn manager of the Walker Mayoralty campaign; Edward Glynn, the Governor's nephew; Mrs. Mary Collins, Miss Helen McNellis, Mrs. Mary Murtha, Mrs. M. E. Pardee, and James J. Hoey.

KRUG FAMILY AN ISSUE.

Yonkers Republicans Complain Four Members Have Political Jobs.

Political opponents of Assemblyman George Krug of Yonkers, who with his father, County Supervisor Alfred Krug, is seeking another term at the forthcoming election, started yesterday to make an issue out of the fact that this year four members of the same family were installed in legislative berths. The Krugs are enrolled Republicans.

Supporters of former Assemblyman Arthur I. Miller, who will be Assemblyman Krug's opponent, declared they would make the "Krug family tree" the target of their political guns. Assemblyman Krug and his father, County Supervisor Krug, are not the only ones in the family who have political jobs. Republican organization circles complain that Assemblyman Krug, instead of appointing an organization man for Assemblyman's clerk, appointed his wife and let her draw the salary, and got Assemblyman Alexander Garnjost to appoint Krug's cousin, Miss Nellie Fiet of 167 Woodworth Avenue, Yonkers, as his Assembly clerk.

POLITICS CHARGED IN RICHMOND RAIDS

9 Anti-Hylan Voters, With Auto Bearing Walker Banners, Arrested as Gamblers.

EADIE GETS BAIL FOR THEM

Asserts Rendt, Had Something to Do With Seizure—Police Scoff at Charge.

There was indignation among some anti-Hylan Democrats in Richmond Borough last night when nine of their number were arrested on a charge of being in a crap game by a squad of special service policemen from Manhattan. Their indignation was not at all softened by the fact that along with the nine prisoners the police took an automobile which was plastered with placards bearing the likeness of James J. Walker, their candidate, and kept it during the two hours that the anti-Hylan leaders were raising $500 bail for each prisoner.

After the prisoners had been released, Bertram Eadie, leader of the Richmond Anti-Hylan Democrats, said he believed the raid had political significance. Others of the Tammany men were even more outspoken in asserting that the arrests were in retaliation for the movement against the Mayor.

When the nine men were arrested they were clustered in a vacant lot 200 feet east of Richmond Road in Concord, Staten Island. The automobile of one of them, with its Walker placards, was standing near by. Three patrolmen from Headquarters in Manhattan surrounded them and put them under arrest. A patrol wagon was called and the entire group was hauled to the police station in St. George. One of the policemen drove the Walker-decorated car behind the wagon.

At the station the prisoners appealed to the Anti-Hylan headquarters by telephone. Tammany Leader Eadie came to their rescue and volunteered to act as their attorney. He was informed that they would be released only when $500 bail was put up for each prisoner. That was at 7 o'clock in the evening. Mr. Eadie went back to the Tammany headquarters in St. George and after two hours had got bondsmen for the entire group. They were released. All the prisoners were of Italian descent.

Mr. Eadie was asked if he believed the arrests had any connection with the primary campaign. He replied that he believed there was considerable connection. He pointed out that all the prisoners were anti-Hylan voters and said he thought that David S. Rendt, Richmond Democratic leader, who is supporting Mayor Hylan, had something to do with the raid. Acting Captain Dennis Glavin of the Staten Island police belittled assertions that the raid was political. He pointed out that there had been arrests of crap-shooters on many occasions recently, and said yesterday's arrests were ordinary police business.

Earlier in the day John Mandia, proprietor of a hotel and saloon at 347 Canal Street, Stapleton, was arrested by another group of special service policemen on charges of selling liquor. Thirty-five barrels were seized. Mandia also was said to be an opponent of Hylan's candidacy.

SETS NEW ARCTIC RECORD.

Steamer Carries Passengers to Within 538 Miles of the Pole.

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ABOARD STEAMSHIP IRMA (via Spitzbergen), Aug. 16.—The steamship Irma, from Bergen, on Aug. 6 broke the record for furthest north for passenger ships at 81 degrees 2 minutes, being 538 miles from the pole and seventy-eight miles north of Virgo Bay, Spitzbergen, where the ice pack was met.

The Irma is a single screw steel steamship of 1,332 gross tonnage, specially constructed at Middlesboro in 1905 for navigating the Arctic seas where there is a quantity of floating ice to be met with.

The vessel is 244 feet long and 32 feet 8 inches beam and is owned by the Bergen Steamship Line and is used in Summer for carrying tourists to the North Cape and the Arctic regions.

ASKS SMITH TO LEAD KINGS WAR ON HYLAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

of another four years in which more Hylan schemes may be started with the inevitable result similar to the Staten Island piers and the Staten Island tunnel.

"7. That enrolled Democrats will not vote for Hylan against Senator Walker.

"8. That fear of reprisal at City Hall has compelled scores of personal friends of Senator Walker to allow their names to be used in Hylan petitions when they have determined to vote against him at the polls."

Announcement that Democratic women intended to take an active part in the campaign to nominate Senator Walker was made by Mrs. John Blair, Chairman of the Women's Democratic Union, which has just adopted resolutions endorsing Senator Walker and his colleagues on the Democratic city ticket. Prominent members of the Union are Dana Gibson, Mrs. Abram I. Elkus, Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mrs. David F. Houston Mrs. Norman H. Davis, Mrs. Pierre Jay, Mrs. A. J. G. Perkins, Miss Virginia Potter, Miss Amey Aldrich, Mrs. Alfred Hesse, Mrs. Vanderbilt Webb and Miss Carrie Wiley.

"Soon after the designation of Senator Walker and his colleagues on the regular Democratic ticket, we began making plans to get our enrolled women voters to the polls on primary day," Mrs. Blair said. "Our first move was to request women who are on vacations to return in time to participate in our intensive canvass. The response has been extremely gratifying. We feel that our efforts to educate the women to the necessity of enrolling and voting in the party primaries have been rewarded. In this respect, we believe that the women realize the importance of the primary more than the men, notwithstanding the latter have always been in a position to take advantage of this privilege."

Mrs. Blair said that the Union had endorsed the record of Senator Walker as minority leader of the Senate at its annual meeting, before his designation as a Mayoralty candidate, and was gratified at his selection to head the Tammany ticket. **The Union will meet again on Sept. 1.**

Ordnance Speed and Sound Theories Upset By New Device Picturing Bullets in Flight

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16, (AP).—By working out electrically timed photographic apparatus, the Bureau of Standards has been enabled to take a new series of photographs of rifle bullets, and time the release of gas and sound waves from the weapons used.

The first result of the operations, described by Philip P. Quayle, has been to throw new light on the theory of ballistics, on which military experts have worked in developing weapons.

Mr. Quayle gets his photographs by the light of an electric spark which has roughly a duration of a millionth of a second. With new and speedier types of plates, it is thus possible to get a number of entirely separate pictures of each bullet, though the projectile is speeding at the rate of 2,700 feet a second. The sound waves, the disturbances in the air from the bullet's passage and the gas blast behind the bullet, are recorded on the plates.

One of the ordnance theories to fall before the evidence of the photographs is that the speed of a bullet from an army rifle increases for some distance after its emergence from the muzzle. The blast of the explosive gases in its rear was supposed to accomplish this acceleration, but Mr. Quayle's photograph show the projectile drawing swiftly away from the gas within a few inches from the muzzle.

Likewise another of his photographs "demonstrates the futility of attempting to silence a revolver by attaching various contraptions to the muzzle." A sound wave on firing was found to be propagating itself merrily from the junction of the revolver cylinder and the barrel, well back of the muzzle.

COOLIDGE ESCAPES CROWD OF TOURISTS

Takes a Morning Drive Alone to the Farm Inherited From His Mother.

THEN HE GOES TO CHURCH

Village Tea Houses and General Store Do a Thriving Business While Supplies Last.

Special to The New York Times.

PLYMOUTH, Vt., Aug. 16.—President Coolidge escaped this morning from the crowds that besieged the street leading to his father's home here and thronged the tea houses, that are now doing a thriving business. He took a long drive about 10 o'clock, going over the hill and viewing the crops growing on the farm inherited from his mother, four miles away. He continued his drive toward Rutland over spruce-bowered roads. He was alone and remained away two hours.

During the President's absence Mrs. Coolidge sat on the piazza with Colonel Coolidge and walked about the flower garden. She gathered a bouquet of gladioli and poppies for use in the church.

At 2:30 this afternoon the President and Mrs. Coolidge, accompanied by Colonel Coolidge, attended services in the church just across the street. The crowd, restrained by the Secret Service operatives from collecting about the homestead, then numbered about 1,000. Only the regular worshipers and a few tourists were able to get into the little square church, which had been newly renovated by the townspeople.

The Rev. Dr. John White preached on temptation, following the Episcopal ritual. The regular choir sung several hymns and there was a solo. "Uncle" Edward Wilder closed his teahouse while he sang bass in the choir and Miss Cilley, the Postmistress, closed her general store during the church services.

The two teahouses and the general store did a thriving business today. There was not enough ice cream to supply the demand and the tonics gave out.

President Coolidge is getting less rest here than at White Court, where he was protected by the marines and Secret Service men and where the public could not get within half a mile of his home. Here he has little or no protection from the public gaze. The crowds are allowed to come within 200 yards of the homestead and the President can be seen most of the time, on the porch or moving about in the house through unshaded windows.

Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge visited their son's grave in the cemetery late this afternoon.

Tourists Carry Off Hymnals.

PLYMOUTH, Vt., Aug. 16 (AP).—As a result of the eagerness of tourists to take souvenirs away from Plymouth, there was a shortage of hymnals and prayer books at Union Church here for the afternoon service today. Church members said they once had an adequate supply, but it has gradually dwindled under the tourists' raids.

The church, a white frame structure directly across the road from the home of the President's father, is left open through the week, and many autoists who come to Plymouth to see the Coolidge homestead do not leave until they have seen the inside of the church.

CAR LEAPS SEAWALL; WOMAN IS DROWNED

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

yesterday, died today in Kelchner's Emergency Hospital here.

The other members of the party, Robert Campbell and Anna Albert, both of Philadelphia, were only slightly injured and are now at Cape May Point. Campbell faces a charge of manslaughter, but disposition of his case will await an inquest to be conducted by Coroner B. C. Ingersoll at the Wildwood City Hall Tuesday morning.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Louis Yassule, a Japanese, living at Lake Waccabuc in South Salem, died of a fractured skull today as a result of being hurled from an automobile against a stone wall on the Mount Kisco Road in Bedford.

He was thrown from the seat of an automobile, operated by Superintendent Moore of the Waccabuc Country Club, while the car is said to have been traveling at a lively speed. It left the roadway and rammed a stone wall. Yassule, who was 26 years old, did not regain consciousness. Dr. Amos O. Squire, County Medical Examiner, paroled Moore on a reckless driving charge. The body was taken to M. W. Fish's morgue in Mount Kisco.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 16.—Lottie Wishnowski, 4 years old, of 324 East Trenton Avenue, was instantly killed, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Wishnowski, and two brothers and a sister, were severely injured when an automobile in which they were riding crashed into a tree on the Ewing Road near here. The child died from a fractured skull. Police said the accident was due to speeding around a sharp curve. They arrested George Schultz of 324 East Trenton Avenue, driver of the car, on a charge of manslaughter.

EGG HARBOR, N. J., Aug. 16.—Ralph Groseo, 13 years old, of 1,414 South Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia, was seriously injured here tonight when he was run down by a touring car driven by Harry Johnson, 27 years old, a negro, of 442 South Front Street, Camden.

The boy, after treatment by Dr. Theodore Boysen, a local physician, was rushed to St. Mary's Hospital, Camden, where he was not expected to live. His right arm and collarbone had been fractured and his right ankle broken. It was also feared that his skull was fractured and that he had been injured internally.

Justice of the Peace Carl Nassokin of Elwood fined Johnson $25 for reckless driving and committed him to the county jail to await the outcome of the boy's injuries.

FIND WOMAN CRYING, VICTIM OF AMNESIA

Police See Her Wandering in Weehawken and Take Her to Hospital.

SHE RECALLS "A BIG BOAT"

English Bank Notes In Her Purse —She Is About 21 and Expensively Dressed.

A young woman of obvious refinement, expensively attired, was found wandering by a policeman in Weehawken yesterday afternoon. She was weeping. Unable to identify herself or give an account of her presence in the fashionable residential section in which the officer came upon her, she was taken to the North Hudson Hospital, where a physician said she was suffering from amnesia.

Patrolman Robert Gethings said he met the woman on Boulevard East, the riverside drive of Weehawken, between Clifton Terrace and Liberty Place. She was hysterical at first and talked incoherently but recovered her composure at the hospital and talked rationally with Captain Michael Lyons for more than two hours. She was not able to recall her name or her address. Neither could she recall anything prior to her meeting with Gethings although she told Lyons that in her mind was the vague recollection of "a big boat."

The woman was described as between 21 and 23 years old, of less than medium height and weighing 100 pounds. Her eyes are gray, her hair dark brown. She is quite good looking. She was dressed in a black velvet suit, large black suede hat, gray hosiery and black pumps.

Lyons's belief that the woman's language indicated that she was of British birth, although she has no pronounced accent, seemed to be borne out by eight £5 notes and four 10 shilling notes found in her black purse. There also was $1.85 in American currency and various feminine trinkets, including a silver case and a vanity mirror, on the back of which were the initials "V. L."

In the girl's pocketbook also was found a photograph of herself, in which her costume was the same in all particulars as that in which she was dressed when found yesterday. In the photograph, however, the girl wore long black earrings; when found in Weehawken she had no such trinkets.

On the back of the photograph were jotted down several notes. They follow: "Get new passport photo"; "See bankers and Dr. Smythe," "Cable Elinor Glyn," "Attend to synagogue donations," "Letter of credit," "Telephone Albert."

At midnight the girl was still sleeping soundly.

Inquiry in the neighborhood was made by the police but no one could be found who had seen the woman there. The police ordered the hospital authorities to permit no one to disturb the sleep of the patient, in the hope that when she awakened she might be able to tell something about herself.

MRS. THOMPSON RETURNS TO CITY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

TIMES reporter. He said he had talked with Mrs. Gildersleeve during the afternoon and that she had said she would call him by telephone this morning. He surmised that the reason he was not informed that his wife had reappeared was that her relatives did not know where he was staying. He had forgotten to tell them when he telephoned.

Informed that Mrs. Thompson's mother had quoted her as saying that she would not return to him, Mr. Thompson said:

"That is up to her. I will be glad to have her come back any time she wants to."

The telegram announcing that Mrs. Thompson was on the way home, was sent to Mrs. Lillian de Puy of Amityville, and read:

"Am on my way back from Yarmouth. Will be back tomorrow night."

While the telegram did not say Yarmouth, N. S., the family believed it was that place because Mrs. Thompson had friends there. There is also a Yarmouth, Me.

Her Husband Is Relieved.

In the meantime, George Alanson Tracy Thompson, the husband, was wandering disconsolately between his home and his bookstore at 2,210 Broadway, trying at intervals to get his mother-in-law on the telephone. He was the only one who didn't know what was going on, for he called THE TIMES office when he heard from some other source that his wife was found, and said that he hadn't been able to make his mother-in-law speak to him. He finally sent Mrs. Gildersleeve this message:

"Relieved and happy over news Isabelle located in Nova Scotia and returning home. Have tried to reach you unsuccessfully today. Am expressing my eagerness to see her again."

This telegram evidently struck a responsive chord in Mrs. Gildersleeve, for when Mr. Thompson called up again he was able to talk to her, and confirm the news from Maine. Mr. Thompson could not understand why, if his wife really had been expected back last night, some member of her family was not going to the Grand Central station to meet her, and for a time he also contemplated a night watch on the incoming trains from Boston in a forlorn hope that he might meet her first and so be able to get in a good word for himself.

"I am sure it will be all right if I can see her first," he said before word came that she was back with her mother.

"My wife was upset because I was going away to teach Sept. 15, but I do not think that was serious," he said. "I had planned to have her take care of the shop here, with the help of another girl, and as it pays $50 to $75 a week now, even in this slack season, and I would have made $200 a month teaching, I thought it might be a good thing all around. This is a good location, you know," he said with a little eagerness in his voice, "right between two moving picture theatres and with a subway in front of the door. Don't you think so?"

He pulled from his pocket a letter written by his wife to his mother, in which she spoke of the baby and the pleasure they were both having, and the hard work her husband was doing, in the most friendly way.

"That doesn't look as if there were unfriendly feelings between them, does it?" he said.

POSTAL WORKERS' OUTING.

Crowd of 20,000 Expected at Coney Island Tomorrow.

More than 20,000 men, women and children, including the 6,000 letter carriers and postal clerks of New York and their families, are expected at Luna Park tomorrow afternoon and evening for their seventh annual outing under the auspices of the Postal Employes' Mutual Aid Association. Each will get a cobbination ticket two feet long, for every attraction in the park. The outing starts at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At 4:30 the annual baby parade, with silver cups and other prizes for the three prize-winning babies, will be held, the largest and most elaborate postal paby parade yet, according to Louis J. Gallaghr and John J. McCarthy, President and Secretary, respectively, of the association.

In the evening a reception will be held for Postmaster John J. Kiely of New York and Postmaster Albert Firmin of Brooklyn.

LABOR WILL ATTACK HIGH TEXTILE TARIFF

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Senator Sherman went into the caucus of the members of his party and said:

"'Here is the tariff demanded by the textile manufacturers. If you do not give it to them they are strong enough to prevent any tariff bill being passed.'

"Congress surrendered. From that day until the present time charges have been made while different tariff measures have been considered that every committee that handled the textile tariff schedule received the rates from the manufacturers and embodied them in the law without serious question. Senator Dolliver of Iowa on May 4, 1909, called attention to this situation during the delivery of an address, which attracted wide public attention because in it he stated that he had previously voted blindly for the textile tariff. These are his words:

"'And if I understand the committee's work correctly, they just gathered around this old law which was passed from one generation to another and said:

"'"This is a hard subject and a fighting subject and a tiresome subject; we have got the wool grower and the wool manufacturers so that they are not going to raise any row about it, and the best thing for our comfort and convenience is to just let it alone."

"'Am I not correct about that?'

"Notwithstanding this consideration accorded the textile manufacturers by the Congress, no other industry in the United States has made such a record for wage reductions and strikes as that of the textile industry. Furthermore, no industry has paid higher dividends or issued more stock dividends than the companies and corporations engaged in the manufacture of textiles.

Costs in Textile Industry.

"During the period while the discussion on Schedule K took place before the Committee on Finance of the United States Senate on Jan. 23, 1922, figures were submitted which showed that cotton duck is 80 per cent. material, 10 per cent. overhead and only 10 per cent. labor; sheeting, 70 per cent. material, 15 per cent. overhead and 15 per cent. labor; cloths, 60 per cent. material, 20 per cent. overhead and 20 per cent. labor; fine lawns, 40 per cent. material, 30 per cent. overhead and 30 per cent. labor. These figures were compiled and tabulated by the United States Census Bureau.

"At the same hearing it was stated a woman operator running twenty-five machines knitted 150 dozen pairs of socks daily; she received 2 cents per dozen pairs.

These socks retailed for 10 cents per pair in the 10-cent stores. The total labor cost from raw cotton to finished socks was 2 cents per pair. It was charged that this was the lowest price per pair for finished socks paid operators anywhere throughout the world.

"It was made clear that a single operator running 20 to 30 of the newest type machines knitting women's silk hose, produced 80 to 90 dozen pairs daily; for this service she received one-third of one cent per pair.

"At the same hearing testimony was furnished that demonstrated that, with few exceptions, the item of labor in the textile industry is from one-tenth to one-fifth the factory selling price of the product; that labor cost of articles that might sell for $10 at the factory would run only from $1 to $2. Labor in the cotton mill is frequently less and seldom over 20 per cent. of the factory selling price of the product.

"Another surprising feature of that hearing was the undenied declaration that one-fourth of all the hosiery and knit goods made in the United States is exported and sold in the markets throughout the world. The imported goods consist only of novelties, such as the American textile manufacturer does not care to make.

Tells of Wage Reductions.

"It is interesting to note the methods employed by the owners and managers of textile manufacturing plants. For instance, in the year 1919 a meeting was held in Boston and an agreement reached to close all factories. This agreement was carried out, and the manufacturing plants remained idle for several months. Following this, the same manufacturers met in Boston in 1920, at which time they voted to open the factories at a reduction in wages amounting to 22½ per cent. The employes who had been starved into submission accepted this reduction and resumed work.

"In 1922 a further reduction amounting to 20 per cent. was offered to the employes, but the manufacturers failed to enforce it. A recent reduction of 10 per cent. is offered in the face of the fact that stock dividends ranging from 50 to 2,000 per cent. had been voted by certain textile companies.

"The latest reduction of 10 per cent. imposed in the Willimantic district is regarded as one of the most uncalled for and indefensible reductions in wages ever offered or demanded by employers of labor. In order to enforce these reductions many men, women and children have been evicted from the company-owned houses and are being compelled to live in a tent colony, while the company which demanded, and is enforcing this reduction in wages, operated six months during the year 1924 and declared a dividend of 10 per cent. payable to stockholders, while $1,380,000 was added to the reserve fund.

"Laying aside humane considerations and considering the question of reduction in wages upon the facts herewith submitted, how can the textile manufacturers justify their demand for lower wages, and how can they sustain their position in enforcing lower wages?

"On July 28, when I learned of the arbitrary reduction of 10 per cent. which was being demanded and enforced by certain textile manufacturers, I stated that such reduction 'was not based upon reason, fairness or justice.' I further charged that such reduction in wages was 'economically and morally wrong.'

Declares Reduction Unjust.

"Consequently, I was gratified when I learned that at a meeting held Aug. 1 by twenty-five New England wool and worsted manufacturers, most of them operating mills in Worcester County, Mass., it was agreed by all those present that the reduction of 10 per cent. ordered by the big companies was untimely, unneeded and that it would reduce the purchasing power of textile operators and therefore prove harmful to business in general." This group of manufacturers refused to reduce wages and by this action proved that a reduction in wages was unnecessary and unjust.

"The textile manufacturers of New England may feel secure in their position and may feel that it is nobody's business if they force reductions in wages, thus lowering the living standard of their employes; they may feel they have no responsibility to the public and they may ignore public opinion, relying solely upon the power of wealth which they represent and the brute force which they may employ in compelling their workers to submit to their dictates and accept reductions in wages. But in assuming this position they are ignoring the facts of history. There is a limit to public patience and public endurance. Corporations which enjoy the protection of the law and the Government, and especially those that are the beneficiaries of the high protective tariff, must remember that they owe something to the Government and the people who make up the Government. Certainly Congress cannot close its eyes to the facts which have developed in the textile manufacturing industry.

"If a tariff wall is built in order to protect special interests and special industries against competition from foreign manufacturers, certainly when manfacturers protected by such a tariff wall reduce the wages of their employes below the subsistence level, the Government, in all fairness, should reduce the tariff schedules and tear down the tariff wall which has been so skilfully built.

"It is the purpose of the President of the American Federation of Labor to bring these facts to the attention of Congress, and to insist in the name of the working people of America that the textile manufacturers who have inaugurated and carried out a policy of wage reductions shall be deprived of special privileges and special benefits which they have enjoyed from high tariff protection.

"In the names of the American Federation of Labor and the millions of members which I have the honor to represent, I again enter a vigorous protest against the reduction in wages which has been imposed upon the textile workers, and demand that the rates of pay which prevailed before the reduction was put into effect shall be promptly restored."

ASKS COOLIDGE TO ADVISE.

Rhode Island Textile Council Tells Him of Wage Cut.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Aug. 16 (AP).—The Rhode Island Textile Council voted today to ask President Coolidge to intervene and advise whether the 10 per cent. wage reduction put into effect by many mills in New England recently is justified.

This action was taken at a meeting of 150 representatives of 20,000 operatives, including a delegation from Willimantic, Conn., where a strike is in progress against a wage reduction.

The resolution authorized the Council Secretary to communicate with President Coolidge, "in order that the present depression and its causes may be made known and wage earners in the mills may not be made to suffer unjust wage reductions."

It was also voted to start an intensive organizing campaign for the United Textile Workers of America, in order that the emergency board, under the authorization given to it in 1920, may take action against any mills enforcing a reduction.

Francis J. F. Gorman, organizer of Rhode Island and Connecticut, made known the action of the council.

ROLLED STOCKINGS AMUSE.

Paris Press Decides New American Mode Has No Hygienic Purpose.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—The rolled stocking is beginning to attract the curiosity of French women, and the Parisian press is not losing the opportunity to amuse itself with this latest importation from America in women's fashions. The hygienic value of keeping the garter below the knee is being discussed pro and con, but the conclusion seems to be that the new mode had nothing to do with hygiene, but is merely another aspect of the American woman's tendency to reveal her charms.

"What is definitely certain," says the Matin, discussing the new mode, "is that after having shown us their throats, their arms, their shoulders and their legs, women in America are now determined to show us their knees. And there is nothing at all ugly in that."

BROOKLYN GIRL MISSING.

Left Her Aunt's Saturday, Saying "You'll Never See Me Again."

A general alarm was sent out yesterday by the police of the Stagg Street precinct for Katherine Singer, 12 years old, of 122 Humboldt Street, Brooklyn. The girl was reported missing by her parents, who said she was to have returned home Saturday from a visit to an aunt, Mrs. Sarah Goldner of 93 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

According to the parents, the girl left the Goldner home Saturday, and on departing said to her aunt: "You'll never see me again." She failed to appear at her own home, and inquiries among relatives havee been unavailing.

POLICE PRESS HUNT FOR MUNCIE SLAYER

Auto Trail of Anderson, Reported by Farmers, Leads 20 Miles North of Hartford City.

Special to The New York Times.

MUNCIE, Ind., Aug. 16.—The Muncie policemen, town marshals and posses were searching the country north of this city tonight following reports that George (Dutch) Anderson, sought for the murder of Ben Hance and his wife near here on Friday, had been seen near Eaton.

Early this morning a large automobile dashed through the town of Eaton and was challenged by the Marshal. The car did not stop and the Marshal thought he recognized a man in it answering to Anderson's description. He fired two shots after it, but it disappeared in the darkness.

At 5 o'clock this morning a farmer near Hartford City saw an automobile stop near his house, as he was going out to milk. A man, resembling Anderson, he said, climbed from the car, stood on the road a moment, then climbed back into the car and sped away.

These reports gave rise for a time to rumors that Anderson had been surrounded in a farmhouse, but these were dispelled by the police.

Anderson has been hunted in half a dozen localities in Indiana and Ohio since the murder last Friday of Hance and his wife, who had given the information that led to the arrest of Gerald Chapman, later convicted of murder in Hartford, Conn. A pal of Anderson, Charles (One-Arm) Wolfe, was arrested in connection with the Hance murder late Friday night. Both Wolfe and Anderson were said to have been members of Chapman's gang.

The search for Anderson spread to Ohio yesterday after the police had endeavored to connect the robbery of two banks, one at Ohio City and one at Dayton, for a total of $33,000, with the Hance murder. They had the theory that Wolfe and Anderson had held up the banks on their way to kill the Hances.

Hartford City, the place around which the search for Anderson centred tonight, is a town of 11,000 inhabitants, about twenty miles north of Muncie. Eaton is half way between Hartford City and Muncie. It was at Eaton that Hance lived on the farm which was the refuge of Gerald Chapman and his gang until the farmer gave the bandit chieftain up to the police last January.

A TRIUMPH

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The Gift of Prophecy

All persons of imaginative mind, says an old oracle, know what it is to be startled by a thought; they know how ideas flash into the mind, as if from without; and what physical excitement they can at times produce. They also know what it is to be possessed by a presentiment, a deep, overpowering conviction of things to come. They know how often such presentiments are true; and also how often they are false.

The prophet or seer is a man of strong imaginative powers, which have not been calmed by education. The ideas which occur to his mind often present themselves to his eyes and ears in corresponding sights and sounds. He hears voices and sees forms. His disease is contagious.

Prophets have existed in all countries and at all times; but the gift becomes rare in the same proportion as people learn to read and write. Prophets were numerous in the ancient countries. There were prophets in those days. Prophets within the cities, uttering all kinds of oracles both for going out and remaining in. It is said they were then as plentiful as politicians and prophesied against each other. Some would be for peace and some for war. The prophetic ideas differed in no respect from those of ordinary men, except in the sublime or ridiculous effect which they produced on the prophetic mind and body. And so, with other queer things, we inherit the prophet. Yet prophets to-day, so far as conditions go, may be likened to the gesture of the discouraged, good Southern story teller.

"Gentlemen," he said, "another instance of a good story spoiled by a damn eye-witness."

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PETAIN IS EXPECTED TO CRUSH RIFFIANS

French Government Hopes Success of Last Week Will Be Followed by a Decisive Victory.

SPAIN TO AID CAMPAIGN

Moroccan Tribes Hasten to Send in Submission and Offers to Fight Abd-el-Krim.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Marshal Petain, it was announced today, will return to Morocco on Tuesday. He returns ostensibly to take charge of a vast offensive which the French intend to launch in order to clinch the situation before the rainy season sets in.

Marshal Lyautey, after having conferred with General Naulin at Fez, returned to Rabat today, the favorable turn of affairs on the front having to some extent disarmed criticism of which he has been the target and because of which his reported illness was regarded in many quarters as merely a diplomatic pretext for his retirement.

It is in Marshal Petain, however, that the French Government places the hope of a decisive victory within the near future, his previous visit having produced brilliant results which culminated the last week in the complete rout of the enemy in the Sarsar region. Precisely what plan of campaign Petain intends to adopt in order to crown the Sarsar achievement is known only to himself, but there is no doubt the element of time will constitute an important consideration. If the war is not to drag into the Spring Abd-el-Krim must be forced to sue for peace before October, when the rainy period sets in and makes offensive operations practically impossible.

In view of the necessity for haste it is understood Petain contemplates Franco-Spanish cooperation of a character much more complete and effective than has as yet been realized.

The possibility of such cooperation appears particularly bright in view of the official note issued at Madrid today in which the Spanish directorate declares itself in complete accord with Premier Painlevé on the proposition of refusing to recognize the independence of the Riff. Full agreement having practically been reached between the two powers in the political field, it is reasonable to assume, with the element of time now becoming such an important factor, that a similar coordination also will take place in the military field.

Communiqués from the front meanwhile continue to give events at Sarsar the appearance of a complete debacle for the Riff forces. The veritable disaster for Abd-el-Krim is accentuated by desertions of tribes which previously supported him and by the desire of the tribes which deserted the French to return again to the French side. Only yesterday the powerful Ahl Cherif tribe swept over to the French en masse promising to fight against Abd-el-Krim from now on if the French would provide arms and munitions. The Beni Issef tribe in the Ouezzan region also is making similar offers, their emissaries being commissioned to express regret for conduct in the past and demonstrate willingness to redeem themselves in the eyes of the French. The same is true of the Khmes tribe one of the most important elements in the Moroccan population.

Submission of the Khmes tribe would be a considerable acquisition to the French, as these people occupy a stretch of territory south of Sheshuan rich in cereals and fruits.

Coincident with the general retreat of Riff warriors communiqués emphasize the atrocities which the rebels are perpetrating all along the line. Where natives refuse to respond to their call to action it is reported they are seizing men and subjecting them to frightful mutilations, cutting off arms and legs in the presence of their women.

On the right bank of the River Dour the tribes are thoroughly discouraged, not only by military reverses, but also by the fact that present conditions make it utterly impossible to harvest their crops. The Beni Mesguildas tribe, one of the hardest fighting elements with which the French have had to combat, still are under Abd-el-Krim's command, but, according to communiqués, a considerable section of this tribe has deserted the Riff chief and also is seeking French protection.

FRENCH GAIN UPPER HAND.

Abd-el-Krim Prepares Defense Against Coming Attack.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FEZ, Aug. 16.—The war has entered the fifth month with the general military and political situation of the French in Morocco not only markedly improved but steadily growing better. It is the first time this can be said since April 17, when Abd-el-Krim suddenly attacked the important tribe of Beni Zerual, conquered them in two days and flung their 4,000 warriors against the French outposts, spreading rebellion all along the frontier line.

The past week has witnessed several developments. They need only to be summed up to show the way the wind is now blowing.

The French have shown that they have at last sufficient troops both to relieve units which have been fighting without respite for four months and at the same time to manoeuvre offensively on a fairly large scale—by far the largest they have yet realized here, with not one but several mobile groups in operation, clearing out the Ouezzan and Fez el Bali region.

Their tactics have been bettered. They now are using lighter mobile troops and their morale is generally improved. The stronger policy they have adopted toward tribes, seizing hostages as a pledge they will remain loyal and burning villages and crops to punish those who have rebelled is yielding results. Finally a modus vivendi for Franco-Spanish military cooperation has been realized which is important psychologically.

On the other side the rebels give signs of fatigue and weakening of morale. They are nowhere attacking with their old-time vigor or even resisting as strongly as previously. Indeed, they evacuated without hardly firing a shot two natural strongholds—Amergou and Jebel Sarsar. Notable fractions of rebels inhabiting these regions have surrendered with their arms unconditionally; others are negotiating to return to the French side. Meanwhile aviators continue reporting a steady withdrawal of tribes northward away from the front.

Surprises Still Possible.

With such facts for a springboard it is easy to jump to the conclusion that the French have definitely got the upper hand, that the Riffians are on the run and that complete victory is in the offing. It is perhaps more prudent, however, to realize that nowhere are appearances more deceiving for western minds than in Morocco. If the Riffians appear a bit groggy now it is well to remember the rainy season, beginning in October, imposes a decided limitation upon the extent to which the French can take advantage of a definite turn in the tide in their favor.

For all that the French now appear headed for victory military observers have to concede that Abd-el-Krim has had pretty much the best of the fight up to the present moment, the French saving themselves from disaster only by reinforcements which Marshal Pétain brought to their support and flung into the battle area with most telling effect. Fez, Taza and Ouezzan are out of danger, but the French still have a long way to go to recover the ground they held at the outbreak of hostilities.

Whether in the space of two months before the rainy season begins they can deliver a series of blows which will force Abd-el-Krim to his knees is a question which remains frankly open to speculation. Abd-el-Krim's tactics never are predictable. He has shown himself in the past thoroughly capable of keeping the upper hand, even against heavy military odds, from the standpoint of superior equipment and organization. It must be remembered in this connection that with a nucleus of only 1,200 regular soldiers and 50,000 untrained native warriors armed with nothing more modern than rifles, the Riff chief succeded in keeping 60,000 Spaniards at a respectful distance while winning important victories from the French, who were compelled to establish an army of 130,000 to check his advance.

It would throw some light on what might happen in the future by trying to see the situation from the viewpoint of Abd-el-Krim. He knows he has now put the French in such a bad hole they have got to make a tremendous attack against him without delay and strike a knockout for a decision before Winter. Abd-elKrim, however, certainly is counting on the rainfall to restrict serious French efforts this year to reoccupy the lost territory and establish a strong line north of the Ouergha for the Winter. This plan of the French the Riff chief has to frustrate if possible.

Abd-el-Krim's War Aims.

This brings us to his aims in this war. His object often has been represented as the conquest of Fez and all Morocco. It is no doubt the ultimate aim and he would not overlook any convenient openings to achieve it. But one of his salient characteristics as with all Moslem generals is patience.

They know better than Westerners how to wait. Kemal won the independence of Turkey by gnawing and attrition tactics. Abd-el-Krim followed his example against Spain and France. It will be strange if he abandons it now. There is no more chance now of his becoming Sultan of Morocco this year than the French to conquer all the Riffs in the two months left to them. But so long as he is the unconquered ruler of the Riff there is always a chance of his becoming eventually the ruler of Morocco. He can afford to wait.

His essential object in attacking the French this Spring was to increase and strengthen his kingdom moderately by making the upper Ouergha his southern frontier. He has succeeded in doing this and more besides in inciting to rebellion the tribes much further south. Above all he has succeeded in consolidating his position in this region, the holding of which always has remained his most serious objective. From the very beginning he has never ceased digging in, fortifying the terrain and building roads and telephones throughout this area.

To sum up: The French are now stronger than they ever have been. They have only two months in which to wage a successful offensive. Rebel tribes, especially those most exposed to the French, are growing restive and weakening. The next two months are going to be the hardest for Abd-el-Krim, but if he can hang on to the Ouergha, or at worst to the Riff, until the rainy season, then the advantage returns to his side.

The Riffians, unlike the French, having no heavy equipment can continue fighting all Winter. Moreover, many things may happen before Spring, especially as it will be a great financial drain for France to maintain passively the present army in Morocco.

It is known that Abd-el-Krim keeps his eye on the European political situation. Faced with a race against time, in such circumstances as described above, it is the natural thing for any General of the calibre Abd-el-Krim has shown himself to be to prepare for the coming attack by shortening and consolidating his lines, economizing his men and munitions and strengthening his positions—deliberately taking the defensive until Winter comes. Viewed in this light the recent northern movements of the tribes and flocks means simply that the Riffians have begun preparations for this defensive.

With the crisis approaching Abd-el-Krim cannot afford to risk having important bodies of men encircled or captured as happened at Amergou and Jebel Sarsar. Defeat is dangerous to the morale of his men. This, of course, leaves rebels living south of the Oue-Gha easy marks for the French. It is risky to abandon them, for that will not encourage them to fight for the Riff again. Moreover, it is especially dangerous for Abd-el-Krim even strategically to retreat, because such procedure is bound to breed a defeatist spirit among the tribes and play havoc with Abd-el-Krim's forces.

There is no end of possibilities in the situation. What is fairly certain in any case is that the next two months are going to witness the biggest operations and the hardest fighting of the entire war.

GLOOMY ON AMERICA AND LATIN REPUBLICS

Paris Temps Thinks Relations Grow Worse—Washington Denies It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—With rather remarkable emphasis the Temps tonight devotes its leading article to the relations of the United States and Spanish America [Mexico?], which it sees becoming worse. The paper expresses the opinion that while United States intervention is possible it does not think it is probable.

"The almost negative results of acts of coercion like the occupation of Vera Cruz and the punitive expedition under Pershing were not of a nature to encourage a new intervention unless as a last resort the United States decide to undertake a conflict which may disturb for years the peace of the continent.

"Besides, the general policy of Washington since the fifth Pan-American Conference, in Santiago in 1922, has been to temper the processes of interventions by the United States, which are manifestly incompatible with the independence of the Latin republics."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Officials declined tonight to comment on the leading article in the Temps except to say that the facts in the situation do not justify such a view.

The relations of the United States with Pan-America generally are regarded as satisfactory, except with respect to Mexico, and this Government's view of the Mexican problem was set forth some weeks ago in the statement issued by Secretary Kellogg after Ambassador Sheffield came back for an operation and made a verbal report on the situation.

As for the relations between this Government and the other Latin-American nations, they never were more cordial, say officials of this Government. It was observed here tonight that General Pershing was now in South America as arbitrator of the long-drawn-out Tacna-Arica dispute, which for forty years has threatened the peace of Chile and Peru.

'Safety Caravan' Starts Touring City Today, With Ten Police Commandments for Safety

A "safety caravan," consisting of ten floats displaying the ten safety commandments for motorists and pedestrians prepared by Barron G. Collier, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, will leave police headquarters at 10 o'clock this morning and travel through the principal streets of the city daily for six days. The "caravan" will be reviewed by Police Commissioner Enright and Commissioner Collier as it starts its first trip through Manhattan today.

The floats will be equipped with fire bells to attract attention. It is expected that hundreds of thousands will read the safety commandments on these floats during the week.

The ten safety commandments are as follows:

1. Cross streets only at regular crossings.
2. Don't cross streets directly behind a street car.
3. Wait till traffic stops before crossing streets.
4. Don't cross streets diagonally—go straight across.
5. Look both ways as you cross the street.
6. Motorists, Look out for children.
7. Give the pedestrian a chance.
8. Drive carefully at all times.
9. Keep your brakes in good order.
10. Study traffic regulations—obey them—they are laws.

MISS EDERLE ENDS TRAINING FOR SWIM

Will Not Enter Water Again Until She Starts for Dover Tomorrow Morning.

TRAINER WANTS TO QUIT

Confidence of the Swimmer Herself and Her Friends Is Not Shared by Jabez Wolff.

CAPE GRIS-NEZ, France, Aug. 16 (AP).—Gertrude Ederle this morning completed her sea training for the attempt she will make to swim the English Channel with an hour's swim at full speed. She will not enter the water again until she slips off the huge rock at the extreme western point of Cape Gris-Nez Tuesday morning at 7:45 o'clock and strikes out for Dover.

Tomorrow morning Miss Ederle will take a short walk, and after luncheon will repair to her room for rest until 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. The siren of her convoying tug, La Marinie, a half mile off the Cape at that hour, will warn her that her great trial is at hand.

The American swimmer says she is in the most perfect physical condition she has ever attained during training. She is brimful of confidence. The Channel has no terrors for her, and she is as unconcerned over the task she has set for herself as if she were going to take a dip on the beach.

This afternoon Miss Ederle put the finishing touches to the pink rubber cap she intends to wear during her swim.

"Why this bright color?" she was asked.

"So they can see me coming further off from Dover," the Olympic champion replied.

The confidence of the Ederle camp is not shared by the veteran trainer, Jabez Wolf, who is officially looking after Miss Ederle, but who complains that he really has had very little to say about her training. Wolfe was on the verge of quitting his job today, but friends prevented him from taking the boat to England and he finally decided to see the swim through.

"Miss Ederle doubtless is the finest exponent of swimming of any man or woman who has ever tried the Channel," he said. "She can swim the Channel, and I would have left confident of her success had she followed my training instructions. She may be one of those athletic marvels who don't require any special training for tremendous tasks. If she succeeds she will prove herself not only the greatest living swimmer but the greatest swimmer of all time."

Great interest has been shown in Miss Ederle from Dieppe to Dunkirk and the roads of Gris-Nez have been crowded with automobiles filled with spectators. Today an old woman returning from a near-by village church gave the American swimmer, as a talisman, a medal that had just been blessed.

The weather continues fair and warm, and conditions at present promise to be as favorable as during the Summer of 1923, when three men, Sullivan, Tirabocchi and Toth swam the Channel. The water at 63 degrees Fahrenheit today, the warmest it has been since 1923, but visibility still remained poor.

BRITISH MINE LEADERS DECEIVED BY MOSCOW

Union Chiefs Are Said to Have Caught Zinovieff Urging a Strike While Trying to Sell Coal.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—An explanation of the recent declarations by Ministers of the British Cabinet that the Soviets had a hand in the threatened English coal strike is given perhaps in a statement circulated in anti-Bolshevik quarters in Paris to the effect that communications were intercepted between English labor leaders and Moscow showing how the Soviet's plans went astray.

According to this report M. Zinovieff took the trouble to give a good deal of advice to the British coal miners' chiefs, until the latter discovered that Krassin, the Red Ambassador at Paris, convinced the strike was coming off, had Russian agents come to France and offer deliveries of coal at a remarkably low price.

The report states that Mr. Cook and the other leaders of the miners immediately sent a wireless code message to M. Zinovieff, taking him to task for urging a strike in England and at the same time trying to sell his own coal by virtue of the situation so caused.

The English labor leaders accused the Soviets of "treason" to the cause they pretended to espouse. M. Zinovieff then sent M. Krassin a code message of 427 words, placing on the shoulders of the Soviet Ambassador the blame for the affair. It is said that these messages found their way into the hands of Foreign Minister Chamberlain.

Meanwhile M. Gomberg, agent of the Soviet Exporting Monopoly, has arrived in Paris, staying at the Grand Hotel and offering for sale large quantities of Russian wheat.

At a banquet the other night to French wheat dealers M. Krassin said the Russian ability to export wheat this year meant the turning point in Soviet finances. However, rumor has it that Moscow has notified Krassin if he does not get a loan from France by the end of the year, he must quit his post.

PRINCE LEAVES URUGUAY.

Buenos Aires Prepares Big Welcome for Heir to British Throne.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 16 (AP).—The Prince of Wales, after a three-day visit to Uruguay, sailed this evening on board the British cruiser Curlew for Buenos Aires. The cruiser was escorted by a squadron of Uruguayan warships.

Today the Prince attended services at the British Church. Saturday night a banquet was given to him at the residence of President Serrato, after which there was a reception which was attended by the diplomatic corps, members of the British colony and prominent Uruguayans.

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 16 (AP).—This city of 2,000,000 inhabitants will lay aside business cares tomorrow afternoon fittingly to welcome the Prince of Wales. When the British cruiser Curlew arrives it will be saluted by the Argentine squadron in the harbor.

After the foramilities of disembarking, which will include an address of welcome by Mayor Noel, the Prince, accompanied by President Alvear, will drive along troop-lined decorated streets to Government House, where there will be a reception by members of Congress, the Cabinet Ministers and army and navy officers.

A varied program for the fortnight's visit of the Prince has been arranged. Thousands of dollars have been spent in decorating the principal thoroughfares of Buenos Aires.

REDS IN AGA PLANT BAR STINNES GIFT

Majority of Workers Who Are Socialists Show Growing Distrust of Offer.

MEETING TO DECIDE TODAY

Question Whether the Automobile Concern Is Solvent Troubles the Beneficiaries.

By LINCOLN EYRE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The Communistic element among Edmund Stinnes's employes, which numbers some 400 men, today virtually decided to reject his offer to present the Aga Automobile Company's workers with shares in that concern nominally valued at $500,000—one-half the controlling interest he inherited from his father. The remainder of the 2,000 Aga employes, most of whom are Socialists, manifested a growing distrust of the seemingly generous gift.

The workers' final decision probably will be taken at a mass meeting tomorrow at which their Factory Council will lay the whole matter before them, following conferences held with the Metallurgical Labor Union leaders.

A hesitancy of the wage earners to accept the donation which, according to Stinnes's estimate of the stocks' worth and current market quotations would give each of them the equivalent of $250, appears to be based on the bankers' description of the Aga's financial status. According to the consortium which is liquidating his father's estate for young Hugo Stinnes and is warring with Edmund Stinnes over his refusal to pool his holdings with those of his brother, the automobile-making concern has liabilities of 12,000,000 gold marks and assets of only about 9,000,000. Edmund denies this, but so far has failed to provide a more reassuring balance sheet for public consumption.

Thus the Rote Fahne, the Communist organ, is enabled to declare:

"The Stinnes 'gift' does not mean participation in his profits, but his bankruptcy. It is an attempt to interest the Aga's workers in the Stinnes crash and lead them into a war against the banks, so that in the end their exploiters and the banks can unite on the workers' backs."

The Rote Fahne recalls that a few weeks ago, when a partial strike was threatened at the Aga plant, Stinnes replied with the threat of a general lockout.

The suggestion that the proposed enriching of his employes might lead the labor unions' bank to advance Stinnes the credit necessary for keeping the plant in operation is indignantly disproved by both the Rote Fahne and Vorwärts, the Socialist organ, which casts a dubious eye on the whole affair, observing:

"Edmund Stinnes disposes of his majority stock and thereby his responsibility. We see in his act neither ideal aims or the intention of basically altering the financial constitution of the enterprise, but merely a chess move in the struggle for commercial existence. The Agas personnel has no reason to hurry into accepting this offer. There are gifts which can become dangerous. There are a whole series of questions to be answered before a clear verdict on the results of acceptance is possible."

Most papers record that the employes received only one-third of the week's wages due them yesterday, although THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was informed by a high official of the Richsbank that Edmund had obtained a loan of 100,000 marks, all that was required to meet his payroll.

SOVIET CURBS NEWS.

Sending of Information Prejudicial to Concessions to Be Punished.

MOSCOW, Aug. 16 (AP).—By a decree just issued, the collection of political and economic information which may be considered as State secrets and imparting it to foreign States or to counter-revolutionary organizations may be punished by three years' imprisonment, or even by death, should such communication result in serious damage to State interests.

The decree primarily is directed at attempts to impede the Government's concessions policy by creating a false impression abroad concerning real economic conditions in the Soviet republic.

COOLIDGE MAY URGE DEBT INTEREST CUT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

to arbitration will be raised in the Belgian parliament.

An idea of calling an inter-Allied conference to discuss the debt situation is gaining ground in political circles here. It is observed that King Albert, who made a special trip by airplane to Paris while President Wilson was deliberating with the other allies on the subject, might be able to give details of his trip which would have a profound effect.

Both official and royal circles continue silent on the debt question, considering that it is an exceedingly delicate one.

WATCH BELGIAN NEGOTIATIONS

French Will Judge Own Chances From Settlement Reached.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—While there is here studied abstention from comment on the American-Belgian debt negotiations, nevertheless, the French are watching every move that is being made in Washington. From the success or failure of the Belgians in obtaining what would be regarded here as a fair settlement, the French judge their prospects of getting arrangements with America softer than the terms of the British settlement.

On the one hand the French frankly regard the Belgians' case for an easy settlement as stronger than theirs. This is because at the Paris peace conference it was agreed in principle by the representatives of all her creditors to annul Belgium's war debt. France herself and England, in respect for that engagement, are making no claim on Belgium for what they loaned, and so naturally the force of the Belgian argument seems strong in Paris.

Yet, while admitting the strength of the Belgians' point, the French would certainly expect, if Belgium got it, a better settlement than England obtained. While the French would base their claim for easier treatment on the issue of their capacity to pay, they naturally will judge from the effect of the Belgian contention the chances their own will have of impressing the members of the American Debt Commission.

The French argue that if they made the same terms as England they would have to pay America around $125,000,000 to $130,000,000 yearly, and with England waiting to demand pari passu treatment as regards the amount which may be fixed as France's indebtedness to England under the terms of the Churchill note, they would be committed to paying for a settlement of war borrowings a sum in excess of that which England pays the United States annually.

If England with all her superior means of meeting foreign commitments finds these payments hard, the French argue that France just could not do it. In any case, the French contend, they should not be asked to pay England and America together more in cash than they get from Germany.

With the Dawes plan working perfectly, France would normally get something over $300,000,000 annually, but only part of this would be in cash, and what part no one knows, for all depends on success in transferring marks into foreign gold exchanges. So far as payments by Germany in kind are concerned, the French say that would not affect, except very indirectly, France's ability to make payments abroad, since that depends on the status of the franc exchange market which, while directly affected favorably by cash transfers from Germany, would not be so affected by payments in materials.

From watching the Belgian negotiations the French are coming to see that a breakdown of these negotiations would make their task of approaching Washington much harder, since the Americans not having granted to the Belgians the terms Brussels desired would in a way have their armor still intact against arguments for reductions or arrangements which in effect would amount to reductions.

On the other hand, were the Belgians to accept what the French regard as a harsh arrangement, they would feel they were up against prospects of the same sort of settlement. In other words, what the French are hoping for is an agreement between the Americans and Belgians on a basis much below the terms granted to England.

One hears it frequently said that M. Caillaux hopes to settle with America on a basis of payments of between $80,000,000 and $100,000,000 annually, which means about 3 per cent. on the total French debt to the United States.

SAYS FRANCE CAN PAY DEBTS.

Bradbury Suggests £380,000,000 Each for Britain and America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The view that France can undertake repayment of the capital she borrowed from the United States and Great Britain if she manages her finances prudently and will face taxation comparable to the British is expressed today in The Sunday Express by Lord Bradbury, formerly British representative on the Reparations Commission.

France, he points out, has recovered in a remarkable way from the war, at least 90 per cent of the damage being restored, and, with Alsace-Lorraine, her wealth probably is greater now than it was in 1914.

"I consider France's capacity to pay her foreign debts out of her own resources is certainly not less than two-thirds that of Germany," he says. "Even if France received nothing from Germany, such payment could be made at less expense to the national standard of comfort than a foreign payment of half as much again by Germany. If France receives a substantial payment from Germany, that increases her capacity pro tanto."

Lord Bradbury thinks France would not suffer from adopting a policy of paying her debts and Britain would not suffer from receiving payments, but he foresees the possibility of the franc under pressure from abroad running out like the mark. Consequently, France ought to set her finances in order.

He goes on to give his ideas of a fair settlement with France. This would be on the lines of the Anglo-American settlement, with a rather lower rate of interest, particularly in the earlier years.

"The Anglo-American settlement," he says, "gave Britain an abatement, as compared with the 5 per cent basis, of about 28 per cent. I would give France an abatement of at least 40 per cent, which would make the total sum to be repaid to England about £300,000,000. I am confident that France could make such an arrangement with us and a similar one with the United States without risk of exceeding her capacity to make foreign payments."

DEBT BOARD HOPEFUL.

Members Say They Think Satisfactory Settlement Will Be Reached.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The American Debt Refunding Commissioners are sanguine that a mutually satisfactory agreement will be reached with the Belgian Commissioners for a refunding of the Belgian debt to the United States.

Reports that Secretary Mellon and Senator Smoot went to Plymouth to confer with President Coolidge because of the development of a "hitch" in the situation are declared in informed quarters to be without foundation.

Inquiries into the status of the negotiations today indicate that if there is not a settlement it will be the result of two contingencies, both now regarded by officials as remote.

One of these contingencies would be the refusal of President Coolidge to approve the tentative plan of settlement submitted by the American Commissioners to the Belgians and which is understood to have been forwarded by the latter to their Government. Secretary Mellon and Senator Smoot will lay this plan before the President.

The second contingency would be a change of position on the part of the Belgian Government, and this is not considered likely.

In an informed quarter it was stated tonight that there was no basis for a report from Paris that the American Debt Commission had demanded that Belgium reduce her military expenses by 300,000,000 francs to pay interest on the debt to the United States. Such a demand, it was pointed out, would hardly be a proper one for the American Government to make, and would involve too vital a point with respect to the sovereignty of a friendly power to be made by another power.

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Advertisement Of John David

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B. PAUL ROSEN.

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FOREIGNERS IN CHINA FEAR LOSS OF RIGHTS

Think Abolition of Extraterritoriality Would Endanger Their Persons and Property.

CONTRARY FACTS CITED.

Chinese Courts Now Have Jurisdiction Over Citizens of Thirty Countries.

LAND MIGHT DROP IN VALUE

First Effects in Concessions Would Be Very Unfavorable, According to Observer.

By THOMAS F. MILLARD.

Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SHANGHAI, July 16.—It is difficult to imagine any question about which so many and so divergent ideas and opinions are held as there are regarding future effects of the proposed abrogation of extraterritoriality in China. Primarily one is confronted with the two opposite points of view—Chinese and foreign—which approximate the different theses; but all Chinese do not think alike on this question and there is much difference of opinion among foreigners.

First, it is essential to comprehend just what extraterritoriality does give to foreigners here. Often I have been impressed with the vagueness of understanding on this point by a majority of foreigners, many of whom have lived in China for some time. From having listened to thousands of comments and conversations among foreigners on this topic, I think that most of them have slight comprehension of what the extraterritorial status includes and what it actually does for them. They believe the status protects them in ways that it really does not, and consequently they have apprehensions regarding its abrogation which are exaggerated or entirely unjustified.

In fact, extraterritoriality does almost nothing more than protect (in the sense of putting them under the laws and administration of their own home Governments) the persons of foreigners here. Presumably, it assures them of a fair trial in case they get into court. Furthermore, most foreigners feel safer under extraterritoriality because they know something of the laws of their home countries and are less liable to infract them unwittingly or to make mistakes regarding the legality of business transactions. It follows, of course, that the foregoing applies to people who try and want to keep within the law; the "shady" elements among foreigners in China sometimes would prefer to get as far away from home authority as is possible.

A majority of foreigners in China believe that extraterritoriality gives protection to their business here. That I think is dubious, on the whole, although there are instances when it may be so. Any relation of justice to business must be in the form of civil cases in the courts. And in that it is evident that extraterritorial status at most can give foreigners only a limited protection, if indeed it gives them any real protection at all.

In business disputes between foreigners and Chinese, if the foreigner is plaintiff, the case (in the concessions) will go to one of the Mixed Courts. If a Chinese is plaintiff the case will go to the regular Consular Court of the foreigners; and if the foreigner has no consular or diplomatic representation in China the case will go to a Mixed Court. Of the fifty or sixty foreign nationalities having citizens and subjects in China only twenty have consular representation and not all of these have extraterritoriality; and it always has been so that many foreigners who were without extraterritorial status did not seem to be especially handicapped by the lack of it.

Get Justice in Chinese Courts.

But in the ramifications of the export and import trade of China (and foreigners have little bulk interest in any other kind of business) the vast preponderance of transactions are outside the treaty ports and foreign residential concessions, and extraterritoriality does not cover foreign interests there except as to the persons of foreigners. If a foreigner has a business claim against a Chinese outside of the treaty ports and concessions he must depend on Chinese justice to satisfy it, or, failing to obtain satisfaction that way, the matter goes into diplomatic channels to be adjusted, if possible, by negotiation. The foreign firms that have been most successful in China are those which have pursued the policy of adjusting business disputes with the Chinese by compromise and arbitration—methods long in use in China, if indeed they were not invented by the Chinese. There are few instances of foreign firms getting satisfaction, in the long run, by trying to drag their Chinese customers and dealers into foreign courts or through a long process of diplomatic negotiation.

The truth obviously is that all commerce at bottom depends on good-will; and it is questionable if the foreign trade of China, and especially that portion of this trade which occupies foreigners, can continue to develop and grow under conditions that create ill will to foreigners among the Chinese.

I am familiar with the trite complaint regarding the difficulty of foreigners in getting justice in Oriental courts. It is probable that there is more complaint on that point concerning Japanese courts than anywhere else; but if foreigners feel (and often they do) that they are at disadvantage in Japanese courts when the opposing litigants are Japanese they simply have to stand it, and adjust their business risks by other methods. Inequities of that character have a way in time of working their own remedies.

In Japan the favoritism of the courts for Japanese as against foreigners in business litigations led logically to the foreigners protecting themselves by putting their business on a cash basis. The condition was so bad only a few years ago that there hardly was a native firm in Japan that could purchase commodities abroad without depositing funds in foreign banks to cover them before the goods would be shipped.

Once I went over some newspaper files in Japan that were published when the abolition of extraterritoriality there was under discussion, and the arguments (the newspaper was foreign edited) were almost exactly the same as those used in China now. Doleful predictions were made of what would happen to foreigners and to foreign trade with Japan.

What has happened? The sale of foreign goods in Japan has increased more than twenty-fold since extraterritoriality was abolished, and Japan's export trade (in which foreigners equally are interested) has increased in the same proportion. It is true that less of Japan's export and import trade is done by foreigners in Japan now, or passes through their hands, than formerly. But this change is caused by economic processes and the growing knowledge of the Japanese of how to conduct foreign trade, which tend to eliminate the foreigners.

It can be expected that the same thing will happen in China (it commenced some time ago), but extraterritoriality cannot protect the foreigners here from that evolution, and for it to continue even may accelerate the process of Chinese taking the conduct of their foreign trade out of the hands of foreigners and managing it themselves.

One admits that as to the cases of Japan and China there is this difference: When extraterritoriality was abandoned in Japan that nation had a fairly sound and stable Government; while in China now the national Government is weak and unstable.

In Japan there is no question any longer of trying to prevent by intimidation the Japanese Government from doing as it chooses in regulating its courts and tariffs. Japan is armed. If foreigners do not like to live there they can move away. If foreigners suffer from Japanese injustice in business matters they must equalize their added risk by bringing to bear at some point the rule of economic compensation.

I have mentioned it before in this correspondence, but will cite again the fact that today in China far more white people are living without extraterritoriality than with it. There probably are 250,000 Russians in China, perhaps 2,000 Germans, a few Austrians, and a scattering of minor European nationals whose countries never obtained extraterritorial positions. (I intend later to analyze more fully the situation of those people. But apart from occasional instances of abuses in the manner of administering Chinese justice to some of them they appear to be getting along as well as other foreigners here. A majority of the Russians are "White" (as distinguished from Soviet) refugees who arrived in China indigent and who still are indigent. But this condition in no observable way was caused by lack of extraterritorial status. Those Russians would be hard up in any case under present conditions.

Germans Profit by the Change.

As for the Germans, it is apparent that they are rather profiting by their loss of extraterritoriality in the gain they have made by getting the good-will of Chinese. Very quietly and steadily the Germans are regaining their former trade position in China; that they do not move faster is due to the primary need of reorganizing German industry and replacing German shipping after the war. I talked a few days ago with a leading German merchant and asked him how he felt (he was in China before the war) without extraterritorial status.

"At first I felt qualms," he said, "but I am getting used to it and gradually my apprehensions are quieting. After all, I am here only to do business with the Chinese, and I find they are friendly and appreciate that our Government has made a new set of treaties giving up extraterritoriality. As to our agents outside of the treaty ports and concessions, they report no trouble at all and seem to be as safe as anybody."

There is another side to the picture. What may happen to the cities in China which have grown up under foreign administrations and which, if extraterritoriality is given up, will revert to the Chinese Government?

I am not one of those persons who, like the brothers Kapek and other realists, profess to regard the human family as little more than a swarm of atoms striving foolishly and vainly at their tasks on earth, and therefore what they do and accomplish and build is of no consequence and is destined in a short time to follow the builders into oblivion.

I have known Shanghai for twenty-five years and have seen its wonderful growth. I know how hard at times the struggle has been to make these settlements and this port what they are today. I have knowledge of the projects and plans for further improvement; for widening the old streets and making fine new ones; for straightening and deepening the Whangpoo River; for all kinds of municipal betterments.

As one drives about the settlements over well-paved streets, kept remarkably clean, all in order, seeing on all sides and in all parts of the concessions the testimony of the faith of Chinese in the security of life and property here, the hundreds of new buildings under construction (most of them built with Chinese capital), it is not possible to think of all this deteriorating without a pang. And I believe (that is, I fear) that the foreign concessions will deteriorate under exclusive Chinese government. It does seem a pity to arrest progress here. Yet I do not see now how that will be prevented, for one hardly can doubt that extraterritoriality is nearing its end.

One probable immediate effect of turning these settlements over to China would be a slump of property values; how much of a slump one cannot say. All vested interests here (and in all concessions in the country) perhaps would depreciate greatly, at least temporarily; debentures of the foreign municipalities, all kinds of securities based on property here and foreign activities, land and buildings. One assumes that in treaty revision the equitable liquidation of these securities would be provided for; but public confidence would be severely shaken.

Property Values Likely to Fall.

In this one must consider the principal cause for the immense rise in the value of real property in these concessions, which was that Chinese flocked into them to obtain safety and steadily forced up property values. Since what made Chinese willing to pay high prices for property here was to get out of the reach of their own officials, it follows that return of the concessions to China will put the Chinese here under the complete authority of their own Government and the "protection" which they paid for in high realty costs will vanish.

A very interesting thing has occurred recently which bears on this question. Wusih is an important Chinese town some distance from Shanghai on the railway toward Nanking. In late years it has become a large manufacturing centre; many cotton mills and silk filatures have been built there, almost altogether with Chinese capital and management. At times of the provincial wars the merchants and industrialists at Wusih repeatedly have been plundered and levied upon by the rival militarists, and the only escape for them and their families was somehow to get into the foreign concessions at Shanghai, leaving their property to take its chances.

This caused the Chinese Chamber of Commerce at Wusih only a few weeks ago privately to approach an American Consul to ask if it is possible to create an American concession at Wusih which would serve to protect Chinese merchants and where their industries could be sheltered.

The reasoning of that effort of Chinese at Wusih prevails very extensively among Chinese in Shanghai and in all foreign settlements. Since Chinese own probably 95 per cent. of vested interests of every kind in the settlements, it follows that any slump in values will fall principally on them. Chinese are astute in business and they perceive that.

Sees Slight American Loss.

Reducing this question solely to effects on American position and interests in China, its outlines are plainly seen. Our "interests" here are of two kinds—cultural and commercial.

Our cultural interests in China gain us nothing except as, in theory, they return as bread cast upon the waters in good-will and the broad advantages which enlightenment is presumed to bring to China and to the world. Those interests are a present from us to the Chinese and have cost us an enormous amount of money which, unless it has come back indirectly through good-will in business, must be charged to our altruistic endeavors. The cultural interests are not likely to be affected by abolition of extraterritoriality. This is the view of a large majority of educators and missionaries with whom I have talked. In fact, most of them think it is better to meet the wishes of Chinese in that matter and that such action will improve and give fruition to our cultural efforts here.

The average foreign business and professional man in China is shaken almost out of his wits at the suggestion of giving up extraterritoriality; but that feeling is more emotional than calculating. My own view is that (except perhaps temporarily) no serious and lasting ill effects upon American trade with China need follow such a change. There would need to be some readjustment of business methods and system; but that is bound to come anyhow.

One hears remarks among foreigners here such as: "Well, if extraterritoriality is ended, all of us will have to go. The Chinese want to freeze us out and they would have us at their mercy then."

To me it seems very plain that if the Chinese really want to force the foreigners out of China they can do that whether extraterritoriality remains or goes by a process of social and economic attrition, as we now are feeling it in its nascency. But I fail to see any purpose or wish to drive foreigners away in what is taking place in China now. As long as foreigners are useful here the Chinese will want them to stay; and they will be useful for a long time yet—perhaps forever.

CLASH IN MEXICAN TOWN.

Chief of Police of Cuernavaca Is Killed in Fighting.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—Tetecala, a small Indian town in the State of Morelos, is the scene of a political feud which to date has caused two deaths and a number of injuries. The Chief of Police of Cuernavaca and a policeman were killed when trying to dislodge an armed band from the Municipal Palace.

Federal troops have been ordered to the town to prevent further hostilities between the politicians.

According to reports from Quintanaro, the Maya Indians who for the past few weeks have been robbing chicle farms have retired into the interior. Federal troops have arrived at Playa Obispo.

DIAMONDS IN EAST AFRICA.

Gems Said to Be Exceptionally Pure Found in Tanganyika Territory.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 16.—A true diamond pipe (the soft agglomerate of volcanic origin in which diamonds are found) has been discovered at Mwanza, Tanganyika Territory, by a party of South Africans, according to reports from East Africa.

The diamonds are said to be exceptionally pure, a parcel recently dispatched from Mwanza averaging a value of £8 per carat.

SAILOR OF FLEET DIES FROM SHIP ACCIDENT

Salem (Ohio) Man Is Victim of Mishap in New Zealand—Storm Smashes Launches.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Aug. 17 (AP).—A naval inquest today into the death of Wallace Dale of Salem, Ohio, a member of the crew of the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, revealed that the sailor succumbed to a hemorrhage of the brain caused by an accidental fall.

Dale died aboard the hospital ship on Friday. Earlier reports indicated that Dale had been involved in a fracas ashore Thursday night when a number of sailors clashed with the shore patrol.

It was learned today that during the great storm of Friday night, which forced a large number of officers and men of the fleet to remain on shore, although their leave of absence had expired, a motor launch belonging to the Pennsylvania broke and was smashed on the rocks. A launch from the battleship Oklahoma suffered similar damage.

Admiral Robert E. Coontz, commander of the fleet, was entertained yesterday at a children's party in the Town Hall as the guest of Commander Beal, Commodore of the New Zealand Navy, and later at a dinner aboard H. M. S. Dunedin as a guest of the Orphans' Club.

Admiral Coontz and fifteen officers left tonight for Rotorua to visit the hot springs.

The wintry weather of last week gave way today to warm sunshine.

FANNY HURST WINS PRIZE.

$50,000 Awarded to Her for Best Story and Movie.

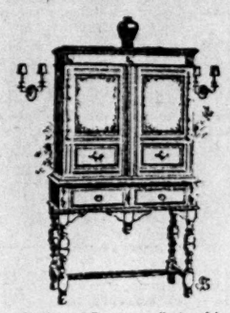
Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Fannie Hurst was declared the winner today of the $50,000 prize which the magazine, Liberty, in conjection with the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, offered for the best story suitable for publication in the magazine and for production on the screen.

Miss Hurst's story was chosen from more than 100,000 stories and plot synopses entered in the contest. It was specified that the author need only write a synopsis of a story and that the writing might be done later.

John N. Wheeler, executive editor of Liberty; Jesse L. Lasky, head of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, and Rex Beach, novelist, were the judges.

MIDSUMMER SALE



The Geiger & Braverman collection of chests and cabinets includes replicas of the choicest creations of old masters as well as the best examples of modern designers and craftsmen. The Colonial Cabinet pictured provides an admirable encasement for a radio set.

$87.50

Surpassing values now greet the visitor on every gallery Every suite and every occasional piece has been repriced to assure definite and decided savings.

Purchases Held For Future Delivery When Desired

Geiger & Braverman
45 West 45th Street

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th St.—N. Y.
Paris Palm Beach London

The Woman's Floor Offers

THE *BLACK CREPE-SATIN* FROCKS SMART MATRONS LIKE

Chic—practical—the simple in-between-season's frock that is smart for any occasion

45.00

SMART matrons are coming to Best's for a dress to wear through that hectic period when they open their town houses, get the childen ready for school and shop for their own Fall needs. We suggest this simple model that is the badge of good taste from its harmonizing gilet down to its hem.

The Women's Floor Specializes in Sizes 36 to 50

Knabe

THE HARMONY OF EUROPE

For America's Finest Homes

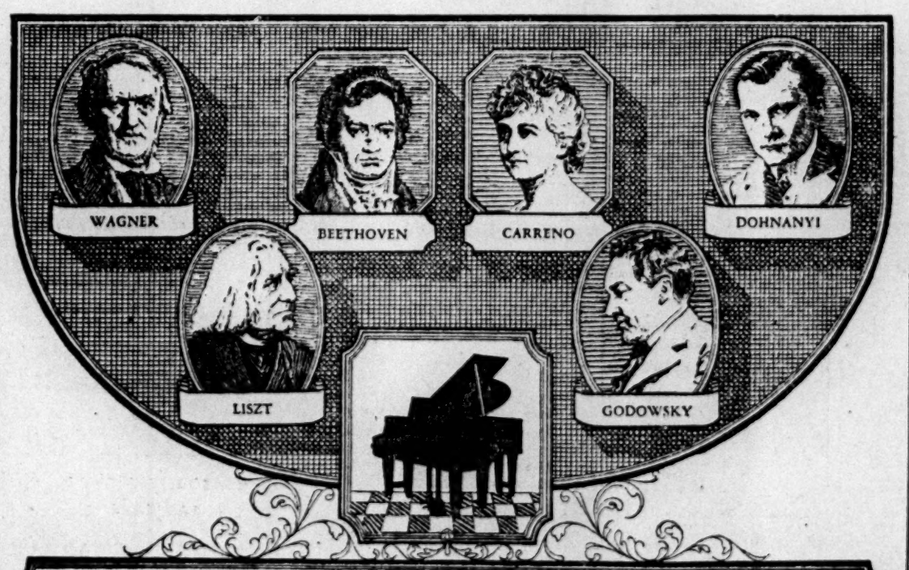
The Russia of Rachmaninoff and Tschaikowsky, the Poland of Chopin—France with d'Indy and Debussy, the Italy of Puccini—Lithuania with Godowsky, the immortal harmonies of Wagner, Beethoven and Liszt—a glittering dance of Andalusian Spain by Carreno, the rural Hungary of Dohnanyi—The musical atmosphere and life of all Europe is contained in

The AMPICO

which adds a new zest to the pleasures of your home.

INDISPENSABLE FOR DANCING

NOTE: A minimum deposit and small monthly payments will send one home. Your present instrument accepted at its full value as part of the first payment.



Wm. Knabe & Co.
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.

Nature's Gift to Humanity

AT MT. CLEMENS, MICH. are found mineral water and mineral crystals which provide sure relief for rheumatism, sciatica, neuritis, etc. Thousands know the curative properties of these minerals—and thousands go each year, to Mt. Clemens—as Eastern Pilgrims turn to Mecca.

There are other thousands—yes, millions—however, who could be helped by Nature's gift to Humanity, but who cannot spare the time nor afford the expense of a trip to Mt. Clemens, Michigan. It is to them that this message will prove of particular interest. For, they can now avail themselves of authentic Mt. Clemens Mineral Baths and Treatments by going no further than the Bronx Baths—right here in New York.

BRONX BATHS have been given exclusive New York rights to these famous treatments. For a very low fee you can now get 21 baths in a solution of Mt. Clemens minerals—the free use of Mt. Clemens Mineral Water for drinking, and massages in and out of the tub—all under the supervision of competent physicians, and graduate and registered nurses.

Why suffer longer when sure relief is now so close at hand? Avail yourself of Nature's gift to Humanity by writing, phoning KILPATRICK 7565—or, best of all, by coming in—today!

[TO PHYSICIANS: *You are earnestly invited to inspect the Mt. Clemens Department of Bronx Baths and to assure yourself of the wisdom of sending patients here for the same treatments for which you would ordinarily send them to Mt. Clemens, Michigan.*]

Bronx Baths
915 WESTCHESTER AVE. AT 163RD STREET

Take Lexington or Seventh Avenue Subway to Prospect Avenue—walk one block north on Westchester Avenue.

Delicious!

DESSERTS, TASTY SAUCES and PLEASING PUNCHES Quickly and Easily Prepared from the Quality Fruit Juice Syrup—HAY'S FIVE FRUIT.

Write for Booklet of Uses—Order It Today—At the Better Stores—But Be Sure It's HAY'S in the Red Wrapped Bottle.

MADE BY HAY'S FRUIT JUICE CO. Portland, Maine

HAY'S Five Fruit

MGR. LAVELLE SAILS HOME FROM EUROPE

Rector of St. Patrick's Expected Back This Week After Absence Since May.

SAID MASS AT LOURDES

Writes to Cathedral Bulletin of His Prayers at the Grotto and of Impressive Ceremonies.

Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral, is expected home from abroad by next Sunday. The Rev. Henry F. Hammer, who is in charge of the Cathedral in the absence of Mgr. Lavelle, and the Rev. Bernard F. McQuade, assistant rector, received a cablegram yesterday from the rector that he was sailing yesterday on the Baltic. A letter written from Lourdes, France, by the Monsignor to his parishioners is printed in the current Cathedral Bulletin, the official organ of St. Patrick's, and this was distributed at the door of the Cathedral after masses yesterday.

Mgr. Lavelle sailed in May with a company of Holy Year pilgrims for Rome. Two miracles took place while he was at Lourdes, Mgr. Lavelle wrote. The rector tells of saying mass at Lourdes for the people of St. Patrick's. His letter was as follows:

"Dearly Beloved Brethren:

"Here we have been during the past three days, and we are departing this morning with real regret. The entire character of the place is simple, sincere spiritually, expressed in love for Our Lord and His Blessed Mother. The great church, which is built in three stories, contains more than a hundred altars. Mass is celebrated in each of these from three to ten times a day.

Pray at the Grotto.

All during the morning the pilgrims pray at the Grotto or watch the entering of the sick into the bathing places asking our dear Mother to grant them cure. Two miracles have taken place during our short stay. In the afternoon, at 4:30, there is a Procession of the Blessed Sacrament through the grounds of the Shrine. First come women pilgrims, in white dresses with blue veils; then the men, bearing lighted candles; next the clergy, and the Bishop bearing the Blessed Sacrament. The sick are drawn up in rolling chairs, all around the great circle. The officiating prelate goes to each and blesses him with the Lord's Real Presence. Finally he goes to the centre of the church steps. Here an altar has been prepared, and benediction is given.

"Every night at 8:30 a great twilight procession forms at the Grotto and goes through the grounds, singing hymns to the Blessed Virgin. Last night I counted the number in the line and found that there were 1,650. The line of the parade is fully a mile long. It ends in front of the great church. All sing aloud the Nicene Creed and then retire to their homes.

"Spending a few days here, or longer, is as certain a cure for one's spiritual maladies as the famous watering places are a remedy for physical ills. Lourdes never palls. On the contrary, it seems to grow more impressive the longer one remains and the oftener one returns. Some of the pilgrimages are very remarkable. One party of Irish, numbering 1,600, came from Liverpool, headed by their Auxiliary Bishop. They had 200 sick among them. Some of them were very poor people who had been saving up for two years to get sufficient funds. Others were helped by the charitably inclined. It strikes me there is no place in the world more democratic than this. High and low, rich and poor, young and old, sick and well, all mingle together on the same footing, all animated by the desire to be made stronger and better in body and in soul.

Interviews Bishop of Lourdes.

"Yesterday, the Feast of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, was the anniversary of the last apparition of our Blessed Lady to Bernadette. Before the afternoon procession the Bishop of Lourdes preached in the Grotto a sermon full of gratitude to our Lord and His dear mother for all the favors brought upon the Church and the world, through the devotion of Our Lady of Lourdes. After the benediction I had the honor of an interview with him. He seems about seventy-five years of age—a well-preserved, very venerable man, big of heart and warm in piety. He speaks English quite fluently and is well posted regarding American affairs, as well as warmly friendly to the American people.

"This morning I said mass for all of you in the very Grotto of the Apparition. Seldom have I been so much moved in all my life. Never have I prayed more fervently. I asked our blessed mother to obtain for you health and happiness, prosperity and virtue; fortitude in trial and victory in combat. Needless to say, I begged also that the Cathedral grow even more efficient; that the light and the love of the Holy Spirit guide and inspire his Eminence and all our clergy, and that the souls of our dear departed may rest in peace.

"I had hoped to be home by Aug. 1, but some changes in the general itinerary have delayed me. I hope, without fail, to see you about the middle of the month. 'Absence makes the heart grow fonder.' The brightest moment since I left home will be that on which I see the Cathedral and its devoted people again. Yours always sincerely in Christ,

"MICHAEL J. LAVELLE."

BOYS HURT CHASING A CAT.

Fence Falls on Them When They Try to Shake Tabby Off.

Three boys, Rossie Lupo, 14 years old, of 7 Elizabeth Street, James Matera, 12 years old, of 10-12 Elizabeth Street, and Michael Stefano, 13, of the same address, were playing yesterday afternoon in their neighborhood when one of them started to chase a cat. The cat ran into a partly completed building at 240 Canal Street, with the boys in pursuit. It climbed a fence around the ground floor of the building, and the boys climbed after it. In their efforts to shake the animal off the fence, they weakened it, and it fell on them.

The Lupo boy was pinned under several heavy boards and sustained a fracture of the left leg. His companion, Matera, suffered abrasions of the left leg. The third boy was uninjured. Dr. McDonald of St. Vincent's Hospital was summoned and he removed the Lupo boy to Bellevue Hospital. The other boys went to their homes after the Matera boy's injuries had been attended. The building is owned by the Bran Realty Company of 202 Bay Twenty-eighth Street, Brooklyn.

MAKE YOUR OWN MOVIES OF YOUR FAMILY AND FRIENDS

WITH THE POPULAR

BELL & HOWELL Filmo AUTOMATIC CAMERA

As easy as taking snapshots. Just aim the camera and touch the button—its entirely automatic. You get what you see. No tripod. No cranking. Uses non-inflammable film that costs 80% less than regular film.

CHARLES G. WILLOUGHBY

HOURLY DEMONSTRATIONS HOURLY DEMONSTRATIONS

CAMERA HEADQUARTERS

110 W. 32nd St., Opp. Gimbels

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE

FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET

TELEPHONE PLAZA 4000

Monday and Tuesday, Significant Values in

The AUGUST FUR SALE

BECAUSE of early season purchases, these coats are offered at prices that will not be duplicated later in the season. A deposit of one-third will hold any garment in our fur storage vaults until November, without additional charge.

ANTELOPE COAT
Imported from Paris
with nutria trimming. 45 inches long.
August Sale Price, 195.00

*AMERICAN BROADTAIL COATS
in cocoa or penny brown. Fox collar and border.
August Sale Price, 245.00

*AMERICAN BROADTAIL COATS
six models in cocoa, gray or black.
August Sale Price, 295.00

NATURAL SQUIRREL COAT
with platinum fox collar.
August Sale Price, 395.00

COCOA SQUIRREL COAT
with fox collar and border.
August Sale Price, 395.00

NUTRIA COATS
self trimmed. 45 and 48 inches long.
August Sale Price, 345.00

COCOA ERMINE COATS
Luxuriously trimmed with Cocoa dyed white fox.
August Sale Price, 795.00

*Processed Lamb

LEOPARD COATS
with wolf, skunk, beaver or red fox trim.
August Sale Price, 395.00

BOYISH RACCOON COATS
In sizes for Women and Misses.
August Sale Prices, 195.00, 225.00 *and* 245.00

NATURAL MUSKRAT COATS
with squirrel, fox or beaver trimming.
August Sale Price, 150.00

SILVER MUSKRAT COATS
with beaver, skunk, squirrel or fox trim.
August Sale Price, 195.00

NATURAL MUSKRAT COATS
with raccoon collar, cuffs and border.
August Sale Price, 175.00

NATURAL MUSKRAT COATS
with fox or beaver trimming.
August Sale Price, 195.00

PERSIAN LAMB COAT
with Kolinsky collar and cuff trim.
August Sale Price, 395.00

BEAVER COATS
in sports models with shawl collar. 47 inches long.
August Sale Price, 495.00

**HUDSON SEAL COATS
with squirrel, skunk or self trimming.
August Sale Price, 235.00

BABY CARACUL COATS
In cocoa or black. Smart contrasting fur trimming.
August Sale Price, 895.00

GOLDEN BROWN CARACUL COATS
with matching fox collar and border.
August Sale Price, 335.00

BLACK CARACUL COAT
with taupe fox collar and irregular border.
August Sale Price, 495.00

NATURAL MINK COATS
Dark, silky pelts beautifully matched.
August Sale Price, 1695.00

BROADTAIL COATS
Generously trimmed with Baum Marten collar and cuffs.
August Sale Price, 2150.00

**Dyed Muskrat

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' FURS—FIFTH FLOOR

MACY'S

34th STREET *and* BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

New Cloth Frocks
on Tailleur Lines
FOR CRISP FALL DAYS

SO Paris decrees—and Macy's, ever quick to interpret the authentic styles, has already assembled a wonderful collection of new season models.

There are frocks in light weight wool fabrics—as supple as silk—molded in the new autumn silhouette.

Then there is the coat dress with new flares; the Princess style with its flowing circular skirt and the cape frock, ideal for street wear right now. For misses also there are two-piece jumper effects and the youthful bolero.

Touches of color are introduced in appliques or conventional embroideries. Also adjustable high collars. For misses, too, lingerie collars and cuffs and smart scarf effects.

Misses' models come in navy, grenat, cuckoo, brown, gracklehead, balsam and Epinard greens.

Women's dresses are in black and navy.

Sizes for Misses and Women 36 to 44.
Special sizes for Smaller Women.

MACY'S—*Third Floor, East Building, Center.*
Front Escalators.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
Incorporated
37 and 39 WEST 57th STREET, NEW YORK
Lawrence Berenson, Receiver

RECEIVER'S SALE

Fashions made for Gidding for the Autumn and Winter Season as well as for present wear are now on SALE at *Drastic Price Reductions.*

All Sales Final No Charges No Credits

FOUR, STABBED, HELP CAPTURE A SUSPECT

Policeman Breaks Into Apartment Where Victims Chase Alleged Assailant.

PURSUER FIGHTS IN DARK

Family, Unaware That Intruder Is a Patrolman, Set Upon Him—Prisoner Identified.

Patrolman Michael Reddy saw a man run into the home of Salvatore Sico at 255 East 134th Street, the Bronx, last night and slam the door behind him. A moment later four men, bleeding from stab wounds, arrived, pounded on the door and when they received no answer, started throwing sticks and stones at the window. The policemen asked them what the trouble was and they informed him that the man who had fled into the house and two others had attacked them.

Reddy went to the door and pounded. The lights inside went out. Reddy jammed his shoulders against the door and it flew open. He fell on the floor inside. Sico, his wife and most of their sixteen children, the oldest 17 and the youngest 10 months, jumped on him. Some one found his club and shouted "A cop."

The lights were flashed on and the policeman was permitted to rise. There were effusive apologies. In the corner Reddy found the man who had been pursued. He was Phillip Reco, Sico's brother-in-law, of 155 Lincoln Avenue. He was booked at the Alexander Avenue station on a charge of felonious assault after the four men had identified him as one of their assailants. Sico, his wife and the seven oldest children were also taken to the station house for questioning, but later were allowed to go.

The four men who were stabbed were James Treddem of 262 East 135th Street, Thomas Bresione of 161 Lincoln Avenue, Frank Hart of 327 East 138th Street and Alfred Collins of 29 South Fifty-fifth Street, Elmhurst, L. I. Treddem was removed to Lincoln Hospital with a deep wound in the chest. His case is not regarded as serious. The others were cut on the face and arms.

Treddem told the police that he was entertaining the three others, Collins's wife and several other women in his home on the ground floor when Reco and two companions cast slurring remarks at the women from the street, through the open window. When he and the other men in the house went out to remonstrate, he said, Reco and his companions stabbed them and fled. The police started a search for Reco's companions.

Ill, Ends Life by Hanging.

Despondency over ill health caused William Bubac, 29 years old, to commit suicide last night by hanging himself with a belt from a hook on the wall of his home at 1,364 Avenue A, the police said. His body was discovered by his wife when she returned from a visit to relatives.

OHIO VILLAGE HONORS ITS 'FEELESS' DOCTOR

Montgomery Townsfolk Present $1,000 Purse and Auto to Dr. C. W. Eckermeyer.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 16.—The village of Montgomery, a suburb of Cincinnati, boasts a doctor who does not send bills to his patients after rendering them service. Fellow townsmen of Dr. Charles W. Eckermeyer gave him tonight a surprise party and public reception at which they presented him with a purse of $1,000 and a new automobile, fully equipped.

The doctor's aversion to accepting gifts was so ingrained that the villagers had to employ the utmost tact lest their benefactor construe the ovation and the gifts in the light of emoluments unearned and to which he was not entitled. To overcome his resistance they chose the doctor's birthday as the time for the celebration.

Dr. Eckermeyer has been practicing in Montgomery for forty-seven years. He is the son of a physician who was in his youth a Lutheran minister. His devotion to the cause of health is almost of a religious nature, and he always has regarded the healing side of his profession as of more importance than the getting of fees.

"Anybody can make money," said Dr. Eckermeyer. "I have never accepted the function of sending monthly statements to patients as part of the noble profession of medicine. I always went upon the assumption that my success in handling the health of my patients was one of the chief emoluments of the profession.

"I am not a merchant but a physician. I sell my services, it is true, but they are not things of barter and trade. I have not been cheated by a patient in all my years of practice."

DRUSES SEND PEACE TERMS.

Ask the Right to Elect Their Own French Governor.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JERUSALEM, Aug. 16.—The delegation of Lebanese Druse notables which went to the Jebel Druse to arrange peace terms has, according to a Beirut statement, returned with the following Druse terms:

Captain Carbillet would be recalled from Governorship of the Jebel Druse. A French Governor is acceptable, but must be elected by the Jebel Druse. A special constitution would be drafted for the Jebel Druse.

The Druse delegates were received by General Sarrail, the French High Commissioner in Syria, and orders afterward were given to release the Druses imprisoned at Damascus, Serai, Ezra and Kuneitra. These all proceeded to Beirut to thank General Sarrail and thence went to the Jebel Druse. The French have meanwhile imposed a fine on the Druses. Hostilities have ceased, awaiting an official statement.

Where three outstanding fashions meet—the flaring outline, repeated in the sleeves; the use of sheer fabric for evening with the addition of metal lace and fur, and the new long sleeved gowns for formal wear. **$195**

The Flaring Silhouette

Swings Across The Fall Horizon

Animation—activity—a fluttering, flaring line—this is the picture of the Autumn mode. The back flare, most recent arrival, the flare at both sides, the flare that encircles the frock or coat and the subtle flare of pleats in the more tailored frocks.

Lord & Taylor sponsors the new freedom of motion for Fall in gowns and frocks, in coats and ensemble costumes.

The Mode is Movement in Women's Gowns for Fall

Every gown sways with a flare of some kind. Evening gowns of metal cloth, chiffon, metal lace, and satin introduce it in godets. Daytime frocks of crepe, satin, velveteen and crepe Roma reveal the subtle flare in godet and kick pleat. $65 to $225

The Flare is Emphasized in Women's Ensemble Costumes

Ensembles for Fall are richer, more luxurious than ever before, in fabric, in grace of line, in detail. Artificial velvet, soft finish woolens and kashmir fabrics, all agree upon the importance of the flare, both in coat and gown. $110 to $450

Fabric Floating in All Directions—in Misses' Frocks

Youth glories in the activity of the flaring silhouette. Chiffon dancing frocks flutter with many circular godets. Satin dinner frocks introduce a new flare that sweeps across the front and to one side. Always motion—always color. $39.50 to $69.50

Even in Repose these Misses' Coats and Ensembles Flare

Slim to the knees, then flaring smartly in front, back or side—the new coats for misses are of soft kashmir fabrics, trimmed with furs. $89.50 to $275

Misses' ensemble costumes combine coats of soft wools with silk or cloth frocks, both emphasizing the flare. $89.50 to $225

A Fluent, Uneven Hemline Appears in Women's Coats

Soft, lustrous fabrics flare smartly all 'round, or sweep to one side. And the colorings, many shades of brown as well as navy blue and black, harmonize with the furs, squirrel and fox, natural or dyed, lynx and many others. $79.50 to $350

Women's Frocks Emphasize Skillfully Arranged Fullness

Dozens of frocks—and almost as many varieties of the flare—for daytime, afternoon, and evening wear. Satin, crepe Roma, flat crepe and crepe de Chine in silks; jersey and twills. Blues, wine shades, green, tan and black. $25 to $45

THIRD FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE WISCONSIN 3300

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

New Importation of

Silk Lingerie

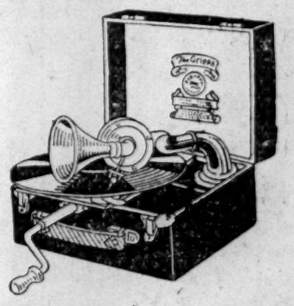
Lingerie that is practical and dainty. It is of soft washable silk and every stitch is made by hand—the fine hemstitching, sewing and embroidery. In flesh or white. There are nightgowns with square or V-neck, $5.95. Step-in chemises, $3.95. Vests and step-in drawers, $2.95 each.

Clearance of

Porch Frocks

Decidedly reduced for immediate selling. Flock dot voile models in practical dark colors, with white organdy collars, $1.95. Printed voile styles, many of bordered patterns, others of all-over patterns. Every size, but not in every style. Various colors, $4.95.

SECOND FLOOR



Carry the Pixie Grippa Wherever You Go

$19.50

Compact as a suitcase—superb in tone—plays any size record—these recommend the Pixie Grippa, a new portable from England that is making all kinds of vacations happier. Ask to have it demonstrated in the Victrola Department.

Red Seal Records Reduced

10 inch single-face red seal records, 35c each. Three for $1. 12 inch records, 45c each.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE WISCONSIN 3300

FINE SHOES AA SINCE 1857

ANDREW ALEXANDER

548 Fifth Avenue

Above 45th Street

Announces

Further Reductions

in the prices of many lines of Summer Shoes for men and women. Sport Shoes are included.

$5.85 to $9.85

WOMEN HERE TO HAIL GRANT OF SUFFRAGE

Will Celebrate Ratification of Amendment at Luncheon to Mrs. Catt and Miss Hay.

TO REVIVE STIRRING SCENES

Support of World Court With Harding-Hughes Reservations to Be Acclaimed at Gathering.

The luncheon to be held on Aug. 26 at the Women's City Club in honor of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Miss Mary Garrett Hay will be at the same time a celebration of the ratification of the Federal Suffrage amendment and of the alignment of women in support of world peace, it was announced yesterday in a statement from the National League of Women Voters, which went on:

"It will bring together for the first time since the suffrage victory in New York State in 1917 the group who were responsible for that victory. It will revive memories of the two great parades in 1915 and 1917. It will remind all those who took part in the determined, but unsuccessful campaign of 1915 that within a fortnight after that defeat at the polls Cooper Union was crowded at a meeting, which pledged a $100,000 to the expenses of the new campaign.

"It will be remembered how a million signatures of women asking for the vote were obtained in New York State, and how these names were carried through the streets of New York just before the election of 1917. The protagonists in that long struggle will meet again. All the living Presidents of the New York State Suffrage Association will be present if humanly possible.

"The leaders in the New York League of Women Voters who, after the New York victory, worked for the ratification of the suffrage amendment, will also be present, and added to those will be representatives of the other great women's organizations who joined last Winter in the Washington conference on the cause and cure of war and who have endorsed the World Court with the Harding-Hughes reservations. These organizations are the American Association of University Women, the Council of Women for Home Missions, the Federation of Women's Boards of Foreign Missions of North America, the General Federation of Women's Clubs, the National Board of the Y. W. C. A., the National Council of Jewish Women, the National League of Women Voters, the National W. C. T. U., and the National Women's Trade Union League.

"Among those who are expected to be present are Mrs. Samuel Bens, President New York State Committee for Law Enforcement; Mrs. Frederick Edey, Chairman National Field Committee Girl Scouts; Elizabeth Hauser, Secretary National League of Women Voters; Mrs. Helen Leavitt, New York Herald Tribune; Mabel Leslie, Women's Trade Union League; Annie Mathews, Registrar New York County; Christine Merriman, Foreign Policy Association; Mrs. Alice Duer Miller, writer; Harriet May Mills, Chairman of the New York State Suffrage Association, 1910-1913; Mrs. Edgerton Parsons, President New York Branch American Association of University Women; Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, wife of the Governor of Pennsylvania; Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Chairman of the New York League of Women Voters; Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip, former Chairman New York League of Women Voters; Mrs. Thomas Bucklin Wells, Treasurer New York League of Women Voters; Mrs. Halsey Wilson, Recording Secretary National American Woman Suffrage Association.

"The past, present and future of the woman movement will thus be joined in a manner which should serve as an object lesson to those who from any point of view have been interested in the results of the introduction of women into the political life of the country.

"Following the luncheon Mrs. Catt will speak over the radio from Station WEAF on the next stop. Radio teas will be held throughout New York and the neighboring States.

"The committeee in charge of the luncheon is composed of Mrs. Gordon Norrie, Chairman of the Federation of Progressive Women; Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, President of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party 1915-1917; Mrs. Raymond Brown, President New York Woman Suffrage Association 1913-1914, and now managing director of The Woman Citizen; Mrs. Henry Goddard Leach, Chairman New York League of Women Voters' Committee for International Cooperation, and Ruth Morgan, Chairman National League of Women Voters' Committee on International Coopefation."

SCOPES'S PLACE GIVEN TO ANTI-EVOLUTIONIST

R. E. V. Reece, Nashville Reporter and Brother of Congressman, Will Teach at Dayton.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 16.—Raleigh E. Valentine Reece, a reporter on The Nashville Tennessean, has been named to succeed John Thomas Scopes at the Dayton High School, where the young Kentuckian was displaced for teaching the theory of evolution in violation of a State statute prohibiting its being taught in State supported schools.

Mr. Reece does not credit the theory that man descended from a lower order of animal, but thinks that if such a theory could be proved beyond a scientific doubt, it would be compatible with the Bible.

Besides teaching science Mr. Reece will also coach football teams. He taught there one year previous to the advent of Scopes.

After graduation from the Carson-Newman College at Jefferson City, Tenn., he was accepted by the Dayton High School and taught there. He became a newspaper reporter a year ago.

Mr. Reece is a member of the Baptist Church at Johnson City, where his mother lives. His father has been dead for several years. Captain B. Carroll Reece, a brother, is now serving his third term in Congress. Captain Reece, formerly on the Faculty of New York University, won three decorations for bravery in France and was elected to Congress at the age of 31.

GET SHARK AT GRAVESEND.

Pair Capture 6-Foot Fish After an Hour's Battle.

A six-foot shark weighing more than 300 pounds was captured in Gravesend Bay, near the Atlantic Yacht Club's landing, by two fishermen yesterday afternoon, after a battle of more than an hour.

Libey Guerrieri of 7,101 Nineteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, and his brother, Michael, of 37 McKenzie Street, Manhattan, were fishing from a motor boat. They had their lines set for blue fish but also had a couple of heavy lines with large hooks overboard in case any larger fish should bite. Liber saw one of the larger lines suddenly tighten. He tried to haul it in but found the fish that had been hooked was too strong for him.

Michael came to his assistance, and the two managed to pull the line in. Unaided, they were unable to kill the fish, so they called to four men who were in a rowboat near by. They came to the assistance of the brothers.

COURT WARNS WITNESS.

Manufacturer Faces Contempt Charge in Fortune-Telling Case.

Max Phillips, collar manufacturer and owner of an estate in Eatontown, N. J., subpoenaed to appear as material witness in Washington Heights Court yesterday morning against Mrs. Margaret Campbell, alleged fortune teller, failed to come.

Mr. Phillips was said to have been one of Mrs. Campbell's "clients." Magistrate Albert H. Vitale declared that as this was the second time Phillips had failed to answer a subpoena he would be arrested for contempt of court if he failed again. Mrs. Campbell, who lives at 602 West 139th Street, sent a certificate of illness. She is alleged to have gained a small fortune as a "spiritualist medium." The case was adjourned to Aug. 26.

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET

Saks-Herald Square
BROADWAY at 34th STREET

BEGINNING TODAY—AT BOTH STORES

The August Sale of

MEN'S RACCOON COATS

At 235.00

Considerably below the prices that will prevail later

Only because we combed the New York and Western markets as early as last February, can we make this remarkable offering. Prices were lower then and manufacturing costs were at a slack season level. Now, we offer coats of richly furred pelts, 50 to 54 inches in length, at a price that means a remarkable saving.

The man who drives an open car all year, the sportsman, the college man, any man who has to meet cold weather knows the value and the undeniable smartness of a raccoon coat.

A deposit of one-third will hold any garment in our fur storage vaults until November, without additional charge.

OTHERS 295.00 to 850.00

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE—SEVENTH FLOOR SAKS-HERALD SQUARE—SIXTH FLOOR

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

McCutcheon's
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets, N.Y.
Telephone—Ashland 6700

Sale of
MEN'S SHIRTS

Colored Woven Madras Shirts in candy and hairline stripes **$1.95**

Plain White English Broadcloth Shirts with or without collars attached **$2.45**

English Broadcloth Shirts in plain white—also Madras or Jersey Broadcloth Shirts in colored stripes or checks **$3.95**

Sale of Pajamas

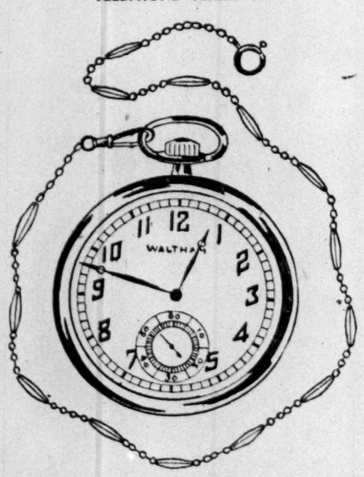
Men's Pajamas of white or colored Madras, Crepe or Sateen also of colored Broadcloth. **$2.95**

Other Special Reductions

In order to clear our stocks before we move, special prices also prevail in several lines of

NECKWEAR HOSIERY BATH ROBES
DRESSING GOWNS SWEATERS GOLF HOSE
GOLF KNICKERS UNDERWEAR

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET
TELEPHONE PLAZA 4000



Special Selling of Men's

GOLD WATCHES AND CHAINS

29.50
Formerly 50.00

For this sale only we offer these men's 14 karat green gold watches and chains complete, at this special price. Of the famous Waltham make, with 17 jewel movement, guaranteed to keep accurate time and give satisfactory service.

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE—STREET FLOOR

SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE
FORTY-NINTH to FIFTIETH STREET
TELEPHONE PLAZA 4000

CLEARANCE

Beginning Today

MEN'S
FLANNEL TROUSERS

7.50

FORMERLY 12.50 *to* 18.00

Flannel trousers in salmon, bisque, champagne and pearl gray, both in solid and striped effects. All sizes are included.

EXPRESS ELEVATOR SERVICE—SAKS-FIFTH AVENUE—SIXTH FLOOR

JOHN FORSYTHE
348 MADISON AVE *Between 44th and 45th Sts.* 20 WEST 34th STREET *Adjoining Waldorf-Astoria*

Final Clearance Sale

In Accordance With Our Policy of Not Retaining Merchandise From One Season to the Next, We Have Made the Following Drastic Reductions for Immediate Clearance

MEN'S SHIRTS

Values to 5.00

2.00

Of fine quality Imported and Domestic Broadcloths and high-grade Woven Madras. Collar attached and neckband

Scotch & English

Golf Hose

Values 3.00, 3.50 and 4.00

1.50

Wool and Silk - and - Wool Mixtures in light, medium and heavy weights. Plain and heather mixtures.

Fine Silk

Neckwear

Formerly 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00

1.00

An extensive collection of superior hand - finished Neckwear in a wide variety of distinctive patterns and colors.

2,000 IN CANADA SEE PASSION PLAY

High Praise Is Given to First Performance at St. Jerome of Abbe Ethier's Version.

NATIVE TALENT EFFECTIVE

Cast Includes 40 Principals and 200 Others—Eight Hours Required for Presentation.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Aug. 16.—The first performance of an original version of the Passion Play was given at St. Jerome this afternoon and evening before an audience of 2,000 by the Association Dramatique de la Passion de Notre Seigneur au Canada. The rôles, scene-painting, costuming and all the details of production, except lighting, were entrusted to native talent, for whom the work was a labor of devotion.

The sacred drama was unfolded in a prologue and five acts requiring about eight hours for rendition. From an original paraphrase made from the Gospels by the Abbe Jean D'Avila R. Ethier, who was also responsible for the direction. There were forty in speaking parts and over 200 superhumeraries.

A large orchestra under Professor Jean Goulet supplied a musical background for the action. Arranged from well-chosen religious and classical compositions.

The place of presentation, a skating arena built of galvanized iron with a curved roof, has been transformed into a theatre. One end of the building is occupied by a stage of larger than the usual proportions, permitting built-up and massive settings and the movements of crowds without confusion.

The level floor has seating capacity for 2,000 persons, loges at the side accommodate another 100 and at the rear an improvised gallery seats 600 more.

Critics felt that too much had been attempted. Each tableau had a separate setting which required more time for preparation than was occupied by the actual presentation.

It was pointed out that this could have been avoided by the combining of some tableaux with others, making the action continuous, or by presenting some before a simple drop while the others were being arranged behind. Practice in setting and grouping the scenes may also accelerate further performances.

The highest praise was paid to the work of the principals of the cast and to the manner and spirit of their performance.

Hectar Charland, as the Christ was a figure of dignity and conveyed a sense of the Divine inhabiting a human body. The most impressive moments of the whole play came in the scenes between the Christ and his Mother (the latter played with fine effect by Mme. Douzelli) and his meeting with Mary Magdelene (portrayed by Miss Jancy Ethier, sister of the author and director of the play.)

Of the other chief characters who stand out by reason of distinctive work include the graphic Judas of Edgar Goulet, the vigorous Annanus of Rolland Maurice, the admirable Peter of Adrien Filiatreault and the stately Calaphas of Arthur Lebau.

The Passion Play will be repeated every Sunday until the end of September.

Heads Advertising Club Department.

For the year 1925-26 the New York Advertising Club Department of Direct Mail Advertising will be headed by Robert E. Ramsay of the Robert E. Ramsay organization, who succeeds E. J. Ferris of the Addressograph Company.

DE PINNA

5th Avenue at 50th Street

Importers and Outfitters

Young Ladies'

AUTUMN APPAREL

Early fall models in outer apparel for young ladies from 14 to 20 years are now on exhibition. In these productions are presented a great variety of distinctive new fabrics and trimmings.

SUITS — COSTUMES
DRESSES — HATS
COATS — SWEATERS

MID-SUMMER REDUCTION ON SUITS

SUITS *WERE* $45, $50 AND $55 *NOW* $39

SUITS *WERE* $60, $65 AND $70 *NOW* $49

SUITS *WERE* $75, $80 AND $85 *NOW* $59

TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

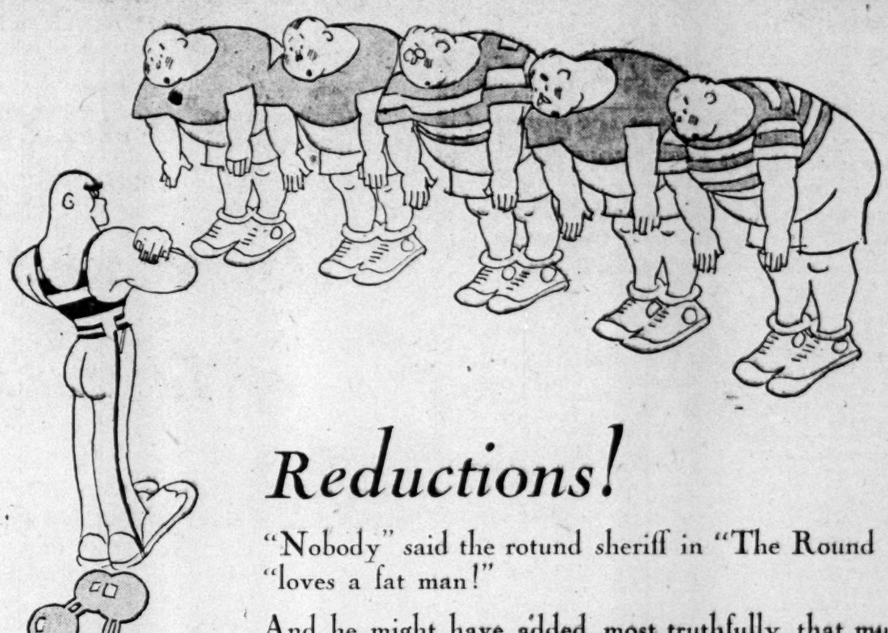
A Slight Charge for Alterations

FINCHLEY

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

NEW YORK

HALF YEARLY SALE



Reductions!

"Nobody" said the rotund sheriff in "The Round Up", "loves a fat man!"

And he might have added, most truthfully, that much of the affection that is denied him is showered upon the half yearly sales of Peck & Peck.

For what sales they are!

Quality sales for quality buyers, with only quality merchandise on the orderly counters—yet offered at prices irresistible.

Our regular half yearly sale—summer edition, 1925—is now on. Everything in our shops is included. The reductions start at 20 per cent, but on many articles, the discounts are even more liberal.

Here are just a few outstanding values . . . .

	Regular Price	Sale Price
Princess Silk Stockings	$3 *a pair*	$2.35 *a pair*
Empress Silk Stockings	$6 *a pair*	$4.65 *a pair*
Women's Silk-and-Wool Sport Hose	$3 *a pair*	$1.95 *a pair*
Men's Golf Stockings	$4.50 *to* $8.50 *a pair*	$2.95 *a pair*
Men's Silk Socks (lisle soles)	$2 *a pair*	$1.55 *a pair*
Men's Cravats	*From* $3.50 *to* $5.50	$2.65 *each*
Sweaters for Men and Women	*From* $10 *to* $18	$7.50 *each*
Sport Suits and Dresses	*From* $27.50 *to* $35	$19.50
Sport Suits and Dresses	*From* $45 *to* $60	$29.50

Of course, the early buyers—but that's an obvious admonition

Fifth Ave., *at 42nd St.*
Fifth Ave., *at 47th St.*
Wall Street, *at Number 54*

PECK & PECK

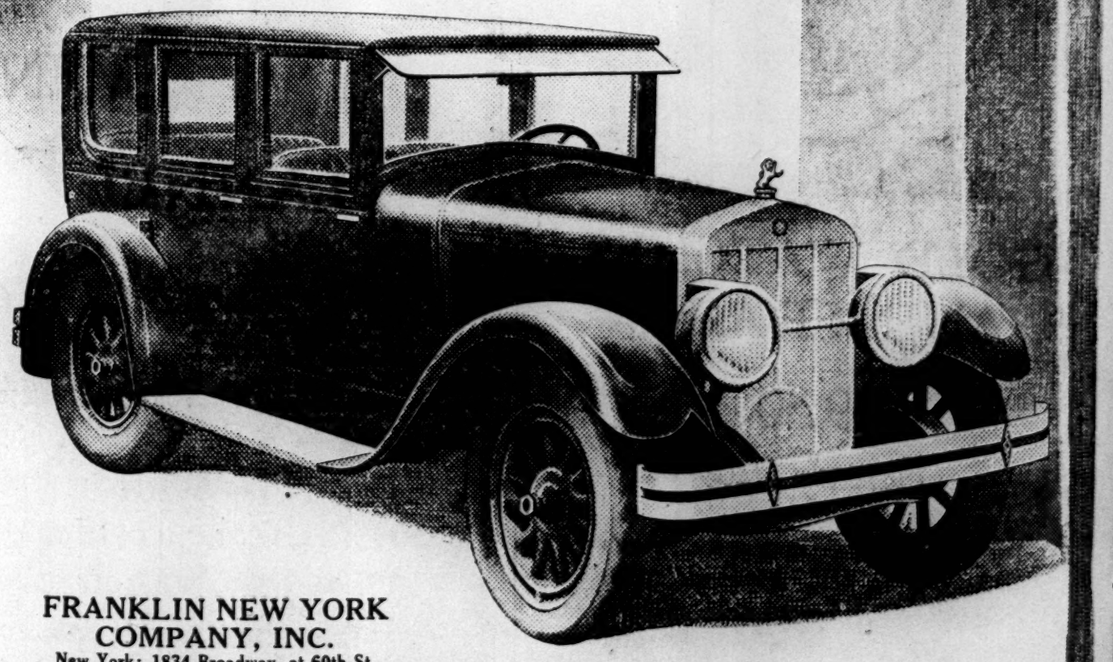
FRANKLIN

A Fine and Enduring Possession

No one can see the New Franklin without instantly looking upon it as a fine and enduring possession. Ownership only serves to strengthen the feeling. The style of de Causse's great custom designs keeps their beauty always fresh, always striking. And the quality of Franklin materials, workmanship and engineering keeps their performance always well above fine car standards. The New Franklin is more than just a means of transportation. It is a lasting delight to own.

SEDAN · TOURING · SPORT SEDAN · COUPE
SPORT RUNABOUT · CABRIOLET · ENCLOSED-DRIVE LIMOUSINE

Franklin Series 11 comes ready for the road—fully equipped with appropriate accessories, spare tire and cover—at the catalog price. Only freight and tax are extra.



FRANKLIN NEW YORK COMPANY, INC.

New York: 1834 Broadway, at 60th St.
Tel. Columbus 7556. Service Station: 227 West 61st St.
Brooklyn: 1416 Bedford Ave., near Prospect Place. Tel. Prospect 9487. Service Station: 1010 Dean St.

Other Franklin Dealers in This Vicinity:

Jamaica—The Long Island Franklin Co., Inc.
Hempstead—Parker Sales Co., Inc.
Flushing—North Shore Franklin Co., Inc.
Huntington—R. H. Stoyle.
Port Jefferson—Chas. W. Bishop
Yonkers—Connesa Bros., Inc.
New Rochelle—Blake Motor Car Co.
White Plains—M-E Motors, Inc.
Mt. Vernon—Blake Motor Car Co.
Jersey City—The Franklin Car Co.
Newark—Franklin Motor Co., Inc.
Elizabeth—Elizabeth Automobile Co., Inc.

How the people of the 49th State came to ask for Nicholson Files by name

LISTEN to a true story of results. It's one of those stories which make men proud of being advertising men. . . It's a success story. Before this story began, a file was . . . . just a file. . . . Artisans, of course, knew the difference between the various types, because they used special types for special jobs . . . . mill-files, rasps, round files, and so on.

And hardware salesmen knew the difference, too.

But to you and me a file was. . . "Oh, a sort of tool used to sharpen scythes, or to manicure nails, or to remove a padlock when the key was lost." You and I thought of files as being quite apart from our fields of endeavor.

Until . . . . . .

. . . . Back in March, 1922, The Nicholson File Co. of Providence, R. I., began to tell St. Louis and The 49th State about the interesting things that files will do. . . . Took its files, one by one, and, through informative advertising, showed us many of the useful jobs that those files can perform.

Showed how the Tungsten Point file will tune up the spark-plugs of a motor-boat. . . . How useful a mill-file can be in kitchen, garage, or basement workshop. . . . How important files are in the activities of Boy Scouts, golfers, home gardeners.

. . . . Showed the special types of files needed by blacksmiths, and cabinet-makers, and machinists, and a large "Gallery of Nicholson File Users," now appearing in the Globe-Democrat.

Naturally, the Globe-Democrat was the one St. Louis newspaper chosen to increase the sales of Nicholson Files in St. Louis and The 49th State.

Here's what has happened

After three years of this advertising, we asked the dealers who sell files to give us their honest verdicts.

The comment of one hardware dealer, whose sales in Nicholson Files have increased 50% since the campaign started, is fairly representative.

"We are confident," says he, "that the advertising has helped us to make this nice increase in sales on Nicholson Files, and that they will always get the best results by advertising in the Globe-Democrat."

Of the dealers who replied to our questionnaires, 65% report that they now carry more complete stocks of Nicholson Files than they did before the advertising started.

They have to.

For these dealers testify to increases in their sales of Nicholson Files ranging from 10% to 100%.

And one of the most interesting points of all is the fact that Nicholson advertising in the Globe-Democrat has radically changed old buying habits.

For 90% of the dealers who reported to us testify that customers actually ask for Nicholson Files by name.

What other St. Louis newspaper could have done this job? . . .

Only the Globe-Democrat offers coverage of *both* St. Louis and The 49th State.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat

Biggest Sales Influence in The 49th State

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES
NEW YORK: Room 501, 41 Park Row
Phone: Cortland 2918; F. St. J. Richards

CHICAGO
360 N. Michigan Blvd.; Phone: State 7847; Guy S. Osborn, Inc.
332 So. La Salle St.; Phone: Wabash 2770; Charles H. Ravell

DETROIT
703 Ford Building
Phone: Cadillac 5700; Jos. R. Scolaro

SAN FRANCISCO
First National Bank Building
C. George Krogness

LONDON
Dorland Agency, Ltd.
16 Regent Street, S. W. 1

FLIERS ESTABLISH SECOND ARCTIC BASE

Deposit MacMillan Supplies at Head of Sawyer Bay, 120 Miles Northwest of Etah.

DAMAGED PLANE REPAIRED

NA-2 Re-enters Service Today—200-Mile Flight Planned With NA-1 and NA-3.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The navy fliers with the MacMillan Arctic expedition have succeeded in establishing a second base on Ellesmere Island on a direct route to Cape Hubbard and the Polar Sea, according to radio advices reaching the National Geographic Society today.

The new base is at the head of Sawyer Bay, a small fjord leading off Princess Marie Bay and north of Flagler Fjord, where supplies were landed late Friday. It is about 120 miles by airline northwest of Etah.

The message, which was signed by MacMillan and forwarded by A. A. Collins, an amateur radio operator of Cedar Rapids, Ia., is as follows:

"Commander Byrd succeeded in establishing a second base last night at the head of Sawyer Bay, leaving provisions and gas. This base is on the direct route to Cape Thomas Hubbard and the Polar Sea, 79 degrees 20 minutes north latitude.

"The NA-1 and NA-3 will attempt another flight of some 200 miles tonight to land additional gas and supplies at the head of Flagler Bay and possibly Cannon Fjord. Cannon Fjord is on the west coast of Ellesmere Island and is approximately two-thirds the distance from Etah to Cape Hubbard.

NA-2 Repaired for Flight Today.

"The NA-2, which was nearly sunk by the heavy waves Thursday, has been repaired and a new engine has been installed in her. She will probably take the water tomorrow for a test flight.

"Dr. Walter N. Koelz of the University of Michigan, attended by two Eskimos, Panikpa and Ogwee, leaves tonight for the North on a scientific expedition of five days. The Eskimos were highly delighted last night with motion pictures in the cabin of the Bowdoin.

"Good weather now is a big factor in our success, providing a suitable landing place can be found between the east coast of Ellesmere Island and the Polar Sea. The days are still fairly warm, the temperature being plus 35 Fahrenheit, but the nights are below freezing.

"New ice is forming on the lakes about Etah, warning us that Winter is coming and that we have very little time to accomplish our undertaking.

"Have already flown at temperatures below zero, one plane being compelled to abandon the trip because of low temperature of circulating fluid. The sun is dropping in the North each night and will set for first time since our arrival in eight days. All well."

Wade in Icy Waters to Land Supplies.

Two previous messages were received from Commander Byrd today, dealing with the successful landing in Flagler Fjord on Ellesmere Land on Friday when the NA-1 and NA-3 descended into this narrow gorge and established an intermediate depot of provisions and fuel 107 miles from Etah on the line of advance toward Cape Thomas Hubbard.

To land their supplies, the aviators had to wade in the icy waters of the fjord for fifty feet. While this was in progress, a large block of ice, driven by a strong wind, drifted against the NA-1, threatening it with serious damage, but the plane was extricated after half an hour's work and made its way back to Etah with the NA-3.

The first of Commander Byrd's messages, which was sent at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening, read:

"At 12:05 this morning the NA-3, Schur and Sorenson, and NA-1, Bennett and Byrd, left Etah for the west end of Flagler Fjord, 107 miles from Etah. Reached objective at 1:15 and found at last a place to land in water.

"Got planes fifty feet from beach and waded ashore with supplies. Deposited 300 yards from beach 200 pounds of food and 100 gallons gasoline, five gallons oil, premus stove, camping outfit, smoke bombs, rifles and ammunition, gallon kerosene and can of matches.

"Food consisted of pemmican, erbswurst, chocolate, biscuits, tea, sugar, bacon and butter.

"At 3 P. M. block ice drifted into NA-1, but after half hour got her clear of ice. Wind carries ice with great force. Left Flagler Fjord at 3:45 P. M. Reached Etah at 5:10.

"Flagler Fjord is like a magnificent large glacier. Its walls rise over 2,000 feet from the fjord. The magnificence and ruggedness of the country flown over are indescribable.

"Bennett and Sorenson worked all night to make a cowling for left side of the motor of NA-1. Her cowling blew overboard in the gale yesterday. NA-2 is on deck of Peary, having motor shifted and bottom repaired in order to take advantage of fair weather.

"As soon as planes can take on gasoline, will leave for base and deposit gasoline and oil; NA-3, pilot Nold, and NA-1, Bennett and Byrd, taking only one pilot in NA-3 in order to be able to carry more fuel."

Second Message From North.

The second message, sent Saturday night, read:

"After establishing a base yesterday at the end of Flagler Fjord, the NA-1 and NA-3 left at 5 P. M. to leave additional 160 gallons of gasoline at base, but tide and wind had filled the water with ice and landing was impossible.

"No proper landing place was found anywhere near this base. So planes returned to the Peary, arriving at 12:30 P. M.

"NA-3, Schur and Sorenson, and NA-1, Byrd and Bennett, leaving tonight at 10 P. M. for Cannon Fjord, in Ellesmere Land, to deposit food and gas. Reber and Nold are on the sick list.

"NA-2 will be ready for flight in two days. The flight last night was bitterly cold."

The Navy Department described today the maintenance of its two-way communication with the MacMillan expedition. The navy station at Bellevue, D. C., has completed and is using daily a two-way service with the Bowdoin.

Original Radio Schedule Failed.

A schedule arranged with the Peary and the Bowdoin on high frequencies was to be effective after the expedition left Boston.

Due to seasickness of the expedition's operators, their unfamiliarity with the necessity of keeping strictly to schedule times, and the first difficulty of getting the expedition sets whipped into shape, communication was not established until after the expedition left Nova Scotia.

After that time the Navy Station at Bar Harbor, Me., copied the expedition's high frequency messages until July 21, forwarding Navy Department and National Geographic Society traffic to Washington, where it was released to the press.

Then the Navy Department, using the Bellevue 71.5 meter set, broadcast traffic for the expedition daily at 2:30 P. M. No response to these messages was received until July 27, when the expedition asked Bellevue to send the daily time signals on 71.5 meters, saying that they could copy that station 100 per cent. and could no longer copy any other station.

Since then Bellevue has sent the time signal daily at 3 P. M. to the expedition, following that with "broadcast" traffic to the expedition on the same wave.

On Aug. 1 the Great Lakes station established two-way communications on high frequency with the expedition. Since that time messages to the Peary and Bowdoin have been sent either direct from Bellevue or to Great Lakes and thence to the Arctic.

INA CLAIRE IN NEW ROLE.

To Appear in "The Last of Mrs. Cheney" as a Dillingham Star.

Ina Claire, it is announced, will be seen this season under the management of Charles B. Dillingham as the star of Frederick Lonsdale's newest play, "The Last of Mrs. Cheney." Miss Claire is at present in England, where she went to talk over the play with Mr. Lonsdale. She will return to New York about Sept. 1 to start rehearsals, and Mr. Lonsdale will return to America about the same time.

This will mark the first appearance of Miss Claire under the Dillingham management. After coming into prominence in musical comedy she became a Belasco star and was seen last season under the direction of Gilbert Miller.

Music Memory Contest at Campus.

The feature of the Goldman Band concerts on the campus of New York University this evening, which will be the forty-sixth concert of the eighth season, will be a music memory contest. Mr. Goldman's band will play a number of songs he has featured during the season, and the audience will be invited to identify the compositions and the composers. Forms will be supplied upon which the patrons can record their answers. The forms will then be signed and collected. The three most complete lists will win the prizes. Results will not be known until two or three days after the contest. Following the music memory contest the band will give its usual concert.

GIRL AND 2 MEN DIE IN LONG BRANCH FIRE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

nish and Schwark clambered up with a line of hose.

Evidently the fire had gained much greater headway than the firemen realized, for a few minutes later the whole upper part of the structure fell in, carrying the four firemen into the mass of burning beams beneath. Other firemen dashed into the ruins and brought out their four comrades. Lloyd died before he could be taken to the Monmouth Memorial Hospital and Dinan died a short while after he reached that institution. Schwark, Codner and Hannish were burned about the face, hands and body and also suffered bruises from their fall.

Miss Allen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Allen, and their 11-year-old daughter Kathleen were spending their vacation at Long Branch and were living at a hotel a few blocks from the Atlantic. Allen is employed in the supply department of Columbia University and is due to return to work on Monday.

They were aroused by the screaming of the fire alarm siren summoning the volunteer firemen and from their bedroom window were able to see that the hotel where their elder daughter lived was on fire.

Allen dressed hurriedly and hastened to the fire. There he found a group of frightened employes of the hotel who told him of his daughter's fate. It was not until after the fire had burned itself out that the body of Miss Allen was recovered from the ruins.

Victim a Girl Scout.

The girl was graduated from Public School 157 at St. Nicholas Avenue and 157th Street last February and had been employed at the hotel about three weks. She was active in the Girl Scouts and a great favorite with her companions.

By concentrating their efforts in keeping a water curtain on the side of the hotel that adjoined the annex the firemen were able to save the larger building and it was only slightly scorched. Guests were able to return to their rooms shortly after daybreak.

Miss Enz and Miss Peterka were slightly injured as they were escaping from their rooms. Fearing that they would not be able to make their way down the stairs they went to the roof of the annex. Miss Peterka was rescued by a policeman, and Miss Enz jumped into a mattress held by firemen.

A large force of police hurried to the fire as soon as a general alarm was sounded, and guards were posted around the hotel to prevent looting of the rooms where the guests had left their clothing and valuables.

The hotel was owned by Samuel Glaser and was opened for the season on July 1. The damage is estimated at about $25,000.

Police and county authorities have instituted an investigation to determine the cause of the fire.

FIRE SWEEPS HOBOKEN BLOCK.

Five Buildings Wrecked and Fireman Is Injured—Loss Is $175,000.

Five two-story frame buildings in Hoboken were burned almost to the ground yesterday afternoon in a fire that swept a city block. One fireman was injured and twenty-five horses were burned to death. The owner of the property, James Lawrence, of 903 Washington Street, Hoboken, estimated the damage at $175,000, about half of which, he said, was covered by insurance.

The block was between Clinton and Grand Streets and Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets. Just to the east are two huge illuminating gas tanks belonging to the Public Service Corporation and supplying gas to Hoboken, Jersey City and all the North Hudson comunities. On the adjoining block to the south is the Ohio Chemical Company's big plant, in which was stored highly combustible chemicals. The fire, however, was confined to Lawrence's block.

The blaze started in the yard of the United States Trucking Corporation, which had rented one of the five buildings. It was believed that a cigarette or match, carelessly tossed away, had been the cause. The other buildings were occupied by the Collins Ink Eradicator Company, the United States Willow Ware Company, the Hoboken Paper Box Company and the Federal Chair Company. The willow ware plant and the paper box plant gave firemen most trouble, and the former was still smouldering last night.

Patrolman James Bostick discovered the blaze, turned in the first alarm, and then organized a group of young men in the vicinity and managed, with their assistance, to rescue twenty of the forty-five horses in the trucking corporation's building.

When Fire Chief John Kennedy arrived at the scene he rang in a second and a third alarm. Shortly afterward he called three companies from Jersey City. All available police reserves were sent out to keep back the crowds.

Thomas Brocken of Truck Company No. 1 of Hoboken, had four toes crushed when a heavy piece of lumber fell on his right foot. He was taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

The first alarm was rung in at about 1 P. M., and firemen were busy all afternoon. Last night most of the walls were still standing, but the roofs had been burned through and the interiors entirely gutted.

Mr. Lawrence said last night that he was already making plans for the erection of a large concrete, fireproof building on the site of the five ruined structures.

THE SCREEN

By MORDAUNT HALL.

Charlie Chaplin's New Comedy.

THE GOLD RUSH, with Charlie Chaplin, Mack Swain, Tom Murray, Georgia Hale, Malcolm Waite and Henry Bergman, written and directed by Charlie Chaplin; special prologue with singing arranged by Joseph Plunkett. At the Mark Strand.

The great host of spectators that attended the midnight presentation on Saturday at the Mark Strand of Charlie Chaplin's delightful comedy, "The Gold Rush," was convincing proof that a large contingent of New Yorkers is never too tired or too hot to laugh. Quite a number of persons in the interesting gathering had deserted the cool of the country and hot a few of them had already been to one show that night.

Just before the curtain went up on the prologue there was a wave of applause and people stood up to behold the little film fun-maker struggling along the aisle, greeting old friends and being introduced to scores of people. He was a little nervous and appeared to be much relieved when he reached his seat in the body of the theatre. No sooner were the lights switched on after the finish of the picture—at twenty minutes past 2 o'clock yesterday morning—than the enthusiastic assembly appealed vociferously for a speech from the author-actor, and Mr. Chaplin, escorted by two friends, went to the stage and thanked the audience, ending his brief talk by saying that he was very emotional.

It was a proud night for Chaplin, as while he sat looking at the picture and listening to Carl Edouarde's orchestra he was not insensible to the chuckles and shrieks of laughter provoked by his own antics on the screen. The joy of the spectators testified to the worth of the picture, on which he had worked for more than eighteen months.

There is more than mere laughter in "The Gold Rush." Back of it, masked by ludicrous situations, is something of the comedian's early life—the hungry days in London, the times when he was depressed by disappointments, the hopes, his loneliness and the adulation he felt for successful actors. It is told with a background of the Klondike, and one can only appreciate the true meaning of some of the incidents by translating them mentally from the various plights in which the pathetic little Lone Prospector continually finds himself. It is as much a dramatic story as a comedy.

Throughout this effort there runs a love story, and one is often moved to mirth with a lump in one's throat. Chaplin takes strange situations and stirs up tears and smiles. He accomplishes this with art and simplicity, and in his more boisterous moments he engineers incidents that at this presentation provoked shrieks of laughter. You may analyze some of them and think them absurd. They are, but it does not alter the fact that you find yourself stirred by the story, gripped by its swing and filled with compassion for the pathetic little hero. You forget the ridiculous garb of the Lone Prospector and he grows upon you as something real.

Chaplin obtains the maximum effect out of every scene, and a fine example of this is where he stands with his back to the audience. He is watching the throng in a Klondike dancing hall, garbed in his ridiculous loose trousers, his little derby, his big shoes and his cane. He is lonely, and with a hunch of the shoulders and a gesture of his left hand he tells more than many a player can do with his eyes and mouth. He is just thinking of the girl Georgia, the dancing hall queen, who is not even conscious of the presence of the little man who adores her.

Later Georgia and some other girls visit the funny little tramp in his comfortless shack. She learns that this strange little person loves her when she finds a torn photograph of herself and a faded rose under the pillow of his bunk. Georgia and her friends, in a mocking way, chat with the Lone Prospector, but to his great joy they agree to be his guests at supper on New Year's Eve in the shack. He is in such an ecstasy of delight when they leave that he leaps about the tiny place, hurling pillows into the air and literally making the feathers fly. He sobers down when Georgia returns for her gloves, but is oblivious to his ridiculous appearance. His life is one of ups and downs, but he goes forth with a will to earn what he can to make his New Year's Eve party a success.

This Lone Prospector shovels snow, which sequence is reminiscent of the breaking of the windows in "The Kid." Finally the night of nights comes, and the Lone Prospector lays the table for the supper. On Georgia's plate he places a heart-shaped souvenir on which is inscribed, "I love you." A newspaper fancifully torn to make a pattern serves as the tablecloth. There are snappers, presents, but above all, a roast chicken. The tender little tramp looks at the clock as he sits waiting at the head of the table, and finally he falls asleep. There follows a dream sequence of rare charm. The girls have arrived and the host is bubbling with high spirits as he observes Georgia's pleasure over the gifts. He has thought up something to amuse his guests and at the psychological moment he tells the girls that he will demonstrate the "Oceana Roll." The ragged tramp, who incidentally at this juncture has only one shoe, his right foot being wrapped in burlap, digs two forks into two bread rolls and then proceeds to give an amazing conception of a dance, using the rolls as feet, the solemnity of his countenance suiting the dancing action; it reminds one of a caricature with a huge head and a tiny body. Eventually the little prospector awakens from his wonderful dream to realize that Georgia and her friends have disappointed him.

In a preceding chapter our friend is quartered with Big Jim McKay. They are both so hungry that the little man suggests making a meal out of one of his shoes. It may sound utterly absurd, but Chaplin extracts unexpected comedy out of this idea. He boils the shoe, and serves it as carefully as if it were a wonderful chicken. He puts the shoe on a plate and gives Big Jim the sole with the protruding nails, taking the upper for himself. Big Jim gazes upon the portion put before him and decides that he would sooner have the upper. Thereupon Charlie treats the laces as if they were spaghetti, and when he comes to eating the sole, he goes about it as if the dish were a duck or a chicken. He eats the "meat" from the nails, and the audience roared with laughter when Chaplin finds a bent nail and offers it as a wishbone to Big Jim.

Then there is the part where Big Jim becomes half mad with hunger, and in his delirious moments his little companion fades out into a huge turkey. Big Jim is about to slay what he takes to be a tempting bird, when the image fades into Charlie. It happens again, and the supposed bird runs out into the snow, and just as the big man is about to shoot, the bird dissolves into his little friend.

In a subsequent struggle with the starved Jim, the little prospector suddenly finds that his companion has fled and that he is hanging on to the hind leg of a bear. Quick as a wink Charlie seeks the gun he had hidden in the snow and forthwith takes aim, fires. Then, instead of going out to see if the bear is dead, he gleefully lays the table.

Mr. Chaplin's acting in this film is more sympathetic than in any of his other productions. Some persons may think that he looks older in this picture, but this idea is caused by the fact that as a hungry prospector Chaplin puts black under his eyes to make them appear hollow. He does not lose a single opportunity to impress a situation upon the audience. It may only be the raising of an eyebrow, the touching of his little derby, or the longing look at the girl. The scenic effects are splendidly portrayed.

Under his astute and imaginative direction Georgia Hale gives a most natural performance as Georgia. Mack Swain is remarkable as Big Jim McKay and Malcolm Waite is convincing as the sneering villain.

Here is a comedy with streaks of poetry, pathos, tenderness, linked with brusqueness and boisterousness. It is the outstanding gem of all Chaplin's pictures, as it has more thought and originality than even such masterpieces of mirth as "The Kid" and "Shoulder Arms."

"Too Many Cooks—"

WINDS OF CHANCE, with Anna Q. Nilsson, Ben Lyon, Viola Dana, Hobart Bosworth, Dorothy Sebastian, Laurence Fisher, Fred Kohler, Claude Gillingwater, Charles Crockett, J. Gunnis Davis, Fred Warren, Tom London, William Conklin, J. L. Johnston, Anne M. Wilson, Victor McLaglen, Wade Boteler, Fred Sullivan, John T. Murray, Charles Anderson, Barney Fury, Philo McCollough and James O'Malley; prologue. At the Piccadilly.

Although many of the exterior scenes in "Winds of Chance," the present offering at the Piccadilly, are decidedly impressive, the production as a whole is spoiled by the introduction of too many characters, which results in a lack of clarity in the story. There is also a good deal of unconvincing action and spoken titles that do not ring true. This narrative was converted to the screen from a novel by Rex Beach. It is a serious tale of the Alaskan gold rush, with some queer people, including a Countess who runs a hotel, a pair of comedians whose efforts to cause laughter are by no means successful and a hero who seems to be unable to avoid getting into trouble.

The best sequences in this effort are those dealing with the rapids, but even here the dramatic action does not carry as strong an appeal as it might. The torrents are good and the speed with which a barge is borne down the racing river is effective, but when one of the craft is dashed against rocks it appears to go to bits far too easily.

Anna Q. Nilsson figures as the Countess Courteau, who in the first chapter is quoted as giving her name as "Countess Courteau" to the rather stupid hero, Pierce Phillips. One would have imagined that in such a rugged country she would have dropped the title. Pierce, played by Ben Lyon, is introduced as a victim of the shell game, and not long afterward one of the swindlers, to save him, actually admits getting the young man's money. This expert in the old circus game has a change of heart when he thinks that Pierce may be wrongfully convicted. But that was only the beginning of Pierce's troubles, as later, when he is a cashier in some establishment, the villains trick him by tossing into a cage a bag of gold dust. It is, of course, thought that he had stolen this, but as one looks at the picture one thinks that anybody might be convicted of any crime in those dear old days provided there were one or two men eager to bring it about. All you needed was an enemy or two and the noose was around your neck.

Claude Gillingwater is good as one of two old men, but the comedy is far-fetched. You see these old codgers working together and then quarreling, going so far as to saw a boat in half so that neither will get the whole craft.

One sees how the prospectors lived, how their tents bore their names and the strange suspicion in which verybody held his neighbor. The Countess has a husband who turns up when one really hopes the story is over, and there ensues quite a long stretch in which this blackguard is able to cause no end of trouble.

At the end of this film one concludes there is a lot to look at, but one wishes that there were fewer persons, less impressive scenic effects, but a tangible, straightforward story. Frank Lloyd, who produced this picture, ought to have killed off half his characters before the introduction. Then one would not have to bear with so many wheels within wheels.

SALZBURG APPLAUDS STARS OF 'MIRACLE'

Miss Pinchot and Lady Diana Manners Share Honors With Director and Author.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SALZBURG, Austria, Aug. 16.—Rosamond Pinchot and Lady Diana Manners took Salzburg by storm at the first performance of Vollmüller's "Miracle" tonight under the direction of Max Reinhardt. The producer heaved a sigh of relief as the curtain went up after practically forty-eight hours of rehearsal. A general rehearsal, for which the house had been sold out, was postponed at the last minute owing to the necessity for more work.

For German and Austrians Miss Pinchot's slender, girlish rendering of the nun was entirely new as compared with that of the mid European star, Sari Fedak, who led the applause for the American star tonight. Miss Pinchot was called out again and again, likewise Lady Diana, Reinhardt and Vollmüller.

The Rose Quartet gave a performance of chamber music today, playing Mozart, Brahms and Beethoven numbers.

REINER PLAYS FAREWELL.

Conductor Receives Ovation at His Last Concert at Stadium.

Fritz Reiner's last appearance with the Philharmonic Orchestra at the Stadium last evening drew one of the largest audiences of the Summer. Mr. Reiner was in his best form. He was unusually expressive in Dvorak's "From the New World" symphony, with which he began his program. He alternated between moods of pastoral simplicity and energetic brilliance. The result was several recalls, and an encore, the Valse from Delibes's Suite "Sylvia," and when he returned to the desk after the intermission he was received by an orchestra on its feet and an audience which speedily followed the example, to salvos of applause.

Under these conditions, the first two movements of Stravinsky's "Firebird" suite took on a softened aspect, aided by the atmosphere, which disclosed an unexpected vein of poetry and sentiment in that unsentimental composer, Stravinsky.

Reiner and the orchestra shook off this unmanly weakness in the Infernal Dance of King Kastchei, only to succumb to a berceuse, a finale and another encore, Wagner's "Traume," to which Hans Lange played a violin solo.

At the conclusion of the concert Mr. Reiner received an ovation, and he made a short speech, saying that it thrilled him to play with an orchestra like the Philharmonic, that it had given him great pleasure to be at the stadium this Summer, and that New York audiences were the most faithful and musical in the whole world.

Charlotte Travis, Soprano, Engaged.

Charlotte Travis, a young American coloratura soprano, has been engaged by John Bellucci of the newly-formed Civic Opera League to sing leading rôles in "Traviata," "Faust" and "Lucia" when the season opens at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, in September. Miss Travis toured with Bonci. Mme. Edith de Lys will make her first appearance in "Carmen."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Family Upstairs" will open at the Gaiety tonight.

"Something to Brag About" was withdrawn from the Booth on Saturday night, after four performances.

"The Morning After" ended its engagement at the Hudson on Saturday night.

"The City Chap," a musical version of "The Fortune Hunter," will go into rehearsal today.

"The Sea Woman," preparatory to opening at the Little Theatre a week from tonight, will have a single performance in Great Neck next Saturday night.

"The Enchanted April" will open in Stamford tonight. It comes to the Morosco next Monday.

Charles A. Bickford will have the leading role in "Outside Looking In," the first production of the season at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

"Easy Terms," by Crane Wilbur, will be placed in rehearsal today with Donald Meek heading the cast.

Laura Hope Crews will arrive on the Majestic tomorrow, after seeing "Hay Fever" in London. She will immediately start rehearsing the play here. Also on the Majestic will be Joseph Santley and Ivy Sawyer, who will appear in a Shubert musical comedy.

"Riquette," a new Oscar Straus operetta, was produced in Detroit last night by the Shuberts.

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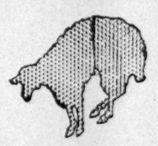

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PICCADILLY Broadway at 51st St. 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. REX BEACH'S "WINDS OF CHANCE" with Anna Q. Nilsson, Ben Lyon, Viola Dana, etc. Produced by FRANK LLOYD *A First National Picture.*

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NEW PITCHER PROVES STAR

Fred Fitzsimmons Makes His Debut With 6-2 Victory—Drives In Three Runs.

COONEY RULES FIRST GAME

Shuts Out McGrawmen, 6 to 0—Welsh Gets Two Homers and Andy High One.

By JAMES R. HARRISON.

Fred Fitzsimmons, a lad of tender years, laid his youthful shoulder to the wheel yesterday and rolled the Giants a half game nearer the Pirates. In the second part of the double-header at the Polo Grounds Freddy held the Braves to two runs, slapped in three himself, fielded like a veteran star, delighted 30,000 onlookers with his nerve in the pinches, and in general conducted himself like a man who might be of some use in the next six weeks.

It was a tough spot for any man's début. In the first game the Braves had taken the Giants apart to see what made them tick. The result was a 6-0 shutout that left the McGraw men looking slightly ill. With the Pirates biting large chunks of dust at Cincinnati, the Giants only hope was to win the second altercation and gain half a notch.

Fitzsimmons was the lad who made hopes come true. He walked out to the mound, took his first squint at Coogan's Bluff, looked around at the big stands packed with a cargo of fans, and possibly wished he were back in that dear Indianapolis. At the finish the Braves wished he were, too, for the Irishman was on the long end of a 6-2 triumph.

Wields Wicked Bat Also.

He had his greatest moment in the eighth, when the Giants, leading by 4 to 2, put men on second and third with two out. Grover Hartley was flattered to the extent of an intentional walk, on the theory that Fitzsimmons would probably be weak with the willow.

They sent Hartley along to first and filled the bases, and up came Freddy. Struck with the excellence of the first pitch, he hit it on the button and jabbed a vicious drive to right field. As the ball fell and rolled and two Giants legged it for the plate the throng stood en masse and gave the Hoosier Irishman the finest tribute paid to a blushing débutante at the Polo Grounds in years.

Yes, Frederick is elected. He has been in the metropolis only three days, but he has captured the town with a curve ball, a world of speed, a nervy smile and a bat that is not carried around merely to comply with the rules of baseball.

In the first game Johnny Cooney, the left-hander with the hesitation pitch, humiliated the Giants with a three-hit performance. John was as close as a pitcher can get to a no-hit game without actually getting there. Two of the singles were craftily placed bunts; the third was a hot smash that High broke down near third base.

While the Giants were smacking a total of no hits beyond the infield the Braves were peppering the outlying provinces. Jim Welsh bobbed up with two homers, the first while two comrades were waiting for transportation. High hit a third four-baser for Boston, and all the runs and hits were combed off Wayland Dean. Wisner and Huntzinger, his relievers, were no-hit, no-run performers.

Giants Off Well in Second.

The Giants, in the second game, gave Fitzsimmons a three-run lead to play with in the second inning. Long George Kelly hit a homer in the sixth and made it 4 to 1, the Braves having tallied in the fifth. Larry Benton served six innings and Joseph Genewich obliged in the seventh and eighth.

Mr. Dean was wavery all the way in the early production. Hits by Bancroft and Welsh and an out netted a run in the first inning, and High stroked a homer against the right-field stand in the second. This was a cheap homer—a weak fly that barely scraped the façade of the arena.

Master Dean continued to throw his famous home-run ball in the third. He first walked Gautreau, then tossed wildly on Bancroft's bunt. What did Welsh do but lace the ball high and dry into the top seats of right field, making it, in all, 5 to 0.

In the fifth Welsh again batted himself on a round trip. His fly to right soared over Young's head and kept on going. When Young clutched fiercely at the ball he slipped and fell, got up again and fell again. During all these manoeuvres Welsh was flying from here to there, and that ended the run gathering.

The Giants placed only three men on first base against Brother Cooney, and none further than that outpost. Frisch bunted cleverly in the fourth and beat Cooney's toss. Lindstrom did likewise in the eighth. Meusel's infield single marked the seventh.

Cooney gave no bases on balls and the Braves made no errors. Only thirty batters faced him in nine rounds. In six of them the Giants receded in perfect order. For further details consult John McGraw.

Newcomer Uses Knuckle Ball.

Now it's Mr. Fitzsimmons's turn. The new man is a knuckle-ball expert. He attains quaint twists and turns by applying his knuckles freely to the horsehide—one of the few men outside the ring to get anywhere with his knuckles alone.

The Gaints heaped good cheer on their new colleague in the second inning. Meusel opened with a triple to left centre and tarried at third while Gautreau threw out Terry. Now the big barrage. Kelly hit to centre, scoring Meusel. Lindstrom and Hartley repeated down the midway, advancing Kelly to the bench. Fitzsimmons clipped a wicked grounder past Bancroft, and Lindstrom played tag with the plate.

A single and steal by High and O'Neill's chop single to left gave the Braves something to cheer about in the fifth. They were on top of Fitzy again in the sixth, when Bancroft strolled and went to second on Welsh's single.

"There he blows!" yelled the faint-hearted ones, but it was not visible to the naked eyes of Messrs. Burrus, Felix and High, who did nothing.

Kelly's homer, which he picked off his right ear to deposit in the top left-field tier, occurred in the sixth. The seventh was troublous for Fitzsimmons. High led off with a single. O'Neill then hit the world's longest single, a slam against the left-field fence that looked as if it might disappear altogether.

Marriott swung for Benton, but fouled to Lindstrom. This was nice. Gibson batted for Gautreau and whipped a single against the right-field wall, scoring Harris and sending O'Neill to third. This was not nice, but it broke O'Neill's earlier record for long singles.

Here was Fitzsimmons's greatest stand. He coaxed bad man Bancroft into a pop-up to Kelly and then grabbed Welsh's hopper all by his lonesome. As the Irishman walked to the bench he was assailed on all sides by a tornado of noise.

Freddy put the Boston fat on the fire himself in the eighth. Meusel, after singling, was forced by Terry. Kelly beat out a hit to Marriott. Came a sacrifice by Lingstrom, a walk to Hartley and the great Fitzsimmons single.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Gautreau,2b	3	1	0	4	3
Bancroft,ss	3	2	1	2	2
Welsh,rf	4	2	3	2	0
Burrus,1b	4	0	0	11	0
Felix,cf	4	0	0	1	0
High,3b	4	1	1	2	1
Harris,lf	4	0	1	5	0
O'Neill,c	0	0	0	9	1
Cooney,p	4	0	0	0	3
Total	33	6	7	27	10

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
South'th,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Frisch,ss	4	0	1	0	4
Young,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Meusel,lf	3	0	1	1	0
Kelly,1b	4	1	1	10	0
Lind'som,3b	3	0	1	0	3
Snyder,c	3	0	0	9	0
Dean,p	1	0	0	0	2
aJackson	1	0	0	0	0
Wisner,p	0	0	0	0	0
bHartley	1	0	0	0	0
Hunts'ger,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	3	27	15

Errors—Boston 0, New York 2 (Young, Dean).
a Batted for Dean in sixth.
b Batted for Wisner in eighth.

Boston	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Home runs—High, Welsh (2). Sacrifice—Bancroft. Double play—Lindstrom, Kelly and Terry. Left on bases—New York 3, Boston 3. Base on balls—Off Dean 1. Struck out—By Dean 3, Huntsinger 1. Hits—Off Dean 7 in 6 innings, Wisner 0 in 2, Huntsinger 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Dean (O'Neill). Losing pitcher—Dean. Umpires—McCormick, Klem and McLaughlin. Time of game—1:32.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
South'th,cf	5	0	0	2	1
Frisch,ss	4	0	0	4	3
Young,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Meusel,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Terry,1b	3	1	0	8	2
Kelly,2b	4	3	3	2	3
Lindst'm,3b	3	1	2	3	0
Hartley,c	3	0	2	4	2
Fitzsim'ns,p	3	0	2	1	3
Total	33	6	11	27	14

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Gautreau,2b	2	0	0	2	4
aGibson	1	0	1	0	0
Genewich,p	0	0	0	0	1
Bancroft,ss	3	0	0	4	3
Welsh,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Burrus,1b	4	0	1	9	1
Felix,cf	4	0	1	2	0
High,3b,2b	4	1	1	1	3
Harris,lf	4	1	1	2	0
O'Neil,c	4	0	3	3	1
Benton,p	1	0	0	1	0
Marriott,3b	2	0	1	0	0
Total	33	2	10	24	13

Errors—New York 0, Boston 2 (O'Neil 2).
a Batted for Gautreau in seventh.

New York	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	0—6
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—2

Three-base hit—Meusel. Home run—Welsh. Stolen base—High. Sacrifice—Lindstrom. Double plays—Hartley, Frisch and Terry; Southworth and Kelly; Hartley and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 7, Boston 7. Bases on balls—Off Fitzsimmons 3, Benton 1, Genewich 1. Struck out—By Fitzsimmons 2, Benton 2. Hits—Off Benton 8 in 6 innings, Genewich 3 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Benton (Fitzsimmons). Losing pitcher—Benton. Umpires—Klem, McCormick and McLaughlin. Time of game—1:50.

SHERDEL DOWNS CUBS, 6-2.

Pitches His Tenth Victory and Hornsby Hits His 33d Homer.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16 (AP).—Pitching his tenth victory of the season, Bill Sherdel held the Chicago Cubs to five hits today and gave the Cardinals an even break in the four-game series. The score was 6 to 2.

Manager Rogers Hornsby clouted his thirty-third homer in the seventh inning off Blake. Toporcer was on base.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Blades,lf	4	0	2	4	0
Toporcer,ss	5	1	2	1	3
Hornsby,2b	3	1	2	2	3
Bot'mley,1b	5	1	3	11	0
Hafey,rf	5	1	1	3	0
Mueller,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Bell,3b	3	1	1	1	2
O'Farrel,c	4	0	0	4	1
Sherdel,p	4	1	2	0	3
Total	36	6	14	27	12

CHICAGO (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Adams,2b	3	1	0	3	3
H'thcote,rf	3	0	1	4	0
Brooks,cf	3	1	1	3	0
Jahn,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Grimm,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Pittenger,3b	4	0	0	1	4
Mar'ville,ss	3	0	0	0	0
Gonzales,c	3	0	0	3	1
Blake,p	2	0	0	0	2
Kaufma'n,p	0	0	0	0	0
aMichaels	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	5	24	10

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Toporcer), Chicago 1 (Jahn).
a Batted for Blake in eighth.

St. Louis	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	—6
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Hafey, Sherdel, Toporcer, Bottomley, Brooks, Grimm. Home run—Hornsby. Sacrifice—Heathcote. Double plays—Pittenger and Grimm; Bell, Hornsby and Bottomley. Left on bases—Chicago 5, St. Louis 11. Bases on balls—Off Blake 4, Sherdel 3. Struck out—By Blake 2, Sherdel 3. Hits—Off Blake 11 in 7 innings, Kaufmann 3 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Blake (Blades). Losing pitcher—Blake. Umpires—Hart and Rigler. Time of game—1:38.

ROBINS SILENCED BY PHILLIES TWICE

Their Chirps for Victory Are Drowned Out by Philadelphia Hitting Opera, 7-6 and 9-2.

CY WILLIAMS IS THE STAR

Contributes Three Blows in First and Four in Second to Team's Triumphal March.

By RICHARDS VIDMER.

Although the open-air opera season closed at Ebbets Field some weeks ago, there still was music in the air yesterday. To the tune of ringing base hits, that somehow sounded discordant to the ears of 18,000 fans of Flatbush, the Phillies sang the Robins to sleep in a double-header.

The crash of cymbals and the roll of drums was the motif of the first ding-dong affair, and every once in a while the still, small voice of the Robins chirped above the Philadelphian tumult. But the encore was just a lullaby, played as twilight was falling, and the Brooklyn chorus never awakened.

Old Cy Williams, a star in his day, led the orchestra of bingles in both selections on the program. He belted out three base hits in the first performance and added four more, including one of his old-time homers, in the second. He tripped daintily across the home plate twice in the opening chorus and pattered lightly around the bases three times in the finale. With all this entertainment contributed by Cy alone, the other members of the company had to do little to roll up the scores to 7-6 and 9-2.

Four Tallies in Inning.

One act proved so satisfactory to the Phillies in the first contest that they repeated it in the second. It was a rumbling sound that was punctuated by sharp blows, six of which meant four runs and both of the ball games. Neither was applauded by the audience, but they seemed to please the performers themselves no little.

Rube Ehrhardt, the laughing lad of South Chicago, faced the fiery music in the first drama. That is, he faced it for four and two-thirds innings, but the heat became so intense that he wilted and Hubbell and Oeschger both had to be called in before the air cooled off.

Once the Robins were ahead, but only once. That was in the third inning of the curtain raiser, when Zach Wheat overcame a one-run disadvantage by lifting the ball majestically over the right-field wall with two on the bases.

But the Phillies put on their six-hit, four-run act in the fifth, and there went everything, including Mr. Ehrhardt. One feeble chirp from the Robins, in which Jack Fournier crashed the ball against the right-field wall, scoring two runs, tied the count in the last half of the same number, but two outfield errors, always costly things, brought the Phils to the front of the stage again, and there they remained.

Needing two runs, Robbie assembled a quartet of pinch hitters and pinch runners in the last two innings, but they couldn't carry the tune. Tierney and DeBerry opened the eighth with singles. Loftus, carrying instructions not to be caught in a double play, ran for the catcher, and Jimmy Johnston came up to bat for Hubbell with instructions to bunt.

Both Fail in Pinch.

But neither was able to obey orders. Jimmie failed to bunt, and after two efforts grounded to third, while Loftus was caught in the following double play.

Tierney reached third, and there was still a chance to get one of the necessary tallies across, so Taylor was sent in to bat for Mitchell, but he only flied to left for the third out.

In the ninth, with three men on, two out and only one run needed to tie the score, Hargreaves was called on to sound retreat for the Phils, but Leach, in centre field, took care of his liner.

Stock opened that frame with a single, and after Wheat had skied to left, Fournier walked. Cox singled to right, crowding the bases, and one run pattered across on Brown's long fly to centre. Tierney then hit sharply to short, and once more the sacks were populated to capacity. That was when Mr. Hargreaves made his bow and exit.

The second game was just a breeze from first to last. Young Ray Pierce, a left-hander, allowed the Robins not a hit until the fifth and not a run until the sixth. In that inning a double by Grimes and a single by Stock gave Brooklyn one counter. In the next a single by Cox, a double by Eddie Brown and Tierney's sacrifice fly gave the round Robins another. But that's all the scoring they were able to do off Pierce.

Grimes really was due in his shower in the third, when the Phils pounded six hits off his delivery and tallied four times, but he remained until the seventh, when he finally bid adieu to the perspiring athletes and sauntered to the clubhouse, Lloyd Brown taking up the burden.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Sand,ss	5	1	2	1	3
Leach,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Williams,rf	5	2	3	0	0
Harper,lf	5	2	2	1	0
Wr'ght'e,1b	5	0	3	9	1
Kimmick,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Friberg,2b	5	0	0	1	2
Henline,c	4	2	2	3	0
C.Mitchell,p	4	0	1	1	1
Knight,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	41	7	14	27	9

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
J.Mitch'l,ss	3	0	0	1	5
Taylor,c	1	0	0	0	0
Stock,2b	2	2	3	1	3
Wheat,lf	5	2	2	4	0
Fournier,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Cox,rf	5	0	2	1	0
Brown,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Tierney,3b	5	0	3	1	2
DeBerry,c	3	1	2	5	0
aLoftus	0	0	0	0	0
Oeschger,p	0	0	0	0	0
bH'rgreaves	1	0	0	0	0
Ehrhardt,p	0	0	0	0	1
Hubbell,p	2	0	0	1	0
Johnston,ss	1	0	0	1	0
Total	36	6	11	27	11

Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Wrightstone), Brooklyn 5 (Wheat, Cox, Brown, Tierney, Johnston).
a Ran for DeBerry in eighth.
b Batted for Oeschger in ninth.

Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	4	0	2	0	0—7
Brooklyn	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	1—6

Two-base hits—Leach, Fournier, Cox, Tierney. Three-base hit—Sand. Home runs—Harper, Wheat. Stolen base—Stock. Sacrifices—Leach, Brown, Erhardt. Double plays—J. Mitchell, Stock and Fournier; Kimmick, Friberg and Wrightstone. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Brooklyn 11. Bases on balls—Off Hubbell 1, C. Mitchell 5, Knight 1. Struck out—By Ehrhardt 3, Hubbell 1, C. Mitchell 2. Hits—Off Ehrhardt 11 in 4 2-3 innings, Hubbell 2 in 3 1-3, Oeschger 1 in 1, C. Mitchell 8 in 7 (none out in eighth), Knight 3 in 2. Winning pitcher—C. Mitchell. Losing pitcher—Hubbell. Umpires—Sweeney, Pfirman and O'Day. Time of game—2:20.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Sand,ss	5	2	3	1	5
Leach,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Williams,rf	5	3	4	2	0
Harper,lf	4	1	1	5	0
Wright'e,1b	5	0	1	12	1
Kimmick,2b	2	1	1	1	0
Friberg,2b	4	0	0	2	5
Wilson,c	4	1	1	0	0
Pierce,p	2	1	1	1	3
Total	35	9	12	27	14

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Mitchell,ss	3	0	1	4	5
Stock,2b	4	0	1	2	7
Wheat,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Fournier,1b	4	0	0	13	1
Cox,rf	3	1	1	1	0
E. Brown,cf	3	0	2	4	0
Tierney,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Taylor,c	4	0	0	1	2
Grimes,p	2	1	1	1	1
A. Brown,p	1	0	0	0	2
Total	31	2	6	27	19

Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Freberg); Brooklyn 2 (Mitchell, Wheat).

Philadelphia	0	0	4	0	1	0	1	2	1—9
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Pierce, E. Brown, Grimes. Three-base hit—Williams. Home run—Williams. Sacrifices—Leach, Harper, Tierney, Pierce. Double plays—Sand and Wrightstone; Mitchell, Stock and Fournier; Sand, Friberg and Wrightstone. Left on bases—Philadelphia 6, Brooklyn 6. Bases on balls—Off Grimes 3, A. Brown 1, Pierce 3. Struck out—By A. Brown 1. Hits—Off Grimes 9 in 6 1-3 innings, A. Brown 3 in 2 2-3. Losing pitcher—Grimes. Umpires—Pfirman, O'Day and Sweeney. Time of game—1:45.

TIGERS SCALP SOX IN A WILD BATTLE

Get Enough Runs on Rampage in Eighth to Win by 11-9—Kerr Replaces Connally.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16 (AP).—George Connally was batted out of the box in the eighth inning today when the Detroit Tigers went on a batting rampage and made enough runs to defeat Chicago 11 to 9 in a wild game in which nine pitchers saw service.

Dauss' wildness gave the locals an early lead, but the Tigers jumped out in front when they batted Ted Lyons freely, forcing him to retire. Dick Kerr finished the pitching for Chicago after replacing Connally and stopped the visitors' scoring.

The score:

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Neun,1b	6	1	2	14	0
O'Rourke,2b	4	2	2	3	4
Manush,cf	4	2	1	1	0
Wingo,lf	5	2	3	2	0
Fothergill,lf	1	0	0	0	0
Hellmann,rf	5	2	4	0	0
Jones,3b	3	2	1	1	3
Tavener,ss	4	0	3	2	5
Bassler,c	5	0	3	4	1
Dauss,p	1	0	0	1	1
aCobb	1	0	0	0	0
Wells,p	1	0	0	0	2
bBurke	1	0	0	0	0
W. Collins,p	0	0	0	0	0
Stoner,p	1	0	1	0	0
Total	42	11	20	27	16

CHICAGO (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Mostil,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Davis,ss	4	1	0	1	5
E.Collins,2b	2	1	1	3	0
Sheely,1b	4	0	0	6	1
Falk,lf	5	0	2	2	0
Hoopr,rf	3	1	0	3	2
Kamm,3b	3	2	0	1	0
Crouse,c	2	1	1	1	1
Schalk,c	1	1	0	3	1
Thurston,p	1	0	0	0	1
Lyons,p	0	0	0	0	0
Edwards,p	1	0	1	0	2
cElish	0	0	0	0	0
Connally,p	0	0	0	0	0
Kerr,p	0	0	0	0	1
dHarris	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	9	9	27	13

Errors—Detroit, 2 (Manush, Jones); Chicago, 2 (Crouse, Kerr).
a Batted for Dauss in fourth.
b Batted for Wells in eighth.
c Batted for Edwards in seventh.
d Batted for Kerr in ninth.

Detroit	0	1	0	2	4	0	0	4	0	—11
Chicago	1	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	—9

Two-base hits—O'Rourke, Thurston (2), Hellmann, Falk. Three-base hits—Hellmann, Tavener, Neun. Stolen base—Mostil. Sacrifices—Jones, Sheely, Manush, Schalk, Elish. Double plays—Hooper and Davis; O'Rourke, Tavener and Neun; Kerr, Schalk and Kamm. Left on bases—Chicago 11, Detroit 11. Bases on balls—Off Dauss 3, Thurston 2, Wells 6, Lyons 1, Edwards 1, Connally 1, Stoner 1. Struck out—By Dauss, Edwards 1, Wells 1, Stoner 1. Hits—Off Thurston, 6 in 3 1-3 innings; Lyons, 4 in 1 1-3; Edwards, 3 in 2 1-3; Connelly, 5 in 1-3; Kerr, 2 in 1 2-3; Dauss, 5 in 3; Wells, 3 in 4; W. Collins, 1 in 0 (none out in eighth); Stoner, 0 in 2. Winning pitcher—Wells. Losing pitcher—Connally. Umpires—Owens, Evans and Ormsby. Time of game—2:47.

MAJOR LEAGUE RECORDS.

By The Associated Press.

Last week's major league record of games won and lost, runs, hits, errors, opponents' runs and home runs, including games of Saturday, follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	R.	H.	E.	O.	R.	H.	R.
St. Louis	5	2	43	76	11	30			8
New York	5	3	27	71	9	26			1
Chicago	4	3	43	70	8	31			1
Brooklyn	4	3	35	74	8	27			1
Boston	3	3	36	77	7	41			2
Pittsburgh	4	3	29	57	11	27			2
Cincinnati	2	5	36	77	9	47			2
Philadelphia	1	5	28	62	12	48			5

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	R.	H.	E.	O.	R.	H.	R.
Philadelphia	5	2	27	34	10	22			3
Washington	5	2	25	70	6	17			1
Chicago	3	1	21	47	2	12			2
St. Louis	3	3	26	66	7	25			2
Boston	3	3	24	48	7	19			1
Cleveland	2	5	33	68	9	30			1
Detroit	1	3	15	41	7	27			0
New York	1	4	8	43	6	27			3

PIRATES TRIP AGAIN OVER THE RED-LEGS

Hit Rixey Hard, but He Tightens in the Pinches and Cincinnati Wins, 6-1.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 16.—The Cincinnati Reds administered another sound trouncing to the league-leading Pirates here this afternoon before a delighted crowd of 15,000 fans. Not satisfied with having pounded the Pirates 8-to-1 on Saturday with Donohue pitching, the third-placers came right back today and doled out a 6 to 1 defeat.

Eppa Rixey worked all the way for the winners and pitched fine ball in the pinches. He was hit hard, the losers finding him for eleven blows, but slow base running and Rixey's cleverness in the pinches kept the Buccaneers down to one counter.

It took two singles and a double to score this one, and when two more singles and another double were bunched in the seventh without even one run coming across, the Pirates decided it was surely not their day and curled up in the last two stanzas.

Johnny Morrison pitched some good and some bad ball. He was battered for four roaring smashes in the very first inning, the broadside being good for three runs. From then until the seventh he was master, allowing but one hit and no runs. Weakening again in the seventh he was touched up for two runs.

Tom Sheehan hurled the last innin against the red-legs and they found their old playmate for four socks good for one run.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bohne,ss	3	1	1	1	3
Caveney,ss	1	0	0	1	0
Pinelli,3b	4	2	2	1	2
Roush, cf	3	0	2	4	1
Walker,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Holke,1b	4	1	3	11	0
Critz,2b	4	1	2	2	2
Smith,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Hargrave,c	3	0	1	3	1
Rixey,p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	33	6	12	27	13

PITTSBURGH (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Moore,rf	5	1	1	1	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	3	10	1
Cuyler,cf	4	0	3	1	0
Barnhart,lf	3	0	0	3	1
Traynor,3b	4	0	1	2	4
Wright, ss	4	0	0	0	6
Rawlings,2b	4	0	2	4	2
Spencer,c	4	0	0	2	1
Morrison,p	3	0	1	0	2
Sheehan,p	1	0	0	1	0
Total	36	1	11	24	17

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—6
Pittsburgh	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Errors—None.

Two-base hits—McInnis, Bohne, Pinelli (2), Cuyler, Rawlings, Hargrave. Three-base hits—Holke (2). Sacrifice—Roush. Double plays—Wright, Spencer, Traynor and Rawlings; Bohne and Holke. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 10, Cincinnati 5. Bases on balls—Off Morrison 1, Rixey 3. Hits—Off Morrison 8 in 7 innings; Sheehan, 4 in 1. Losing pitcher—Morrison. Umpires—Moran, Quigley and Wilson. Time of game—2:00.

INDIANS WIN IN NINTH.

Speaker's Double Followed by Two Singles Downs Browns, 7 to 6.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 16 (AP).—Cleveland defeated St. Louis 7 to 6 today, winning in the ninth when Speaker doubled and Sewell and Spurgeon singled. Neither Buckeye nor Vangilder, who started the game, was able to finish.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Jam'son,lf	5	0	1	3	1
McNulty,rf	4	0	1	5	0
Speaker,cf	3	1	2	5	0
Sewell,ss	5	1	2	1	1
Burns,1b	4	1	1	5	1
Spurgeon,2b	5	1	2	1	2
Lutzke,3b	4	1	1	1	0
Myatt,c	3	2	3	5	0
Buckeye,p	2	0	0	0	0
Cole,p	0	0	0	0	1
Uhle,p	0	0	0	1	0
Total	35	7	13	27	6

ST. LOUIS (A.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Rice,rf	2	1	0	2	0
Lamotte,ss	5	0	1	4	3
Sisler,1b	5	1	1	8	1
Jacobs'n,cf	3	1	1	0	0
M'Manus,2b	4	1	1	4	5
Evans,lf	5	0	2	3	0
Hargrave,c	5	1	2	2	0
Rob'son,3b	3	1	0	0	0
V'n Gilder,p	3	0	1	1	3
Gaston,p	1	0	1	0	1
Total	36	6	10	*24	13

Errors—Cleveland 3 (Sewell, Burns, Myatt), St. Louis 1 (Robertson).
*None out when winning run scored.

Cleveland	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	1	0	—7
St. Louis	0	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Gaston, Speaker 2, Burns, Myatt. Home run—Myatt. Stolen bases—Jacobson, Sisler. Sacrifices—Jacobson, Rice, Uhle. Double play—McManus, Lamotte and Sisler. Left on bases—St.

Boston Light Is Gained by Two Swimmers—F. Spencer Loses to Walker on Bike

2 SWIMMERS REACH THE BOSTON LIGHT

Patterson Wins Marathon in 7 Hours 20 Minutes—Freedman Gains Goal in 8:30.

16 AMATEURS START RACE

Lucason, Far Ahead, With Half Mile to Go, Taken Out of Water With Cramps—Winner Misses Record.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—For the first time in the swimming history of Boston the Boston Light has been reached twice in the same race, the feat being accomplished today by Walter Patterson, 39, of Bridgeport, Conn., and Max Freedman of Beachmont, who finished first and second, respectively, in the annual marathon swim conducted by the Broadway Club of Lowell and the L Street Swimming Club of South Boston.

Patterson, who was coached by Gus Wiz, one of the few who have ever made the swim, swam a steady race, avoiding dangerous undercurrents and choppy sections, and arrived at the light at 4:55 P. M., his time being 7 hours 20 minutes. Freedman, uncoached and unassisted, reached the light at 6:05, his time being 8 hours and 30 minutes.

The race was started at 9:35 A. M., by Fire Commissioner Glynn, when sixteen amateurs dove off the Warren Street wharf at Charlestown. Adam Lucason, 20, of Worcester, the Northeastern A. A. U. three-mile champion, took the lead, using the double trudgeon. At 10:20, off the East Boston airport, Lucason was leading Tom Kenney, the second man, who holds the Northeastern A. A. U. 440-yard championship, by 300 yards, with Jim Wilde of Boston and Pete Sheehan of Lowell next in line.

Lucason increased his lead to 500 yards off Castle Island, Sheehan having moved up into third place. Wilde, Cavanaugh, Patterson and Freedman were following.

The Narrows, just below Long Island, took such heavy toll that all but Lucason, Kenney, Cavanaugh, Patterson, Freedman, Wrenn and Wilde were forced to quit. Lucason and Patterson took the route between Gallop's Island and Rainsford Island, but Freedman followed the regular steamer channel.

Lucason arrived at Bug Light at 2:45, with Patterson 25 minutes behind him. Freedman was so far in the rear he seemed out of it. It took the trio 45 minutes to make the trip from Bug Light to the Spindle buoy. Just after passing the Spindle, Lucason was taken with cramps and had to be taken out of the water. At the time he was within half a mile of his goal and had a half hour lead on his nearest competitor, Patterson. The winner's time was 7 hours and 5 minutes behind Sam Richards's record of 5 hours, 15 minutes.

NEW YORK FIREMEN BEAT DETROIT, 6-5

Beatty Hits Homer, Double and Two Singles for Winners—Victory Is Third Straight.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Aug. 16.—New York firemen made it three straight victories in their baseball contests with Detroit firemen by taking today's game, 6 to 5. The visitors outhit Detroit, fourteen safeties to eight, Beatty featuring in this department with a home run, a double and two singles in five times up. The score:

NEW YORK F. D.	Ab	H	Tc	E
Maurer,2b	5	2	10	0
Beatty,rf	5	4	2	0
Kinsley,3b	4	1	4	0
Burkley,cf	5	2	4	1
Seger,ss	5	1	2	1
McGovern,1b	5	2	11	0
O'Brien,lf	3	0	1	0
Dempsey,c	5	1	5	0
Marshall,p	4	1	1	0
Totals	41	14	40	2

DETROIT F. D.	Ab	H	Tc	E
Thomas,rf	5	0	2	0
Fisette,2b	2	1	7	0
Pierce,c	3	1	5	0
Cykowski,lf	4	0	3	0
Kaleta,ss	1	0	1	0
Page,ss	3	1	2	1
Sullivan,3b	3	2	2	0
Light,1b	4	1	10	0
Bettinger,cf	2	0	2	0
Hayes,p	3	2	2	0
a Mast	1	0	0	0
b Wolinski	1	0	0	0
Totals	32	8	36	1

a Batted for Bettinger in ninth.
b Batted for Hayes in ninth.

New York F. D. .....1 2 1 1 0 1 0 0 0—6
Detroit F. D. .....0 0 1 3 0 0 1 0 0—5

Sacrifices—O'Brien, Sullivan. Two-base hits—Burkley, Seger, Pierce, Beatty. Three-base hits—Burkley, Kinsley. Home run—Hayes. Struck out—By Marshall 4, Hayes 5. Stolen bases—New York 3, Detroit 1. Bases on balls—Off Marshall 3, Hayes 2. Double plays—Kinsley, Maurer and McGovern; Kinsley and McGovern. Umpires—O'Mara and Schuerr.

N. Y. A. C. NINE WINS, 4-3.

Beats Montclair A. C. in Mound Duel Won by Dougherty.

The New York Athletic Club defeated the Montclair A. C., 4 to 3, yesterday afternoon at Travers Island in a pitchers' battle between Dougherty and Brady. Each nine scored three runs in the first inning and after that the two twirlers battled it out, except in the eighth when the New Yorkers put over the winning tally. Dougherty struck out seven men and allowed only two hits after the first.

The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
N. Y. A. C.	3	8	0
Montclair	3	7	1

Batteries—N. Y. A. C., Dougherty and Carney; Montclair, Brady and Textor.

Home-Run Hitters.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Hornsby, St. Louis	33
Hartnett, Chicago	24
Bottomley, St. Louis	19
Fournier, Brooklyn	18
Kelly, New York	16
E. Meusel, New York	16
Harper, Philadelphia	15
Wright, Pittsburgh	14
Wrightstone, Philadelphia	11
Cuyler, Pittsburgh	11
Snyder, New York	10
Brooks, Chicago	10
Blades, St. Louis	10
Grimm, Chicago	10
Jackson, New York	9
Bell, St. Louis	9
Terry, New York	8
Wheat, Brooklyn	8

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Williams, St. Louis	25
R. Meusel, New York	23
Simmons, Philadelphia	20
Gehrig, New York	14
Jacobson, St. Louis	13
Goslin, Washington	12
Speaker, Cleveland	12
Ruth, New York	11
Cobb, Detroit	11
Robertson, St. Louis	11
Myatt, Cleveland	11
Sisler, St. Louis	10
McManus, St. Louis	10
Todt, Boston	9
Judge, Washington	8
Boone, Boston	8
Hargrave, St. Louis	8
Sheely, Chicago	8

TOTALS FOR BOTH LEAGUES.

	1925.	1924.
National League	507	356
American League	413	305
	920	661

Boy, 6, Swims the Delaware; Distance of Mile and a Half

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16 (AP).—John Deevine, six years old, today swam the Delaware River below Philadelphia in 45 minutes. The river at that point, between League Island and what is known as Red Bank Landing, on the New Jersey shore, is about a mile and a half wide. The boy's father declared that he was training the youngster, by progressive stages, to tackle the English Channel.

SKEETERS DIVIDE SPOILS WITH LEAFS

Faulkner Shuts Out Toronto in First With One Hit, but Jersey City Drops Second, 10-1.

By Associated Press.

The Skeeters divided a twin bill with Toronto in Jersey City yesterday winning the opener, 4 to 0, and dropping the second, 10 to 1.

Pitcher Jim Faulkner twirled the shut-out, limiting the Leafs to a single hit. Rube Zellars was banged for thirteen hits in the concluding number.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

JERSEY CITY (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Dowd,2b	4	1	2	0	6	
Jacobson,cf	4	0	2	3	0	
Gaudette,rf	4	0	2	3	0	
Holt,1b	3	1	1	11	0	
Sheridan,3b	3	0	0	1	2	
Malone,ss	3	0	1	2	2	
Unglaub,lf	4	1	2	4	0	
Freitag,c	4	7	1	2	0	
Faulkner,p	3	0	0	1	2	
Total	32	4	10	27	12	

TORONTO (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Gilhooly,cf	4	0	0	3	0	
Gehringer,2b	4	0	0	3	4	
Gaudette,rf	4	0	0	2	0	
Holt,1b	3	0	1	11	0	
Manion,c	4	0	0	8	0	
Kelly,rf	3	0	1	2	0	
Bolen,ss	3	0	1	2	4	
Capes,3b	2	0	0	0	1	
Styles,1b	3	0	0	9	1	
Gibson,p	2	0	0	1	0	
Total	29	0	1	24	9	

Errors—Jersey City 0, Toronto 1 (Styles).

Jersey City	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	—	4
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base hits—Unglaub, Jacobson. Three-base hit—Dowd. Stolen bases—Styles, Gibson. Sacrifice—Sheridan. Double play—Capes, Gehringer and Styles. Left on bases—Toronto 5, Jersey City 7. Bases on balls—Off Gibson 2, Faulkner 3. Struck out—By Faulkner 2, Gibson 2. Umpires—Myers, Magerkurth and James. Time of game—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

TORONTO (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Gilhooley,cf	4	0	1	1	0	
Gehringer,2b	4	1	2	3	4	
Layne,lf	3	1	1	2	0	
Manion,c	4	1	1	4	0	
Kelly,rf	3	1	2	1	0	
Carlyle,rf	1	1	1	0	0	
Harrington,ss	4	2	2	0	2	
Capes,3b	4	2	3	0	1	
Styles,1b	3	1	1	9	0	
Satterfield,p	4	0	0	0	2	
Total	34	10	13	21	9	

JERSEY CITY (I.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Dowd,2b	4	0	0	2	1	0
Jacobsen,cf	4	0	1	2	0	
Gaudette,rf	3	0	1	2	0	
Holt,1b	3	1	1	8	0	
Sheridan,3b	3	2	2	1	2	
Unglaub,lf	3	0	2	3	0	
Freitag,c	3	0	0	4	0	
Zellars,p	2	0	1	0	3	
Leard,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aUrbanski,	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	28	1	8	21	8	

Errors—Toronto 0; Jersey City 1 (Zellars). a Batted for Best in seventh.

Toronto	0	0	2	3	0	0	5	—	10	
Jersey City	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	1

(Seven innings by agreement).

Two-base hit—Gehringer. Sacrifice—Malone. Left on bases—Jersey City 7, Toronto 4. Base on balls—Off Zellars 1. Struck out—By Zellars 4, Satterfield 4. Hits—Off Zellars 13 in 6 innings, Best 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—Zellars. Umpires—Magerkurth, James and Myers. Time of game—1:39.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

At Baltimore.

FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0 3 0 0 1 0 2 2 1—9	15	2	
Baltimore	3 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—5	7	2	

Batteries—Moore and Lake; Ogden, Courtney and McKee.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 1 1 1 1 0 ...—4	6	2	
Rochester	0 0 1 2 0 0 0—3	4	2	

(Seven innings by agreement.)

Batteries—Thomas and Cobb, McKee; Levsen and Lake.

At Reading.

FIRST GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Reading	0 0 0 2 1 0 1 0 ...—4	8	2	
Syracuse	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	5	2	

Batteries—McNamara and McCarthy; Day, Parks and Neibergall.

SECOND GAME.

		R.	H.	E.
Reading	2 0 2 1 1 0 ...—6	8	3	
Syracuse	0 0 0 1 0 2 1—4	10	2	

(Seven innings by agreement.)

Batteries—Young, Smallwood and O'Neill; Boyd, Parks, Reese and Neibergall.

At Providence.

		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0 1 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0	3—7	17	2
Provi'ce	0 0 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	0—4	12	2

Batteries—Proffitt, Maley, Shea and Pond, Hill; Tomlin and Lynn.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	82	45	.646	Reading	62	64	.492
Toronto	77	52	.597	Jersey City	60	66	.476
Roch'ster	65	61	.516	Syracuse	50	77	.394
Buffalo	64	65	.496	Provid'ce	46	76	.377

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Toronto at Jersey City.
Buffalo at Providence.
Syracuse at Reading.
Rochester at Baltimore.

WALKER OUTRIDES FREDDIE SPENCER

Beats Point Leader in American Title Series Before 16,000 at N. Y. Velodrome.

WILLIE SPENCER DEFEATED

Bows to Piani in Two Heats—Arthur Spencer Shows Way to Walthour and Goullet.

It was a disastrous night for the popular idols at the New York Velodrome last night. Freddie Spencer, star Plainfield rider, who is leading in the race for the American championship, was defeated in two out of three heats of a two-mile paced race. Willie Spencer, the American champion of 1922 and 1923, who is second in the point standing for the title this season, was defeated in two straight heats of a one-mile match race by Orlando Piani, while Arthur Spencer, the American champion, defeated Bobby Walthour, the popular Jersey wheelman, and Alf Goullet, the all-around king, in two out of three heats of a one-mile race.

A crowd of 16,000 bike fans saw the races at the uptown saucer.

Willie Spencer's defeat was the most decisive of the night. In the first heat Piani only managed to win by inches but in the second heat he rode around Spencer and won by a half a dozen open lengths. It was one of the most humiliating defeats Spencer has suffered this season.

Walker won the first heat from Freddie Spencer but Spencer came back and took the second one by riding around the all-around champion. Spencer held Walker too cheaply in the third heat and, when out in front, he waited until Walker came around and then tried to ride around him but Walker outsprinted Freddie to the tape.

Bobby Walthour won the first heat from Alf Goullet and Arthur Spencer but Spencer came back and took the second and third heats. In the second heat Walthour was second and Goullet third, while in the deciding heat Goullet was second and Walthour third.

Alex McBeath, Australian star, defeated Reggie McNamara in an Australian pursuit race. They started from opposite sides of the track and it only took McBeath one mile, five and three-quarter laps to catch McNamara.

The summaries:

Half mile handicap (amateur)—Won by Louis Watson, New York (130 yards); Jimmie Walthour, Century Road Club (70 yards), second; Philip Iles, New York (140 yards), third; Joseph Crowley, Yonkers (60 yards), fourth; Tulio Celano, Acme Wheelmen (35 yards), fifth. Time—0:54 1-5. One mile match race (professional)—Erlando Piani, Italy, vs. William Spencer, New York. Won by Piani. First heat won by Piani, time—3:24 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 2-5. Second heat won by Piani, time—3:08 3-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 4-5.

Fifty-Mile Match Championship Race (Professional)—Vincent Madonna, Italy, paced by Jean Antenucci, New York; George Chapman, Newark, paced by Charlie Stein, Boston; Charles Verkyn, New York, paced by Otto Miller, Brooklyn; Henry Wynsdau, Belgium, paced by Jimmie Hunter, Newark; Frank Keenan, Boston, paced by Frank Jeehan, New Haven; Clarence Carman, Jamaica, paced by Thomas Grimm, Newark. Won by Verkyn, Keenan second, Wynsdau third, Chapman fourth, Madonna fifth, Carman sixth. Time—57:40 3-5.

One-Mile Match Race (Professional)—Arthur Spencer, Newark; Bobby Walthour, North Arlington; Alfred Goullet, Newark. Won by Spencer; Walthour, second; Goullet, third. First Heat—Won by Walthour; Goullet, second; Spencer, third. Time—3:12 1-5. Last eighth mile—0:12. Second Heat—Won by Spencer; Walthour, second; Goullet, third. Time—3:08 3-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 4-5. Third heat—Won by Spencer; Goullet, second; Walthour, third. Time—2:59 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 2-5.

Two-Mile Match Race (Professional)—Cecil Walker, Australia, vs. Fred Spencer, Plainfield. Won by Walker. First heat—Won by Walker. Time—4:19 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:12. Second heat—Won by Spencer. Time 4:13 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:12 2-5. Third heat—Won by Walker. Time—4:16; last eighth mile—0:12 2-5.

Australian Pursuit Race (Professional)—Reggie McNamara, Newark, vs. Alex McBeath, Australia. Won by McBeath. Distance—1 mile 5½ laps. Time—4:27 1-8.

One-Mile Consolation, Class B (Amateur)—Won by Edward Jensen, Century Road Club; Joseph Crowley, Yonkers, second; Frank Importico, Queen City Wheelmen, third; Louis Watson, New York, fourth. Time—2:10 2-5.

Miss-And-Out Invitation, Class A, (Amateur)—Won by Paul Croley, New Crescent Wheelmen; Charlie Winter, Century Road Club, second; Jack Costello, Bay View Wheelmen, third; Tullo Celano, Acme Wheelmen, fourth; William Heinsberg, North Hudson Wheelmen, fifth. Distance—two miles, three laps. Time—5:06 3-5.

Thompson Wins in Tennis Final.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 16.—H. S. Thompson Jr. defeated John D. Graham, 8—6, 6—3, 4—6, 6—4, today in the men's singles final of the tourney at the Bell Haven Casino. In the women's final Miss Margaret Boream won from Miss Katherine Kingsbury, 2—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Moeskops Loses World's Pro Bike Title To Kaufmann; Meyer Wins Amateur Crown

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Aug. 16 (AP).—The world's amateur cycling championship was won today by the Dutch cyclist Meyer. His fellow countrymen, Mazairic and B. Leene, were second and third respectively, while Oszemella, Germany, was fourth.

Kaufmann, Switzerland, was the winner of the world's professional championship. Schilles, France, was second; Michard, France, was third, and Moeskops, Holland, professional champion for the last four years, was fourth.

The final for professionals was the finest race of the championships, the first rounds of which were held yesterday.

The professionals raced for 1,000 meters. Kaufmann got ahead quickly, but about 300 meters before the finish he and Schilles began a thrilling spurt. Although the Frenchman succeeded in gaining on the leader, he was unable to pass him, and Kaufmann, who was in fine condition, made the last 200 meters in 12 3-5 seconds, winning by a wheel length.

At the start of the amateur final, Mazairic got the advantage of Meyer, who at one moment was four lengths behind, but Meyer soon showed superior pedaling and passed Mazairic easily. He made the last 200 meters in 12 4-5 seconds, winning by half a length.

Both Meyer and Kaufmann were cheered enthusiastically and the band played the national anthems of their respective countries. The results in the third round of the amateur sprint championship were as follows:

Heat 1, B. Leene, Holland, beat Galvaing, France; heat 2, Oszemella, Germany, beat Bioccha, Italy; heat 3, Mazairic, Holland, beat Krewer, Germany; heat 4, Meyer, Holland, beat Steffels, Germany.

The amateur semi-final results were: Meyer beat Oszemella; Mazairic beat B. Leene.

The results in the second round of the professional championship were:

Heat 1, Kaufmann, Switzerland, beat Bailey, England; heat 2, Michard, France, beat Bennek, Holland; heat 3, Schilles, France, beat Van, Kempen, Holland; heat 4, Moeskops, Holland, beat De Greade, Belgium.

The professional semi-final results were: Schilles beat Moeskops; Kaufmann beat Michard.

WOMEN TO TEE OFF IN MUNICIPAL GOLF

Miss Weltman Will Defend Her Crown Tomorrow on Mosholu Course.

Miss Virginia Weltman who won the New York Municipal Golf Association Women's championship last year will be called upon to defend her title this week when the 1925 event will be played on the Mosholu links starting tomorrow. Thirty-three players have entered the tourney which is open to public links users in New York and Brooklyn who are members of the N. Y. M. G. A. The qualifying round will be played today, the players turning in the low sixteen scores to make up the championship flight which will start in at match play tomorrow and continue until the final round on Friday.

The players who have entered, paired in the order in which they will leave the tarting tee, follow:

Miss M. Martens and Mrs. J. M. Hruda, Miss A. Gantt and Miss B. Gottlieb, Mrs. B. Bell and Mrs. H. Englehart, Miss Weltman and Mrs. N. McDade, Miss H. McLaughlin and Mrs. P. Dornberger, Mrs. R. G. Bookhout and Mrs. Hogg, Mrs. C. B. Fowler and Mrs. A. Neave, Mrs. V. Cleveland and Mrs. D. Montgomery, Mrs. M. Rushworth and Mrs. M. S. Smith, Mrs. A. MacInnis and Miss M. Fisher, Mrs. H. K. Berger and Mrs. M. Chandler, Miss I. Netter and Mrs. M. G. Poorenberg, Mrs. H. Bell and Mrs. J. Wilkins, Miss K. Brossman and Mrs. Bostwick, Miss B. Johnston and Mrs. M. Howell, Mrs. B. M. Burnside and Mrs. Sallie Macmillan, Miss C. Storey and partner.

The first pair will leave the starting tee at 9 o'clock and the others will follow at three-minute intervals.

Twenty-four caddies, eight from Long Island, eight from Westchester and eight from New Jersey, the successful qualifiers in the three district tourneys held on Friday of last week, will make up the field in the annual caddie championship of the Metropolitan Golf Association to be decided at the Wykagyl Country Club, New Rochelle, tomorrow, starting at 9:30 A. M. The championship will be decided at thirty-six holes of medal play and the winner will receive the championship medal put up by ahe M. G. A.

The district team championship will be decided simultaneously the team having the lowest gross total for thirty-six holes to win the honor. The members of the winning team will receive watches.

There will also be a thirty-six-hole competition for caddie masters and assistants. Twelve contestants will enter this event, four from each of the three districts.

Hoping to attract some of the players who will go to Oakmont for the national amateur championship, starting Aug. 31, the Westchester-Biltmore Country Club has fixed the date of its annual invitation tourney for Aug. 26-29 and if all the stars who have promised to attend actually make their appearance the event will be something unusual. According to L. G. Spindler, Chairman of the Tournament Committee, such masers as Bobby Jones, Ouimet, Guilford, Sweetser Harrison Johnston, Dexter Cummings, together with a number of local luminaries, have promised to attend the tournament and, should such prove the case, the competition will be one of the best of the year.

MET. TITLE TENNIS WILL BEGIN TODAY

Junior, Boys' and Girls' Events to Be Held on the Briarcliff Lodge Courts.

The metropolitan junior, boys' and girls' tennis championships will begin at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Briarcliff Lodge Tennis and Sports Club, Briarcliff Manor, with a strong entry in all three events. Forty-five players are entered in the junior tournament, including Donald Strachan of Philadelphia, Harry Wolf of the Montclair A. C., Eugene McCauliff, Lemoine Heuser and Gregory Mangin. Miss Alice Francis of East Orange, N. J., national indoor girls' champion, heads the list of the entries in the girls' tourney. The draws for the tournament follow:

Junior Championship.

UPPER HALF.

Second Round (first round byes)—Donald Strachan vs. Robert Forster, Joseph Gross vs. Kenneth H. Underwood, Eugene McCauliff vs. Roy L. Shively, Jack Meyers vs. Carl S. Mears, Henry Moore vs. winner of first-round match between Irving Brawer and Alex. Rosen.

First Round—Brawer vs. Rosen, John W. Hall vs. Julius Seligson, Charles A. Moore vs. John Pitman, Lemoine Heuser vs. Joseph De Rosa, Robert Raymond vs. Robert Altschuler, R. Thruelson vs. John Ruggles, Robert W. Wilson vs. Gulline A. Heine.

LOWER HALF.

First Round—Harry Wolf vs. Edmund Bartlett Jr., Herbert Duval vs. Ramsay McGregor, John Macwatty vs. Conway McDonald, Lloyd Almirall vs. Harold Blauer, Everett Smith vs. Carvel Dorrman, Alexander Miller vs. Arthur Rothafel.

Second Round (first round byes)—Edward J. Mendell vs. S. E. Martinson, Gregory Mangin vs. W. Whittaker, William Bland vs. Eric Baker, Edgar Jenkins vs. Carlisle Norwood, Herbert Schrift vs. John Rau.

Boys' Championship.

UPPER HALF.

Second Round (first round byes)—Henry S. Moore vs. Richard Henry, Edgar Nye vs. Douglas Thayer.

First Round—William Pearce vs. David S. Baker, Lawrence Durrell vs. Frederick A. Steele 3d, James J. Rafris vs. William Collins, Donald Wright vs. Edwin Mendell.

LOWER HALF.

First Round—Harold Blauer vs. Edward Oppenheimer, Paul Dumas vs. Chauncey Depew Steele Jr., Denman Fowler vs. Thomas Creighton.

Second Round (first round byes)—Henry Bassford Jr. vs. winner of match between Fowler and Creighton, Edmund Bartlett Jr. vs. Paul N. Peavy, Joseph Dunn vs. Olney Mairs Jr.

Girls' Championship.

UPPER HALF.

Second Round (first round byes)—Alice Francis vs. Esther Clark, Ann Davis vs. Mary Lewis.

LOWER HALF.

First Round—Catharine Gordon vs. Elsie Moore.

Second Round (first round byes)—Madeline Childress vs. winner of match between Miss Gordon and Miss Moore, Ruth Anderson vs. Adai Childress.

NEWPORT TENNIS ON TODAY

Former Governor Beeckman Will Act as Referee of Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 16.—Jose Alonso of the Spanish Davis Cup team and Willard Crocker, singles champion of Canada, have been selected to meet in the feature match to be played on the championship court at the opening of the Newport Casino annual invitation tennis tournament tomorrow morning. This announcement was made late yesterday, and the match should be a brilliant exhibition of tennis.

The tennis committee has announced that it has selected former Governor R. Livingston Beeckman as official referee of the tournament.

64 WOMEN TO START TENNIS PLAY TODAY

British and American Stars Will Go in Quest of Miss Wills's Title at Forest Hills.

CHAMPION FACES MRS. FALK

Miss Browne to Meet Mrs. Sohst and Mrs. Chambers Will Oppose Miss Thayer on First Day.

TODAY'S STADIUM MATCHES.

3:00 P. M.—Court 1—Mrs. Lambert Chambers vs. Miss Molly D. Thayer. Court 2—Miss Mary K. Browne vs. Mrs. Theodora Sohst.

4:00 P. M.—Court 1—Miss Elizabeth Ryan vs. Miss Caroma Winn. Court 2—Miss Helen Wills vs. Mrs. H. P. Falk.

5:00 P. M.—Court 1—Mrs. Molla B. Mallory vs. Miss Alice Francis. Court 2—Miss Helen Jacobs vs. Mrs. Harry Bickle.

By ALLISON DANZIG.

Miss Helen Wills, national title holder, will begin the defense of her crown at 4 o'clock this afternoon, when she meets Mrs. Helene Pollak Falk in the opening round of the women's national tennis championship at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills. No American women's title holder ever faced so formidable a field as will start play today. With Miss Elizabeth Ryan, Miss Kathleen McKane, Miss Joan Fry and Mrs. Lambert Chambers entered, in addition to the host of American stars, the Berkeley girl will have to play the tennis of her life to retain the championship.

The tournament will get under way at 3 o'clock with sixty-four contenders. At that hour Mrs. Chambers and Miss Mary K. Browne will appear on the stadium courts. Mrs. Chambers will face a member of the first ten, Miss Molly D. Thayer of Philadelphia, and Miss Browne will be opposed to Mrs. Theodora Sohst of New York. At the same time that Miss Wills plays Mrs. Falk, Miss Ryan will make her first appearance against Miss Caroma Winn of this city. Two other interesting matches will follow at 5 o'clock, when Mrs. Molla Mallory meets Miss Alice Francis of East Orange, N. J., national girls' indoor champion, and Miss Helen Jacobs of Berkeley, national girls' champion on grass, plays Mrs. Harry Bickle of Canada.

All of the other outstanding performers will get into action today on the outside courts. Miss McKane, Miss Elenor Goss and Miss Fry will play on Court 14 at 3, 4 and 5 o'clock respectively. Mrs. Marion Zinderstein Jessup of Wilmington, Del., and Miss E. H. Harvey and Miss Evelyn Colyer of the English team will appear on Court 7 at the same respective hours. Miss Harvey faces a worthy opponent in Mrs. Bernard F. Stenz, who last year defeated Miss Goss at the close of the season.

Miss Martha Bayard of Short Hills, N. J., and Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston will compete at 3 o'clock on Court 9; Miss Charlotte Hosmer of California and Mrs. G. B. Stanwix will play at 4 on Court 10 and Mrs. Robert Le Roy and Mrs. H. Stuart Green will be matched at 3 o'clock on Court 12. Play during the next three days will start at 2 o'clock in the afternoon; on Friday at 3, and the final will be staged on Saturday at 2:30 o'clock.

Speculation as to the probable semi-finalists favors Miss Ryan and Mrs. Mallory in the upper half and Miss Wills and Miss Goss or Mrs. Chambers in the lower division. In Miss Ryan's quarter are drawn Miss McKane and Mrs. Jessup. Miss McKane's beautiful play against Miss Wills on Saturday in the international match indicates that she will put up a strong fight to get by Miss Ryan if they should meet. Miss Ryan has beaten the English girl regularly during this season and is favored to do so again, but not without a struggle.

In Miss Wills's quarter, the third, are Miss Fry, Miss Browne, Miss Hosmer and Mrs. May Sutton Bundy. Some of the best matches in the tournament should be played in this section. Miss Brown and Miss Fry probably will come together and Miss Wills and Miss Hosmer or Mrs. Bundy are expected to meet.

Season tickets for the week's play are on sale at $5.50 at the offices of Harry S. Parker, Treasurer, 101 Park Avenue. Single day tickets, priced at $1.10 and at $2.25 for the semi-finals and final, can be purchased at the West Side Tennis Club grounds only.

HAWTHORNE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maidens two years old; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Red Head 107 pounds, Lardi 114, Cameo 111, Tiger Gloss 110, World Court 110, Burke's Boy 110, Blue Granite 114, Zeus the Second 110, Scotland Forever 114, Dr. Cardenas 114, Mary Mc 111.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Double 'F' 109 pounds, Boys Believe 109, Mary Dear 102, Ria 112, Clarence 112, That's the Time 109, Dean H. 101, Put and Take 107, Fifty Fifty 106, Wawona 101, Miss Virginia 100, In Love With You 106, Miss eligible. Buja 114, Monaster 100, Duty Boy 110, Auntie Millin 109, Rachel Potter 112.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; Six furlongs. Chow Punchee 90 pounds, Columbia 110, Transformer 107, MacLean 115, Pocket Mouse 104, Romp 101, Louis Rubenstein 110, Doctor Glenn 107, Everglade 109, Judge Prior 115, Mourmore 112, Go Foth 116. Also eligible—The Runt 108, My Idol 99.

FOURTH RACE—Hyde Park Purse, for four-year-olds and upward; purse $1,500; one mile and a sixteenth. Orpheus 104 pounds, Sherman 100, Arabian 104, Sequel 95, Statler 100, Hopeless 107.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and an eighth. Vulnad 114 pounds, Brunell 107, Triptoe Jr. 113, Bucky 100, Pinch Girl 104, Spanish Name 105, Elias O. 110, *Bosh 106.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Opulent 111 pounds, Tan Son 106, Billy Star 111, *Zealot 110, Haleakala 106, *Dorothy Popp 87, Nan's Fortune 100, *Full of Pep 86, *Tickler 105, Fausto 113, Reelfoot 106, *Kit 98, *Payman 111, Longchamps 103, *Black Wand 106, *Barney Stone 103.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

CINCINNATI ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,500; for maiden two-year-old colts and geldings; five furlongs. Ace of Diamonds 115 pounds, Herbert 115, Ed Purse 115, Millard 115, Timothy 115, Shotwell 115, Scampaway 115, Bob's Best 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,400; claiming, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Flapper Girl 107 pounds, Sweetcurl 107, Angelus 102, Serious 95, *Betty C. 90, Caroline 108, *Lord Meise 105, Opequon 102, *Estin 107, *Shampoo 105.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,400; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Trapdale 99 pounds, *Black Friday 101, *Antonia 95, *Red Seth 102, *Poor Sport 101, *Wuhu 95, *Escarpolette 100, Taylor Hay 110, Alice Lang 102, Sam Silk 99, Reliable 113, *Why 90, *Young April 95, Medina 103, *Miss Clair 96, Sir Charles 100.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,700; the Westwood Claiming Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Setting Sun 104 pounds, Marvin May 109, Buttin In 104, Bradley's Toney 112, Margie K. 104, Broomster 1141.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,570; the Fort Spring; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Vulcan Park 98 pounds, Drowsy Waters 98, Samaritan 114, Guest of Honor 105, Valley Light 98, Fire On 91, Sporty McGee 105, Bona Vera 93.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. *Firetoma 102 pounds, Equity 102, *Ben Franklin 92, *Skirmish 101, *Kubiai Kahn 101, *Gloria Quayle 99, Nogales 112.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. *Blue Stone 111 pounds, Reelfoot 106, *Kit 98, *Payman 111, Longchamps 103, *Black Wand 106, *Barney Stone 103.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

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New York State 151-Class Hydroplane Championship Is Won by Enemo

HYDROPLANE ENEMO WINS STATE TITLE

Clayton's Flashy Craft Beats Hadleyplane in Final for 151-Class Honors.

BUDDAH TAKES THE "340"

Starling Shows Breakneck Speed in Capturing Free-for-All on Jamaica Bay.

The New York State championship for speedboats of the 151-hydroplane class was won yesterday afternoon by Enemo, the flashy little craft owned by Joseph Clayton of the Broad Channel Yacht Club, by virtue of her splendid victory in the final heat. After winning the first heat easily on Saturday Enemo was nosed out by Miss Meadowmere, the speedster owned by Frank Ripp of the Bay Head Yacht Club, in the second heat yesterday. In the final and decisive event, however, Clayton, by clever manoeuvring, won a very thrilling contest to clinch the championship.

Enemo flashed over the finish line three seconds ahead of Hadleyplane, owned by C. S. Hadley of the Broad Channel Yacht Club. The winning time for the last heat was 12 minutes 18 seconds for the five-mile course. Miss Meadowmere finished two minutes later for third position.

The races were held under the auspices of the Rockaway Park Yacht Club, and were conducted over their official five-mile course on the waters of Jamaica Bay. The weather was close to being ideal for speedboat racing. The waters of the bay were calm and the contests were devoid of mishaps. A Sunday throng of several thousand persons lined the shores of the bay to witness the races.

In winning the second heat Miss Meadowmere traveled the course in the fast time of 11 minutes and 23 seconds, leading Enemo by 25 seconds. It was the best time made in any of the three heats. In the computation of points for the championship Enemo garnered 500, Hadleyplane 250 and Miss Meadowmere 200.

Buddah, the entry of George Hazen of the Broad Channel Yacht Club, made a clean sweep in the races for boats of the 340-displacement class. Each time a strong bid for premier honors was made by Crow, the craft owned by P. Proal of the Red Bank Yacht Club, but each time Crow was nosed out by a matter of a few seconds. F. A. Kissner's Hellfire took third honors in the event.

Another exhibition of breakneck speed was witnessed in the Free-For-All race, which was won by P. Proal's Starling. The Red Bank Yacht Club entry sped over the five-mile course in 9 minutes and 42 seconds, with little or no opposition.

A special race was conducted for the United States Government Coast Guard boats which have been doing efficient patrol duty in the waters about Rockaway. This race was over a two and a half mile course and was won by No. 2367 in 8 minutes and 36 seconds. No. 2325 took second honors in the event and No. 2320 was third.

The summaries:

151-CLASS HYDROPLANES—2D HEAT.
New York State Championship. Start, 2:00. Course, 5 miles.

Boat, Owner and Club.	Elapsed Time. M.S.
Miss Meadowmere, F. Ripp, Bay Head Y. C.	11:23
Enemo, Joseph Clayton, Broad Channel Y. C.	11:48
Hadleyplane, C. S. Hadley, Broad Channel Y. C.	16:27

151-CLASS HYDROPLANES—FINAL.
New York State Championship. Start, 3:00. Course, 5 miles.

Enemo, Joseph Clayton, Broad Channel Y. C.	12:15
Hadleyplane, C. S. Hadley, Broad Channel Y. C.	12:18
Miss Meadowmere, F. Ripp, Bay Head Y. C.	14:10
Miss Quiney, Chris Ripp, Bay Head Y. C.	22:37

Total of points for 151-class hydroplanes: Enemo, 500; Hadleyplane, 250; Miss Meadowmere, 200; Miss Quiney, 25; Miss Broad Channel, 25.

340-CLASS BOATS—SECOND HEAT.
Start, 2:30. Course, 4 miles.

Buddah, G. Hazen, Broad Channel Y.C.	11:52
Crow, P. Proal, Red Bank Y. C.	12:14
Hellfire, F. A. Kissner, Belle Harbor Y. C.	13:12
Fralabi, J. F. Priest, Bay Head Y. C.	17:11

340-CLASS BOATS—FINAL HEAT.
Start, 3:30. Course, 5 miles.

Buddah, G. Hazen, Broad Channel Y.C.	13:19
Crow, P. Proal, Red Bank Y. C.	13:24
Hellfire, F. A. Kissner, Belle Harbor Y. C.	18:51
Fralabi, J. F. Priest, Bay Head Y. C.	17:11

Total of points for 340-class boats: Buddah, 600; Crow, 300; Hellfire, 150; Fralabi, 100; Gunfire Jr., 25.

FREE-FOR-ALL—FINAL HEAT.
Start, 4:00. Course, 5 miles.

Starling, P. Proal, Red Bank Y. C.	9:42
Buddah, G. Hazen, Broad Channel Y.C.	12:51
Hellfire, F. A. Kissner, Belle Harbor Y. C.	13:03
Flapper, Dr. Watson, Belle Harbor Y. C.	13:13

Total of points for the Free-for-All class: Starling, 400; Hellfire, 150; Buddah, 150; Flapper, 45; Miss Meadowmere, 25.

U. S. COAST GUARD BOATS.
Start, 4:30. Course, 2½ miles.

No. 2367	8:36
No. 2325	11:04
No. 2320	12:50
No. 2319	13:17

PANAMA CRICKETERS TAKE EXHIBITION

Down A. Norris Eleven, 131 Runs to 90, in Match at New York Oval—Marshall Is Star.

Colored cricketers, playing under the colors of the Panama Cricket Club, showed themselves to be superior, both in batting and bowling, to the white team under the captaincy of A. Norris opposed to them in the exhibition match at New York Oval yesterday afternoon and won, 131 to 90. The losers occupied the wickets first, but only two of them, A. Gill and W. Boxill, attained double figures. The former scored 32 and the latter 10. Of the bowlers A. Branford and E. Holder were the most successful. E. Marshall, with 45, headed the batsmen of the Panama eleven. Doubles were also contributed by E. Holder, H. Jones, C. P. Carter, Z. Sobers and C. Harris.

The score:

A. NORRIS ELEVEN.

V. Cockeram, c. Scott, b. Branford	1
G. Kay, b. Branford	2
J. Davis, c. Harris, b. Branford	8
C. Lander, c. Harris, b. Branford	5
A. Gill, c. Sobers, b. Holder	32
A. Ainsworth, l. b. w. b. Marshall	7
W. Boxill, b. Branford	10
J. Langley, c. and b. Marshall	8
F. Durrant, st. Scott, b. Holder	9
F. Hall, b. Holder	0
A. Norris, not out	2
Extras	5
Total	90

PANAMA C. C.

R. Scott, b. Hall	3
R. Holder, c. Lander, b. Davis	4
H. Jones, st. Lander, b. Hall	17
C. Harris, b. Davis	10
E. Marshall, b. Gill	45
E. Holder, c. Davis, b. Hall	18
E. Carter, run out	0
C. P. Carter, l. b. w. b. Davis	17
Z. Sobers, run out	15
A. Branford, not out	0
Extras	2
Total	131

Bowling: Branford, 3 for 32; Marshall, 2 for 21; E. Holder, 3 for 3; J. Davis, 3 for 41; F. Hall, 3 for 39; A. Gill, 1 for 12.

225 Golfers End Long Tour; Lost More Than 3,000 Balls

CHICAGO, Aug. 16 (AP).—About 225 golfers returned to Chicago today after a tour of the Pacific Northwest in two special trains and scattered to their homes in thirty States. The tourists played on a score of links in the fifteen cities visited. In the party were Jim Barnes, British open champion; Jock Hutchison, Keefe Carter, Western amateur champion; Chick Evans and other stars. The tour covered 5,000 miles. Playing over a different links each day with many natural hazards, it was estimated that the golfers left 3,000 lost balls scattered about golf courses over the long trail. The only casualties of the pilgrimage were A. Smith of Davenport, Iowa, who was hit in the eye by a golf ball, and Morris Cummings of Chicago, whose ankle got in the way of one of Jim Barnes's drives.

YACHTS REST TODAY IN N. Y. Y. C. CRUISE

Queen Mab and Sally Ann Win Commodore's Cups on Run to Vineyard Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 16.—There will be no official racing tomorrow in the cruise of the New York Yacht Club. The squadron may proceed at will from this port to Mattapoisett, which means that if there is a breeze some impromptu races may be sailed in the different classes. If the current light weather continues most of the racing yachts will probably tow over to Buzzards Bay, where a regatta will be held Tuesday for the Rear Commodore's Cups. The race in Buzzards Bay is a novelty in the history of the New York Yacht Club cruising squadrons. The racing has usually been from port to port for the classic prizes offered, but the race committee this year decided to make a change in the old program.

Following this race the fleet will have a squadron run to Newport on Wednesday and on Thursday the Astor Cups will be sailed for and on Friday the race for the King's Cup will be sailed on th same course.

All day today the big squadron lay in the picturesque harbor here. The yachts had been ordered to dress ship at morning colors, and, with their many-colored flags flying, they made a brilliant picture against the blue. But on many of the racing yachts the colors were not strung rainbow fashion until late in the day. Because of yesterday's light winds many of the racing yachts did not make the harbor until early this morning, and when the color signal was made their crews were sound asleep.

In Saturday's race the winner of the Commodore's Cup for schooners was Queen Mab, the cup for sloops being taken by Sally Ann. Spartan was the winner in the fifty-foot class, Georgia in Class O, Fci-Seen in the Seawanhaka schooner class, and in the thirty-footer class Oriole was first.

In the absence of Fleet Captain W. Butler Duncan, who returned with Commodore Nichols on the Corsair, Edmund Lang, who is a member of the Race Committee, is acting as fleet captain. Fleet Surgeon Samuel Brown is accompanying the fleet.

BARNES PROBABLY OUT OF THE WESTERN OPEN

"Overgolfed" by British Play and Coast Tour—Play Starts Thursday.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16 (AP).—Jim Barnes of New York, British open golf champion, said today he probably would be unable to play in the Western open tournament at Youngstown this week, as he had been overgolfed by his British conquest and his long tour of the Pacific Northwest, ending today.

The entries announced by the Western Golf Association, however, show 237 names, making it the largest in the history of the event. The list includes the national open titleholder, Willie Macfarlane and Walter Hagen.

There are forty amateurs, including Donald Carrick of Toronto, Canadian champion; Chick Evans and Keefe Carter of Oklahoma City.

The field will play eighteen holes Thursday and the sixty-four survivors with ties for last place will play seventy-two holes Friday and Saturday.

MARATHON IS ARRANGED.

Run Will Be Held From Columbus Circle to Port Chester.

A marathon run, over the regulation distance of 26 miles 385 yard, has been arranged for Oct. 12, Columbus Day, and will be held under the auspices of the Port Chester Chamber of Commerce. Entry blanks were sent out yesterday by officials of the run. It was announced that entries would close at midnight, Oct. 5, with William C. Young, Chairman, at the Port Chester Chamber of Commerce, First National Bank Building of Port Chester. The start will be made near Columbus Circle and the finish will be in the Plaza at Port Chester.

The official title of the race is the Port Chester National Marathon, and, according to the official announcement, is being held in connection with the Merchants-Manufacturers Exposition and the Silver Jubilee of the Knights of Columbus, under the direction of the John M. Grady Council No. 503.

CONNERS'S BOAT IS VICTOR.

Miss Palm Beach Easily Wins 100-Mile Event at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 16 (AP).—Miss Palm Beach, owned by William J. Conners, won the hundred-mile sweepstake, the feature of the Buffalo Launch Club's international regatta on the Niagara River this afternoon. The boat made the twenty laps of the course at an average speed of 43.3 miles an hour, beating the nearest rival by a mile.

K. of C. Meet Entry Blanks Out.

Entry blanks have been distributed for the international track and field meet to be held at the Yankee Stadium on the night of Sept. 14 under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus. It was stated that Frank McHale, Chairman of the Games Committee, now is in communication with a number of the leading foreign stars, several of whom have announced that they will compete.

Cardinals Recall Thevenow.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16 (AP).—The St. Louis Cardinals announced yesterday that Tommy Thevenow, shortstop, had been recalled from Syracuse and would report at Boston tomorrow. Jim Cooney has been released on option to the Syracuse club.

Review—THE WEEK IN SPORTS—Outlook

TENNIS

Captain J. Arthur Batley, manager of the English women's team, speaking at the dinner given by Julian S. Myrick in honor of the Oxford-Cambridge tennis team, declared that the Wightman Cup matches have been a boon to women's tennis in his country, inspiring the players with the ambition to win their "international letter." The international tests have equally glorified women's tennis in the United States. Never before has there been so keen a rivalry among the ranking stars of the country for the honor of being named on the American team as there was this year.

This interest among the players has magnified that of the public. Six thousand people turned out for Saturday's play, more than saw Johnston and Richards meet in the East-West matches. When one recalls the slight interest taken in women's tennis in the United States in the past, with pitifully small galleries at the national championships, it is evident that the Wightman Cup matches have been a great aid to the game in America.

The splendid victory of the invaders will not be begrudged by the most ardent supporter of the home team. It was won purely on merit by a better-balanced combination that excelled the Americans in doubles play. The team from England demonstrated once again that in no other country is there instilled in the player a deeper regard for the strategy of tennis. In this country the tendency is to put too great a premium upon speed and muscular power. The English player appreciates more the value of tactics and is better trained in the subtleties of the game. Mrs. Lambert Chambers, with her instinct for seizing upon the right stroke in every situation, prevailed over the sheer power of a player who was hardly old enough to lift a racquet when the English woman was at the height of her career on the courts.

Only one jarring note marred the success of the international matches. This was the inefficient lining and, partly owing to it, the shameful conduct of some of the spectators. The Tennis Umpires Association has gained recognition for the splendid work it is doing in providing competent officials for the play, but the wretched failure of the linesmen on Saturday was extremely disconcerting to the players and aggravating to those seated in the stadium. Nevertheless, there was no excuse for the gallery in seeking to take matters into its own hands, and the booing and hissing that greeted one of the players who was delayed in getting to the court was disgraceful. Such conduct is entirely out of place at a tennis match. One can not help but be thankful that the English triumphed under the circumstances. Victory for the home team would have been a bit galling to those who have the best interests of tennis at heart.

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GOLF

It is contrary to human nature to expect that any method which the Professional Golfers' Association of America might devise for the purpose of limiting the field in its championship would meet with unanimous favor, yet it is possible that some system could be devised which would make the event far more representative than it now is. As likely as not when the salaried hosts gather at Olympia Fields next month for the purpose of sifting out the 1925 champion, quite a few of the leading professional shot-makers will be missing as a result of the sectional system which is now being used to decide who are to compete in the match play proceedings.

Already a number of stalwarts have fallen victims to the uncertainties of the sectional qualifying plan. Under the district allotment method, Chicago, with a host of courses, has been granted only three places and how many first-class failures resulted is best shown by naming those who survived. The three successful qualifiers were Laurie Ayton, Al Espinosa and William Mehlhorn. Among the unfortunates who failed to make passing grades were Eddie Loos and Bob Macdonald, to mention only two of the more prominent players in the Windy City district. The jovial Jock Hutchison will not be present, due to the fact that the qualifying round was played while he was out on a golf jaunt. In Hutchison's case, however, his absence is voluntary, since he had a choice of playing in the qualifying round or not, as he saw fit.

Elsewhere there have been other notable golfers who have failed to pass muster. Clarence Hackney, recent winner of the New Jersey State open, failed to qualify, as did Bobby Cruickshank. Other prominent figures in various sections of the country have failed also and the chances are good for a number of stars failing to make the grade when the metropolitan district qualifying round is played at Fox Hills today. Thirteen places have been awarded to this section and there are more than a hundred golfers who will attempt to fill them. There are sure to be many disappointments and it may be that some of the foremost linksmen in the district will be left outside the pale.

Of course if the field has to be limited to sixty-four players there is only one way to do it, and that is to qualify either sectionally or at the scene of action. Both plans have now been tried and the present one seems to be better thought of than the old one under which the entire field qualified at the scene of the tournament proper and then proceeded immediately to the man-to-man elimination. Qualifying by sections has two advantages—it cuts down the cost by making it possible for players to qualify in their own districts and it takes care of a number of golfers in outlying sections who might not go to the P. G. A. tournament if they had to make long journeys and still have no assurance of qualifying. But it might not be a bad plan to play the entire event as the British amateur is played—match play from the start. That would insure a representative field and a representative champion.

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YACHTING

Following the conclusion of the New York Yacht Club cruise, the yachtsmen of Long Island Sound will turn their attention to the international contests which will bring the season to a fitting close.

The first of these events will be the international Star class races, which begin on Sept. 1 and continue for the four following days. The Star class races will be especially interesting this year because of the diversity of fleets which will be represented. The Star class championship trophy is now held by the Western Long Island Sound fleet, which will defend the prize, probably with Ace, owned by William Iselin 2d, and against the Long Island Sound yacht will be pitted boats from a wide area. It is expected that Star class sloops from Central Long Island Sound, Eastern Long Island Sound, Peconic Bay, Lake Erie, New Orleans, Los Angeles, San Diego, Lake Otsega, Havana, Hawaiian Islands, Hongkong and British Columbia will compete, making a truly international fleet.

Although the Stars are comparatively small yachts, being 15 feet 6 inches on the water line and 22 feet long over all, they have furnished in the past some of the keenest racing on Long Island Sound, and the class is the largest yacht racing class in the world today, numbering some 440 yachts.

Following the Star class races will come the International Six-meter race, which will involve a team of four American yachts of this type sailing against four sloops to be brought over representing the Scandinavian Yacht Racing Union. The foreign countries represented will be Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland. The Scandinavians are good sailors and the Seawanhaka Corinthian Six-meter men do not look forward to any easy thing in beating them. Among the invading skippers will be Commodore Johan Anker of the Royal Norwegian Yacht Club, himself a designer of racing sloops, which have raced successfully here as well as abroad.

The Scandinavian-American match begins on Sept. 13 off Oyster Bay, and starting on Aug. 31 there will be a series of races for the purpose of choosing the four yachts of the American team.

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BASEBALL

The big question in baseball now is: Which will crack first, the teams or the fans? The citizenry of Philadelphia and Washington are as nervous as a boy in a spooky house. Pittsburgh is hanging on the ropes in an agony of suspense. As the teams rush down the home stretch several millions of people are holding their breath and trying to look natural, although their pulses are hammering and their hearts are skipping and their hair persists in standing on end.

Only New York takes the matter with comparative calmness, and that may be due to the fact that the Giants have not yet made their great bid for the flag. After four years of pennant pangs the metropolis is pretty well inured. It takes the Giants somewhat for granted. If the McGrawmen are going to win, they will do it in September, and what goes on now is interesting and diverting but not pulsating. That is the New York idea.

Of course, surcease for the suffering would be for one of the four teams to be eliminated from the struggle, but any one of the above cities would reject that balm with indignation. The quartet seems to match rally with rally. The Athletics and Senators are so close that they can shake hands across the trenches. A bad Western trip damaged the Giants but it would take only a slight tilt of the scales to bring them level with the Pirates, who haven't played impressive ball in recent weeks.

The most popular victories probably would be those of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia. Next would be Pittsburgh and Washington. Third would be New York and Philadelphia. Fourth and last would be New York and Washington. Nobody outside the immediate family circle wants to see that world's series again, despite the gorgeous exhibition of last Autumn. The Giants seem to run last in popularity but, unfortunately for Pittsburgh, the flag is not decided by a straw vote.

What is good for baseball and what actually happens on the ball field are sometimes two different things. John McGraw has practically the entire world of baseball lined up against him. Public opinion says "No" to McGraw's dearest ambition—to win five straight pennants. Natural forces, the law of averages, human nature, precedent, human experience, even Fate herself (witness the uncanny list of Giant injuries) are arrayed against McGraw. One man against the world. When you look at it in that way, when you realize the depths of McGraw's ambition and his intense determination of purpose, you may still side with the majority, but you will also know that the battle is just beginning.

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SWIMMING

Particular interest is attached to the amazing victory scored by the Women's Swimming Association of New York in the National A. A. U. aquatic championships at Detroit last week, because it afforded fresh evidence of the value of the system adopted by the organization to develop its contestants, a system radically different from that usually followed elsewhere.

The common practice is to start competing swimmers as sprinters, then gradually work them up to cover longer courses. The W. S. A. instead makes its candidates middle swimmers before they are launched in the racing field at all and, in fact, discourages speed work altogether in training.

Miss Charlotte Epstein, manager of the W. S. A. teams, who has been chiefly instrumental in fostering the growth of the noted organization and mainly is responsible for its brilliant success in water sports, explains the system thus:

"It is our belief that the contestant or prospective contestant who does nothing but sprinting is unable adequately to exploit her or his natural resources; first, because it is impossible to perfect form when swimming always at top speed; second, because a sprinter tires so soon that she or he cannot work continuously long enough thoroughly to exercise and upbuild the swimming muscles.

"For these reasons we advocate regular practice over middle distance stretches at moderate pace and very little speed swimming. Our novices are urged to swim slowly, carefully watching the action, and go a little further every time they visit the pool. We have found that this course not only develops form and swimming strength, but makes far less demand on heart, lungs and muscles, completely precluding all danger of strain even where immature youngsters are concerned. So we do not allow any girl to represent the club in competition until she can swim 220 yards in good style and without the least sign of fatigue. Once she can pass this test we know she is well equipped to start racing.

"But we carry the idea further and advise girls who qualify for the team to keep on practicing at an easy gait as a matter of routine and only indulge in speed swimming very occasionally, at the approach of an important race. We never give a member of the team a time trial unless such a trial is necessary to ascertain whether she should be entered for some championship or sent on some proposed trip."

TURF

Two events dominated the world of thoroughbred racing at Saratoga Springs last week—the unfortunate training injury to American Flag and the record price of $50,500 paid for a yearling filly by Man o' War at the yearling sales.

The accident to the Glen Riddle Farm colt was deeply regretted, for while it may not be permanent and he may be under colors later in the season his absence leaves a gap among the three-year-olds at the Spa which cannot be filled. This division is deplorably weak and can ill afford the loss of its leader.

That any one would pay so great a price as $50,500 for a yearling, more especially a filly, was undreamed of in the thoroughbred world. Whether James Cox Brady will ever receive a return commensurate with the investment only time can tell. But he was not alone in a desire to possess the filly and he had to go the limit to gain her. There can be no quarrel with her looks—she is thoroughbred perfection in size, quality and conformation.

While this individual transaction overshadowed all others during the first week of the yearling sales, it should not be overlooked that the averages have been unusually high. It was only on the first two nights of the sales that the averages fell below $2,000. They have run as high as $4,000, excluding the night on which the record was established, when the average went over $7,000. These figures are impressively significant when it is recalled that the highest average per head in the former history of yearling sales in the United States was $2,273, which was reached in 1921. Little short of sensational were the prices paid for the first crop of an untried sire. Eighteen head of the get of John P. Grier, one of Man o' War's great rivals, averaged $4,000, with $7,500 as the top price.

How closely Man o' War is linked with current happenings in the thoroughbred world is shown by these events. It was his daughter that brought the record price. His three-year-old son is the horse most missed from racing. His progeny are cleaning up regularly, and it was his daughter, Maid at Arms, that went to the top of the American three-year-old fillies in the historic Alabama Stakes, when she defeated two other daughters of her sire.

It certainly is the age of the gentler sex in racing. In 1923 and 1924 fillies led the colts in England, Tranquil leading the list in the former year and Straightlace last year. In the United States in 1923 two and three year old fillies won more than $1,540,000. Last year in this country fillies of those ages won more than $1,970,000. It is a realization of these facts, perhaps, that is the underlying reason for the unheard-of prices that are now being paid for fillies of class.

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TROTTING

The present season is proving the most brilliant in the history of trotting. The setting of five world's records, three in the Grand Circuit meet at North Randall and two over the half-mile track in the Orange County Circuit meet at Goshen, besides the running of America's richest event for two-year-old trotters, were the outstanding features of last week's racing. Peter Manning, Truax, Miss Czar, Moko and Station Belle were the stars at North Randall, and Peter Maltby and Guy Trojan the shining lights at Goshen.

Peter Manning, trotting an exhibition two miles on Saturday, clipped three seconds off the former world's mark made by Kropish in Russia, and five seconds off the American, set by The Harvestor at Lexington, Ky., in 1910. Truax trotted a mile and an eighth in 2:20, one second faster than the previous figures, Truax accomplishing this in the first heat of the race in which Peter S., in winning the second heat, also lowered the old figures, but failed by two-fifths of a second to equal Truax's new mark. Miss Czar Moko twice broke the pacing figures for one mile and an eighth in the same race, first stepping the distance in 2:18 3-5, and then in 2:18 2-5. Peter Maltby trotted the mile in 2:10¾, beating the former record of 2:11¼ for a half-mile track held by Commodore Wilson, while Station Belle captured the $15,000 Rainy Day Sweepstakes, the greatest of juveniles events in this country, at North Randall. Guy Trojan's 2:07½ set a new mark for four-year-old trotters over a half-mile track.

In view of these performances of Station Belle and Peter Maltby, followers of the sport are looking forward with eagerness to the $21,000 Kentucky Futurity, in which each is eligible to start in the October meeting at Lexington. Keen observers believe that Peter Maltby has a good chance to beat Station Belle, figuring that his time on a half-mile track is equally as good as hers on a mile course. The son of Peter Volo is owned by E. Roland Harriman, who also owns Guy Trojan, and the daughter of Belwin is owned by E. J. Merkle of Columbus, Ohio, their respective trainers and drivers being W. K. Dickerson and Ben White. Dickerson and White developed their youngsters at Orlando, Fla., and their success so far this season is likely to lead other trainers to select southern camps in the future.

Station Belle is the third of the get of Belwin to win the Rainy Day Sweepstakes, an event which had its origin five years ago as a private sweep made up among Cleveland amateurs who were comparing their colts on a rainy day. She is a full sister to Sumatra, which also captured the fixture last year, both being by Belwin out of Sienna, 2:06¾, which now is distinguished as the mother of the fastest three-year-old and also of the fastest two-year-old of the season, Sumatra having trotted in 2:03¼ against aged horses in the $25,000 Geers Memorial at Toledo. It is considered remarkable that one sire should be credited with three winners in five years in so great a fixture, but it is looked upon as almost unprecedented that such winners in two successive years should come from the same dam as well as the same sire. Sienna, one of the best daughters of Peter the Great, 2:07¼, was bred by W. E. D. Stokes of this city. Previous winners of the Rainy Day were Bunter, by Belwin, in 1921, when it was first run; Thompson Dillon, by Dillon Axworthy, in 1922 and Truax, by Guy Axworthy, in 1923.

NATION-WIDE RELAY OF GERMANY ENDS

18 Runners, Last of 120,000 Taking Part, Reach Armenius Monument at Detmold.

COVERED 11,178 MILES

Each Athlete Ran Stretches From 100 to 400 Meters—Carried Scroll Inscribed by von Hindenburg.

DETMOLD, Germany, Aug. 16 (AP).—Eighteen runners dashed to the historic monument of Arminius, Germany's national hero, in this city shortly before noon today, bringing to a successful conclusion the picturesque nation-wide relay run which began at the outlying points of Germany at midnight Friday and continued through yesterday, Arminius Day.

The men constituted the last relay out of the 120,000 picked runners selected from a group of 1,750,000 from the United German Gymnastic Societies. The teams covered an aggregate distance of more than 18,000 kilometers (11,178 miles), each runner covering a stretch varying from 100 to 400 meters.

Scrolls containing patriotic messages were passed from one man to the other and these were deposited at the pedestal of the monument to Arminius, whose place in the history of Germany was won when he annihilated the Roman legions in Teutoburg Forest in the year A. D. 9.

The scrolls carried by the runners included one from Berlin inscribed by President von Hindenburg.

"This magnificent relay run through Germany," this scroll reads, "was preeminently intended as a reminder that we are sons of one common Fatherland, and that we can only master the present and the future if we remain united people."

All the scrolls, some of which have historic significance, will be placed in the Friedrich Ludwig Jahn Museum at Freyburg, Thuringia, where Father Jahn, founder of the German Turnverein, is buried. The Arminius run was organized by the Turnverein leaders, not only as an athletic event, but a patriotic demonstration to show the unity of the country.

Today's ceremonies included an athletic exhibition by picked teams from various parts of Germany, which was concluded by "hochs" for German people and Fatherland, and the singing of patriotic songs.

BALLERINO IN TITLE BOUT.

Junior Lightweight Champion to Box Paluso on Coast Sept. 7.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16 (AP).—Mike Ballerino of Bayonne, N. J., junior lightweight champion, will defend his title in a ten-round bout against Lou Paluso, Salt Lake City boxer, here Sept. 7.

The bout will be held in the San Francisco Coast League ball park as a feature of the Diamond Jubilee celebration that week.

FITZSIMMONS MUST POST $100,000 HERE

Said to Be Trying to Raise the Money in Chicago to Clinch the Dempsey-Wills Fight.

OTHER BOUTS DISCUSSED

Mullins Reported to Have Received Offers for Fall—Kearns Confers With Walker.

The conference which was scheduled in Chicago the latter of this week among the principals to the proposed Jack Dempsey-Harry Wills is not likely to be held, and instead the scene probably will be in New York. Paddy Mullins, who is directing negotiations in behalf of Wills, announced yesterday that there would be no new developments in the Dempsey-Wills business arrangements until Floyd Fitzsimmons, the prospective promoter, returned from Chicago and placed $100,000 to the credit of Mullins and Wills.

It appears that when Fitzsimmons left last Friday afternoon bearing the signature of Mullins to a tentative agreement, it was to raise the $100,000 to convince Mullins that he was capable of going through with his offer. It was stated last Saturday that everything was in readiness for a conference, which would be attended by Mullins, Fitzsimmons and Dempsey, with Jack Kearns, manager of Dempsey, near at hand.

Mullins, it appears, wants action on the Fitzsimmons offer because a number of promoters here are anxious to obtain the services of Wills for at least two fights this Fall and if Fitzsimmons fails, Mullins will open negotiations for the other fights. Mullins said yesterday that he still was hopeful that Fitzsimmons would succeed. He said the fact that Dempsey had placed so much confidence in Fitzsimmons had prompted him to yield to the proposition submitted by he Middle Western promoter.

Jack Kearns made a hurried trip to Summit, N. J., to hold a conference with Mickey Walker, his welterweight champion. Either Walker or Kearns, depending upon whether Kearns will be reinstated by the New York State Athletic Commission at its meeting tomorrow, will post $10,000 with Tex Rickard to bind the world's welterweight title match with Dave Shade, which will be fought at the Yankee Stadium on the night of Sept. 29.

Tex Rickard spent only a short time at his Garden offices and reported that he had no news. His plans were upset on Saturday when Paul Berlenbach, the world's light heavyweight champion, broke his left hand, necessitating a postponement of the Berlenbach-Jack Delaney battle scheduled for the Yankee Stadium on Aug. 28. Rickard was forced to postpone the fight, but the date is still open and he intimated that he yet may stage a fight on that day.

It was announced yesterday that Sailor Freedman had been selected as the opponent of Mickey Walker in his bout at East Chicago on Friday night.

Montgomery to Meet Gates.

Sully Montgomery, former Centre College football star, has been engaged to meet Leo Gates in the twelve-round feature at the Rockaway Beach Arena on Friday night. Frankie Carpenter of Freeport will meet Willie Walker of Harlem in the eight round semi-final. Three other bouts are on the program.

VICENTINI TO MEET JOE DUNDEE TONIGHT

Duane and Leonard Also on the Card at Queensboro Stadium —Other Boxing Bouts.

Everything is in readiness for the boxing program at the Queensboro Athletic Club in Long Island City tonight. After two weeks of fistic inaction, hostilities will be resumed with Luis Vicentini, the Chilean lightweight, taking on Joe Dundee, hard-hitting Baltimore battler, over the twelve-round distance. Another twelve-round bout will feature Carl Duane of the Bronx and Allentown Johnny Leonard.

Vicentini, who earned a large following in the metropolitan section due to aggressive work, will face a dangerous opponent in the Baltimore boy, whose most recent victim was Nate Goldman. Dundee knocked out Goldman in Philadelphia last week. He has also met such fighters as Andy Chaney, Ever Hammer, Sid Barbarian, Joe Tipitz, Lew Tendler, Alex Hart, Jack Zivic, Sailor Freedman and many other well-known ring artists. Vicentini has much at stake. He returned recently from South America and his purpose is to earn the right to meet Jimmy Goodrich for the lightweight championship.

Johnny Grasso, Billy Gibson's new heavyweight from Mount Vernon, will meet Jim Slimmer of Philadelphia in a six-round special. In the opening bout, scheduled for four rounds, Andy De Vodi and Jimmy Hutchinson, both of New York, will meet.

Five six-round bouts and one battle of four rounds will compose the boxing program arranged for the Richmond Boxing Club of Staten Island tonight. The six round schedule follows: Jay Lanahan vs. Tommy West. Freddie Krebs vs. Jimmy Sheppard, Eddie Mathes vs. Young Padgley, Mel Drohan vs. Midge Donlan and Midget Joe Coletti vs. Jimmy Reed. In the four-round clash Young Bradley faces Mickey Mitchell.

McTIGUE DUE TOMORROW.

To Box Marullo at Coney Island Friday—Slattery on Card.

Mike McTigue, former holder of the world's light-heavyweight title, is due to return from his camp at Saratoga tomorrow afternoon and will put the finishing touches to his training here for his twelve-round bout with Tony Marullo of New Orleans, which is scheduled to take place at the Coney Island Stadium on Friday night.

Jimmy Slattery of Buffalo will renew acquaintances in this city when he meets Maxey Rosenbloom in a six-round special bout.

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

MONDAY, AUGUST 17, 1925.

OFFICES OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.
NEW YORK CITY:
[Telephone Lackawanna 1000.]

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TIMES ANNEX.434 St. w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....16 Broadway
HARLEM.....137 West 125th Street
BROOKLYN.....300 Washington Street
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AN UNINSPIRING CAMPAIGN.

The former Secretary of State of New York, Mr. JOHN J. LYONS, has discovered a certain lack of "enthusiasm" in the city election, especially on the Republican side. To supply this quality he proposes to enter the Republican primary as a candidate for Mayor, in addition to Mr. WATERMAN, designated by the party organization, and to our old friend Mr. BENNETT, designated by himself. Experts in enthusiasm at once sought out the Hon. SAMUEL KOENIG to find out if the announcement by Mr. LYONS had heated the atmosphere, ordinarily very cool, which surrounds the Republican County Chairman. They were able to report no rise in temperature. If the Republican leaders are highly enthusiastic about their work thus far, and their prospect in the campaign, they are very skillful in concealing the fact.

It is only fair to remember that they have been facing, and still face, unusual difficulties. They could not be sure in advance exactly whom they would have to fight in the November election. Yet they had to go ahead with their nominations for the September primary as if they did know. The evidence is clear that they were preparing to turn their guns upon Mayor HYLAN. His nomination was almost pathetically expected and desired by them, since they thought that he would be a weak candidate, and that they would be able to rally a powerful independent support for their ticket. But if the real enemy is to be, as now appears highly probable, not HYLAN but WALKER, the Republican plan of campaign will evidently be much disordered. The feeling of uncertainty cannot fail to be heightened by the irruption into the Republican primary of the irrepressible Mr. BENNETT, and the impetuous Mr. LYONS. Sorrowful Republican observers are saying that this is what comes of failing to select a candidate of such commanding character and civic stature that no one in the party would ever have thought of contesting with him for the nomination.

The Democratic outlook, on the other hand, cannot be said to be very inspiring except for those who are cheered by a bitter quarrel within the party. All the emphasis is placed on the struggle between factions and between the boroughs of Greater New York for supremacy. Nearly everything seems to be forgotten, for the moment, except partisan manoeuvring, the clash of Democratic leaders, and the not very elevating competition between the two claimants of the Democratic nomination for Mayor. We do not say that such a struggle could have been avoided. Given the attitude and the imperious methods of Mayor HYLAN and his backers, probably it could not have been. But no thoughtful lover of the city can pretend that it is an exhilarating spectacle.

President BUTLER, who, it is supposed, will have something to do with drafting the Republican city platform, has already declared, sententiously, that the great issue can be stated as one between good government for New York and bad government. This may do as a summary or a slogan, but it plainly will need a lot of amplifying detail. Wherein we have had a bad government for seven years will require specifications. A positive program for better government will have to be set forth, item by item. And when all is said, we cannot get away from the fact that the voters of this city will give less heed next November to professions than to personalities. Good government without good men behind it is a thing hard to imagine and harder yet to attain.

One great reason, perhaps the chief reason, why people are visibly depressed by the course of the municipal campaign, so far as it has gone, is that there seems to be no certainty of our finding big men to grapple with the big problems sure to be thrust upon the city during the next four years. Party expediency appears to have been the main consideration with the political leaders. If they had had more constantly and more firmly in mind the needs and demands of this principality which we call New York, they would have remembered what FRANKLIN said about small minds going ill with great empires, and perhaps would have been ready to agree with EDMUND BURKE in thinking that there can be nothing but disaster to that country or city which "considers a low education, a "mean, contracted view of things, a "sordid, mercenary occupation, as a "preferable title to command."

THE INUTILE INDISPENSABLE.

Ohio has been treating herself to a dose of primaries. The people crowded to the polls with even unwonted passion. Everywhere the voting was "unusually light." In some peculiarly zealous municipalities the primary vote was as much as 8 per cent. of the registration. In Columbus, which had to nominate a City Council whose duties come near the business and bosom and pocketbook of the citizens, about one eligible out of every seven "turned out." Such was the popular consideration for the officials at the voting booths. Their pay for the day amounted to more than $20,000. They gave their happy leisure "mostly to conversing or crocheting or both," says The Ohio State Journal mournfully. Every Columbian vote cost the taxpayers two dollars. "What is to be done about the primary?" our contemporary asks. "The people seem to want it." No doubt. If a man wants a drink and it is offered to him, he refuses it. If a man wants and gets a suit of clothes or an automobile, he won't use it. It would be interesting to see the result of a referendum on this one question, unconfused by anything else.

A HELPING HAND TO CHINA.

The suggestion of a "Dawes Plan" to China, put forward at the Williamstown Institute of Politics, has a new and alluring sound in view of the success of the plan in Germany. Other than the label, however, there is little new in it, for the various plans tried by the Powers to help China, such as the administration of the Chinese customs, the consortium, and, for that matter, the coming conference, which is an outgrowth of the Washington treaties and resolutions of 1921 and 1922, have had much the same objective for China as the "Dawes Plan" had for Germany. The difficulties in the way of all such plans, by whatever names they may be called, are the impotence of the Chinese Government and the inertia of the Chinese people, which is inherent despite the recent agitations and the noisy demonstrations of the students. Even the customs administration, directed with unusual efficiency and impartiality by foreigners for the benefit of the Chinese, has been burdened by the obstruction of local interests hostile to the Central Government in Peking.

This lack of any dominating party in Chinese politics is the greatest single obstacle to China's reform. The students, who cry out so loudly against foreign "interference"—whether in the form of a "Dawes Plan," or anything else—are themselves unable to unite China. Their bark has been much worse than their bite. The same is true of the labor agitators, inasmuch as the percentage of Chinese employed in industrial labor is so small as to be negligible. It is unfortunately true that the labor conditions in the cotton mills are, judged from Western standards, unspeakably bad. Critics who have attacked foreign owners for this have ignored the fact that conditions in Chinese-owned mills are as bad or worse. It has suited the agitators backing the combined student-labor movement to arouse hatred of foreigners. The hope is, obviously, to make out of anti-foreignism the common bond with which to unite the entire Chinese nation.

Even this ideal, plausible enough in the Western world, runs foul of the stolid Chinese inertia. Such a program is all right for the Chinese educated in Western methods. These, however, are few in number and young in years. Over the mass of Chinese their hold is little or none. Patriotism and nationalism, as we know the concepts, are practically non-existent. Even the new nationalism of the students is a recent manifestation of foreign origin. The forms of national government devised for countries where the percentage of illiterates is negligible, and where the tradition of self-government is deep rooted, fit only uneasily on races where illiteracy is almost universal except among a small group of merchants, scholars and professional men, and where the idea of self-government is centred about patriarchal local units.

It is regrettable that in the discussions of Chinese affairs in this country there has been so much advocacy of extreme measures. Those who, on the one hand, demand further international control are too often intransigeant in their expressions of opinion. The partisans of the Chinese students, who attack foreign control as the source of all China's ills, completely overlook the fact that the weakness of China is not so much the result as it is the cause of foreign interference. The measures of protection for foreigners in China have been imposed because China was herself unable to give this protection. The solution of the Chinese problem lies not in throwing off all foreign supervision and privileges nor in further restricting Chinese sovereignty. Rather does it lie in a policy of cooperation between the Powers and China, as indicated in the Washington Conference treaties, having as its immediate aim the protection and fostering of Chinese administrative unity and as its ultimate aim the strengthening of China to such a point that foreign interference will no longer be necessary.

A "HANDSOME TRIBUTE."

All friends of wit and genius will be glad to know that Mr. WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE, in spite of his recent long attacks on the food supply of the world by land and sea, is himself again. Re-established in Emporia, submitting again to discipline and diet, he has had a wonderful recovery. His "vocabulary laboratories," as DANIEL PRATT, the Great American Traveler, used to say, are producing their finest goods. He bubbles with fun and mischief. He falls on the neck of "DAVE" MULVANE, that earliest of renomination birds. He smears him with caressings and perfidious compliments. He calls him rightly a scholar and a gentleman; too ironically, "the shortest talker west of Swampscott." He hails the bird in Kansas speech, too marrowy to lose:

> If Kansas has to have a Republican National Committeeman whose high hopes hark back to the first Grant Administration, "DAVE" is the boy for us. The editor of The Gazette once defeated "DAVE" for the Republican National Committee, and held the job just 14 minutes 3 seconds and .52; having chucked it to hit the sawdust trail to Armageddon with THEODORE ROOSEVELT, and would do it again if the circumstances were the same. But that's neither here nor there. We nurse no grudge against D. W. M. In the cornucopia which a prodigal providence pours upon a famished world, "DAVE" MULVANE is the bright particular Elberta peach for which we pant as the hart panteth for the water brook. And we hope "CAL" won't get jealous.

The hunks of gay irreverence in this canto of the Williamiad are welcome. They show that the returned traveler's health and digestion haven't been hurt by his wild Pacific pantophagy. And he enriches history with the forgotten fact that he is a veteran officeholder. Who would have believed that old Father WILLIAM could "stay hitched" for fourteen minutes?

SENSITIVE MILITARY MEN.

Doubtless Admiral HUSE had some provocation for his protest on Saturday at Williamstown that criticism of the Army and Navy of the United States had been too common and too severe at this year's session of the Institute of Politics. What he particularly objected to was the occasional laughter that accompanied such criticism. But he could not deny that provocation had also been given on the other side. Williamstown has been quite a rendezvous for retired Admirals eager to impress their views upon the members of the Institute. Some of these naval opinions, in their extreme ideas of strategy, of impending war and world convulsions, have been of a sort to prompt at least a quiet smile. And the correspondents have noted the rather amusing readiness with which the military men at Williamstown have risen to controvert projects of disarmament and reduction of expenses in preparation for war.

It is certain, however, that nothing could have been further from the intention than to bring the military representatives of the United States into ridicule. We in this country have never held army officers in such awed respect as used to be shown in Germany. There they stood in the political hierarchy next to royalty itself, and their arrogance, their overbearing haughtiness of manner, their calm assumption that the earth and all the fullness thereof belonged to them were always a source at once of wonder and of offense to American tourists in Germany. Nor has it been the American practice to make of Admirals and Generals such glittering and imposing functionaries as they seem sometimes to be in France.

The reasons for the difference between the European conception of the military establishment and our own are obvious, and need not be dwelt upon. Doubtless if we had been in the place of Germans and Frenchmen we should have had much the same thought as theirs about officers of the Army and Navy. But in true regard for these representatives of the war power of this country Americans have never been deficient. They would resent anything which looks like a slur upon the honor of our military men. Least of all would they tolerate any deliberate assertion that men of high rank in the Army and Navy really desire a war as a means of bringing them promotion and glory. Admiral HUSE was justified in warmly repelling any insinuation of that kind.

Military men inevitably must give a great deal of thought to war. That is a part of their professional duty. If hostilities come, they must be ready, so far as possible, with resources and plans. But all this is far from implying that they desire war or would dream of going out of their way to provoke it. We know what General SHERMAN came to think of war, after himself having gone through its inferno. Once he was called upon to address a conference of clergymen in Washington, and he said to them in his quick, incisive way: "It is you "gentlemen in black coats who make "wars. We who wear the army "uniform are all the time doing our "best to prevent them."

THE SCIENCE OF COMEDY.

A London critic has discovered that while all art is largely an affair of science, "making people laugh" is "pure science from end to end." He deduces this from the practice of a firm of theatrical producers who have put forth four farces and made four gigantic successes, one running three full years. Guesswork does not enter into the result. "They leave nothing to chance; they know." The latest of these products of science has a bedroom scene which is "supremely funny," and yet "need bring a blush to the cheek of no one." There you have it. The science of farce is like hitting John Grouch on the funny-bone. Surely he laughs. An older dealer in this sort of ware was asked before a "first" night if he expected the play to succeed. "Well," he answered, with no uncalled-for modesty, "it always has!"

Yet one wonders. Were the knees of FRANCIS WILSON a science, and the ears of EDDIE FOY? By what process of induction did CHARLIE CHAPLIN arrive at his feet? What is the chemical formula for the solemn abstraction with which RAY DOOLEY does the split? We may surmise that those knees and ears and feet and reflectively upturned toes were born, and not synthetic. In the hour of their nativity a little star laughed, flecked by the tail of a waggish comet—and there they are! MOLIERE, it is true, called it a métier, making good folk laugh; but even so he spoke of it as a queer trade, as if he never quite knew how he pulled it off. And it may be noted that he had no apprentices, no journeymen, and left no master of his guild. What must one think of SHAKESPEARE'S clowns? Almost as often as they appear on our stage saplent youths remark that, to the sophisticated ear of modernity, the much celebrated wit of the Bard is extraordinarily dull—and they proceed to throw off a quip or two of their own, as if unconsciously illustrating the point. That happened even to Bully Bottom as presented in GRANVILLE BARKER'S production. But there is nothing of the sort, when, once in a blue moon, those parts that were tailored to WILL KEMP fall to another born comedian. One of the least of them, the drunken butler of "The Tempest," is illumined forever for those who saw GEORGE HASSELL.

Our apostle of science is, in fact, confuted by his own screed. He tells us that his sure-fire producers began as professional comedians, which means that they have had long experience in feeling an audience as well as in knowing a play. Does the right foot of CHARLIE CHAPLIN know what the left foot is doing? If it did, it would be as helpless as CAROLYN WELLS'S centipede that "lay distracted in a ditch, considering how to "run." Mr. CHAPLIN knows a great deal, but for the most part he knows it subconsciously, instinctively, as a result of experience with those feet and their doting public. He may think that he is their detached and erudite conductor. The best of us has illusions of grandeur. But in every symphonic movement it is safe to conclude that he is chiefly swayed by the risibles in his diaphragm and the hunch in his elbow.

A CANCER HOSPITAL.

While we are waiting for definitive word of the reported discovery of the cause of cancer, encouraging accounts of its treatment come from an institution in this city which has been carrying on its quiet work during the last seventy years—the Memorial Hospital, established in 1854. Years ago it received a special endowment from the late Dr. JAMES DOUGLAS for the study of the human patient with cancer. His generosity also supplied a large quantity of radium and modern X-ray apparatus. In this hospital, with the further aid of the Huntington Fund for Cancer Research, exceptional facilities have been provided not only for the treatment of the disease, but for laboratory studies in its pathology, chemistry, physics and biology.

In the chemistry of cancer, the influence of diet has been exhaustively considered. The composition of tumors has also been investigated, with the effect of toxic agents. From the biological studies, one especially important indication has resulted concerning the causation of mammary cancer. And in the realm of physics, great advance has been made in the use of radium and the X-ray, after long and careful study of tissue reactions to radiation.

Dr. JAMES EWING of the Department of Pathology, Cornell University Medical College, speaking of the results of these years of research and experiment, makes the hopeful statement that the data indicate that cancer develops "as a result of many varieties "of chronic irritation which intelli-"gent persons should be able to "avoid." By so much, cancer is a preventable disease, even if it is not in all cases curable. This would seem to hold out much hope, even if the etiology of the disease is not yet definitely known. The Memorial Hospital needs twice as many beds as it now has, and much larger facilities for out-patients. Its affiliation with Cornell University Medical College is a guarantee of the scientific nature of its work.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

"Selected" but for a Good Reason.

Objection has been made to the "symposium" on prohibition of The Manufacturers' Record on the ground that the letters were written by a carefully selected group of men—that the trial was by a hand-picked jury, as it were. There is this much of ground for this criticism—the inquiries really were addressed to persons chosen, not to persons taken haphazard. The choice, however, was not of known prohibitionists, but of persons whose opinions, due to unusually numerous opportunities for observation of unusually large numbers of people, have a weight and authority far surpassing the opinions of those who move in one little circle.

The Record's informants include, first of all, the great employers of labor—the heads of manufacturing concerns, railways, mines of coal and iron, and the big distributing houses. Engineers of various sorts are among the correspondents, and so are the officials of colleges and universities. Included, too, are several Presidents of the larger labor unions. While all of these men probably were "temperate" before legal prohibition became nation-wide, the chances are that not one in five of them—no, not one in ten—was a total abstainer. The chances are that most of them hate censorships and prohibitions just as much as other good Americans do.

That they believe in this particular restriction on "personal liberty" is due to nothing except what they themselves have seen of its effects in what they rightly consider by far the most important part of the country's population. They know that part, and when they say that the whole working class, from manual laborers to the most skilled artisans, are better off now than they were before prohibition, there is no use in talking to people who still question or deny this.

A Defense by Admission.

A feminine reader of THE TIMES was prompted by remarks in this column on "An Army With Banners," Mrs. GEROULD'S story in the August Harper's, to send in a prompt and vigorous expression of disagreement with anybody who doubts or denies the plausibility of the personages depicted in it, and especially of the wife. Part of the letter follows:

> I see nothing improbable about Netta. In fact, she seems to me most true to type. She is, what SHAW has always insisted that all women are, the hunter of men, or rather the hunter of one man. And to get him she would face hell without shrinking. What she wants him for is a mystery; there I think Mrs. GEROULD left the track for a few steps. Such a woman would be eager for a child, in order to have a "hold" on her husband.
>
> But the one to be pitied, of course, is the man. The final situation is handled with the ironic touch of the true artist. He must suffer martyrdom and be, meanwhile, congratulated by his friends, even his mother, for the faithfulness and loyalty of his wife. Do you think he ever, as Netta predicted, asked for her caresses again? I am not sure as to that, but I am inclined to think he did not.
>
> That is a defense at which Mrs. GEROULD may smile a bit wanly. It is the difficulty of seeing what a woman like Netta would want of a helpless husband whom she would have to support for life that renders the story unconvincing to some of its readers.

More Like a War Than a Battle.

Having cooperated in the collection of statistics as to the casualties incidental to the celebration of Fourth of July this year, the American Museum of Safety and the National Committee for the Prevention of Blindness report that the number of known killings was 111 and of serious injuries 1,030. There were many others in both categories, for the facts come from only thirty-eight States.

It is noted by the investigators that the record of the larger cities is better than that of the small ones and the villages. That is because in most of the big cities some effort is made to enforce the laws which they all have, forbidding, with no exception made of the Fourth, the use of explosives by any except a few licensed persons; while in most of the smaller places, though they all have the same laws, there is next to no attempt at all to stop anybody from doing whatever anybody pleases with fireworks of the most dangerous sort.

New York City, with a population of 6,000,000, had only ten casualties this year. Among Chicago's 3,000,000 there were sixteen. St. Louis had seventy-three persons seriously hurt, but it claims that the record there is high only because every mishap is tabulated, while other cities are less careful. It is in towns like Bayonne, N. J., with nineteen accidents, Detroit with twenty-seven, Elmira with eleven, and Pottsville, Pa., with twenty-one, that the greatest degree of laxity in controlling celebrators is shown.

This particular report does not go into the property losses by fires started by the amateur handling of explosives on the Fourth, but there, too, there is a dreadful tale, which often has been recounted by the insurance companies.

DEFENDS NEW HAVEN RISE.

Stockholder Declares It Justified by Service Given.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me as a stockholder of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and a land owner of Central Connecticut to comment on the letter of your correspondent in THE TIMES of Aug. 14 and give him what he pleases to call "some exposition of the real facts in the matter."

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Company is essentially the railroad of New England. The prosperity of the New England States is largely dependent on this railroad. Part of the fortunes of New Englanders was invested in the stock of this company. Through the misfortunes of the Mellen and Government managements, investors saw their stock decline from over 200 to 12. There was a time when the service on this road was so bad that although my home was one hundred miles from New York City I was driven to the automobile as a means of transportation. Then the Interstate Commerce Commission permitted an increase in fares and the service has been greatly improved. We are paying a fare of 3½ cents per mile, and doing it willingly because of the improved service and the fact that this rate is cheaper than automobile transportation.

When the United States Government took over the management of the railroads, wages were increased owing to war conditions, and to meet this increase, in the case of many of the railroads, the Government loaned them money. Statistics show Government loans, &c., to the New Haven Railroad amounting to $91,430,000. While the public has become accustomed to seeing great corporations and municipalities borrow money which is constantly refunded and never paid, it is clearly the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission to provide means for the collection of the Government loans. This can only be done through adequate fares.

The Interstate Commerce Commission was created to control what was then essentially a monopoly. The automobile has changed all this. The motor vehicle, while it has made great cuts in both the freight and passenger traffic of the railroads, nevertheless has established operating costs which the Interstate Commerce Commission cannot ignore. The Westchester commuters are protesting against the commutation rate of approximately 1 cent per mile. This would not even pay the cost of the gas and oil for their automobiles.

This is approximately what it costs per mile to operate my car: Interest on the investment 1 cent, insurance ½ cent, gas and oil 1½ cents, depreciation and repairs 5 cents, garage rent 2 cents; total 10 cents. The State furnishes the roads free.

A 40 per cent. increase in commutation rate seems large, but this rate is far below what others are paying. The railroad must be operated and some one must pay for it. The question is, is the average commuter, when he thinks this over, willing to pay this fare or will he permit some politician to put him in the position of attempting to sponge on the road's stockholders, the United States Government or more public-spirited citizens who are paying more than three times as much in support of the road? It is dangerous to follow politicians blindly. If these facts are brought out at a rehearing before the commission, there is a fair likelihood of increasing the commutation rates still further.

CHARLES T. STOUT.
New York, Aug. 14, 1925.

Retail Business and Rents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's TIMES Jerome C. Neuhoff states that rents charged retail stores in New York are too high. He concludes with the words:

"What is the answer? Frankly, I do not know. Perhaps some one else knows the solution."

Mr. Neuhoff clearly admits the justice of rent-paying in general. He is not a "single taxer."

Since, in his view, the difficulty lies simply in the amount of rent that is charged, the answer will take care of itself. If the rents are too high many retail stores will fail or will remove to where lower rents will be charged. There will, in consequence, be many empty business rooms. The rents will then be reduced because "half a loaf is better than none."

If what Mr. Neuhoff charges is true, the real estate owners have simply overestimated the public's ability to pay. They have not committed a wrong, according to present business principles, but a mistake in judgment. It is expected that they will charge all they can get. If they have charged more than the public can pay, then their lack of judgment will cause financial loss both to themselves and their tenants. This loss will lead to a reduction in rents.

If the landlords can continue to find tenants at the rates now charged, then, according to our present business ideals, Mr. Neuhoff is mistaken and the rents charged are "justified."

LLOYD M. CROSGRAVE.
New York, Aug. 1, 1925.

Armstrong Not Blair.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to an article in your valued paper relative to the accomplishments of Montgomery Blair, Postmaster General under the Lincoln Administration, and the fact that a son of Mr. Blair had written you saying that Mr. Blair was the author of the postal car distribution.

This is entirely erroneous, as the records will show. It is quite true that Mr. Blair under date of July 1, 1864, wrote my father, the late Colonel George B. Armstrong, granting him permission to try out his (my father's) idea of mail distribution on rails.

The first car designed by my father, the first trial, which was entirely in accord with my father's ideas, and the records will prove this, was run from Chicago to Clinton, Iowa, Aug. 28, 1864, on the Chicago & North Western Railroad. These facts are commemorated by a bust to my father which stands in the Chicago Postoffice, a tablet stating these facts in the Chicago & North Western Railroad Station here, and by letters and data in the Postmaster General's office.

There is not the slightest doubt that Montgomery Blair gave my father every assistance in furthering his plans, especially so after he had clearly demonstrated their practicability, but also when he was appointed by President Lincoln as the first General Superintendent of the railway mail service.

PAUL B. ARMSTRONG.
Chicago, Aug. 13, 1925.

TO A PAIR OF OLD PISTOLS.

How long ago since you were out one day—
With whom, and where, and why, I'd like to know;
'Twas after that, they put you wall away,
And now you're in a shop for "curio."

I wonder how the coffee tasted then—
I hope, indeed, they had it fresh and strong;
As some one stalked the paces up to ten,
Another brought your shining case along.

It was perhaps upon a strip of beach,
Where stealthy mist crept in from off the sea;
While one, alone—most probably the leech—
Skipped stones and idly pondered which 'twould be.

I wonder if inheritance you changed,
If some old title passed beyond debate,
If you were there with erstwhile friends estranged,
Or if you settled some affair of state.

At all events, I hope the clean old code
Was well upheld and saw its justice done;
With no advantage in the flint or load,
You spoke together and the best man won.

O. C. A. CHILD.

MR. BRYAN'S CONSISTENCY.

A Reference to Some of His Opportunities and How He Met Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The phrase "Mr. Bryan was at least sincere" promises to become current without protest.

While it is a serious matter to question the sincerity of a man who can no longer speak for himself, nevertheless, a man's life is a book which the world is expected to read and pass upon.

Mr. Bryan's attitude to the Bible does not strike me as sincere. Biblical interpretation and criticism call for independent and courageous thinking. I do not recall an instance recorded from the old prophets to the present where men accepting a merely inherited faith and the conventional interpretation of their day in enforcing biblical truth met the wants of their age. To hold to essential and fundamental truth, yet adapt that truth to the ever-changing world spirit, has called for travail of soul to which Mr. Bryan was a stranger. He loved to talk, and the big conventions of church folks gave him an opportunity, as did also a big Sunday School class. When, however, at Dayton, Tenn., he met demand for definite information on the Bible and a rational interpretation of some obvious difficulties, he failed to meet the issue. I have small sympathy with Mr. Darrow and his views; but I have almost contempt for the inane and childish replies of Mr. Bryan when he had opportunity to give the listening world a sane interpretation of certain biblical puzzles which have long been used to ridicule the Bible.

Mr. Bryan's attitude to peace and pacifism are strangely inconsistent. Rushing to accept the rank of colonel in the Spanish-American War, and wearing his title with evident pride, he at once began to embarrass the country for which he proposed to fight by his campaign on imperialism, using it for political effect. Leaving the Wilson Cabinet because he was by pre-eminence a man of peace, he asked to be buried at Arlington, the burial-place of soldiers, where he was laid to rest with much pomp and ceremony befitting a soldier.

As Secretary of State, Mr. Bryan had the finest opportunity of his life to display political sagacity and sane diplomacy, as well as to give expression to his "moral issues" leanings. But he played with his high position while the world was undergoing what looked like its death throes. He continued to make Chautauqua lectures, and seemed to think lightly of the matters which weighed upon the heart of Mr. Wilson like lead. Those of us who lived in Washington during that period know how Mr. Bryan lost caste with thoughtful people, including many of his Cabinet friends.

One is almost disposed to call Mr. Bryan an opportunist. He saw incoming waves of popular feeling and mounted them, using them to carry him to whatever length they could. He loved the centre of the stage, but preferred a moral issue to place him there. Does all this talk about "moral issues" mean that men like Mr. McAdoo and Dr. Hillis have not seen in how many instances the "moral issue" has been used as a convenient pedestal or spot-light for men who love to be in the public eye? As a Chautauqua lecturer and an after-dinner speaker Mr. Bryan was at his best. But as a thinker on the Bible, world problems, or indeed any great issues—he never went to the bottom.

J. O. KNOTT.
New York, Aug. 14, 1925.

VON MALTZAN MISQUOTED.

German Ambassador Explains His Remarks About Polish Minister.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE NEW YORK TIMES of Aug. 13 contains a dispatch from your special correspondent in Williamstown on an interview he had with me.

Concerning my remarks about the Polish Foreign Minister, M. Skrzynski, the report says:

"Even the Polish Foreign Minister, M. Skrzynski, in an interview he gave while he was here, said we Germans could not help feeling about these matters as we do."

This wording does not represent my real words. I only mentioned the interview which the Polish Minister gave to a foreign news service on July 18, in which he was reported to have said:

"As regards the proposed security pact, M. Skrzynski believes the German objections to the clauses concerning the transportation of troops through Germany are only natural."

VON MALTZAN,
German Ambassador.
Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 14, 1925.

Ubiquity of Censorship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It has long been the contention of the young sophisticates and pseudo-intellectuals that theatrical censorship is a quality peculiar to the United States. It pleases them to say that in no other country would the sturdy, free-thinking husbandry tolerate such a thing as a deterrent on art in any form.

Now comes the British Lord Chamberlain, who in London is the official censor of the stage, with a long pronunciamento barring Eugene O'Neill's "Desire Under the Elms." This worthy gentleman also hints that he is going to tolerate no controversy over the matter, either.

When the fierce light of contention beat upon "Desire" in New York last Winter, loud were the cries of its defenders that in no other country in the world would such a notable play be questioned as to its moral tone. Banton and the Play Jury were held up to scorn and ridicule for merely insinuating that "Desire" was not a delectable morsel for the youth of the community.

As a matter of fact, the theory that censorship is a local attribute is the veriest fluff. It is no more indigenous to New York than it is to New Zealand. Spasms of piety come to municipalities just as heat waves come. Even Paris, where license is looked upon (or at least is supposed to be looked upon) as a virtue, occasionally rises up in its Gallic wrath and frowns upon a stage performance.

"Desire" is still running in New York, and I can see no marked increase in folly and crime, but I snicker in my sleeve when I think of the bright young men who write such glowing words about freedom of thought, deliverance from academic regulations, &c.

QUINN HALL.
New York, Aug. 3, 1925.

A Word of Approval.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer cannot refrain from performing the pleasant duty of complimenting you for the manner in which you have published the news with regard to both the Scopes and the Mary Spas cases, both of which bore within them possibilities for catering to the sensational. In view of the nauseating and ridiculous dissertations of various publications on the above subjects, your columns bore a sane and fair presentation of the issues involved.

(Rev.) F. M. OHMS.
New York, Aug. 14, 1925.

FIND CHILD LABOR MOSTLY ON FARMS

Industrial Board Says Only 13 Per Cent. of Working Minors Are in the Cities.

COSTLY TO EMPLOYERS

Economic Necessity and Lack of Interest In School Drive Children to Work.

Economic necessity and a waning interest in school work are the chief reasons why the great majority of boys and girls leave school at an age when it would be better for them to continue their education, according to a report on "The Employment of Young Persons in the United States," just published by the National Industrial Conference Board.

While there are other elements responsible for the employment of minors still of school age, it was said, such as the influence of parents, racial custom, impatience by the youngster to learn a trade and the opportunity to go to work, available information shows that these play a less important part as causal factors.

Lack of interest in school work plays an important part in the discontinuance of school work by children, as indicated by the testimony of a large proportion of the minors employed in industry and interviewed in the course of Government and other investigations.

Want Standards Raised.

The whole problem of child labor, therefore, as it presents itself in the United States, according to an analysis of the Conference Board, is not a problem to be solved by legislation alone, whether State or Federal. Legislation, it was said, prohibiting the employment of young persons still of school age would not obviate the necessity of their support. The real problem, the Conference Board study said, was partly one of raising the earning power and standard of living of the wage earner, and it therefore became the problem of further increasing the efficiency of production. To a great extent, also, the problem was said to be one of providing more and better educational facilities as well as to care for those children, particularly in rural districts, not having easy access to schools.

Contrary to general impression, by far the great majority of children who work are not employed in the manufacturing industries but are working on farms, the report says. According to the 1920 census, 87 per cent. of minors under the age of 14 engaged in gainful pursuits were engaged in agriculture, and of these nearly nine-tenths were working on the home farm, and their work, the Conference Board indicates, may be of vital importance to the great number of small farmers in this country. To what extent it is so is left to further investigation.

The importance of "child labor" to the manufacturing industry as a whole, the Conference Board points out, is actually of little account since only a proportionately small number of child workers are engaged in manufacturing trades. What is stressed as of even greater importance is the fact that the work of minors or less than 14 years of age is of little value, as their work is relatively inefficient and hence, from a standpoint of real cost of production, expensive.

Child Labor Held Costly.

Though it may appear as cheaper, the cost of production, it is recalled, is not a matter of wage rates so much as of efficiency. Inefficiency, the amount of training and supervision required, the large "turnover" and the greater susceptibility to accident, combine to make the work of very young persons in actuality a costly item, it was said.

While this is recognized by the large industrial interests, the board points out, there still may exist among the smaller manufacturers, who do not know how to figure production costs accurately, and who mistake wage rates for cost of production, much misapprehension as to the economic advantage of child labor. It is declared significant that in times of high wages and demand for increased production less skilled and less mature labor tends to be replaced by automatic machinery which is expensive and which requires the attention of fewer but more highly skilled workers.

JOINS THEATRE HOSPITAL.

Dr. O'Hanlon of Bellevue to Help New $2,000,000 Institution.

Dr. George O'Hanlon, General Medical Superintendent of Bellevue and allied hospitals, has accepted the invitation of Dr. Max Rohde to become the Vice President of the Theatrical Hospital. It was announced yesterday. The institution will occupy the premises now known as the Ziegler Town House, at 2 East Sixty-third Street, when alterations have been completed. It will give stage people a $2,000,000 institution for their comfort when ill.

Dr. O'Hanlon's connection with the hospital will not conflict with his plans to continue as Bellevue's chief, or to head the Jersey City Hospital.

Organization details of the Theatrical Hospital will be concluded within ten days or two weeks, it was announced. Meetings will be arranged this week and next with heads of theatrical organizations of New York City to enlist their cooperation and representation on a board of management.

BALDWIN GOES TO AIX.

Premier May Attend League Assembly Opening in Geneva.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—Prime Minister Baldwin passed through Paris today on his way to Aix-les-Bains for the cure.

He will therefore be within a few miles of Geneva when the League Assembly convenes, and it is thought likely that he will attend, especially since Premier Painlevé has announced his intention of heading the French delegation.

EAGLES RIDE IN AIRPLANE.

Two Birds Are Sent by King of Rumania to Vienna Zoo.

VIENNA, Aug. 16 (AP).—A pair of golden eagles, presented to the Zoological Garden at Schoenbronn by King Ferdinand of Rumania, were shipped to their destination in an airplane. This unique mode of transporting the two sovereigns of the air was employed by orders of the royal donator, who wished his gift to arrive as a surprise.

The only effect this unaccustomed flight seemed to have had on the two birds was to give them a ravenous

HERRICK WILL BE GUEST AT NEWPORT

Ambassador Sails From Southampton on Visit to Ex-Ambassador Gerard.

MELLON ALSO ON CUTTER

Going to Plymouth, Vt., to Confer With President Coolidge—Southampton Social Events.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Ambassador Myron T. Herrick, who had been spending a few days in Southampton as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Blackwell, left this afternoon for Newport, where he will be the guest of former Ambassador and Mrs. James W. Gerard, before returning to his post in Paris. Mr. Herrick made the trip aboard the revenue cutter Gresham, in company with Secretary Andrew W. Mellon, who is on his way to Plymouth, Vt., to confer with President Coolidge.

Ambassador Herrick was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Mrs. Elizabeth M. Horne on Friday evening. Among Mrs. Horne's guests were Mrs. Edward H. Van Ingen, Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Hutton, Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Bell, Mr. and Mrs. C. Tiffany Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Curtis, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Dilworth.

Secretary Mellon gave a luncheon on Saturday at his Home on Gin Lane, also in honor of Ambassador Herrick.

Senator and Mrs. Arthur Whitney are spending the week-end here with Mrs. Whitney's mother, Mrs. Peter B. Wyckoff.

Mrs. John Wolfe entertained sixty-five guests at luncheon yesterday, in honor of Miss Mary C. Chister, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Chister Jr. The luncheon was served on the lawn of Mrs. Wolfe's Summer home on Hill Street. Among the young people present were the Misses Patty Pease, Priscilla Dodge, Jane Brady, Florence Pratt, Emily Lincoln, Rhoda Drew, Margaret Perkins, Katherine Murchison, Phyllis Thompson, Genevieve Fox and Constance Fox, and Albert Tilt, Harry Gruener Jr., Curtis Perkins, Perry Pease, Hubbard Slayton, William Otis Gay Jr., Frederick Welcker and Theodore Welcker Jr.

Mrs. Daniel P. Hays of Pleasantville, N. Y., and Mrs. David Taylor, spent the week-end at the Maidstone Inn, East Hampton.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien entertained fifty guests at dinner at the Meadow Club on Saturday evening in honor of their niece, Miss Genevieve Fox. Others who entertained dinner guests at the Meadow Club, preceding the tennis week hop on Saturday evening, were Mrs. Donald Mixsell, who had twenty guests; Mrs. Reginald Wigham, Mrs. Henry P. Rogers, Mrs. J. Couper Lord, Mrs. James Lawrence Breese, Mrs. W. W. Hoppin, Mrs. Henry R. Benjamin, Mrs. Newell Tilton, Mrs. W. R. K. Taylor, Mrs. John I. Middleton and Franklin J. Horne.

Miss Janet Henderson gave a dinner party at the Meadow Club on Saturday for Miss Elsa Frank von Brandt.

Thomas B. Davis, whose daughter, Miss Mallory Davis, made her début at a large dance on Friday, entertained thirty guests at dinner on Saturday evening at his home on Halsey's Neck Lane.

Tennis week festivities came to a close on Saturday evening with two large dances. One was given by Mrs. Louis duPont Irving for 200 guests at the Shinecock Hills Golf Club. The other, which attracted a large number of the younger set, was the annual tennis week hop at the Meadow Club. Among those who entertained at luncheon at their homes on Saturday were Mrs. George S. Patterson and Mrs. Heyward Cutting.

Mrs. Walace Chauncey and Mrs. William C. Heppenheimer were joint hostesses yesterday at a luncheon for 120 guests. Luncheon was served on the lawn of Mrs. Philip Ruxton's home in East Hampton. Mrs. Chauncey and Mrs. Heppenheimer are daughters of Mrs. Ruxton, in whose honor the entertainment was given.

Mrs. Robert King Awtrey is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Flint Warren Jr., at their Summer home in Water Mill.

Mrs. Arthur R. Gray of Garrison, N. Y., has arrived at the Maidstone Inn, East Hampton, with her children, Eleanor, Virginia, Lawrence and Arthur Jr.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry James entertained a large party at dinner at Canoe Place Inn, Hampton Bays, on Saturday evening.

Colonel J. W. Zevely gave a small dinner party on Saturday evening at Canoe Place Inn. Others who entertained there were County Judge George W. Martin of Brooklyn, who had a party of eighteen.

William M. Duryea has joined his father, Walter B. Duryea, aboard his yacht off Sag Harbor.

Mrs. J. C. Bolger gave a beach party for thirty of her friends yesterday on the beach near the Maidstone Club, East Hampton. Among those who entertained at the club at luncheon yesterday were Mrs. Chauncey Kerr, Mrs. Matthew C. Fleming and Mrs. Charles C. Nadal.

Mrs. Edward H. Van Ingen entertained at luncheon yesterday at her villa on First Neck Lane.

Mrs. Rufus Scott will give a luncheon party for twenty-two friends at the Maidstone Club.

Mrs. James A. Foley entertained at tea on Saturday afternoon at the Canoe Place Inn, Hampton Bays.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip W. Boardman have arrived at the Irving for a short stay.

WON'T EXHIBIT THEIR CAT.

Policemen Deny Reports That Black Mascot Will Be in Shows.

"Tom," a black and white cat mascot of the East Twenty-second Street Police Station, is not and never has been for sale or available for exhibition purposes.

This was emphatically announced yesterday by Police Lieutenant Louis Kurz, attached to the station, to refute reports that because of the cat's unusual intelligence it may be used for show purposes. Further emphatic refutation was given by patrolmen who have become accustomed to Tom's affectionate purrs.

While the 125 patrolmen attached to the East Twenty-second Street station admit that "Tom" is on terms of closer friendship with Lieutenants Kurz, Jerome A. Foley and Peter P. McDermott, they hold that the mascot knows every one of them and has a sincere regard for them all.

The patrolmen are proud of the fact that "Tom" takes his place at the left of the line at roll call three times a day with front paws raised. The rest of the time the mascot is generally found on the Lieutenants' desk.

The cat was taken to the police station from a dance hall in Third Avenue near Sixteenth Street early in June and at once won favor.

Masquerade Ball in Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 16.—A masquerade ball was held at the Edgewood Inn last evening and was attended by about 225 guests. The spacious open court was beautifully decorated, arc lights in colors being a feature. At midnight a buffet supper was served.

Mrs. J. J. Donohoe of Brooklyn, attired in a Mary Pickford costume, won the prize for the most original costume, and Mrs. Richards of Jackson Heights received the prize for the prettiest costume. Mrs. Richards's gown was of the Spanish type. Two Spanish scarfs were presented as prizes.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Latham Clarke and their daughter, Miss Florence Kip Clarke, of 968 Fifth Avenue and the Villa Florenza, Elberon, N. J., are at the Muenchinger-King in Newport for a brief visit.

Mrs. Colgate Robinson has come in from her country home, Head of the River Farm, at Smithtown, L. I., and is at the Lorraine for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Thomson of Philadelphia are at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. Murray W. Potter of Boston is also at the hotel.

Among those arriving tomorrow on the Majestic will be W. Francklyn Paris and his son, W. Francklyn Paris Jr., Mrs. J. A. Ripley, Mrs. Arthur H. Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Mortimer and Mr. and Mrs. John H. MacMurdy.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McCarty Little have come in from their country place at Rumson, N. J., and are at the Plaza.

Maurice Fatin has been added to the list of ushers who will officiate at the marriage of Miss Anita Lihme to Prince Edward Joseph Lobkowicz at Watch Hill, R. I., on Aug. 20.

Mrs. Herbert R. Shonk has come from Open Gate, her Summer place at Scarsdale, N. Y., and is at the Ambassador.

John Wanamaker of this city and Philadelphia is at the Ritz-Carlton in Atlantic City with George Kent.

Mrs. Kenneth C. Buckhout, who recently returned from abroad, is at the Gladstone for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Dick have returned to Allen Winden at Islip, L. I., after spending a few days in town at the Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Walker of the Plaza are entertaining Mrs. Walker's sister, Countess von Schoen of Washington.

Lord and Lady Dunsford, who have been at the Pickwick Arms in Greenwich, Conn., have gone to Southampton for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Joshua A. Hatfield and Mr. and Mrs. J. Ledlie Hees are at the Plaza for a few days.

ATLANTA GIRL WEDS SUDDENLY ON TRIP

Margaret Quinby Wires Word of Her Marriage to W. J. Sturgiss, New York Broker.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—Atlanta society received a surprise today in the arrival of a telegram announcing the unheralded wedding of Miss Margaret Quinby of this city to W. J. Sturgiss, New York stock broker, the ceremony taking place in New York City. Mrs. Sturgiss is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. T. Quinby and the granddaughter of the late W. A. Hemphill, who was business manager and part owner of The Atlanta Constitution.

The telegram was addressed to L. S. Gilbert, President of the Credit Service Exchange, where she was employed, and read as follows:

"Forgive me for not returning Aug. 1. Married this morning to W. J. Sturgiss. Hope to see you this Winter."

Miss Quinby, who was a student of Randolph Macon of Virginia and later Washington Seminary in Atlanta, accompanied her sister, Mrs. Elise Quinby Bell, on a visit to Massachusetts this Summer and was returning to Atlanta by way of New York. Friends invited them to remain in New York and be guests on a yachting party. They accepted. One of the guests on the yacht was Sturgiss, whom Miss Quinby had met some time ago.

The bride's mother is in Virginia, where she went in the interests of the Stone Mountain Memorial, while Mr. Quinby is in Florida on business.

The name of W. J. Sturgiss is not listed as a member of the New York Stock Exchange or as that of a member of any stock exchange firm in New York City as far as could be learned yesterday. A search of the city and club directories also revealed no member of that name.

1,500 INVITED TO THAW WEDDING RECEPTION

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah C. Thaw to Marry A. N. Morris in Southampton Sept. 5.

Plans have been completed for the marriage of Miss Margaret C. Thaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Copley Thaw, to Augustus Newbold Morris, which is to take place on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 5, at 4 o'clock in St. Andrew's Dune Church in Southampton. The reception, for which 1,500 invitations have been issued, will follow at Windbreak, the country home of the bride's parents. The Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody, head master of Groton School, will perform the ceremony.

The bride will be attended by Miss Edith Hope Iselin as maid of honor. The bridesmaids will be the Misses Margaret Perkins, Georgie Potts, Charlotte Potter and Natica Nast. Bayard Schieffelin will be best man for Mr. Morris. The ushers will be Stephen Morris, Carl Martin, John Gould, George Morris, Allston Jenkins, John Parsons, Donald Ross, Benjamin Sparks, A. Brooks Harlow, A. D. Lindley and A. N. Wilson.

HELEN GOODWIN'S BRIDAL.

Plans for Her Marriage to James M. Rose at Prouts Neck, Me., Aug. 29.

Plans have been completed for the marriage of Miss Helen Goodwin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Burton Goodwin of 161 East Seventy-ninth Street, to James McKinley Rose, which will take place on Aug. 29 in St. James Church at Prout's Neck, Me. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Frank S. Smithers, assisted by the Rev. James Gray Rose, father of the bridegroom.

Miss Goodwin has selected as her bridesmaids Miss Deborah Bigelow and Miss Caroline Averbeck of this city, Miss Mabel Coutts of Brooklyn and Miss Margaret Pope Hinckley of Boston. Nathalie Purdy, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phillips Purdy of Brookline, Mass., will be a flower girl. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at The Clearing, the Summer home of the bride's parents.

Mr. Rose will have Reginald Coates of this city as his best man. His ushers will be F. Gregory Hartswick, Pearson Winslow and Ferdinand Sanford of this city and James McKinley Williams of Ambler, Penn.

Miss Isham to Wed on Sept. 5.

The wedding of Miss Frances Pierpont Isham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Swift Isham of New York, and Dr. Paul Crenshaw Colonna, formerly of Richmond, Va., will take place at the country home of the bride's parents, Ormsby Hill, Manchester, Vt., on Saturday, Sept. 5. Only the immediate families will be present at the ceremony, which will be followed by a wedding breakfast for intimate friends.

SPECIAL MUSIC FOR MORGAN RITES

Favorite Hymns of Financier's Wife Will Be Played at Her Funeral Today.

SERVICES TO BE SIMPLE

New York Yacht Club's Races Are Canceled Out of Respect for Family.

A special program of music will be rendered today at the funeral of Mrs. J. P. Morgan, wife of the financier, which is to take place at Locust Valley, L. I., at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Morgan died at noon Friday in her home on Matinecock Point, East Island, near Glen Cove, L. I.

The services in the Church of St. John, at Lattingtown, Locust Valley, will be of the simplest character. They will be conducted by the rector of St. John's, the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Hinton. Fewer than 200 persons will be present at the service in accordance with the wishes of the Morgan family. The tiny church itself has pew space for only 170 persons.

All details of the funeral were closely guarded yesterday. It was ascertained, however, that the regular organist of St. John's would be displaced today by Kyle Dunkel, organist of the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City. It was understood that Mr. Dunkel's program would include hymns that were favorites of Mrs. Morgan.

Interment will be in the J. P. Morgan plot in Locust Valley Cemetery. The plot is in one of the most beautiful parts of the cemetery and is encircled by tall maples and oaks. Near by is the grave of Henry P. Davison, one of Mr. Morgan's partners.

According to orders issued yesterday by Vice Commodore Vincent Astor to all yachts in the New York Yacht Club cruising squadron, off Vineyard Haven, Mass., the racing run scheduled for today, from Vineyard Haven to Mattapoisett, Buzzard's Bay, has been canceled. This step was taken out of respect to the memory of Mrs. Morgan. The order was as follows:

"Flagship Nourmahal,
"Vineyard Haven.

"The funeral of Mrs. J. P. Morgan will be held on Monday, Aug. 17. Out of respect to the Commodore and to ex-Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan, none of the races scheduled for tomorrow, Monday, Aug. 17, for the Vice Commodore's cups will be held.

"All yachts are requested to half-mast their ensign colors from morning until sundown. Yachts will proceed to Mattapoisett at will.

"VINCENT ASTOR,
"Vice Commodore;
"EDMUND LANG,
"Acting Fleet Captain."

George Nichols, a son-in-law of Mrs. Morgan, is Commodore of the yacht club. He, with Junius Spencer Morgan and Henry Sturgis Morgan, sons, was on the Morgan yacht Corsair when Mrs. Morgan died. They returned to Glen Cove on Saturday.

PRAISE IMMIGRANTS HERE FROM IRELAND

Inspectors Say That 65, Examined Abroad, Are as Fine a Type as Ever Came Over.

The Cunarder Carmania arrived yesterday with the first batch of immigrants from Ireland who had been examined by the United States Public Health Officers before embarking at Queenstown. They were permitted to land at the pier, foot of West Fourteenth Street, instead of going to Ellis Island. There were sixty-five from Ireland and seven from England who had been examined at Liverpool.

About forty of the immigrants left soon after the Carmania docked and the others had to await the arrival of relatives who apparently did not believe that immigrants traveling third-class could land in New York without first going to Ellis Island.

The immigration inspectors, who saw them on the way from Quarantine to the pier, said they were as fine a type of immigrant as they had even seen enter the United States and that if the selection of men and women abroad continued up to the standard of those on the Carmania there would be no trouble in handling them here.

The Rev. Father Anthony J. Grogan, rector of the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, State Street, who has been in charge of the Home for Irish Immigrant Girls for more than twenty years, said that during his career he has met thousands of immigrants from Ireland and that the sixty-five who came on the Carmania were as good as any who ever came over the Atlantic.

Later in the afternoon the Anchor liner California arrived from Glasgow with thirty-two Scotch immigrants, who had all been examined by the United States Public Health officers before embarking. They were allowed to land at the pier.

DIVORCES CHARLES W. CLARK

Cecilia Tobin Obtains Her Freedom From Senator's Son.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—A divorce was granted in the Paris Courts yesterday in favor of Mme. Cecilia Tobin against her husband, Charles William Clark, whom she married in San Francisco in 1904.

Mme. Tobin lives in Paris and sued for divorce on the ground of non-support.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 16.—Charles William Clark is a son of the late Senator W. A. Clark of Montana.

Before her marriage Mrs. Clark was Miss Cecilia Tobin, a sister of Richard F. Tobin, Ambassador to The Hague; Edward J. Tobin, President of the Hibernia Bank of San Francisco; Mrs. Radul Duval of Paris and Miss Agnes Tobin.

The Clarks have three young children, a son and two daughters, who are in Paris with their mother. Senator Clark, at the birth of the children, is said to have put $1,000,000 to the credit of each.

The estate of Charles W. Clark at San Mateo is one of the finest on the peninsula. It has a large private polo field and a private race track. Mr. Clark is a polo and racing enthusiast. At one time he was President of the Golden Gate Thoroughbred Breeders' Association.

Contest for Young Musicians.

The Brooklyn Free Musical Society, founded by Dmitri Dobkin, who is also its general music director, is now entering its second season. Sixteen concerts will be given at the new Utrecht High School every second Friday, beginning Oct. 9; eleven of them will be devoted to instrumental, vocal and orchestral music and five to opera. Vocalists, pianists, violinists and cellists, above the age of sixteen, are invited to enter a contest, which will give the winners an opportunity to appear in concert and opera. Auditions will be held in the early part of September.

HARRIS TO PRODUCE ELEVEN NEW PLAYS

Early One, in Association With David Belasco, Is "Wolf at the Door."

Sam H. Harris, who will start his New York season tonight with the presentation of "The Family Upstairs" at the Gaiety Theatre, announced yesterday that he will produce a total of eleven new plays and musical shows during the season. One of these will be presented in association with David Belasco—a new partnership in the theatre. Three others will be presented in association with Lewis and Gordon.

As his second New York production Mr. Harris will offer "Cradle Snatchers," a farce by Russell G. Medcraft and Norma Mitchell, with Mary Boland in the leading rôle. This play will open at the Music Box on Sept. 7. A week later "The Jazz Singer," by Samson Raphaelson, will come to the Fulton.

The Harris-Belasco production will be a play by Milton C. Gropper and Raymond C. Hill, entitled "Wolf at the Door." With Louis Calhern heading the cast, it will open in Atlantic City on Oct. 19. "The Mysterious Way," by Sam Forrest, will open out of town about Oct. 20.

There will be a new farce by Owen Davis, called "Easy Come, Easy Go," in which Otto Kruger will have the leading rôle. It will open in Philadelphia on Sept. 21. In addition to a fifth edition of "The Music Box Revue," to be offered in the Spring, there will be two prior productions of musical comedies. The first, opening in October, will have the Marx Brothers as its stars, and will be entitled "The Cocoanuts." Irving Berlin has written the music and lyrics and George S. Kaufman the book. Mr. Berlin has also written the score of a musical play in which Grace Moore and Oscar Shaw will have the leading rôles. Otto Harbach and Oscar Hammerstein are the authors of the book.

Mr. Harris's other new productions will be a serious play by Martin Brown, entitled "The Dark," scheduled to open around the holidays, and "The Yellow Leaf," by Jack Larric.

The producer, by arrangement with the Theatre Guild, will also send "They Knew What They Wanted" on tour in October. For this tour Richard Bennett will return to the cast of the play. Mr. Bennett recently caused something of a storm when he left the cast of the play under conditions that brought about the issuance of several statements of explanation. Pauline Lord, of course, will continue in the cast of this play.

"Rain," with Jeanne Eagels still as its star, will open at the Harris Theatre in Chicago in October, and last year's "Music Box Revue" will take to the road on Sept. 28.

NO CALL YET FOR DR. KIRK.

But Pastor Says Fifth Avenue Church Has Approached Him.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Rev. Dr. Harris Elliott Kirk, pastor of the Franklin Street Presbyterian Church of Baltimore, who is occupying the pulpit of Westminster Chapel during August, said tonight concerning a report that he might go to the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York:

"I have not received a definite call, but the General Committee of the Fifth Avenue Church have approached me. I am not able tonight to tell you what I will do, as the negotiations will sand over until my return home about the middle of next month."

Members of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church who were asked yesterday concerning the possibility of Dr. Kirk being called as pastor replied that they had not heard that he was being discussed by the committee on choosing a new pastor.

The next meeting of the Session of the Church will be held in October, at which time the committee will make its report. The Rev. Dr. Harlan G. Mendenhall, Moderator of the Session of the Fifth Avenue Church, reached by telephone last night, said that the Committeen on Pastor would report its recommendations to the Session and later to a congregational meeting.

Dr. John Kelman, the former pastor, recently accepted a call to a church in a London suburb.

SHENANDOAH TEST SUCCESS

Towed at Sea by the Patoka Before Returning to Hangar.

NAVAL AIR STATION, LAKEHURST, N. J., Aug. 16.—The naval airship Shenandoah, which returned to the hangar here about five o'clock this morning, had a successful towing test off Newport yesterday. The Shenandoah was towed by the Mastship Patoka about twenty miles to sea in about three hours, under the most favorable conditions, said its Commander, Zackary Landsdowne. Prior to that, the dirigible rode at "sea anchor" for about an hour and a half, at a height of about 800 feet.

Commander Landsdowne said this was the first time that a sea anchor had ever been used by a dirigible. He said the anchor was shaped somewhat like an umbrella when in use, opening up when under water.

No attempt was made to use the machine guns which were recently installed. These guns are to be tested as soon as possible, officers at the station said today. When the tests take place the targets will be towed by airplanes.

VIEWED ACTING IN EUROPE.

Two American Actresses Found Plays Are Staged Better Here.

Two young American acresses returned yesterday on the Conte Rosso from a three months' tour through Europe, where they went to see the foreign plays and the methods of acting in the leading theatres. One was Hilda Vaughan of Baltimore, who was the star of the company that played "Rain" through the South last season, and her companion was Irene Homer, who acted here in "Bluffing Bluffers."

Both actresses returned with the impression that there was no place in Europe where plays were staged and acted as they are in New York.

Tullio Carminati, Italian Actor, Here.

Tullio Carminati, who was leading man with the late Eleanora Duse in Italy 1920-21 in "Cosi Sia," "La Donna del Mare" and "La Porta Chiusa," and one of Italy's most prominent actors, arrived yesterday by the Lloyd Sabaudo liner Conte Rosso on his first visit to America. Recently he has been in Berlin in a moving picture play, "Man Against Man."

Mr. Carminati speaks English slightly and said he intends to improve it during his stay in this country, which will include a visit to Hollywood.

Calles Unveils Carrillo Statue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—President Calles unveiled today a bust of the Socialist Governor of Yucatan, Felipe Carrillo Puerto, who was killed at the outbreak of the De La Huerta revolution.

Indians from Yucatan, led by an Indian chief, who spoke in the Maya language, were present at the ceremonies.

SIR ADAM BECK DIES IN CANADIAN HOME

Built Hydroelectric Plant at Niagara That Supplies Ontario With Electric Power.

IN THE FERGUSON CABINET

International Authority on Thoroughbred Horses and a Successful Exhibitor in Shows.

LONDON, Ontario, Aug. 16 (AP).—Sir Adam Beck, internationally known horseman and for many years prominent in the industrial and political affairs of Ontario, died late last night at his home here. He had been ill several months with pernicious anemia, his condition becoming grave a few days ago.

Sir Adam had been Minister Without Portfolio in the Ferguson Cabinet since 1923. For years he was a member of the Ontario Legislature.

The funeral will be held Tuesday, and until then the body will lie in state at St. Paul's Cathedral. Burial will be in Hamilton, where Lady Beck is buried. The Ontario Cabinet Ministers will go to the funeral by special train from Toronto.

Sir Adam Beck, who built the Ontario hydroelectric plant at Niagara Falls, has for years been identified with the policy of supplying the Canadian Province of Ontario with electric power. Appointed in 1903 a Commissioner to investigate the development and distribution of electric power from Niagara Falls, three years later he introduced a bill in the Ontario Legislature that created the Hydroelectric Power Commission, of which he has been Chairman ever since.

Born at Baden, Ontario, June 20, 1857, the son of Jacob Beck, he started in business in 1878 with his father at Baden, where the latter owned an iron foundry and milling property. He moved to Galt, Ontario, in 1880 and engaged in the veneering of thin lumber and the manufacture of boxes. Four years later he established himself in London, Ontario, built a large plant there and placed branches at Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton, Ontario.

He was first elected to the Ontario Legislature in 1902, and was re-elected four times, the last occasion in 1923, in each case as a representative from London. He was gazetted a Colonel of the Canadian militia in 1912 and created a Knight Bachelor by King George in 1916.

Internationally known as an authority on thoroughbred horses, Sir Adam was Director of Remounts in the World War, personally supervising the purchase of army horses for the Canadian forces. With his wife, the late Lady Beck, he took a prominent part as an exhibitor in horse shows in Canada, the United States and England. His Canadian-bred hunters scored heavily at London in 1914. At that meeting he refused an offer of $11,500 for the bay gelding Melrose, a cross between the trotter and the thoroughbred. His entry, Frontenac, defeated 300 competitors in one class that year at Olympia. Lady Beck was a judge at Madison Square Garden in 1915.

Sir Adam Beck entered Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore last Spring for treatment of pernicious anemia, and received six blood transfusions. When he left the hospital on May 18, he was said by his secretary to be in fairly good health.

MRS. ROSCOE P. COPELAND.

Senator's Mother Dies in Dexter, Mich., at 81 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—The death of the mother of Royal S. Copeland of New York was announced tonight in a telegram from Dexter, Mich., to C. W. Jurney, the Senator's secretary:

"Mother just died, in her eighty-second year and sixty-fourth of her marriage. Funeral 2:30 P. M. Tuesday in Dexter, where she was born. We take father and return home Wednesday. Notify New York papers.

"ROYAL S. COPELAND."

Senator Copeland had been at his mother's bedside for a week, having been suddenly called to Michigan from his home in New York when she was first taken ill, on Saturday, Aug. 8. His mother's name was Mrs. Roscoe P. Copeland.

The Senator's father is 86. Besides the Senator there is one daughter, Miss Cornelia Copeland of Dexter, Mich. She is in England.

Mrs. Frances J. Holmes Copeland, the wife of Roscoe P. Copeland and mother of the United States Senator and former Health Commissioner of New York City, made her home with her husband on a farm at Dexter, Mich., where Royal S. Copeland was born. When told in November, 1922, that her son had been elected to the United States Senate, she said:

"It is a big task. I only hope our boy will be able to handle it capably."

Ettore Friedlander.

ROME, Aug. 16 (AP).—Ettore Friedlander, for forty years general manager of the Stefani Agency, the semi-official Italian news disseminator, died today. Signor Friedlander retired from the News Agency about ten years ago.

TWO DIE WHEN BARN BURNS.

Laborers on Road Work Are Caught Asleep in Meriden Building.

MERIDEN, Conn., Aug. 16 (AP).—Joseph Miano, 45, of Lawrence, Mass., and Joseph Citlo, 23, of Thompsonville, Conn., were burned to death today when fire destroyed a large barn here.

It was used as sleeping quarters for between thirty and forty laborers employed on the new Meriden-Millidale Federal aid road.

Married.

COHEN—KIEL—Mr. and Mrs. Raphael Kiel announce the marriage of their daughter, Florence, to Mr. Abraham Daniel Cohen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cohen.

Died.

BALDWIN—On Aug. 14, 1925, at East Hampton, L. I., Eleanor Hinton Baldwin, beloved daughter of Alfred Post and Mabel Dominick Hinton. Funeral private. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

BATTELLE—Charles Thornton, Aug. 13. Burial Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 18, at Trinity Cemetery, 155th St., West, New York City.

BLOCH—In her fourth year, Caryl, beloved daughter of David and Selma Bloch (nee Smith). Funeral services at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 91st St., Monday, Aug. 17, at 10 A. M.

BROWNE—On Aug. 15, Magdalene Browne. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Tuesday, 10 A. M.

CAMPBELL—Suddenly, on Aug. 16, 1925, Agnes E., widow of Robert and loving mother of Harry and James S. Campbell and daughter of the late James R. and Elizabeth Smith, age 63 years. Funeral services at her late home, 89 Broadway, Elmhurst, on Wednesday afternoon, 2:30.

CHRISTIE—Jane, on Aug. 16. Funeral service at the residence of her sister, Mrs. W. Thompson, 818 East 168th St., to be announced later.

DePEAR—Albert F., at Monsey, N. Y., suddenly. Funeral service at Greenwood Cemetery Chapel, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, Aug. 18, 1925, at 3:30 P. M.

Died.

DODMAN—Aug. 15, in London, England, after a brief illness, Alfred C. Dodman of Ridge Road, Ridgewood, N. J.

DOLAN—On Aug. 15, 1925, Mary Agnes Dolan, beloved wife of Patrick A. Dolan, mother of Albert, Margaret, Edward and Patrick and sister of Mrs. Margaret Hansen, Edward and Michael Tuohey. Funeral from her late residence, 9 St. Nicholas Terrace, Tuesday, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Joseph's Church, where a quiem mass will be celebrated at 10 A. M.

DRUCKER—Clara, beloved wife of Samuel, devoted mother of Herbert and Florette Nestler, dear sister of Sighard and Henry Friedman, Mrs. Bertha Adler and Mrs. Ida Pfeiffer. Funeral services at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 91st St., Monday, Aug. 17, 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Officers and members of Manhattan Lodge, No. 111, I. O. F. S. of I., and Sioux Lodge, No. 357, K. of P., and Sioux Charity Circle are requested to attend.

DRUCKER—Clara. Manhattan Lodge 111, Independent Order Free Sons of Israel. We announce with deep regret the death of the dear wife of our beloved brother, Samuel Drucker. Members are requested to attend funeral services at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 91st St., Monday, Aug. 17, at 1 P. M.

GUSTAVE D. GOOD, President.
IRVING D. GOOD, Recording Secretary.

FOSTER—On Friday, Aug. 14, at the Post-Graduate Hospital, New York City, Jay Stanley, son of the late John S. and Carrie O. Foster. Services at his late residence, Little East Neck Road, Babylon, L. I., on Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 18, at 3:30 o'clock. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station at 1:57, returning at 4:26.

FOSTER—Larimore, Ridgewood, N. J., suddenly, at Sundown Ranch, Holbrook, Ariz., Wednesday evening, Aug. 12, age 19, only son of Thomas J. and Mary May Foster. Funeral services, Monday evening, Aug. 17, at 7:30, under the oaks.

FUSS—Ernestine, on Sunday, Aug. 16, widow of Beno Fuss. Funeral services, Tuesday, 11 A. M., Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av. Interment Washington Cemetery.

FREEMAN—On Saturday, Aug. 15, 1925, Lorain C. Freeman, in his eighty-second year. Funeral service at the Colonial Home, 35 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J., Tuesday evening, Aug. 18, at 8 o'clock.

GARVEY—Mary C. Garvey, on Aug. 15, beloved wife of Timothy A. Garvey, and devoted mother of Martin J., William F., Mrs. Hugh Hammitt, Mrs. George Armous and Walter J. Funeral from her late residence, 421 Bauldwell Av., Bronx. Notice of funeral later.

HALPIN—On Aug. 13, 1925, John T. Halpin of 1,183 Grand Concourse, Bronx, son of the late Luke and Catherine Murray Halpin. Funeral services Monday, Aug. 17, at Church of St. Angela Merici, 103d St. and Morris Av., at 10 A. M. Interment private.

HORN—Lillian Kanes, on Aug. 16, beloved wife of Dr. Herman Horn and devoted mother of Judith Carol Horn. Funeral services at Universal Funeral Parlors, 597 Lexington Av., Aug. 17, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

HUTCHINS—Minnie Jeffrey, wife of R. Grosvenor Hutchins of 44 East 65th St., New York City, Saturday afternoon at their country home at Centre Harbor, N. H., as result of accident. Burial Columbus, Ohio, Tuesday.

IDEN—Meta, widow of the late John H., on Aug. 16, 1925. Funeral services Wednesday, Aug. 19, 10 A. M., at her late residence, 229 East 178th St., Bronx. Interment strictly private. Please omit flowers.

JOELSON—Ben, on Aug. 26, in his sixty-fourth year. Funeral from his late home, 2,515 University Av., 2 o'clock today.

KAHN—Max, beloved son of Rev. Isaac and Hannah Kahn, devoted husband of Yetta and father of Beatrice and Shirley. Funeral 10 A. M. Monday, Aug. 17, from his late residence, 284 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

KALISKI—On Aug. 15, Gustav, 803 West 140th St., beloved husband of Jennie (nee Shrimar), and devoted father of Hannah Cohen and Maximilian S. and the late Lillian Kahn. Services at Riverside Synagogue, 310 West 103d St., Monday, Aug. 17, at 2 P. M. Interment at Machpelah Cemetery.

KENNEDY—Suddenly, on Aug. 16, 1925, Robert Kennedy, beloved husband of Isabella Kennedy and father of Mrs. Louis Fuhr, at his residence, 1,403 Bushwick Parkway, Brooklyn. Funeral services at B. J. Thuring's Funeral Chapel, 1,178 Bushwick Parkway, on Tuesday evening, Aug. 18, at 8:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

KENNEDY—The brethren of Darcy Lodge, No. 187, F. and A. M., are requested to attend the funeral services of Brother Robert Kennedy at Thuring's Funeral Parlors, 1,178 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Aug. 18, at 8:30 o'clock. MYER D. SATIRO, Master.
WILLIAM A. MILLER, Secretary.

KETCHAM—Entered into rest after a prolonged illness, on Saturday, Aug. 15, 1925, Edward Woodhull 2d, age 65. Services at the Colonial House, 35 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J., at 1:30 o'clock Monday, Aug. 17, on arrival of train for Brick Church Station leaving Barclay St., New York, at 12:36 (Daylight Saving Time). Interment at convenience family.

Died.

KNIGHT—At his home, 243 West 11th St., New York, Aug. 16, Charles Wesley Knight, son of the late Thomas Godfrey Godgiles Knight. Funeral notice later.

LEE—Harriet Talcott May, beloved wife of Meredith Lee and mother of Harriet Charlotte Lee, in her twentieth year. Funeral Monday, Aug. 17, at 2:30 P. M. Daylight Saving Time, from Second Congregational Church, New London, Conn.

MACK—Aug. 16, 1925, at Albany, Miss Nora E. Mack, beloved sister of Mrs. Ellen Frances Nash of New York City. Funeral at Albany, Wednesday morning, at 9:30 o'clock, from the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception.

McCULLOH—George Sears, son of the late John and Anna Austen McCulloh and husband of the late Elizabeth Irving McCulloh, in the eighty-first year of his age. Funeral at Tarrytown, N. Y., Wednesday, Aug. 19, at 2:30.

MANAHAN—On Aug. 15 at Long Branch, N. J., Mary Galvan Manahan, beloved wife of Thomas and beloved mother of Helen, John, Mary and Thomas. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 18, from Our Lady of Mercy Roman Catholic Church, Fordham, New York City, at 9 A. M. Interment Calvary.

MAPP—Frank J., on Thursday, Aug. 14, beloved husband of Marie Schaad, and son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Florence Mapp. Former member of the First Field Hospital Corps. Funeral from the Parlors of Leonard Ruoff, 9,712 101st Av., Ozone Park, L. I., on Monday, Aug. 17, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Maple Grove Cemetery, Richmond Hill.

MAYER—Henrietta (nee Lehmann), 5 Post Av., New York City, beloved wife of Emanuel Mayer, devoted mother of Martin, Joseph and Mildred and sister of Jennie Lehmann, Nettye Warburg, Clara Blansten and Carrie Dipple. Funeral services at Weil's Chapel, 239 Lenox

MAN LEAPS INTO SEA AS CROWD WATCHES

Battery Park Policeman Dives for Victim, but Fails to Find Him.

FIVE OTHERS ARE LOST

Boy Breaks His Neck Diving Into Sound Shallows, but Still Lives.

More than 3,000 persons gathered in Battery Park last night were enjoying the cool of the gathering darkness about 9 o'clock, when one man, evidently in a different mood was walking among the crowds along the sea wall about 100 feet south of the Public Baths, when he suddenly gave a cry, ran quickly to the wall and jumped.

Persons hurried to the wall, shouting. Sergeant William Kennedy of the Old Slip Station, patrolling near-by, ran up. He threw off his coat and hat and dived. The man had gone down. While the crowd looked on and shouted encouragement, the policeman dived repeatedly without recovering the body. A Marine Division launch started grappling for the body, but late at night they had not found any trace of it.

The police were unable to learn the identity of the man.

Five other persons were drowned yesterday in and near New York. M. W. Goldberg, 26 years old, of Yorktown, N.Y., fell from a high rock into a pond in a quarry hole. His body was recovered two hours later.

Russell T. Jenkins of 2 Edmont Place, Newark, was drowned while swimming in Budd's Lake, N. J., near Lake Hopatcong. He was seized with cramps. His body has not yet been recovered. He leaves a wife and an infant son.

Thomas Surrock, 25 years old, of 1,208 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, was drowned while swimming in the pool at the Columbia Amusement Park in North Bergen, N. J. His friends missed him when they had been in the pool for a time, and after diving for his body it was recovered by Joseph O'Keefe of 447 Mercer Street, Jersey City.

A cramp doubled up William Inglis, 20 years old, of 1,360 Ogden Avenue, Poughkeepsie, while he was wading in Long Pond, near that city yesterday, and he fell over. A near-by bather grabbed his arm but lost his hold and Inglis slipped unconscious into a deep hole and was drowned.

Rudolph Mayer, 17 years old, of 3,727 Sixty-second Street, Woodside, L. I., dived into shallow water in the Sound off Layton Avenue, the Bronx, and broke his neck. He was taken to Fordham Hospital, where his condition was said to be critical.

Thomas Daly, 48, Captain of the coal barge Zuller, moored in the East River at Ninety-eighth Street, fell from his barge last night and is believed to have been drowned.

Daly was alone on the boat when he fell. Men on other barges near by heard the splash and heard him cry for help. Patrolman Thomas Gilhooley of the East 104th Street Police Station also heard the man and ran to the barge. Police of the Marine Division began grappling for the body.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements received until midnight. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.
Rate 60 cents an agate line.

LOST.

ACCOUNT BOOK, in taxi Sunday evening. Notify Dr. P. B. Sheldon, 850 Park Av. Butterfield 3930. Reward.

BAG, black, Gladstone, Sunday night, Pennsylvania Station; liberal reward for immediate return; no questions asked. Phone Intervale 4420, 6 P. M.

ENVELOPE containing steamship tickets to Jacksonville, Friday night, between Pennsylvania Hotel and Winter Garden; reward. Phone Freeport 2050W.

HANDBAG, brown leather, on way to Long Beach; contents clothing; liberal reward. S. Latin, 502 West 136th. Edgecombe 8738.

PAY ENVELOPE, $42, between 4th Av. and 9th St. subway and 428 6th St.; Conklin; suitable reward. South 5204.

PURSE, lady's, brown leather, keys, about $53; reward. Samuels, Windsor 7590.

VALISE, black, Thursday night, Times Square station; reward, Dougherty, Wadsworth 3685.

LOST—$1,000 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company 25-year 4% bond of 1909, No. 22561; if found, kindly notify Blair & Co., Inc., 433 California St., San Francisco.

FOUND.

WEDDING RING—Straus Park. Phone Academy 3368.

Jewelry.

BRACELET, gold, sapphire, between 42d St., 6th Av., Hotel Astor, Saturday; liberal reward. Apply Room 906, 25 West 45d St.

DIAMOND, from setting; liberal reward; Friday, vicinity Houston St.; Broadway, 164th, Billings 10224.

PIN—Sapphire and diamond bar; lost Thursday, Aug. 13, between S. S. Victoria and Biltmore Hotel; reward $75; Charlton & Co., Jewelers, 634 5th Av.

RING—2½ carat diamond engagement; liberal reward. Jerome 7717.

WATCH, gold, and link fob, Sunday morning, Orchard Beach, near City Island, New York; reward. G 391 Times.

WEDDING RING, between 158th and 155th Sts.; reward given. Z 2484 Times Annex.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

GERMAN police dog, female, black, brown, answering Una, vicinity Fremont and Concourse. 226 Echo Place. Fordham 3923.

FINDS ANIMAL BONES 20,000 YEARS OLD

Traces of Bead Work Also Discovered in Mongolia by Roy C. Andrews.

Copyright, 1925, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PEKING, Aug. 16.—Roy Chapman Andrews, leader of the American Museum of Natural History expedition into Western Mongolia, arrived in Peking tonight with the cinema photographer Shackleford, the Paleontologist Chaney and the photographers Butler and Robinson.

Aside from their scientific lore the party is congratulating itself on its safe passage through a great area to the west of Peking which the former Christian General Feng has converted into a training ground for armies to drive the white races from the treaty ports of China. They are the only whites who have been allowed to pass through this region for many months. All other civilian motor services have been taken over by General Feng.

Mr. Andrews immediately set about to evolve a plan to extricate the remainder of his expedition, which he left behind in Inner Mongolia under Walter Granger. He is expected to return alone into the district with a motor load of spare tires and other necessary motor equipment.

Urga, the capital of Mongolia, is the plague spot of the world, according to Mr. Andrews, and all Inner Mongolia is filled with the warlike preparations of General Feng.

Mr. Andrews says no human remains were found during the researches of the scientific party and nothing to establish the missing link. Near Shabrakusu were found the first traces of bead work and fossilized eggs estimated to be 20,000 years old. Seven specimens of mammal life of the same period also were found and will be brought back by Granger. The only similar specimen is in the British Museum.

Mr. Andrews expects to bring out the camel trains and party which has been working the vast fossil fields in Inner Mongolia about 300 miles north of Kalgan. Shackleford's movie exposures include a herd of 20,000 antelope with many close-ups.

Mr. Andrews said there would be no further expeditions by him into Inner Mongolia. The Urga Government is under the domination of the Moscow Soviet, from which it receives its orders. It is censoring all specimens being taken from the country and usually leaves only discards.

TO FIRE SHRAPNEL AT AERIAL TARGETS

Third Major Test of Defense Against Plane Attack to Be Held at Ft. Tilden Today.

An assemblage of ranking officers of the army and navy will be present at the day and night firing tests to be conducted today at Fort Tilden, Rockaway Park, L. I., when batteries of machine guns and anti-aircraft artillery will fire at targets towed by airplanes.

Three Major Generals, five Brigadier Generals, two Rear Admirals, three naval Commanders and six Marine Corps tactical officers will witness the firing tests, in addition to several prominent officials who arrived from Washington last night.

Among those who will be there will be Major Gen. Charles P. Summerall, commanding general of the Second Corps Area; Major Gen. Johnson Hagood, in charge of the firing; Major Gen. Frank W. Coe, Chief of Coast Artillery; Brig. Gen. James E. Fechet, successor to General Mitchell as Assistant Chief of the Army Air Service; Brig. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, war plans officer of the Army General Staff; Brig. Gen. Logan Feland, United States Marine Corps; Brig. Gen. C. L'H. Ruggles and Brig. Gen. J. W. Joyce of the Army Ordnance Department.

The navy will be represented by Rear Admiral C. F. Hughes; Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, commanding the Second Naval District, and Commanders H. H. Hewitt, H. K. Lewis and M. A. Mitscher.

The official observers for the War Department will be Major Gen. Coe, Colonel J. H. Mitchell, Coast Artillery; Major F. D. Wilby, General Staff, and Major H. A. Dargue, Army Air Service.

MINUTE MEN TO FORM A NATION-WIDE ORDER

Denver Organization of Former Klansmen Plans to Draw From the Hooded Ranks.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 16 (AP).—The Rocky Mountain News says today that The Minute Men of America, an organization formed here recently by men who seceded from the Ku Klux Klan, plans to make itself nation-wide and to draw membership from dissident factions in the present Klan.

Final action on the plan awaits the outcome of litigation between the Klan and the Minute Men here over property which originally belonged to the "invisible empire" in this State, the newspaper says.

Recently the Denver organization and virtually every local Klan body in the State withdrew from the mother organization in Atlanta and the property holdings of the organization here have since been disputed.

Zip—

Now is the time to drink butter milk the good clean, pure wholesome kind, order from any man on a Borden wagon or phone

Distributors of Walker-Gordon Milk

BORDEN'S
Farm Products Co., Inc
Walker 7300

THE John Wanamaker STORE NEWS

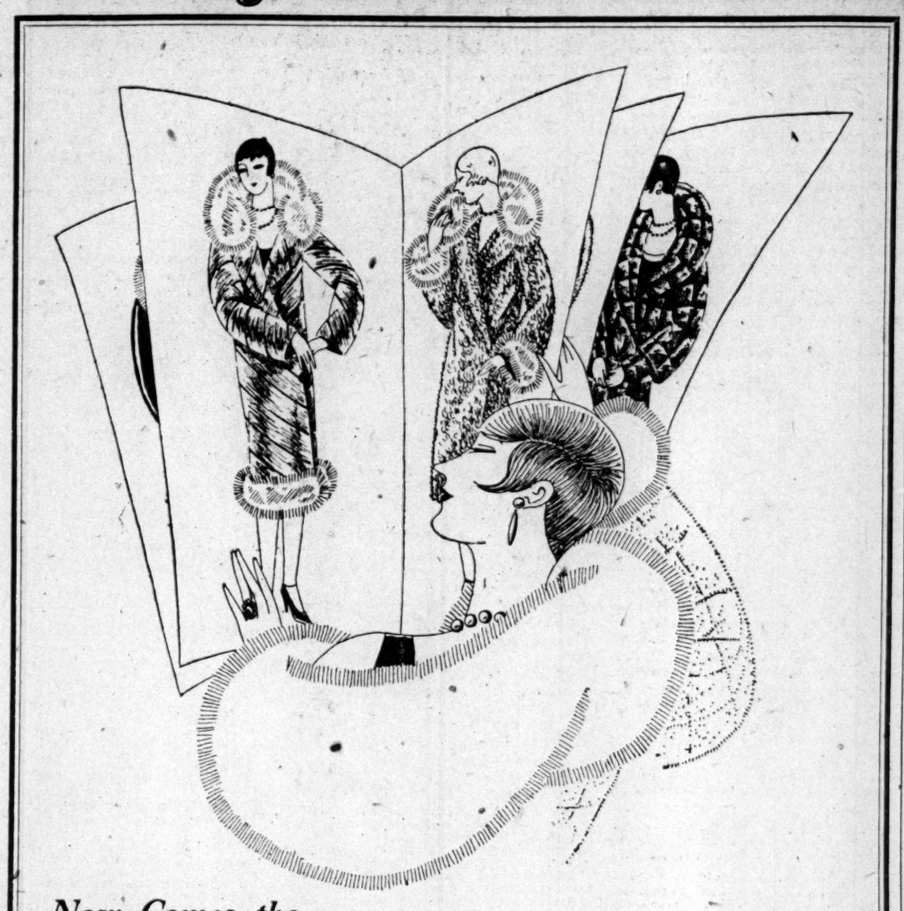
Broadway to Fourth Ave. 8th to 10th Sts.

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY

Formerly A. T. Stewart *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700* *Store Hours 9 to 5*

Public Offices CONSOLIDATED
Credit office, Bureau of Adjustments, Piano and deferred payment accounts. Management office—all now on the eighth gallery, near the restaurant—and with them our record offices, so that service may be prompt. All elevators reach this floor.

You Budget and Save in the Wanamaker August Sale of FURNITURE



You apportion your expenditures to your income. (We show you how.)

You buy your furniture as you buy your home—with a first payment, the balance like payments on your house, so much each month. Furniture is a necessity, not a luxury, and like a home lasts a life-time, if it is *good* furniture.

You thus keep much of your capital intact. You keep most of your savings in the savings bank. And you own and enjoy the furniture now, while your family is growing up.

You save on the furniture you buy from 10 to 50 per cent, depending upon what you select. Furnishing out of income does not alter prices.

BUT THE GAIN IS STILL MORE

You have learned from this furniture budgeting how to manage your home *in all its expenditures on a budget basis*—how much to spend for each necessity, and how much to save. This is explained to you in person at the Little Home Budget Service on the Sixth Gallery, and in the Wanamaker Budget Book sent free for the asking.

No wonder that schools and colleges from different states are studying this Wanamaker service; that classes in economics are visiting the Little Home; that people are saying "Wanamaker's are showing us better than any one else how to get the best value out of our money;" and that the editor of a great national publication writes:

"The Home Budget Service as conducted by the Wanamaker Store undoubtedly constitutes a new and constructive departure in modern merchandizing methods."

Fourth to Seventh Galleries, New Building

Now Comes the WANAMAKER SALE OF SELECTED FURS

—each piece chosen individually for its quality, its authenticity of fashion, its true-to-Wanamaker-standard of quality in every particular

COATS CAPES WRAPS

for Sports, Afternoon and Evening Wear

In fashions—the sale reflects the newest tendencies of Paris.

In skins—it includes the complete category of furs to be worn the coming season.

In quality—it uses only *selected* skins; good color, well matched, undoctored fur.

In values—the prices offset any we have seen in the market and in some instances are lower—comparison shows.

You will not find, in the Wanamaker Fur Salon, a lavish stock of spectacular furs exhibited to make an impression. But you will be shown in a quiet, dignified way the very furs that a woman of taste would choose to wear in an unassuming manner.

Furs, like jewels, are not to be flaunted. And, they are to be bought where confidence gives assurance not only of correct fashions, but good value as well.

The Furs and Their Prices

Hudson Seal (dyed Northern Muskrat) Trimmed Coats	$245 to $650
Hudson Seal (dyed Northern Muskrat) Plain Coats	$265 to $450
Alaska Seal Coats	$425 to $650
Mink Coats	$975 to $2,900
Russian Ermine Cape	$750
Broadtail Coats	$3,500
Cocoa-dyed Ermine (Weasel)	$750
Jap Mink Coat	$750
Jap Weasel Coats	$495 to $595
Squirrel Coats	$395 to $850
Dyed Squirrel Coats	$425 to $850
Moleskin Coats	$325 to $435
Persian Lamb Coats	$450 to $550
Brown-dyed Caracul Coats	$235 to $750
Black-dyed Caracul Coats	$275 to $395
Grey-dyed Caracul Coats	$795
Black Pony Coats	$150
Brown Pony Coats	$225
Grey Kid Coats	$265 to $425
Leopard Coats	$375 to $585
Leopard Cat Coats	$295
Leopard Spotted Kid Coats	$265
Silver Muskrat Coats	$175 to $345
Natural Muskrat (plain) Coats	$125 to $245
Natural Muskrat (trimmed) Coats	$145 to $345
Grey Krimmer Coats	$295
Antelope Coats	$285
American Broadtail (Brown, grey, sheared lamb) Coats	$325
Raccoon Coats	$225 to $385
Susliki Reversible Coats	$225 to $295
Natural Opossum Coats	$145
Beaver Coats	$510 to $695
Susliki Coats	$225 to $295
Black Muskrat Coats	$265 to $345
Nutria Coats	$245

Fur Coats for Girls 8 to 14 in the Sale, Too

Squirrel Lock Coat	$89.50
Nutria	$175
Grey Coney (Natural) Coat	$65
Beaver-dyed Coney and Pahmie Coat	$115
Silver Muskrat and Nutria Coat	$165
Silver Muskrat Coat	$165
Natural Muskrat Coat	$110
American Opossum Coat	$125
Leopard Spotted Pony Kid and Badger Coat	$145
Leopard Spotted Kid and Cocoa Squirrel Coat	$155
Leopard Cat and Nutria Coat	$295
Leopard Cat and Raccoon Coat	$250

Terms of payment are arranged to suit each customer—with a partial deposit the furs will be held in our cold dry-air store vaults until needed in the Fall.

Fur Salon, Second Floor, Old Building.

The August Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS

Offers Our Entire Stock at 10 to 50 Per Cent. Less

No other sale that we have held in August, or that is being held anywhere in New York, so far as we know, offers this great advantage. It runs hand in hand with the August Furniture Sale in this great advantage.

Here are Some Sample Groups in the Sale

125 Mossoul and Hamadan Rugs
Sizes from 2.6x4 ft. to 3x6 ft. $35 grade. } $26

75 Heavy, Kurdistan and Mossoul Rugs
Average size 3.6 ft. x 6.6 ft. $48 to $56 grades. } $39

35 Persian Dozar Rugs
Average size 4.7 ft. x 6.6 ft. $75 to $95 grades. } $63

15 Persian Gorevan Rugs
Average size 9x12 ft. Some smaller and some larger. $250 to $295 grades. } $159

25 Persian Arak, Turkish Sparta and India Rugs
Average size 9x12 ft. $325 to $350 grades. } $243

20 Persian and Caucasian Hall Strips—*Half Price*
Sizes from 3.4 x 9.6 ft. to 3.5x15.2 ft. $85 to $125 grades. } $42.50 to $62.50

Chinese Rugs

15 Chinese Rugs—*Half Price*
Average size 9x12 ft. $300 grades. } $150

20 Chinese Rugs
Average size 9x12 ft. $300 to $350 grades. } $195

75 Small Chinese Rugs
Sizes from 2x4 ft. to 4x7 ft. $20 to $125 grades. } $12.50 to $75

Chinese Rugs

GRADE	SALE PRICE
10 x 8 feet	$200 $125
13 x 10 feet	$375 $187.50
12 x 9 feet	$350 $225
12 x 9.5 feet	$475 $356
12.10 x 10.2 feet	$525 $382
14 x 10 feet	$550 $427
19 x 9 feet	$750 $500
15 x 12 feet	$850 $526
17 x 12.6 feet	$1000 $742
16 x 10 feet	$850 $765

Oriental Rugs

Room-Size Individual Rugs

GRADE	SALE PRICE
Hamadan—11.11 x 7.1 feet	$350 $262
Tabrez—12.6 x 9.2 ft	$475 $337
Kermanshah—11.10 x 9.4 ft	$700 $350
Kermanshah—12 x 8.4 ft	$650 $375
Kermanshah—12.1 x 9.1 ft	$650 $427
Sarouk—12.3 x 9.4 ft	$950 $625
Kashgar—12.9 x 10 ft	$850 $637
Sarouk—11.9 x 9.4 ft	$875 $675
Hamadan—15.2 x 11 ft	$1250 $850
Sarouk—14.6 x 9.7 ft	$1450 $1087
Sarouk—16 x 9.1 ft	$2000 $1125
Sarouk—18.4 x 9.4 ft	$1700 $1192
Kermanshah—22.5 x 12 ft	$2500 $1687

Third Gallery, New Bldg.

Men's Shirts and Pajamas

OF THE $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4 GRADES

$1.95

Men! Here's a windfall in the finer grades of men's shirts and pajamas. A sale many men wait for—knowing it will be here as surely as August rolls around. For in August this maker—he's one of our best—clears shelves to make room for his fall and winter stock. And we take over his entire surplus to whisk away at third to half the season's prevailing prices.

The SHIRTS

White, tan, gray and blue, stripes, checks, self-stripes, diagonals, cords. Collar attached and neckband styles, with post cuffs and French cuffs.

EXTRA—About twenty dozen extra size shirts are included, from 17½ to 20 inch neck, in fancy madras only.

The PAJAMAS

Roomy, full cut pajamas in a large variety of attractive stripes and plain colors. Some in the English style with collars; others V neck; some with frogs and loops and others with large buttons.

The MATERIALS

Shirts	*Pajamas*
Broadcloth	Broadcloth
Silk and Cotton Rayon	English Brilliant Cloth
Rayon-striped Madras	Rayon-striped Madras
White Madras	Corded Madras
Flat Madras	Fine Percales
Corded Madras	

Street Floor, New Building

HUSE'S SPEECH STIRS POLITICS INSTITUTE

Admiral's Sympathizers Say American Views of Foreign Affairs Have Been Sidetracked.

OTHER DELEGATES DIFFER

But Army and Navy Officers Will Have Chance to State Their Ideas Wednesday.

LAST MEETINGS ON FRIDAY

Sir Robert Borden Arrives to Speak on the British Commonwealth.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 16.—The protest yesterday by Rear Admiral Harry M. P. Huse, retired, against criticism and ridicule of the American Government's foreign policy probably will lead to a more complete expression of the American viewpoint toward international problems during the closing week of the Institute of Politics.

Those members of the institute who sympathize with Admiral Huse say that foreign affairs have been approached too much from the international point of view and not enough from the standpoint of American national and patriotic interests. It is also felt by this group, which appears to be a minority of the institute membership, that the majority has shown too much sympathy for international views presented by foreign speakers, and too much ridicule and disapproval of arguments for the protection of American interests.

The other group, which is strongly in favor of international cooperation and the subjection of national aims to international welfare, says that exponents of the strictly American viewpoint have failed to avail themselves of opportunities for expressing their opinions. It is pointed out that American army and navy officers, particularly, have failed to discuss foreign problems in any detail at the open conferences, but have restricted themselves chiefly to discussions at the private round table conferences, where they speak to only a few members of the institute, and where they usually stipulate that their remarks are not for publication.

Official Viewpoint Expressed.

It also is pointed out that the official viewpoint of the United States Government regarding the League of Nations and all the other principal foreign issues was set forth at length recently by William R. Castle Jr., chief of the division of Western Europe of the State Department, and that the viewpoint of American big business as to the development of natural resources in backward countries in Latin America was set forth by Victor H. Cutter, President of the United Fruit Company.

Mr. Castle and Mr. Cutter spoke before the open conference on "The Recent Foreign Policy of the United States," at which have occurred many of the criticisms to which Admiral Huse and his friends object. It is understood that Professor George H. Blakeslee, leader of this conference, while feeling that he has given full opportunity heretofore to any one who wished to express the American viewpoint, will "lean over backward" this week to have such views brought forward.

Another point emphasized in discussions of the Huse incident here today is that one of the peculiar functions of the institute is to put before its members and the public frank comments by both Americans and foreigners as to American foreign policy, and that these comments are valuable, even if they do not agree with the views of many Americans, because they contain information and criticism that do not generally come through the ordinary official and diplomatic channels of communication between nations.

Sympathy With Huse's Stand.

Sympathy is expressed here at Admiral Huse's protest on behalf of the army and navy delegation against the laughter and applause with which the American members of the institute have greeted criticisms of American policy and of the American army and navy by foreign speakers. Another view, however, is that the laughter was not by any means directed against the American army and navy, but against the sensitiveness displayed by individual military men in their prompt resentment of criticism.

American army and navy officers will have an opportunity to express their views on Wednesday when Major Gen. Sir Frederick Maurice, Chief of Operations on the British General Staff during the war, who has been conducting a round table on limitation of armament, will have a special open conference before the whole institute. This may take the nature of a debate at which both sides can be threshed out.

Sir Robert Borden, former Prime Minister of Canada, arrived here today and will speak on "The Dominions and Foreign Policy" at tomorrow's open conference on "The British Commonwealth of Nations."

The fifth annual session of the institute will close on Friday.

CONVICT SOVIET OFFICIALS.

Two Are Sentenced to Death, Two to Ten Years for Malfeasance.

SVERDLOVSKA (formerly Ekaterinburg), Russia, Aug. 16 (AP).—M. Basanin, manager of the local branch of the textile syndicate, and M. Vargasoff, technical director, have been sentenced to death by the District Court on charges of having favored private traders in preference to State cooperative organizations in the distribution of textile goods assigned to Siberia. The prosecution accused them also of having accepted bribes from traders.

M. Davydeff and M. Poliakoff, members of the Textile Board, also were convicted and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment and confiscation of their property.

The Supreme Court has confirmed the sentences.

BROOKLYN YOUTH DROWNS.

William Inglis Loses Life Near Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 16 (AP).—William Inglis, 19, of 1,360 Ogden Avenue, Brooklyn, was drowned while bathing in Long Pond, near here, this afternoon.

Inglis, who came from his home Saturday to spend a vacation at the lake, was wading close to shore this afternoon. A chum saw him double up, as with cramps, and fall forward into a deep hole. One swimmer tried to catch him as he fell, but Inglis slipped from his grasp and sank.

New York Gives Library Less Relatively Than 27 Other Cities

The City of Cleveland spends more than four times as much per inhabitant on its public library system as New York, according to a statement made public yesterday by the New York Public Library Staff Association. The association is conducting a campaign for increased appropriations from the city for books and salaries.

Indianapolis is another city that spends proportionately much more for its libraries than New York. Of thirty leading public libraries in the United States only those in Philadelphia and Washington, D. C., receive a smaller per capita appropriation than the New York institution.

Petitions calling on the Board of Estimate to make a larger appropriation for the library for 1926 are being circulated throughout the city. Hearings begin next month.

BRASS CHECK CLUE TO AN INJURED MAN

Stranger Hurt on Railroad Track Remains Dazed in State Hospital.

WON'T ANSWER QUESTIONS

Silent Except for a Command to a Nurse to "Get Out"—May Be a Longshoreman.

Special to The New York Times.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Aug. 16.—A brass check issued by a steamship company in New York City was counted upon by officials to solve the identity of a man about 30 years old who was picked up at 5:30 o'clock last evening on the Long Island Railroad tracks just outside the town limits. The man persistently refused to speak.

He was unconscious when found but revived later in Unger's Hospital. Examination disclosed that a lung had been punctured, and the police concluded that he had either fallen from a train or had been struck by one. He regained consciousness at midnight, but seemed to be in a daze.

When physicians joined the police in an effort to question the man he merely stared back at them and grimly set his lips. Miss Catherine Geddes, a nurse, tried to induce her patient to speak. She failed. Then Miss Geddes offered him a drink of water.

"Get out," he said, and the words were the first to pass his lips. He tried to strike the nurse. State Troopers were called. They took the man to the State Hospital at Central Islip, L. I. Before he left his clothing was searched. The pockets yielded 75 cents and the check. The tag was about the size of a silver dollar and bore this inscription: "Clyde-Mallory Steamship Co., 1,884—N. Y."

At the Clyde Steamship offices at Pier 45, North River, it was said that the check found on the man was of the type issued to longshoremen and tendered when collecting their pay. Occasionally the checks pass out of the hands of the longshoremen and into the hands of others. No means of identification were available at the office yesterday.

POLICEMAN IS SHOT BY HOLD-UP SUSPECTS

Chases Gunmen After Cafe Is Robbed—Gets Bullet in Knee—Fugitives Hide in Tenement.

Two stocky, roughly dressed gunmen, who are believed to have held up a restaurant and taken $400 early this morning, engaged in a running battle with the police on Third Avenue and 130th Street last night and vanished after wounding a policeman in the knee. The police had thrown a cordon of reserves around the block bounded by Lexington and Park Avenues and 130th and 131st Street and searched the tenements for them.

The wounded policeman was Patrolman James Hunter of 1,524 Longfellow Avenue, the Bronx. Hunter was on Third Avenue at 130th Street when he saw the two men running down the street. He called to them to halt, and when they paid no attention to him, he fired a shot over their heads.

Both men turned and, as they ran, started firing back at the policeman. Hunter fired until he had emptied his pistol. One fugitive fired twelve shots at him. A bullet struck Hunter in the right knee and the policeman fell to his knees.

He picked himself up and continued the chase. The gunmen turned west on 130th Street and disappeared into the doorway of a tenement between Lexington and Park Avenues. Hunter's wounded leg gave way just before he reached the doorway.

Meanwhile Patrolman Simeon Tierney had heard the shooting. He ran toward the place. As he came opposite the doorway shots came from it and spattered around him. He replied to them, and in moment they ceased. When he approached the door the men had disappeared.

Patrolman Hunter insisted on going back to the East 126th Street Police Station and making out his report, then returned to the scene and continued the search. He had to desist soon, however, and was taken to the Harlem Hospital.

The police said that a few minutes before Hunter encountered the thugs, two roughly drssed men walked into the River Shannon Café, at 2,370 Third Avenue, held up the waiter and took $400 from the cash register.

IRAQ KING AT MARSEILLES.

Going to England, Possibly to Consult on Mosul Question.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—King Feisel of Iraq landed at Marseilles today on his way to England. The official reason given for the trip is that of the King's health, but the French believe it is for the purpose of conferring with the British Government prior to the meeting of the League Council on Sept. 2, which is to consider the report of League experts on the Mosul frontier.

This report is far from being entirely favorable to the British point of view, and it is expected here that the English will make a strong fight to present reasons, when it gets the opportunity, why the oil area should not revert to Turkey.

It is understood that it is not impossible that the King of Iraq may attend the League meeting next month.

RADIO.

See Page 27 for today's complete radio program.—Advt.

GIRL STUDENT HELD FOR HAVING PISTOL

Empty Weapon Found in Her Apartment When Police Arrive to Stop Fist Fight.

A SOUVENIR, SHE SAYS

Building Superintendent Charged That Her Brother Assaulted Him.

Miss Otilia Millares, 18-year-old Columbia journalist student, of 557 West 124th Street, stood before Magistrate George W. Simpson in West Side Court yesterday on a charge of violating the Sullivan law. Cash bail of $500, furnished in five $100-notes, was given by her uncle, Manuel Gonzalez, who lives at the Hotel Alamac, Seventy-first Street and Broadway, a few minutes after Miss Millares had been led weeping to a cell in the West Side Jail. She will appear in court Wednesday for further examination.

The plight of the girl followed a disturbance in the apartment house in which she lives early yesterday morning. According to the statements made to Magistrate Simpson the girl participated in the disturbance only to the extent of screaming for help as her brother, Joseph, 29 years old, struggled in fistic combat with the superintendent of the building, Henry Adrian. But an empty pistol was found on the mantel in the girl's room by Patrolman Langdon when he arrived to quell the trouble.

She Was Mending, She Said.

Miss Millares, reputed to be of a wealthy Havana family, sat up late Saturday night sewing in preparation for a trip to Saratoga, which was to have been made yesterday. She still was mending at 3:30 o'clock in the morning when a girl, whose name was not given but who lives in the Millares apartment, came home. A few moments later, Miss Millares said, there was a loud knock at the apartment door.

Dropping her sewing, she said, she went to the door and recognized the voice of the superintendent, Adrian, who, she asserted, said he wanted to come in to see the "other girl." Miss Millares said she denied him admission.

Other occupants of the apartment house were aroused by Adrian's voice, the girl said, and he finally went away, calling on the house telephone a few moments later and saying he was coming back.

The brother, Joseph, who is the New York representatives of Millares, Ortez & Co. of Santiago, Cuba, and also of Gonzales & Marina of Havana, Cuba, planters, answered the door on Adrian's return visit. A fight followed, the brother told Magistrate Simpson, when he tried to keep Adrian from the apartment.

Neighbors opened windows and shouted for the police. Patrolman Langdon responded.

Complainant Does Not Appear.

In West Side Court yesterday Langdon said Adrian declared he had been assaulted and wanted Joseph Millares locked up. Although protesting that he was the one assaulted, Millares was taken to the West 100th Street Station. Before that, however, Langdon had found the unloaded revolver. The girl also was taken to the West 100th Street Station.

Adrian failed to appear in court yesterday and the assault charge against the brother was dismissed by Magistrate Simpson.

The girl said the pistol was not hers, but belonged to her brother. She added that it had been given him by a concern for which he is a representative and that it was considered more of a souvenir than a weapon.

Counsel for the girl, Joseph Broderick of 35 Broadway, asked for a continuance of the case, whereupon Magistrate Simpson fixed bail at $500 for examination Wednesday. The amount could not be produced at once, and Miss Millares for the first time lost her composure, tears flowing from her black eyes as she was led to the West Side jail.

A few minutes later, however, the uncle, Manuel Gonzalez, and a group of Cuban friends came to the rescue, deposited the required $500 and waited for Miss Millares, who was brought from the jail.

HOSTS STABBED AT PARTY.

Uninvited Guests Fight When Turned Away.

An attempt of four uninvited guests to join a party in a bungalow at 21 Elm Court, Midland Beach, S. I., resulted early yesterday in the stabbing of the two hosts and the arrest of four youths who were held without bail after being identified as the assailants.

Thomas Quinn, 20 years old, who rented the bungalow, was stabbed twice in the left side and was removed to the Staten Island Hospital with a punctured lung. He is not expected to live. Richard Nolan, 21 years old, who lived with him, was also taken to the hospital with two wounds in the left side. Hope was held out for his recovery.

The four prisoners were James Kahn, 21 years old, of 42 West Eighth Street; George Paul, 20, of 240 West Tenth Street; Terrace Carroll of 31 West Twenty-second Street, and Albert Carroll, 22, of 341 West Eleventh Street. Quinn and Nolan identified Kahn as the one who did the stabbing and the other three as companions who had tried to force their way into the party.

Quinn and Nolan were entertaining some young men and women at the bungalow and about 2 o'clock in the morning, according to the police, Kahn came to the door and said he wanted to talk to one of the young women, who, he said, was a friend. He was refused admittance and came back later, the police said, with the others, and when Quinn would not let them join the party started a brawl which ended in the stabbing.

By the time the police arrived all had fled but the two injured men. The intruders were caught an hour later.

LEAPS FROM BOAT, RESCUED

After Exploit Youth Gets Two Days in Jail for Intoxication.

For leaping into the harbor after midnight from the upper deck of a municipal ferryboat and having to be rescued by a policeman who dived after him, Richard Bacon, 18 years old, of 138 West Sixty-third Street, Manhattan, was sentenced to two days in jail yesterday by Magistrate Bridges, in the First District Court at New Brighton, S. I. The charge was intoxication.

Bacon was on the ferryboat Richmond, which left the Battery at 1 o'clock yesterday morning for St. George. Ten minutes out from the Battery slip and not far from Bedloe's Island Bacon plunged into the water with a resounding splash.

On the lower deck was Patrolman Aurelio Curreri of the Seventh Precinct, Manhattan, returning off duty and in uniform to his home, in Tompkinsville, S. I. Captain John McCaffrey of the Richmond pulled the bells for full speed astern as Curreri dived. The policeman held Bacon's head above the surface for ten minutes before they were pulled into a small boat which put out from the Richmond.

Unarmed Pair Hold Up Broadway Cigar Store; Cow Clerk; Tell Him to Hunt Them at Coney

Shoving the clerk into a back room and closing the door, two youths yesterday helped themselves to $20 from a cash register of the United Cigar Store at 1,691 Broadway, each thrusting a package of cigarettes in his pocket, and departed with the shouted message: "We'll be at Coney Island tonight if you want us."

The clerk, George Kenney, 24 years old, of 613 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, who was grasped by the nape of the neck, raised on his tiptoes and hustled into the adjoining room, told detectives of the West Forty-seventh Street Station that neither of the youths was armed.

Business was slack in the store, which is at Fifty-third Street. Kenney was devoting his time to rearranging boxes in a cigar case as the two youths entered and lounged against the case, one of them calling for a package of cigarettes.

As Kenney passed the cash register to get the cigarattes, one youth stepped quickly behind the counter. Displaying surprising strength, he grabbed the clerk, nearly lifted him off his feet and propelled him to the back room.

"Never mind about getting the cigarettes," the stranger said. "We'll get them ourselves. We are going to Coney Island and haven't either cigarette money or car fare. You just step in there and we'll take care of it."

The bell of the cash register rang. Kenney heard the drawer slide out.

"There's only about $25 in here," one youth said, according to Kenney.

"Well, that's enough," the other replied. "Take about $20."

"All right," the first said, "and do you still want those cigarettes?"

"Sure, and get a pack for yourself."

There came sounds of the stranger at the cigarette rack, after which footsteps approached the door where Kenney was imprisoned, one of the men called the directions where they might be found and the footsteps receded.

Kenney waited until the two had departed; then he called up the West Forty-seventh Station and notified the police.

ASKS RESERVE DUTY FOR VETERAN POLICE

Patrolmen's Association Wants Enright to Make Changes in Present System.

COMPLAIN OF LONG HOURS

Now Subject to Extra Duty Making a 16-Hour Period Six Days in Every Twenty.

The Patrolmen's Benevolent Association, whose members include virtually all of the uniformed force and many doing plain clothes and detective duty below the rank of sergeant in the New York Police Department, has submitted a brief to Commissioner Enright proposing drastic changes in the reserve system of the department.

The brief sets forth a complaint by the association that the uniformed policeman must do six eight-hour periods of reserve duty in every twenty days in addition to his regular eight-hour tour of duty during eighteen of the twenty days. The patrolman, according to the brief, has to be available for duty a full working week outside his regular duty for every twenty-day period, yet he has only one day off in ten.

These conditions, the association holds, are responsible for so many policemen retiring on pensions after twenty-five years' service when they are within the age limit and perfectly able to continue in the service for many years. Their places must be taken by "green" men. The city must pay pensions to retired policemen at a time when from experience and knowledge the are still valuable and efficient public servants.

It is the contention of the association that retirements would be materially cut down if it were not for the hardships of the present reserve system. In place of it, the association proposes the following plan:

"There shall be maintained at all times as part of the service a sufficient reserve at the several headquarters and police stations throughout the city.

"There shall be assigned to such reserve duty such patrolmen as have service of such class shall be assigned, least twenty years, unless there be an insufficient number of members in such class, in which event junior members may be so assigned to make up such deficiency. In case there be in such class more members than is necessary for reserve duty, the older in point of service of such class shall be assigned and such reserve force shall be so constituted at all times as to give preference in such assignments, as nearly as may be practicable, to the members of such force based on seniority of service.

"Such reserve duty shall be divided into three tours of eight hours each, and the members assigned to such duty shall rotate in such reserve service in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner."

CRAZED BANK TELLER SHOOTS SELF IN CAGE

Scatters Money About, Sounds Burglar Alarm and Fights Watchman and Police.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 16.—Napoleon Sanorski, teller at the Sagamore Trust Company, West Lynn, scattered $7,000 about the floor of his cage at the bank late yesterday, sounded the burglar alarm, shot himself in the left shoulder and then fought the watchman and the police who ran to the bank in response to the alarm. He was subdued and taken to the Lynn Hospital, where his wound was treated. The hospital officials believe he is temporarily mentally unbalanced.

It was thought at the bank that Sanorski brooded too much over his inability to get away to the Cornet-Manchester ball game at Barry Park yesterday afternoon. He wanted to go, but as his vacation started today the bank officials told him to stay overtime to balance his accounts and clean up odds and ends.

The wounded teller is a World War veteran. He won a First Lieutenancy for bravery while in France and was wounded during the attack on Belleau Woods, north of Verdun, in October, 1918.

Sanorski told the police that he had been shot by a fellow who tried to hold him up and rob the bank, but when the officers arrived they found the door locked and, once inside, they picked up Sanorski's revolver, with one cartridge exploded.

HERE FROM ITALY IN 9 DAYS.

Conte Rosso Makes Faster Time in Crossing From Naples.

The Lloyd Sabaudo liner Conte Rosso arrived late yesterday afternoon from Genoa and Naples after making the passage from Naples to New York in nine days. Heretofore the liner had arrived late Sunday nights and docked the following morning. The officers said that the Conte Rosso left Naples at 3 P. M., on Aug. 7, instead of at midnight. After many attempts the Lloyd Sabaudo Company at Genoa has managed to get the mails on board promptly. The sea was described as being very smooth from the breakwater at Naples to Sandy Hook.

A passenger on the Conte Rosso was George W. Brown, a lawyer of Chicago, who was returning from a three months tour of Germany, Italy, France, Belgium and Switzerland. Mr. Brown said that Germany was the most prosperous of all the countries he visited. All the factory chimneys were smoking, he added, and there seemed to be little unemployment. He had no doubt that Germany would be the first country in Europe to emerge from her financial and commercial depression when the war debt question was settled.

800,000 VISITORS JAM CONEY ISLAND

Two Married Couples Arrested for Using an Automobile as a Bathhouse.

PATROL WAGON TOWS CAR

Onlookers Shout as Machine Is Pulled to Police Station—225 Children Lost.

Eight hundred thousand persons, one of the largest crowds that Coney Island has ever known, jammed the resort yesterday seeking relief from the heat. Early in the day all the bathing accommodations at the beach had been taken, and thousands were unable to get into bathing suits.

Four of the throng who could not engage lockers were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct after a dispute with the police over their attempt to use an automobile as a bathhouse. The four were Mr. and Mrs. Richard Kantor of 44 First Place, Brooklyn, and Dr. and Mrs. Julius Maizner of 825 West 180th Street, Manhattan. Kantor is a real estate operator and Maizner is a dentist. Patrolman Joseph Bonara of the Coney Island Station was circulating among the thousands of automobiles in the city parking place in Dreamland Park when he came across a machine with all its curtains closely drawn. He opened the door and found Mrs. Maizner and Mrs. Kantor preparing to change to their bathing suits.

The patrolmen told the women they were violating the law and started to serve a summons upon them. Their husbands remonstrated with the policeman for interfering with the women. When the dispute was at its height, Bonara said, one of the men flung the door of the automobile shut and locked it, shutting the women inside. Another policeman came to Bonara's aid and telephoned to the station house. A patrol wagon was sent and policemen attached the Kantor-Meizner car to the wagon with a tow-rope. Then the car was pulled to the station while onlookers shouted. The two couples were booked on charges of disorderly conduct and released in $500 bail each for a hearing today.

The police were kept busy all day picking up lost children, and all day long there was a wailing crowd of babies at the station waiting for their mothers to come and claim them. The total was 225.

Harry Kugal, 18 years old, of 334 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, narrowly escaped drowning when he was attacked by cramps off the foot of West Twenty-ninth Street, Coney Island. He was rescued by another bather. He was treated by Dr. Borak of the Coney Island Hospital and taken home.

Thomas Longnecker, 5 years old, of 236 Meeker Avenue, Brooklyn, broke his arm diving off a jetty at the foot of Coney Island Avenue. The boy plunged into shallow water and struck a submerged rock. He was taken to Coney Island Hospital.

Irving Gordon, 11 years old, of 1,029 Sixty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, lost control of his bicycle at West Fifth Street and Surf Avenue and fell on his head. He was taken to Coney Island suffering from concussion of the brain.

GETS FIANCEE BY AD; SHE GETS HIS $1,200

Miner Entrusted His Savings to Her Because She "Feared" He Might Be Robbed, and He Was.

FRANKLIN, N. J., Aug. 16.—Joseph Jovacs, a Hungarian, returned here today and will go back to work in the mines tomorrow, bereft of his life's savings and his faith in women. Jovacs recently decided it was time to marry and advertised for a bride in a Hungarian newspaper published in New York. An interesting reply came promptly and led to a meeting which delighted the miner. The girl, he said, was young, tall and comely, with blue eyes and fair, wavy hair. She was even more beautiful when she smiled, he told his friends, for her mouth was resplendent with gold teeth. And then she told her suitor that she had a $50,000 farm in Ohio, and opened her purse and showed him $600.

Jovacs withdrew his savings, $1,200, and took his fiancée to New York for the greatest evening of his life. They had the best dinner Jovacs had ever eaten and saw a show. Then they went in a taxicab to Grand Central Terminal to take a train somewhere up-State to be married.

Awaiting the train time they sat in the waiting room and the fiancée worried about Jovacs's money. "Somebody might rob you," she cautioned him. "Better let me hold it for you."

He followed her suggestion. Then she said: "We'd better be getting the tickets, dear. The train is leaving soon." Jovacs started to go. "Oh, no, I'll get them," she insisted. "You're too tired."

She walked away toward the ticket wickets. Jovacs never saw her again, although he searched for hours in the station and in the streets of the city.

KAHN HOST TO SON'S BAND.

Players Go to Country Home on Yacht for Golf and Concert.

COLD SPRING HARBOR, L. I., Aug. 16.—Otto H. Kahn, international banker, was host today at his estate here to his son, Roger Wolfe Kahn and the members of Roger's twelve-piece jazz band.

The members of the band, led by Roger, arrived on the Kahn yacht Oheka, which they had boarded early in the morning at the foot of East Eighty-sixth Street, Manhattan. During the cruise the band gave a syncopated concert.

At the Kahn estate, musical instruments were abandoned for golf clubs. A clambake followed, after which another concert was given for several guests invited by Mr. Kahn. The musicians remained overnight and were to return tomorrow on the Oheka in time for their appearance at the Hotel Biltmore.

10,000 AT AUCTION OF ROCKAWAY LOTS

Day Reports Sale of 1,100 in About Six Hours for Total of $1,300,000.

347 MORE TO GO TONIGHT

One Block on Boulevard Goes for $94,500—Women Are Among the Bidders.

A circus tent proved to be too small when Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, faced a crowd of about 10,000 at the auction sale on Saturday of the 1,500 Rockaway coast lots located between the Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Jamaica Bay and the Frank and Straiton Avenue stations of the Long Island Railroad. They were ordered sold at absolute auction by the trustee of the Remington Vernam estate.

Mr. Day, an announcement from him said, in about six hours of actual selling time—from 4 until 12 o'clock with an adjournment for dinner—broke all previous auction records by selling approximately 1,100 lots for a total of nearly $1,300,000.

When the sale was adjourned, a little before midnight, Karelsen & Karelsen, attorneys for the Vernam estate, announced through Mr. Day that the sale would be continued tonight at 8 o'clock at Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Beach Fifty-second Street, when the unsold 347 lots, including frontage on Rockaway Boulevard and Amstel Boulevard, would be closed out to the highest bidders.

Prices on Saturday, it was said, were more reasonable than the recent "boom" prices led the owners to expect. Mr. Karelsen said that the $1,000 lots were easily worth $2,000 to $2,500, and that those who bought Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Amstel Boulevard lots at $2,500 got bargains.

The largest purchasers were Joseph M. Goldstein and M. Hirsch of Manhattan, who, operating together, acquired the entire square block of seventy lots between Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Amstel Boulevard, Beach Fifty-first and Beach Fifty-second Streets, for $94,500. The block immediately adjacent, from Beach Fiftieth to Fifty-first Street, consisting of sixty-eight lots, was sold to Ned H. Matz for $90,000.

The highest price of the day, $5,300, was paid for the first lot offered, at the corner of Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Beach Forty-ninth Street. D. G. Carmichael of Manhattan, a silk importer, was the purchaser. Samuel Goldenburg paid $5,200 each for the two lots adjoining, on the Boulevard. The corner of Fifth Street brought $3,880, and other lots between Forty-ninth and Fifty-third Streets $2,500 to $4,150 each.

In the side streets, from Forty-ninth to Fifty-seventh Street, between Rockaway Beach and Amstel Boulevards, prices ranged from $1,325 to $1,050, and on both sides of Amstel Boulevard, from $2,000 to $2,500 for corners and $1,200 to $1,500 for inside lots. In the blocks between Amstel Boulevard and Elizabeth Avenue, Forty-ninth to Fifty-seventh Street, prices ranged from $900 to $1,150. In the block to the north, between Elizabeth Avenue and Almeda Avenue, lots averaged $800 to $900 each, and in Almeda Avenue $900 to $1,000 each.

Alma Schlesinger of Arverne was the heaviest buyer of lots in this section, which is close to Jamaica Bay. A block front in the same section on Almeda Avenue was taken by Harry Silverman of the Bronx at $1,000 a lot, and the J. S. B. M. Company of Manhattan was another heavy buyer along Conch Place, Almeda Avenue, Beach Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets and Elizabeth Avenue.

Many of the buyers were from Manhattan, Brooklyn, the Bronx, New Jersey and points as far west as Indianapolis, the announcement said, and it was reported that several times during the sale Mr. Day was approached by men and women who had lost out in the bidding offering substantial profits to those who had been the successful bidders for the lots they had hoped to acquire. The offers of immediate profits made by Mr. Day, at the request of these persons, were refused without exception, Mr. Day said, although it was understood that a large number of resales were made privately while the sale was in session and yesterday by the crowd who spent Sunday looking at the lots they had purchased and in dealing with the hundreds of brokers and buyers by whom they were importuned to "name a price and sell."

The organization of a chamber of commerce for all the Rockaways, with an executive office and a paid staff, recommended by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, was announced yesterday. Lewis H. May, one of the organizers, reported that more than 500 merchants of the district had promised their support.

The new chamber, according to the organizers, is an outgrowth of the real estate boom which, they said, had shown the necessity for a strong central organization which could promote the welfare of the various communities that make up the Rockaways.

AUCTION AT LONG BEACH.

Sale of 900 Lots Is Reported, Including Site for a Hotel.

The Long Beach auction sale on Saturday afternoon and evening reached a total of $2,823,000 for the 900 boardwalk and boulevard lots and houses, according to Arthur C. Sheridan, who conducted the sale.

About 4,000 persons attended the opening of the sale, which lasted until nearly midnight, Mr. Sheridan said. Commenting on the sale, Mayor William J. Dalton of Long Beach, said:

"In view of the recent boom in Long Beach and the approaching auction at the time the boom started, I believe the sale on Saturday has had a good tendency to stabilize values in Long Beach."

The chief offering was the property on the boardwalk at National Boulevard, comprising five lots facing the Hotel Nassau. It was sold after spirited bidding for $325,000 to I. O. Wolfe, who plans to erect a large hotel.

The auction will be continued tonight when 287 residential lots known as "Eastholme" in Long Beach, will be offered.

THOUSANDS AT LONG BRANCH.

Scores Take Part in Boom — Big Movie House Is Planned.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 16.—Perfect weather greeted the largest Sunday crowd of the season and one of the greatest in the history of this resort, when thousands visited Long Branch today.

The beaches were crowded from sunrise to sunset, and scores of visitors participated in the real estate activity which began a week ago and which to date has shown no sign of abatement. Numerous investments were recorded, some on property which already had changed hands during the vigorous trading of the last week. The new investors continue to announce projects for development of the property acquired. One of these—J. W. Block, owner of the Shore Club at West End—is proceeding with plans for a large motion picture theatre which will be erected as an addition to the club and will have a symphony orchestra as one of its features. Conservative estimates place the transactions in real estate here since the activity started at approximately $13,000,000.

Italian General Inspects Scattered Troops From Air

TRIPOLI, Cireniaca, Aug. 16 (AP).—General Malaidra, accompanied by Lieutenant Donadelli, today made an airplane inspection flight of 1,000 kilometers (621 miles) in six hours.

During the flight they passed over various groups of Italian soldiers isolated in North Africa.

COMMUTERS READY FOR RATE ARGUMENT

Public Service Commission to Hear Pleas to Reopen New Haven Case on Wednesday.

QUICK DECISION EXPECTED

City Aids Westchester Communities in Fight Against Authorized 40 Per Cent. Fare Increase.

The Public Service Commission will hear arguments on Wednesday, at 30 Church Street, to determine whether to reopen hearings on the 40 per cent. increase in commutation fares recently granted to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. The commission has jurisdiction over New York State fares only.

The hearing will start at 10:30 A. M. The city will be represented by Assistant Corporation Counsel Joseph A. Devery, who applied on Saturday for a rehearing on the increase. The city application joins those filed for Westchester County commuters by Charles A. Van Auken, Corporation Counsel of New Rochelle, and Hugh M. Hewson, Corporation Counsel of Mount Vernon. The commission is expected to rule immediately as to whether the matter will be reopened.

At his home at 2,341 Andrews Avenue, the Bronx, Mr. Devery said yesterday that he did not wish to go into the details of the argument he and the other law officials would make before the Public Service Commission. He said that the city had merely joined the fight and that in so doing had filed a brief with the commission raising several points not included in the Westchester petitions.

In the city brief it is argued that the commission erred in accepting the apportionment of the cost of maintaining and operating the Grand Central Terminal and the terminal yard space between the New Haven and the New York Central. The apportionment was on the "wheelage" basis, which provided that each road should pay on the proportion of the number of trains it operated into the terminal. The city brief, Mr. Devery said, argued that commuters' trains were operated at less cost than through trains and that the commuters' trains should have the benefit of the difference.

The city brief also sets forth that the commission should not have accepted the results of a single month, namely, June, 1924, but should have surveyed a longer period.

"The commission erred in making its decision," says the city brief, "without considering the general financial situation of the company as a whole, particularly without determining whether said company was not already making an adequate return on its total property and whether the increases allowed will not result in excessive earnings to the corporation."

Before the brief was filed, Mr. Devery said, he and Mr. Van Auken and Mr. Hewson went over it carefully at the Bar Association to avoid duplication.

In addition to the city attorneys of New Rochelle and Mount Vernon, counsel for the town of Mamoraneck, the village of Mamoraneck and the town of Port Chester will attend the hearing.

HARD COAL MEN SEEK A WAY OUT OF STRIKE

Unofficial Meeting of Several Operators and Miners Being Arranged.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 16 (AP).—Although W. W. Inglis, Chairman of the Anthracite Operators' Negotiating Committee, said tonight he knew of no meeting scheduled to be held in Philadelphia having as its object the resumption of negotiations with the mine workers, it is understood that several independent operators are in touch with the mine workers, trying to bring about a renewal of the wage parley this week.

From a reliable source it was learned tonight that an informal meeting scheduled at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, for Monday, has been postponed for a day or two, but that this independent effort to resume negotiations is still under way.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 16 (AP).—No sign of early reconciliation between anthracite operators and miners, now at loggerheads over renewal of the wage contract expiring Aug. 31, appeared tonight at their two headquarters here. Leaders indicated that neither side was disposed to resume soon the negotiations broken of in Atlantic City. Only two weeks remain before the impending strike is due.

Work at the mines is proceeding at top speed to store up as much coal as possible. Anthracite carrying roads indicate increasingly heavy shipments, particularly to outlying sections of the consuming territory where any cessation in supply would be felt the first. Augmented fleets of retail trucks rushing coal to householders' cellars are reported as familiar sights in the larger Eastern cities.

Illinois Miners Ready to Quit.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16 (AP).—William McCrystal told a meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor today that Illinois bituminous coal workers were prepared to join the national strike of anthracite miners threatened next September. McCrystal asserted that action to this end was taken by executive officers of the Illinois miners here last Wednesday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 16 (AP).—The statement of William McCrystal before a Chicago labor meeting today that Illinois miners are prepared to walk out if the anthracite miners strike Sept. 1 was declared to be without foundation by Harry Fishwick, Vice President of the Illinois district, tonight.

Seek German at Sea as Swindler.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 16 (AP).—The Minneapolis Tribune says that a German charged with having swindled a Minnesota banker out of $6,600 is in flight to Germany, while authorities are working to arrest him before he reaches Hamburg. The man is Earl E. Mielke, 34, a German subject, believed to be aboard the Mount Clay, en route to Hamburg. The State Department will be asked to aid in his capture when the Mount Clay reaches Queenstown, Tuesday or Wednesday.

REPORT INCOMES MOVING UPWARD

Research Bureau Shows Trend in America for the Thirteen Years Ending 1921.

SOME SHARP FLUCTUATIONS

Gain in Average Earnings From $791 to $1,537—In Buying Ratio, 823 to 887.

REPORT ON 3 YEARS READY

Will Show $74,158,000,000 Earned in 1920 Cut to $62,736,000,000 the Following Year.

The real income of the American people for thirteen years from 1909 to 1921, showed a practically continuous upward trend, according to a forthcoming report on "Income in the various States, its sources and distribution in 1919, 1920 and 1921," to be issued by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

According to a digest made public yesterday, the total current income of the American people rose from $67,254,000,000 in 1919 to $74,158,000,000 in 1920, and declined to $62,736,000,000 in 1921, it is indicated in the report. The exhaustive investigation of income was summarized by Dr. Williford I. King, Maurice Leven and a corps of assistants under the direction of Dr. Edwin F. Gay and Dr. Wesley C. Mitchell as co-directors of research of the National Bureau.

1921 Transition Sharp.

The transition from the inflation period of 1920 to the depression year of 1921 is marked by the sharp drop of $11,500,000,000 in the nominal total national income. This was one of the greatest fluctuations recorded in the bureau's income studies, and is shown in the following table of income from 1909 to 1921:

Year.	Millions of Dollars.	Year.	Millions of Dollars.
1909	27,100	1916	39,200
1910	28,400	1917	48,500
1911	29,000	1918	56,000
1912	30,800	1919	67,200
1913	32,000	1920	74,158
1914	31,600	1921	62,736
1915	32,700		

"The price changes during the more recent years of this period have been so violent that comparisons of money values for different years tell practically nothing about the variations that have occurred either in the physical volume of business or in the quantity of goods that the income will buy," said a statement by the bureau supplementing the advance figures.

"It has been necessary, therefore, to convert many items into figures representing values in money of constant purchasing power. For this purpose, prices of the year 1913 have been commonly taken as standard. Five indices of prices were used by

Topics in City and Suburban Pulpits Yesterday

PASTOR SAYS HYLAN LACKS IN ABILITY

Rev. Mr. Sheerin Calls Mayor Sincere but Without the Grasp Needed for His Job.

SEES LESSON IN HIS REIGN

Thinks Church Should Create Desire for a Good Mayor Here, but Raps Pastor Politicians.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Clerical "politicians and detectives" were denounced by the Rev. James Sheerin, Superintendent of the Episcopal Orphans' Home, New York City, who preached in Christ Episcopal Church this morning. He made a plea for simplicity in religion.

In discussing clergymen in politics, Mr. Sheerin touched upon the New York City Mayoralty campaign, saying that Mayor Hylan "has left undone the things he ought to have done, and he has done those things he ought not to have done." In part, Mr. Sheerin said:

"Desire should be as paramount in politics as in religion. The Church weakens its position when it meddles in the actual working of politics. When it dictates nominations or names platforms and proposes laws it loses power. Its position is infinitely stronger if it lays all its stress on creating right desires in any department of life.

"Somehow in recent years, while seeming to fear ecclesiastical dominance in politics, many a Protestant church has wasted its opportunities by shifting its spiritual energies into mere denunciations of policies, or by carrying on virulent campaigns on behalf of special constitutional planks. It can and ought to create the desire for righteous laws, decent politics and honorable, efficient men, but when it does this in a dictatorial or a partisan manner it has departed from the fundamental simplicity of its original objective.

Wants Clergy to Go Back to Christ.

"The proportion of clerical politicians and detectives, as well as strenuous enforcers of law among ministers, is altogether too large at present, and it will be a happy day for the Church when they become fundamental inspirers of righteousness. Let the makers of laws take care of the laws, and let the ministers of the Church return to first principles, where they belong.

"The power of an intelligent desire can be illustrated by a score of cities. In the great city of New York a good Mayor is wanted. A well-meaning man has held the office for eight years, and has had the support of millions, while in the judgment of many he has seemed to lack the larger grasp that a progressive head of a great city government should have. By the test of a popular form of confession in the Prayer Book, he would make a good Episcopalian.

"He has left undone those things he ought to have done, and he has done those things he ought not to have done. He is one of a multitude in this respect. It seems to be not a question of honest intention, but largely a question of ability to understand and to fulfill the needs of the world's greatest municipality. Yet the people have apparently desired the kind of man they have had all these years. The cynical critic would say they are getting exactly what they desired and deserved. The votes justify the conclusion.

"It is difficult to say how true or false is such an estimate of the present situation in New York. But in either case it illustrates the lesson I am trying to impress. If a city really wants a clear-headed, strong-minded, progressive and sensible Mayor, whose chief desire is to see that it gets good public service, it will most surely get such a man. The primary thing is that he must be desired. Abuse of the man chosen is hardly fair.

Many Outside Pale of Church.

"New York has been so suddenly overbuilt and so overwhelmingly overpopulated by alien peoples, its desires are mostly a maze of conflicting emotions. More than a million of these people being outside the pale of Christianity are immune to the legitimate influences of the Christian Church. Whatever desires may be considered proper in that quarter must be created by their own religious leaders. But they, as well as the so-called Christian population, should recognize the importance of the same claim, that as a man thinketh in his heart, so he is. The Hebrew psalmist asked, 'Are your hearts set on righteousness, O ye congregation?'

"It is the biggest question on earth. Are your hearts set on having good men and true in public office, O ye great communities of men? This is the question of the hour in New York and in every city. If citizens desire rightly, nothing more need be said or done. Condemnation of one man or one set of men is an easy thing. Creating a desire for better official men is simple enough but is never easy, and that is the work of the Church. Naming of the wrong or the right man is neither its right nor its obligation, but helping to make a people fit to choose is its bounden duty. The times are crying for men of the right sort in public office. There will be no imperative need of pointing out the right sort if the ideal is planted in the hearts of an intelligent people."

PASTOR DEFINES FAITH.

Rev. J. O. Buswell Jr. Says It Rests on Belief in Christ.

The Rev. J. Oliver Buswell Jr., pastor of Grace Reformed Church, Brooklyn, preached yesterday in the Maidson Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Madison Avenue and Sixtieth Street. He stressed the importance of faith.

"The world does not care what you believe; the world cares only what you do!" These words," said Mr. Buswell, "are engraved upon the tomb stone of a man who in some respects was great. Like many other statements, however, this one is only half true, and therefore very untrue. Listen to a paraphrase: 'The world does not care for the kind of soil, or the kind of tree, or the care of the tree; the world cares only for the fruit!' As a matter of fact the quality of the fruit depends upon many factors which are not visible to the eye of the man who buys in the market; and the deeds of a man depend upon the unseen forces of his soul, chief of which forces are his beliefs, for as he thinketh in his heart, so is he.

"The central appeal of the Christian religion has always consisted in the invitation to believe—not to believe in a set of theological propositions, nor in a code of ethical principles, but to believe in a person, Jesus Christ. The theological propositions and ethical principles to which the Christian churches adhere are interpretations of our simple belief in this supreme person. We have one essential belief in Him, with which all other beliefs logically harmonize themselves.

"If any one asks us 'What is this Christian belief?' we ask: What is belief of any kind? Believe in your home, believe in your country, believe in your friends. Belief means allegiance, loyalty, devotion."

EVANGELIST PREDICTS DESTRUCTION OF CITY

Doom of New York Hinted in Book of Revelations, Says the Rev. J. Frank Norris.

The Rev. J. Frank Norris, evangelist from Fort Worth, preached a warning yesterday morning in the First Baptist Church, Broadway and Seventy-ninth Street. He said that the recent earth shocks in the United States were the precursors of the terrific earthquake predicted in the Revelations. His sermon was called "How New York Will Be Destroyed in One Hour."

"Sixteen earthquakes have recently occurred," he said. "Skyscrapers in New York are taking out quake insurance. There is no record of any earthquakes when the men mentioned in the Bible lived, in the time of the Roman Empire. How then do you account for the prophecy? Jesus prophesied four things, universal war, famine, pestilence and the earthquake. The first three have come true. Now only the universal earthquake remains to be realized. As a human proposition Jesus knew nothing of quakes in His time. There was no war in His time; yet how did He prophesy it?

"Close your Bible, and this matter of a great earthquake becomes a scientific proposition. Scientists themselves claim there will occur a continental earthquake. There is not one person who deep down in his heart does not feel that this terrible thing will happen some time.

"Judgment is coming as never before, because we have broken His altar, the altar of marriage, and the marriage relations, and because the pulpit has been desecrated. The Church and its ministers are to blame for this State of things. They said that we wanted a liberal Gospel and that it also must become modern with the times. The papers are doing more than the pulpit in putting the Gospel in the hearts and minds of the people.

"We are on the eve of the greatest spiritual awakening the world has ever witnessed. Over and over again the word of God prophesied a great earthquake to come and the destructon of the great city of the time. New York is the great city of Babylon whose doom God foresaw."

BISHOP M'CORMICK PREACHES ON TRAVEL

Says It Recalls the Teaching That "The Kingdom of God Is Within Us."

Preaching yesterday in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the Rt. Rev. John Newton McCormick of Grand Rapids, Bishop of Western Michigan, said that traveling, more than anything else, reminded one of the well-known teachings of Jesus that "the Kingdom of God is within us."

"While we travel we are more or less isolated," said Bishop McCormick. "Even those who have stored a great deal of wealth have a sense of loneliness while in countries and cities that are unknown to them, and unless they have the capacity of fellowship with God and spiritual enjoyment they will fail to see the things that are really worth while in God's universe."

Referring to his recent European tour, during which he dedicated the Chapel of St. Paul the Traveler in the American Cathedral of Paris, Bishop McCormick said that his most treasured memories were the memories of two pictures—that of the Madonna in the Dresden Museum, and the other Ruben's "Descent of the Holy Ghost," which hangs in Munich. Another cherished recollection, he added, was his meeting with General Gouraud, one of the French heroes of the World War.

Bishop McCormick said that both Jesus and His distinguished follower, St. Paul, were great travelers in their day.

"The Lord went across Palestine on foot," he said, "and although He was often thirsty and hungered, He never lost command of His soul, because He was in continuous fellowship with the Father. He had no luggage with Him and never made any provision for His journeys, yet He had spiritual treasures which held Him steadfast in loneliness.

"It is in the same manner that we can attain happiness. We must realize the importance of the harvest that is in us and know that the Kingdom of God is within us."

PLEADS FOR THE OPEN MIND.

The Rev. Arthur B. Kinsolving Says Teaching Has Been One-Sided.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHERS ISLAND, L. I., Aug. 16.—"The peril of the Closed Mind" was the title of the sermon preached this morning in St. John's Church by the Rev. Dr. Arthur B. Kinsolving of Baltimore. His text was St. John viii, 32.

"There has never been greater need of the open mind," he said, "in the quest of truth, nor a clearer call for sincerity, humility and an honest facing of the facts than today. We have lately witnessed a rather tragic clash of two closed minds, one an avowed agnostic, the other a Christian but committed to a slavish, untenable literalism in the interpretation of the Old Testament which amounted to a closed mind toward the fruits of fifty years of reverent scholarship.

"There has been in our colleges and universities one-sidedness of teaching. Materialism and the body's kingdom have been overstressed. The spiritual has been neglected. A protest was due against the narrowing tendencies of our current education and very much has been done to offset it. But it is perfectly idle at this time to deny what paleontologists have discovered in gravel beds, what surgeons have learned about their craft by operations, and what embryology has taught us.

"The long climb is written in the whole history of man. In God's image? Yes, not in His physical but in His spiritual image. God in the incarnation brought divinty so nigh our dust that the highest spiritual laws of life are inescapable."

LINKS SLEEP TO HEREAFTER.

Rev. C. Hampton Says Dreams Give Clue to Future Life.

The mystery of the hereafter can be solved by the study of dreams, according to the Rev. Charles Hampton of Los Angeles, who lectured yesterday on "The Mystery of Dreams" at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie.

"There is no line of demarcation between sleep and death," he said. "The only difference is that one is temporary while the other is permanent. Both are a release of the soul, the mind and the emotions from the physical body. There are cases on record of meetings between the astral body of a living being and the soul of a dead one in which information known only to the dead was conveyed to the living. For example, not long ago a Mrs. Snyder of Springfield, Ohio, dreamed she saw her dead mother and that the latter told her the hiding place of certain bonds which had been lost. Upon investigation the bonds were found there.

"A priest of the Church of England was in a trance and was about to be buried alive when his astral body appeared to another priest, a close friend, who was sleeping eighteen miles away. The latter at once went to the scene of the funeral, had the coffin opened, and the supposed dead man was revived and lived for nine years.

"By such cases we know that man can function independently of his body, and that the old ideas of eternal damnation and of Heaven which are still held by millions of people are nothing but superstitious relics of medieval theology."

DECLARES LUXURY BREEDS WEAKLINGS

The Rev. O. T. Gilmore Deplores Lack of Hardships That Once Made Rugged Characters.

TOO MANY COMFORTS NOW

Urges Need of More "Agonizing for Great Ideals" and Less of Ease in Modern Life.

The ease of present day living, which he regarded as responsible for a moral and physical degeneration in mankind, was scored yesterday by the Rev. O. T. Gilmore. He preached in Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, in West 104th Street near Broadway, where he is the associate pastor.

"Among our fathers were many mighty and rugged characters," he said. "There was a reason for their strength. They were up against forces that made for strength, that continually refined and tempered their metal. To get tools, to build homes, to clear and till fields, to establish government, they had to wrestle with great powers. Every resource within them was called upon. All in all life was hazardous. To be certain of even meager food and comfort they had to be up early and late and work hard. Through it they often became stalwart characters.

"We know almost nothing of such hardships. We have passed in fifty years to an age of comparative luxury. Most of our people have comparatively an easy time. We are so organized that each has to really think and work very little. We are fatigued from a day's work more from annoyance than from exercise of brain and muscle. If we need a tool the ten-cent store supplies it; if we need food a tin can is opened; for our long hours of leisure every possible toy for play is just around the corner; and if we walk six blocks to church we have greatly exerted ourselves.

"Our softness is absolutely tragic. The factors that made for character with our fathers are almost all gone from our lives. And it is telling on us. We have too many peevish, complaining, touch-me-not, give-me-an-easy-job, flabby weaklings. They want every control off so that the sky may be the limit for free expression of every desire, regardless of results—just so they are not interfered with. And strength of character is conspicuously absent.

"Not for one minute would we return to former conditions. Our present civilization is perfectly marvelous in convenience and comfort. But it brings us up against really difficult problems. We need to have more often condemned some of our easy-going and luxurious living. We should despair of some conditions in every strata of society. There is good evidence of weakness and no clear indications of growing strength. We are making no remarkable advances in modern literature, art, government or religion. We make three slashes with a brush and call it art, or write three ordinary newspaper lines of prose and call it a poem, or join a church for social reasons and say we are getting religion.

"Wherein have we hope? Apparently our fathers achieved character through sufferings from hardships and agonies. They did, but not without powerful ideals to draw them on. They were building Hves, homes and a nation. Our character strength will come in the same struggle, with this chief difference, that where they had numerous obstacles to overcome we have snares to keep out of. Our civilization is most subtle and very quickly strangles our life if we do not keep our visioh clear and work hard.

"We must strive toward great unattained personal and social ideals and ever be pulling away from the bewitching luxury that dazes both rich and poor. The heroic, the adventurous, the 'fight' in us loves difficulties. If we can only see them, we will realize we have forces to fight against that are stronger and more dangerous than our fathers faced.

ASSERTS CHRISTIANITY NEEDS REAL LEADERS

Dr. W. G. Echols Declares Preachers Have Been Expected to Do It All.

Christian leadership was the topic of the sermon yesterday in Chelsea Methodist Episcopal Church, in West 178th Street, just west of Broadway. The preacher was the Rev. Dr. William Graham Echols, who substituted for the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner.

"Christianity of today," said Dr. Echols, "is much in need of real leadership, among the laymen as well as the ministry. We have too long expected the minister to do all the leading. In any congregation leadership is not a one-man job. It is as big as the membership itself. Leadership must know, and the leader must have the confidence of those who follow. They must believe that he knows the Scriptures, the plan of salvation and all that pertains to Christianity. He must know it or the people will not believe in him.

"Leadership must have had experience. A man who wishes to be led to Christ wants a guide who has been to Christ.

"The Christian leader must love those who follow. We cannot find in all the world a leader whose followers do not love him. Love demands reciprocity, and this is largely the result of the leader's first love for them."

PICTURES THE CRUCIFIXION.

A. H. Stewart, Evangelist, Tells of Scene on Calvary.

The story and the lessons of the crucifixion of Jesus were presented vividly yesterday by Alexander H. Stewart, evangelist, who addressed a meeting in the Friends' Meeting House, 221 East Fifteenth Street. Mr. Stewart pictured the scene on Calvary thus:

"What a place to see the son of God! On the cross of judgment, and puny man allowed to sit at the foot of that cross and watch Him there. What did they see as they watched Him? The soldiers watched Him with cruelty. They only saw a criminal, and one suffering for His misdeeds. The priests and scribes saw and mocked. They saw an imposter. The disciples watched with doubt. They saw their Messiah dying, and no doubt their hopes died with Him. The Centurion watched and with conviction, o'er he lift the cross, saw the Son of God. The women who followed Him watched with sorrow. They saw a benefactor. His mother saw her Son, her Saviour.

"Barabas watched and saw a substitue. One thief watched and saw the Savfour King. Demons watched with bitterness, and angels watched with wonder and deep reverence. They saw love personified.

THE BIBLE AND SCIENCE.

Rev. W. H. Foulkes Says Its Purpose Is the Redemption of Mankind.

The authors of the Bible had to use the scientific language of their day, and thus the Bible should not be regarded as a textbook of modern science, said the Rev. William Hiram Foulkes, pastor of the Old Stone Church, Cleveland, who preached yesterday in the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street.

"Nevertheless," continued Mr. Foulkes, "it can be read in the light of any day, for the Bible is a self-enduring book and does not need to be defended. I never in all my career have defended the Bible. It simply needs to be proclaimed.

"In a conference recently a young boy asked me how I could reconcile the statement in the Bible that the earth is flat with the modern scientific knowledge that it is round. I pointed out to him that nowhere in the Bible was the belief in the flatness of the earth essential to salvation, and that as men saw things in those days the earth was flat. Their scientific knowledge was limited. The glory is that God could use men who believed that the earth was flat for his work. The Bible is not an explanation of the stratification of rocks, or of how the flowers grow. The purpose of the book is redemption, to save men for mortal life."

CALLS RELIGION LIFE'S VITAL NEED

Dr. Reiland Says Need for the Spiritual Is as Important as Air for the Lungs.

LIKENS BODY TO BUILDING

Results Are as Sure With Character as With Mortar That Has Withstood Time, He Asserts.

The Rev. Dr. Karl Reiland, rector of St. George's Episcopal Church, Stuyvesant Square, in his regular weekly message, issued yesterday, said:

"There is an old house near Sandisfield Mass., which has stood for over 100 years and now after long inoccupancy it is falling to decay but the stone chimney rises out of the ruin as firm and strong as the day it was set up. Examination of it reveals the use of very little mortar in the joints, but what mortar there is seems to have grown firmer with the years. In the first instance it must have been well and honestly prepared, and this fact alone explains the enduring chimney. About a mile from this farm is a stone and cement wall which, though it was built less than five years ago, is falling to pieces. The explanation is an improper mixture of sand, cement and water. The proportion was somewhere wrong or the cement was lifeless or the sand lacked grit.

"We are made up of thought, will and feeling. When these three wonderful faculties of the spirit are vital and properly mixed we can lay the foundation of a strong character. If any one of these is faulty, a healthy and satisfactory endurance is practically out of the question. There is no guess work about it.

"Results are as sure with character as they are with the chimney, and in either case time and experience will become a commentary upon the builder and his work. You can make a fine mortar with three parts sand and one of cement, but you cannot make a mortar without the cement. You cannot make a strong wholesome life without religion. You cannot leave God out of consideration. You cannot have a right life without the spiritual element, no matter how capable the mind or how strong the body. We are finding this to be a great fact today in every sort of society.

"Our life needs the spiritual as really as our lungs need the air and they live best who try the experiment. The mortar in the old chimney is hardly in evidence, the joints are not pointed with it, but it holds. So do the spiritual, without much show, quietly but surely, hold in one strong piece of workmanship the varied interests of life that has its true admixture.

"Say unto them which daub it with untempered mortar that it shall fall," (Ezekiel XIII., 10). So every biulding is a parable of our life. Let us build them well, for in conduct as in construction there is too much daubing with untempered mortar."

PILGRIMS TO SAIL SEPT. 19.

Catholic Club of New York Will Aid National Council.

The Catholic Club of the City of New York, 120 Central Park South, will assist the National Council of Catholic Men in a Holy Year pilgrimage to Rome, leaving here on Sept. 19. The pilgrims will be presented to Pope Pius XI by the Most Rev. Edward J. Hanna, Archbishop of San Francisco. There are 600 lay organizations, representing every part of the United States, affiliated with the council and there will be pilgrims from virtually every State in the union.

The Board of Directors of the Catholic Club announced yesterday that a special committee would be appointed to assist the national body. The Catholic Club, as the Xavier Union in 1874, participated in the first pilgrimage to leave the United States for Rome. The pilgrims of that day were received by Pope Pius IX. The pilgrims also journeyed to Lourdes, France, and they left there a beautiful cloth-of-gold banner as the gift of American Catholics.

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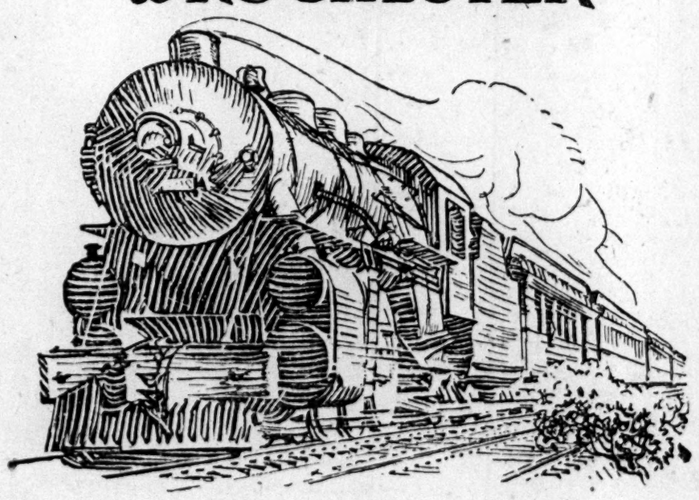

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BUICK 1925 sedan, Buick 1925 coupe. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7629.

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CADILLAC 1925 custom-built imperial, run 2,400 miles; Elephant-Gray. 711 5th Av.

CADILLACS, ALL TYPES.
International Auto Exchange, 1,800 B'way.

CADILLAC V 63 Custom Built, Sedan. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7626.

CADILLAC 61 Coupe, Touring and 5-Pass. Sedan; reasonable. 225 W. 58th.

CHEVROLET F. B. sedan, privately owned; $150; good condition. East 162d Street Garage.

CHRYSLER Crown Imperial 1925 Series
CHRYSLER Phaeton 1925 Series
CHRYSLER Roadster 1925 Series
CHRYSLER Brougham 1924 Series

ALL ATTRACTIVELY PRICED.
COLT STEWART CO.
(Chrysler Distributors).
1,745 Broadway. Columbus 6370.

CHRYSLER.
1921 Brougham Sedan; the condition throughout car will please the most exacting purchaser; the price is right; terms to suit.
Paige Co., Broadway at 56th St.

CHRYSLER 1925 roadster, run less than 3,000 miles. Cornell. Phone Stillwell 3984 after 5 P. M.

CHRYSLER—Will sacrifice $375; deposit on any model car; traveling, must sell at once. Plaza 9015, all week.

DODGE touring, 1923 model, like new; many extras; sacrifice. Auto Warehouse, 81 Stockholm St., near Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

DODGE COUPE, late 1924, excellent condition. Phone Astoria 7825.

DURANT sport model sedan, 1924; like new trunk; fully equipped. 81 Stockholm St., near Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

FIAT, model 505, with beautiful custom Imperial sedan body by Brewster; a real bargain. Colt Stewart, 1,745 Bway. Col. 6370.

FLINT 1925 TOURING,
model 55; run less than 1000 miles; fully equipped; offered at a big reduction.
CONSOLIDATED SERVICE CO., INC.
16 West 61st St. Columbus 3744.

HAYNES sedan, beautiful maroon body, wire wheels, 2 extra, $900; $500 down and balance on easy terms. Phone Mr. Whitney, Chickering 3644, between 4 and 6 afternoon.

HUDSON-ESSEX open and closed models at new low prices for quick disposal; all cars will give dependable service; some carry guarantee; inspection invited.
HUDSON MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.,
1,771 Broadway, at 57th. Tel. Circle 6830.
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BOOTHE COLWELL DAVIS
President, Alfred University
ALFRED, NEW YORK

HUDSON 1925 coach; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7625.

HUPMOBILE sedan, 4-door, excellent condition; new upholstery; guaranteed; low price; terms. Van Alstyne Motors Corp., 1,876 Broadway. Columbus 7660. Ask for Mr. Ember.

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JEWETT.
Late 1924 special sedan and touring cars; nothing better in appearance; performance, could possibly be had for as little money
Paige Co., Broadway at 56th St.

JORDAN 1924 roadster; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7625.

LAFAYETTE, latest series sport sedan; original cost $8,000; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7625.

LINCOLN demonstrator touring, like new; small mileage; bargain. J. J. Hart, 29 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn. Nevins 1080.

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ROLLS ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC.,
58TH ST. AND 8TH AV., NEW YORK CITY.

LOCOMOBILE 1924 4-pass. sport, like new; every possible equipment; fully guaranteed. International Auto Exchange, 1,800 B'way.

MARMON, late 1924, special custom (Hume) cabriolet, run 3,800 miles; absolutely perfect; cost $6,300; represents a rare opportunity for conservative buyer; sold at a tremendous sacrifice.
MINERVA AUTOS, INC.,
247 Park Av. (46th). Ashland 8570.

MARMON, 1925 Sedan; exceptional sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7626.

MAXWELL roadster, 1923 model; like new; disc wheels; extras; bargain. Warehouse, 81 Stockholm St., near Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

MAXWELL club sedan, 1924; a beauty; our price will sell it quick. Mr. Campeau, 1,876 Broadway. Columbus 7660.

MERCER speedster, series 5, new paint, 6 tires, sport top, perfect condition; real bargain. Jamaica Auto & Supply Co., Republic 2500.

MERCER custom-built speedster, 4 passenger, perfect; $750, terms. 223 West 53d.

MINERVA 6 cylinder Brooks-Ostruck Custom Town Cabriolet, practically new, refinished in maroon and black, fully equipped, including wood wheels and 6 new Dunlop tires; a substantial saving can be realized on this car; fully covered by guarantee.
MINERVA AUTOS, INC.
247 Park Av. (46th). Ashland 8570.

NASH roadster 1926, advanced six; driven from Buffalo; owner must sell. Holt, 850 West 176th. Tel. Wadsworth 6321.

NASH 5-passenger sport sedan, run 700 miles, brand new; will sacrifice. Locomobile Agency, Nevins 1436.

PACKARD 1924 straight 8 sedan-limousine. PACKARD 1925 6-cyl. sedan-limousine. PACKARD 1923 6-cyl. 5-pass. sedan.
These cars have been reconditioned and refinished and are guaranteed. Genuine bargains. ROTH, 203 West 52d St.

PACKARD Straight Eight, 1924 model sedan, fully equipped, practically new; run 5,000 miles; price $4,500, cash. Gorey, 356 West 50th St. Phone Circle 6889.

PACKARD 1925 single six sedan, one day old; exceptional sacrifice.
SCOTT, 136 West 52d. Circle 7625.

PACKARD sedan, 1923, single six, 7-passenger; practically new. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th.

PACKARD straight 8 suburban sedan, condition, appearance like new; will sacrifice. Locomobile Agency, Nevins 1436.

PACKARD straight eight sedan; original condition; low mileage. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th.

PAIGE.
1924 De Luxe Brougham; also 1923 De Luxe Sedan; cars absolutely complete in every detail and equipment; refinished in attractive colors; mechanical condition guaranteed; prices are right; convince yourself today.
Paige Co., Broadway at 56th St.

PEERLESS sedan, condition and appearance like new $425, down, balance monthly. Brown's, 66 3d Av. Open evenings.

PEERLESS, 7-passenger touring, entirely reconditioned; $450. Columbia, 49 West 66th. Trafalgar 9823.

PIERCE-ARROW brougham, model "33"; newly painted a beautiful Harding blue with ivory striping to match; mechanical condition perfect; six new tires. Exchange Car Dept., Locomobile Co., 16 West 61st St. Columbus 7750.

PIERCE-ARROW private passenger bus, used 2,000 miles; air brakes; very luxurious; just the thing for hotel or private use.

ROLLS-ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC.,
58th St. and 8th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 38 h. p.; very good mechanical condition; upholstery good; will sacrifice to a quick buyer. Exchange Car Dept., Locomobile Co., 16 West 61st St. Columbus 7750.

PIERCE-ARROW 7-passenger touring; exceptional sacrifice. Caledonia 4494.

RENAULT cabriolet; excellent mechanical condition; will paint to order; must be seen to be appreciated. Exchange Car Dept., Locomobile Co., 16 West 61st St. Columbus 7750.

RENAULT special sport convertible cabriolet, perfect condition throughout, actual mileage 4,000, all possible extras; listed $14,000; forced sacrifice $1,800 or best offer; chance of lifetime for some one realizing opportunity. Easterman, Orchard 8108.

STUDEBAKER 1925 sedan, big six, 7-passenger; low mileage. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 19 West 67th.

STUDEBAKER 1918 touring; good buy for any one needing parts. Arrighi, Studebaker Corp., 615 West 131st, New York City.

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STUDEBAKER 1924 coach, big 6; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7626.

VELIE 5-passenger touring, many extras, $250. Columbia, 49 West 66th. Trafalgar 9823.

WILLS-ST. CLAIRE 1924 sedan; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 7626.

WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE SEDAN, current models, 6-cylinder motor; run less than 3,000 miles; practically brand new; very handsome design; only one in stock; worth $2,000; price $1,700; must be seen to be appreciated. Willys-Overland, Inc., Bway-50th.

Automobiles For Rent.

CADILLAC limousine, $3 hourly; $20 up daily; uniformed, white chauffeurs. Trafalgar 2825.

PACKARD 1922 limousine; owner drives; $2.50 hour; road houses, Rockaway, $10. Audubon 4286.

1926 SEVEN-PASSENGER sedan, by day, week or month; owner driving; motor tours arranged for parties. Address Comfort Tours, 3,246 Wade St., Woodside, Long Island.

Automobiles Wanted.

BETTER MAKES OF USED CARS
PURCHASED FOR CASH.
Douglas C. Burrelle, 229 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED, CASH WAITING.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID. COLUMBUS 2727.

WANTED—Used cars, late models; cash waiting. M. Marcus, 240 West 59th.

FIVE-PASSENGER 6-cylinder sedan, 1925; no dealers. G 387 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

REPAIRING, driving taught short time; license guaranteed; ladies' classes; also Ford; reasonable. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av. (59th). Plaza 1730.

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AUTO OWNERS—QUICK LOANS.
Car in your possession. Confidential. Loans made same day. Easy payments. PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION, 250 West 57th St. (corner Broadway), Suite 621. Phones Circle 7082-0827.

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LOWEST RATES; NO RED TAPE.
CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION.
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IMMEDIATE LOANS ON CARS
while used or in storage. Confidential.
CIRCLE AUTO FINANCE CO.
250 WEST 57TH. FISK Bldg. CIRCLE 7374.

CONFIDENTIAL AUTOMOBILE LOANS.
Car in your possession. Central Credit Trust, 15 West 45th. Bryant 4218.

'PIECEMEAL' BUYING CALLED A MENACE

Head of Dress Association Contends It Helps No One and Injures Many.

DISAGREES WITH WRITER

Says Hand-to-Mouth Methods Are Far From Best When Ordering Style Merchandise.

Propaganda of various kinds and from many sources for the purpose of encouraging the purchase of merchandise by the retailer on the hand-to-mouth system is meeting with strong opposition on the part of manufacturers, especially those whose product is of a seasonal nature, according to David N. Mosessohn, Executive Chairman of the Associated Dress Industries of America. The latest bit of information of this nature to find its way into the press, he said yesterday, is an article prepared by a financial writer whose articles are syndicated over a wide area.

Under the caption of "Hand-to-Mouth Buying Brings Added Protection," Mr. Mosessohn added, the writer enters into a lengthy dissertation on the evils of the former policy of ordering a season's goods in advance, sometimes four to six months. In it he says that the merchant formerly carried the hod—meaning that the retailer ordered his stocks early and carried them in storage until the season opened—but that now the tide has changed. He further says that the manufacturer and the jobber are now obliged to carry stocks for the benefit of the retailer, who may make his appearance at any time, and select whatever merchandise he may require. The writer concludes his presentation with the thought that the manufacturer and the retailer are both better off now if they grasp the possibilities of the situation.

"The so-called hand-to-mouth system of buying," Mr. Mosessohn commented yesterday, "is being carried too far for the good of either the manufacturer or the retailer. The writer of the article in question may be right in his theories so far as they apply to some commodities. I will not attempt to argue in their behalf at this time. I am vitally interested, however, in the system as it affects the dress industry, and I definitely state that, in this industry, the hand-to-mouth system is becoming a serious menace. It is a handicap in the production of goods for retailer consumption and increases the cost to the ultimate wearer.

Speculation Is Encouraged.

"One of the serious effects of the practice is that it encourages speculation to an extent which is suicidal to manufacturers and jobbers if they meet the demands of retailers. The buyers wait until the last minute for their merchandise and then rush into the market a day or two before they actually need goods. Unless a jobber has the merchandise on his racks ready for immediate delivery, the buyers 'shop' around until they find some one who has taken a gamble on a big stock. When they find this jobber they dicker for price concessions, leave an order for a limited quantity and go back to their stores. If the goods move readily they reorder.

"A manufacturer cannot gauge his production today with any degree of accuracy. If he cuts up a quantity of piece goods he is taking a big chance of loss on unsold or sacrificed garments. If he does not cut up goods he is also taking a chance, this time the chance of losing business. If he produces a volume of merchandise in anticipation of retail requirements he ties up a large amount of capital. He must get a good price on his original mark-up, because the larger the stock the greater the hazard of his taking a loss on a quantity which may not be purchased by retailers.

"If he does not happen to hit it right in the matter of style, and this is all a gamble, his entire season is a failure. He either goes out of business or, if he is a manufacturer or jobber with plenty of capital, he opens his next season with a financially black eye. Whatever way the manufacturer turns nowadays he is up against a gambler's problem. This will continue as long as the retailer insists on practicing the hand-to-mouth system of buying.

"Now, how about the retailer? One of the purposes of this system of buying is to do as large a business as possible with as little stock as possible. That is, the retailer is seeking to increase his turn-over so that he may do a business, say, of $100,000 with a stock inventory of $20,000—a turn of five times—where he may have been doing a business of $100,000 with an inventory of $25,000 a stock turn of four times.

Larger Stock Is More Varied.

"It is true that the percentage of gross profit on the five-turn basis is greater than the profit on the four-turn basis, but the dollars and cents profit on the total turnover is the same, with little variation due to differentials in overhead, &c., on the two bases of operation. With a stock of $25,000, however, the retailer is better equipped to show a variety of goods, his selection is better, he is more apt to be able to satisfy a customer and his reputation for having complete stocks is broadcast by word of mouth. With the smaller stock he is apt to be short on sizes, styles or colors and, in general, the stock is far less attractive and practical than the $5,000 difference would seem to indicate.

"In the face of these conditions we have advocates of the hand-to-mouth buying system preaching its further adoption and its operation to a finer degree. This cannot work to any merchant's advantage in the long run, and surely not to the advantage of the consumer. Many of them are learning this to their sorrow.

"Buying planned on a basis of time that will give the manufacturer a fair opportunity to work with the retailer is another thing entirely. There is no real objection to be raised to the suggestion that retailers place their orders, if they are well planned, about three or four weeks in advance of delivery time. Most retailers could stretch this period to six weeks without in the least affecting their turnover problem. Anticipation to this extent, and even this is rather close, would give a manufacturer or jobber an opportunity to budget his purchases of piece goods on a monthly basis so that he, too, would be able to operate in a safe manner. It would also give the piece goods houses a little leeway to plan their sales and production problem. This would work for the benefit of all concerned, and in operation about two or three seasons would revolutionize the trading basis and ethics of garment merchandising."

Manufacturers, Mill Agents and Converters Offering

Standard merchandise which can be reordered.

Listing by Special Contract and Qualification.

Coats, Dresses and Suits.

KASHORETTA—F. & H. one-piece, black; one-piece Kashini Imperial Queenbird; mill price. Lackawanna 7483.

Cotton Goods.

ALPACA — Tub, wash chiffon, capital fabrics. G. Sidenberg Co., 114 5th Av.

BROADCLOTHS—Imported, domestic, complete color range. Klein-Messner Co., 139 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH—"Concord Brand." Jacob S. Bernheimer & Bro., White and Church Sts.

BROADCLOTHS—Poplins. William Simpson Sons & Co., Inc., 76 Worth St.

CELENESE and Cotton Mixtures—The best in art silks. Greene-Sloane Co., 84 Franklin St., Dept. T.

COTTONS—Clever Fall fabrics, jobbing, manufacturing trade. Haslin Mills, 39 Worth St.

COTTONS—"Evriday" zephyr for Fall. Tilton & Keeler, Inc., 61 Worth St.

CREPES—Silk and cotton, 54-inch; immediate delivery. John Schubert & Sons, 69 Leonard St.

CREPES—Heavy rayons, Fall prints. Austin, Poor & Gleason, 212 Church St.

CREPES—Silk, cotton, novelties. Burton Bros. & Co., Inc., 32 White St.

CREPE—Genuine "Glowsheen" mark. E. H. Behrens & Co., 58 Leonard St.

CREPES — "Rayfast," printed, fast colors. Corovan Corp., 87 Leonard St.

CRETONNES—Drapery silks, art tickings. Rousmaniere, Williams & Co., 53 Leonard St.

CURTAIN Fabrics—Selective patented patterns. Rosenstein-Strauss Corp., 151 West 36th St.

DRAPERY Novelties—Sunfast Rayon fabrics, damasks. Loeffler, Brewer & Co., 47 Worth.

DRAPERY Fabrics—Excellent display at Fred Butterfield & Co., 381 Broadway.

DRESS Fabrics—For the Fall. Consolidated Selling Co., Inc., 88 Worth St.

LINENS—Beach cloths, suitings, whites, colors. Whinston Textile Co., Inc., 381 4th Av.

LININGS—Inter-linings for coat manufacturers. Nathan Bayer Co., 247 West 38th St.

LININGS—Rayon, fabrics, plain, prints, jacquards. Cromwell Bros., 75 Franklin St.

LININGS—Always something new. N. Fluegelman & Co., 78 Worth St.

MADRAS—Featuring printed and solid colored repps. Clyde Mills, Inc., 75 Leonard St.

MIXTURES—Original novelties for manufacturing trade. Nathan & Cohen Co., 60 Leonard.

MOLESKINS—"Harlomoor" fancy suitings, "Harloswade" cloth. Turner-Halsey Company, 52 Leonard St.

PRINTS—Something new in prints; "Gael" and "Pen Yan." Henry Glass & Co., 46 White St.

PRINTS—"Alida" dress prints. M. C. D. Borden Sons, 90 Worth St.

RAYON—Novelties, 54 inches; immediate delivery. Noveltex for Novelties, 82 Franklin St.

RAYON Shirting—"Dixie crepe"; patent applied. Kahn Textile Co., Inc., 40 Leonard.

RAYONS—Satins, printed, for kimonos, dresses. Goodell Hill Co., 5 West 29th.

RAYON—Novelties, new designs and colorings. H. Mendes Co., 56 Leonard St.

RAYONS—Printed, dark brown, fox, Fall. Thuron-Glenn Co., 71 Franklin St.

RAYONS—Printed and plain; novel ideas. Phoenix Mfg. Co., 40 Thomas St.

RAYON-JACQUARD—English cloth. Geo. B. Duren & Sons, 61 Leonard St.

RAYON—Jacquard English cloth. George B. Duren & Sons, 61 Leonard St.

RAYON—Novelties for Fall distribution. M. J. Warner Co., 87 Leonard St.

RAYON novelties for Fall distribution. M. J. Warner Co., 87 Leonard St.

RAYONS—54-inch, bordered patterns. Laurel Mills, 79-81 Worth St.

SHIRTINGS — Fabrics, silk, broadcloth, prints; exclusive novelties. Charles Kurlan, 41 East 20th.

SHIRTINGS—Cotton and cotton and silk. Friedman & Krieger, 22 White St.

SILK Mixture—"Du-o-Tone," the new fabric. Seymour Herman Co., 57 Leonard St.

SILK mixtures, "Maryco Fabrics." W. H. Brown, Son & Co., 30 White St.

SUEDE Flannel—"Holywood," new beautiful patterns; nearest to all wool at popular prices. Denzer & Nathan, 15 East 29th St.

TOWELING—"R. M." cotton dish toweling. Russell & McKenzie, 72 Leonard St.

Furs.

FURS — Pieced raccoon coats, ladies' and men's, best quality. Woloschuk & Son, 18 Bleecker St.

FURS—Dog, opossum, thibetines, collars on hand. Ladenheim & Ladenheim. Lackawanna 6398.

Linens.

LINENS — Sheer, handkerchief, white and colors. Jules Wellems Sons, 27 White St.

Silks.

CREPES—Printed silk and cotton. Edwin E. Berliner Co., 85 Leonard St.

MIXTURES—"Spring 1926," original prints, weaves. Nathan & Cohen Co., 60 Leonard.

RAYON—Lorrayon, Spring 1926, ready. Lorraine Manufacturing Co. of New York, Inc., 72 Leonard St.

RAYON—Tub fabrics, woven, printed. Craig-Maben & Co., 85 Leonard St.

SILKS — "Tussah," all colors; specially priced. H. Mendes Co., 56 Leonard St.

FOR SALE.

NEWARK—Plant for sale, with 60 machines, 2 large cutting tables, in very light loft; 95-10 machines and specials; suitable for manufacturing dresses and kindred lines. S 484 Times.

SUMMER sale, 432 used pianos, grands, players, uprights, $40 to $275; time payments or rent $3 month. 1,643 2d Av. (86th), and 421 West 28th (9th Av.).

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

POLICE DOG, German, black, imported, with high pedigree, 2 years old; must see to appreciate. Phone Esplanade 6818.

House Furnishings.

MUST sell contents beautifully furnished apartment. Apply Sunday, between 9-12, or Monday, Tuesday, 4-6. Dore, Apt. 34, 650 West 172d.

LEAVING city, sell attractive furniture at once; very reasonable. Thacher, 4 Manhattan Av.

ENTIRE contents beautifully appointed 6-room apartment for sale. Phone Trafalgar 9860.

Jewelry.

ENGAGEMENT RING, 1 carat diamond, set in platinum mounting; cost $350; will sacrifice. C. C., 754 Times Downtown.

PLATINUM, diamond and emerald bracelet; cost $2,400; must sell at tremendous sacrifice. B. T., 745 Times Downtown.

PLATINUM, diamond bracelet, blue-white diamonds; cost $1,500; will sacrifice. B. W., 742 Times Downtown.

VERY fine platinum diamond engagement ring; cost $325; will sacrifice. T. A., 650 Times Downtown.

VERY fine platinum diamond circle; cost $800; big bargain for quick buyer. V. B., 683 Times Downtown.

BRACELET, platinum diamond and genuine ruby; cost $3,000; will sacrifice. V. A., 682 Times Downtown.

PLATINUM diamond fancy ring; big bargain; cost $350. T. D., 653 Times Downtown.

CIRCLE platinum, diamond and ruby; cost $600; big bargain. C. R., 752 Times Downtown.

Office Furniture and Store Fixtures.

MUST DISPOSE OF STOCK IMMEDIATELY; new 50-inch genuine mahogany desks, $35.75; chairs, $3; steel letter files, $17; other furniture equally low priced. American Desk, 222 West 59th. Columbus 3062.

BIG bargain desks, chairs, tables, files, mimeographs, multigraphs, typewriters, adding machines, time clocks; slightly used; big savings. Dallek Bros., 573 Broadway. Canal 7951.

BUY real bargains, desks, chairs, files, bookcases, typewriters, adding machines, all office equipment; close out; big stock; cheap. Goodman, 44 Duane St. Worth 6273.

DESKS, CHAIRS, FILES, TABLES.
Must be sold regardless of price. Barclay Office Furn., 37 Barclay St.

SPECIAL sale desks, chairs, tables, cabinets, at sacrifice. 402 Broadway, near Canal.

SELLING out desks, chairs, files; big bargains. Basement, Broadway and Broome St.

DENTIST uptown office for sale below inventory. Call Dry Dock 8857, 10 to 12.

Wearing Apparel.

MOVING picture star wishes to sell afternoon, evening clothes; reasonable. Endicott 9273.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, rugs, china, bronzes, &c. Barnes, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 5577.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

HIGHEST prices paid for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, rugs, china, bronzes. Poulson, 127 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

BOUGHT for highest cash prices, contents of residences apartments, hotels; pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th. Harlem 2737.

Special offerings for ready turnover in the merchandise market.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

Telephone LACkawanna 1000

Rate 15 cents a word each insertion.

Notify The New York Times promptly of questionable advertisements.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Coats, Dresses and Suits.

COATS Wanted—Fall, of all kinds, for basement and better grade. Foster's, 15 West 32d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy 25,000 Fall dresses to sell at $6.75 and $10.75 only; now placing stock orders on silks and cloth dresses; we use largest quantities at these prices; will also buy desirable jobs in any quantity for cash. Samples inspected daily from 9 to 5 o'clock without delay. King-Applebaum, 333 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on popular-price to better grade new Fall street and dinner dresses in crepe satin, flat crepe, georgette and all novelty materials; samples will be looked at from 9 to 5 daily. 28 West 33d, 5th floor. Pennsylvania 6330.

DRESSES Wanted—10,000 to wholesale, $3.75 to $13.75; silk and cloth, snappy ladies' Fall models; any quantities, for immediate delivery, spot cash if desired. Call with samples, between 2 and 5 P. M., 12 West 32d, 10th fluoor.

DRESSES Wanted—Cash for 25,000 silks and balbrigan; no lot too big, none too small; entire stocks bought for cash; no red tape. Emanuel, 1,261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 1582.

DRESSES Wanted — Contractors placing quantity orders on $6.75 and $10.75 new silk dresses; only those with snappy styles need apply. 225 West 35th, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Misses' better grade afternoon silks, cloths and evening dresses; contractors bring samples, orders placed. Third floor, 212 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing large stock orders, silk, cloth, dresses, to sell $6.75; your's or our materials. 474 7th Av., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Philadelphia jobber open for large quantity balbriggan dresses of the better make. X 2024 Times Annex.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, new Fall only, any quantity discarded samples, highest prices; spot cash. Greenstein, Lackawanna 6431.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new styles in misses' and stouts' in silk and wool. Big G Dress House, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing immediate stock orders Fall silks. Call with samples. 119 West 33d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for quantity of sport flannel dresses; price must be low. Walker 8760, Extension 57.

DRESSES Wanted—Cash for jobs and regular Fall dresses; highest prices paid. Longacre 6446.

DRESSES Wanted—For basement and better dress, $3 to $16.50. Foster's, 15 West 32d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders, silk, cloth; Fall models. Warren Dress, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy 10,000 from $2 up to $5.50. Foster's, 15 West 32d, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors on $6.75 silk dresses; bring samples. Galety, 10 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Japs, cloths, silks; cash. Progress, 23 West 32d. Pennsylvania 9688.

DRESSES Wanted—Balbriggan dresses and suits. 258 West 35th, 11th floor.

Cotton Goods.

PETIT Points Wanted—Real and imitation, small sizes. Wisconsin 8280.

Furs.

FOXES Wanted—In all colors; call with samples. A. Yodice & Co., 29 West 35th.

FOXES Wanted—Castell shades. Rittmaster, 500 7th Av.

FUR Coats Wanted—Muskrats, caraculs, marmots, trimmed sealines of all kinds and other trimmed and novelty fur coats in jobs at close prices. Foster's, 15 West 32d, 9th floor.

FUR Coats Wanted—Squirrel, Persian lamb, raccoon, marmink, muskrat and sealine; pay cash. Call Drydock 6097.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy any quantity raccoon Mandel shawl collars; will pay cash. Smart Coat Co., 40 West 17th.

FURS Wanted—Pluck mandel, also mandels in all shades; quantity; cash. Zimet & Katz, 38 West 32d.

FURS Wanted—American opossum, Baum Martin shades, good quality. Ottenstein, 222 West 37th.

FURS Wanted—Mandel, raccoon and Fitch dye collars and sets. Hurewitz & Ettenson, 210 West 38th.

FURS Wanted—Mandells, good quality, all shades. Louis Friedman & Bros., 261 West 35th.

FURS Wanted—Good quality Manchurian wolf collars and sets. Frank & Berse, 12 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Raccoon, silver rat, caracul coats; looking all week. Room 604, 1,140 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Belly squirrels and beige skunk. Zuckerman & Hoffman, 226 West 37th.

FURS Wanted—Mandels, regular and mushroom sets. Joe Katz Cloak, 39 West 19th.

FURS Wanted—Fitch, mandel borders, collars; cash. Marks Abrahams, 21 West 19th.

FURS Wanted—Squirrel belly plates, natural and all shades. 489 6th Av., 1st floor.

FURS Wanted—Squirrel bellies, plates and sets, spot cash. Roneea, 187 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—Mandel collars, all sizes, jobs; all week; cash. Gramercy 6719.

FURS Wanted—Fox paws, squirrel paws and mandels. 241 West 37th, third floor.

FURS Wanted—Black foxes; quantity for cash. Youthmaid, 225 West 35th.

FURS Wanted—Better quality dog sets. Max Rothbell & Son, 263 West 38th.

FURS Wanted—Muskrat bellies in any quantity. Call Pennsylvania 8845.

FURS Wanted—Mandell sets, all shades; quantity. Miltex, 463 7th Av.

FURS Wanted—Mandel collars and sets. Ehrich Bros., 16 West 32d.

FURS Wanted—Mountain beaver sets. Flaster-Bleir, 6 West 32d.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy dog sets. Room 5, 1,181 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Imitation fox. Wasco Knitwear, 15 East 30th.

SKUNK, Opossum Wanted—205 West 36th St., second floor.

SKUNK Collars Wanted—205 West 36th St., second floor.

SQUIRREL, Dogs, Mandel Sets Wanted—For cash. Feuer-Rubman-Steinberg, 110 West 27th.

SQUIRREL Paws Wanted—Quantities. Cohen & Primesina, 146 West 28th.

Silks.

ARTIFICIAL Silk Wanted—From 60 to 110 dem.; must be reasonable. J. F. Bloom, Phone Caledonia 1466.

ARTIFICIAL Silk Wanted—Will buy 150 denier American Viscose A, for spot cash. Z 2367 Times Annex.

CHARMEUSE and Satin Wanted—40 inch. Second floor, 144 West 37th. Lackawanna 1763.

CHIFFON Velvet Wanted—Will pay cash for large or small quantities. Basser's Textile, 24 East 29th. Madison Square 8357.

CHIFFON Velvet Wanted—Cotton back and all silk. Adolph Meirowitz, 38 East 29th. Madison Square 1637.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—All grades; also black crepes and georgettes; weighted and pure dye, finished or in the greige. 409 4th Av., store.

CREPE Satin Wanted—Open to buy for cash 500 pieces, all colors, below $2. Lipshitz, 463 7th Av., 8th floor.

CREPE Wanted—Back satins, satin faced cantons, quantity, cash; must be cheap. Empire, 463 7th Av.

CREPE-Back Satins Wanted—All colors, in weighted and pure dye. Monarch Dress, 500 7th Av.

CREPE de Chine Wanted—Black, three-thread; not over $1.10. Winter, 36 East 31st.

CREPE Back Satin Wanted—At a price; all shades. Nathan L. Cohen, 228 West 38th.

PRINTED Crepe de Chine and Georgettes Wanted—Small lot, any color or pattern. Rashkind & Soloff, 6 West 32d St.

RATINE Wanted—Spot cash, for a quantity silk noil printed ratine. Walker 8760. Extension 57.

RAYON Silks Wanted—Underwear shades; must be cheap; will place large contracts. Piermont, 42 East 32d.

SATINS Wanted—Black pansy Bokhara and Cuckoo, large quantities. Feinberg Bros., 1,359 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

SATIN Cantons Wanted—Good quality; all colors; quantity, for cash. Posner, 501 7th Av.

SATIN Canton, Crepe Satin and Charmeuse Wanted. Store, 35 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Cheap georgette, high colors. Feinberg Bros., 1,359 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Silks.

SILKS

VIEW ADVERTISING IN WRONG LIGHT

Tendency to Regard It a Luxury Limits Business of Many Manufacturers.

IT LESSENS SALES COSTS

In Addition, Says Merchandising Expert, Publicity Helps Salesmen Increase Orders.

That many manufacturers are doing a much smaller annual business than they should because they persist in viewing advertising in the wrong light, was the contention put forward yesterday by a local business man who has an enviable reputation as an expert in the merchandising and advertising field. It is his feeling that these manufacturers are too prone to look upon advertising as a luxury that they cannot afford, especially advertising on a scale fully proportionate to their present annual sales volumes, instead of regarding appropriations for this purpose in the same light as investments in the physical sides of their businesses. Further than this, he holds, they underrate the power of advertising in lowering selling costs.

"While comparisons are never strictly accurate," the man in question said, "it seems that advertising might well be regarded in the same light as machinery and plant equipment. Just as a modern clothing factory can make 1.4 suits per man per day, against one suit a week made by hand by a tailor of the old school, so advertising makes it possible for the individual salesman to sell a larger volume at a lower cost.

"The suit of clothes is certainly made by the factory workman, just as the salesman gets the order signed but the plant equipment and machinery make it possible for the workman to reach his amazing efficiency just as advertising, properly planned, changes conditions and creates a new situation in which the salesman can obtain results that otherwise could only be had at higher cost or, in some cases, could not be obtained at all.

Salesmen Not Needed Sometimes.

"When the tremendous enterprises that have been built up without a single salesman, but solely by advertising, are considered, it is apparent that advertising as a business force is not open to question. Consider, for instance, the well-known facial soap for which druggists disburse more money than for any other soap, although no personal sales pressure is used. Consider a well-known dentifrice which has reached a volume close to eight figures without salesmen, or a certain preparation for the fingernails which was in a weak position in 1915 after the salesmen had secured 75 per cent. distribution, but at once started to grow when the funds were used for newspaper advertising, and the goods moved out of the retail store.

"Scores of successful concerns might be cited which have built volume by mail or through the trade without salesmen or with a minimum of sales activity. Since advertising has proved itself, under certain conditions, as the direct source of volume and profits, the only question open in an individual business is how advertising can be engineered into the operations of that business and what results can be obtained.

"Fundamentally, advertising is a simple business force. It should be stripped of the complexities and exaggerations which at times have entered into advertising discussions. For, basically, advertising is simply selling—selling to the mass instead of selling to the individual. The factors entering into successful advertising are now well recognized. While there is much room for important advances in the science and art of advertising, the fund of facts and experience now in existence is considerable. More and more, advertising problems are being handled along engineering lines. Progressive advertising men, as well as business executives, consider the fact-finding work quite as important as the creative work. In case after case they have seen that facts can be of astonishing value in stimulating, guiding and improving the quality of creative work.

"Perhaps the most common objection raised by the business man who has not experienced the benefits of sound advertising is: 'Advertising may be all right for those concerns; my business is different and I do not see how advertising could possibly help me.' If this question is only approached with an open mind and a willingness to judge advertising by the results it has produced, it will be found that this objection in almost every case lacks validity.

Advertising Does Many Things.

"Two comparisons may illustrate that point. Engineers regard electricity as a force rather than a method, a force which can produce an almost unlimited variety of results from lighting a small lamp to driving a battleship or turning the machinery of a great industrial city. Obviously, a fundamental force such as electricity has many applications. Since scientific management is a group of principles and not a set of methods, it too, has an infinite number of applications, ranging from the organization of a small factory employing perhaps 25 people to the Ford industries employing 100,000, from the manufacture of a toilet product to the production of heavy machinery. So with advertising. It can serve many different uses, of which a few are:

"To do 100 per cent. of the sales job, as in selling by mail of selling products upon which no personal sales pressure is put.

"To create in the consumer's mind a desire for or interest in a product, the sale of which is completed by the dealer.

"To place a requirement on the salesman which will force him to increase his personal sales ability, and at the same time to interest and partially sell the buyer.

"To promote standardization and gain widespread recognition among the public and the trade for the advantages inherent in a standardized line of products as compared with a line offering almost unlimited variation, but a lesser value and other disadvantages.

"To develop good-will.

"To give general publicity to a product or an organization, as was done by many concerns during the over-sold period of 1919-20.

"Looked at in a slightly different way, advertising may be used for one of three general purposes:

"To create new users as, for example, the campaign of a rubber heel manufacturer, which featured freedom from fatigue and other evils caused by constant pounding on hard leather heels—a pioneer job in creating a great permanent market.

"To gain for one competitor a larger percentage of a total market; for example, the advertising of a certain brand of automobile lubricant and a well-known kind of gasoline.

"To cut into a new and rising market. Frequently social and economic conditions carry a new industry forward on a great wave of popular interest; for example, the amazing growth of the automobile industry from 1910 to date, and the astounding growth of the radio. In markets such as these advertising can be so built into a business as to insure it a permanently strong position in a new and rapidly growing industry."

IMPROPER SHIPMENTS CAUSE MUCH TROUBLE

Failure to Observe Indian Customs Rules Puts Burden on Importers.

Importers of American goods in British India frequently complain of the expense and inconvenience caused them by the failure of American exporters to prepare their shipments and documents in compliance with the Indian customs regulations. The repeated failure of exporters in the United States to observe these requirements places upon the importer a heavy and unnecessary burden that eventually must result in the loss of his trade, besides having a prejudicial effect on American exporters in general.

"A complaint was recently received by Assistant Trade Commissioner Donald Renshaw, Bombay, from a prominent Indian firm regarding frequent detentions of consignments from the United States on account of the shippers' failure to sign commercial invoices as required by the customs," writes James J. Durnan in "Commerce Reports." "All invoices for shipments of merchandise to India should be signed by the shipper, as the customs authorities will not accept unauthenticated invoices as proof of the value of the goods and may assess customs duty on a comparatively high market rate set by appraisers.

"If the prices quoted are c. i. f. or c. i. this should be noted on the invoice; or, if they are f. o. b. or ex factory, a signed memorandum, giving in detail the packing and shipping charges, should accompany the invoice. Otherwise 10 to 25 per cent. more duty will be levied.

"Should samples and advertising matter be inclosed in the cases, this fact should be separately stated on the invoice, and the value of such material should be given. Failure to do this will make it necessary that the cases be opened and the packing spoiled. In order to enable the importer to locate easily certain goods specially required by the customs authorities, each document should be accompanied by a packing specification showing in detail the contents of the case and the number of the case containing the samples and advertising matter.

"A persistent cause of annoyance and irritation to the Indian importer is the failure of American exporters to observe the requirements of the Indian merchandise marks act. The provisions of this act are stringently enforced, and infringements not only result in the detention of the goods until marked in accordance with the regulations, but also subject the importers to heavy penalties. American products shipped to India, having applied any name, trade-mark or trade description in the English language, must also have applied no less indelibly and adjacent on the same label, or part of the covering, or goods, as the case may be, the words 'Made In U. S. A.' or 'Made in the United States of America,' in letters sufficiently conspicuous to catch the eye with the name, trade-mark, or trade description.

"The indication of the country of origin must not be detachable from the application of the name, trade-mark, or trade description, and must be repeated for each application unless one prominent country indication will suffice to cover all. All woollen piece goods and certain types of cotton piece goods such as are ordinarily sold by length or by the piece must be conspicuously marked in English with the actual length in standard yards, as for example, '100 yards' or '100 yds.' Cut lengths such as are ordinarily sold by length or by the piece must, in addition, be conspicuously marked by the number of pieces on the front or outer fold, as for example, '40 yards, 3 pieces.'

"If American exporters entertain any doubt as to the particular regulations they must observe for shipments to India they should write to the Division of Foreign Tariffs, which is in a position to advise on matters of documentation, marking, and other related customs requirements in practically every foreign country. The little trouble to which the American exporter is put in this respect will undoubtedly be recompensed by the retention of the good will of the importer and the lessening of the chances of competitors to capture his orders."

WOULD LOWER DISCOUNTS.

Credit Man Advocates Change to 5 Per Cent., Then Elimination.

That the granting of discounts by specialty shops to actresses and others engaged in professional work should be eliminated is the opinion of a well-known local credit manager. As an initial step, he said yesterday, the discount to actresses should be reduced from 10 to 5 per cent. This has already been done by the shop with which he is connected and everything is working out satisfactorily.

It may be said that a 10 per cent. discount to actresses is justifiable on the ground that valuable indirect advertising is obtained," the credit man explained yesterday. "Granting that, however, I contend that a discount of that size does not attract this trade to one store any more than it does to others giving the same reduction. It is distinctiveness of style that counts most. Really successful actresses are generally too little concerned with financial affairs to care whether the discount is 10 per cent. or 5. Service and all that goes with it are what they demand.

"To give any kind of a discount to the 'lesser lights' in the theatrical world is a waste of money. They are incapable of buying abundantly, the margin of profit on their purchases is reduced, and no worthwhile publicity is derived from their patronage. If a 5 per cent. discount is offered there is rarely a complaint, as they are pleased to get it.

"As a matter of fact, how can the specialty shop definitely verify that all these patrons are engaged in theatrical pursuits? Where is the line to be drawn? Are discounts to be given because of recent theatrical occupation and none at present, but with indications of engagements in the near future? In fact, what is there to deter salespersons from hinting to the customer that to secure a reduction she can pose as an actress?

"If it is explained to the patron that the discount has been lowered as one method of reducing overhead, in order to give better value, the explanation is usually satisfactory. If the customer is dissatisfied with this procedure it can be reasonably concluded that the merchandise in one store has no greater attraction for her than in those of competitors, and that the discount, designed purposely to attract and retain her patronage, is not well spent.

"The temporarily lost patronage of the few who do not accede to the reduction in discounts is small as compared with the saving made in the course of a year by eliminating them. I say temporary discontinuance because if the merchandise of the store attracts the customer upon reconsideration she usually returns.

"In reducing discounts the stores should agree upon a uniform rate. I believe that rate should be made 5 per cent. with a view gradually to educating the public to expect no discounts whatsoever."

ADMIRAL JOINS FIRM.

Taylor to Design Commercial Vessels for Gibbs Bros.

Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, U. S. N., who retired in 1923 as Chief Constructor of the United States Navy and Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repairs, has joined the firm of Gibbs Brothers, Inc., naval engineers at 1 Broadway, according to announcement yesterday from the company's office. He will devote himself to architecture and design of commercial vessels.

Rear Admiral Taylor is author of a number of works dealing with his profession, including "Ship-Shaped Stream Forms," "Resistance of Ships and Screw Propulsion" and "Speed and Power of Ships." He is a graduate of Annapolis and the Royal College, Greenwich, England, and holds honorary degrees in engineering. He is a member of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, a Commander of the Legion of Honor and has received the Distinguished Service Medal.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning LACkawanna 1000.

ALBANY, Ala.—S. N. Garnett; Mr. Garnett, dresses; 33 W. 34th (J. E. Sweetman).

ALBANY, Ga.—Hofmayer D. G. Co.; L. J. Hofmayer, hosiery; 256 Church (F. J. Sklenka).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—The F. Heins Co.; Miss M. C. Rouland, Miss E. Smith, millinery; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ANGOLA, Ind.—J. Stiefel's Son; P. W. Ransburg, ready-to-wear and millinery; Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA—Davison, Paxon, Stokes Co.; Miss F. Haushalter, underwear, kimonos, petticoats; Bway and 34th (R. H. Macy Building, 15th floor).

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; J. W. Pearce, wool dress goods, silks, velvets, linens, towels, flannels, white wash goods, domestics; 23 W. 26th (W. T. Knott).

AUSTIN, Texas—E. M. Scarbrough & Sons; L. Scarbrough, representing; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

AUSTIN—S. Ferls, jobs dresses, coats, wool dresses; 1,261 Bway (S. Cohen).

BALTIMORE — Liepman's, L. Liepman, ladies' ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Thanhouser & Weiller; S. Thanhouser, cotton, woolen goods; 1,182 Bway, Room 905.

BELLAIRE, Ohio—Kays's Style Shoppe; J. R. Kays, ready-to-wear and millinery; Bristol.

BIRMINGHAM—L. Pizitz D. G. Co.; G. Clower, wall paper, paints, plumbing; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co., basement; Miss M. E. Blackden, small wares and hair goods; Miss A. Chaloux, corsets; 244 Madison Av., 7th floor.

BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; Miss E. Minahan, girls', juniors' inexpensive dresses; 1,150 Bway, (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; W. F. Maher, men's, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BOSTON—Leopold Morse Co.; J. C. Morse, A. R. Weinberg, piece goods; 200 5th Av., Room 918.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa.—Kaufman's; N. Kaufman, general mdse. manager; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

BUFFALO—Liberty Clothing Co.; C. A. Harris, men's furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Filing & Kent; W. R. Winternote, dress goods, silks, velvets; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BUTTE—Goldstein & Lubin; B. Goldstein, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa.—Nathan & Bros.; H. Sultzker, ready-to-wear, millinery, silk and dress goods, domestics, hosiery, jewelry, toilet goods, children's and infants' wear; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay); Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Elseman, Kaye Co.; M. Elseman, leather goods and novelties; 24 E. 21st.

CHICAGO—Sears, Marshall Field & Co.; Mrs. K. Swales, furs; 1,107 Bway.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; E. Price, linings; P. Rinken, crockery, glassware; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Chicago Merc. Co.; R. E. Well, women's trimmed hats and millinery; 621 Bway, Room 625.

CHICAGO—The Langendorf Clothing Co.; H. Langendorf, C. H. Schroeder, woolens; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—J. C. Levin & Co.; J. O. Levin, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

CHICAGO—M. Miller & Son.; E. Miller, better-grade coats, dresses; 1,180 Bway. (Lipshitz & Shapiro).

CHICAGO—Foster's Inc.; Mr. Feldman, coats and suits; 15 W. 32d, 9th floor.

CHICAGO—Kolb & Teich Co.; M. J. Joyce, furs; 141 W. 28th, 9th floor.

CINCINNATI—Big Store Annex; Miss R. Halperin, millinery; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

CINCINNATI—The Rauh Co.; Joseph L. Rauh, piece goods; 200 5th Av., Room 1180.

CINCINNATI—Big Store Annex; Miss C. Phillips, underwear, hosiery, sweaters, waists; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Globe D. G. Co.; W. H. Monckton, domestics, toys, dry goods, notions, flannels; Collingwood.

CONYERS, Ga.—M. Wender, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

DALLAS—Roos-Friedman-Shayne Co.; J. Hoos, ready-to-wear; 455 7th Av. (M. B. Golubock).

DALLAS—M. Iskowitz, ready-to-wear, millinery, furs; Pennsylvania.

DAYTON—Adler & Childs; E. A. Poe, wash white goods, linens, flannels, dress goods, silks, umbrellas; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DAYTON—Adler & Childs; W. E. Weinman, new popular-priced Fall millinery; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DAYTON—C. H. Relling, general merchandise; Pennsylvania.

DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; Miss A. C. Schwartz, trimmings, laces, georgettes; 27 W. 33d (Fellows Buying Corp.).

DELAWARE, Ohio—Morrison D. G. Co.; L. W. and W. Morrison, ready-to-wear, piece goods; Times Square.

DES MOINES—J. Mandelbaum & Sons; S. A. Harscher, rugs, draperies, curtains; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; C. W. Greenberg, children's hosiery, men's sweaters; 100 W. 32d.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; Mrs. F. O. Hitt, muslin, silk underwear, house dresses, corsets; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

DURANGO, Col.—Burnside Sample Store; R. H. Burnside, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

EL PASO—I. Laskin & Bros.; I. Laskin, general merchandise; Breslin.

FORT WAYNE—Wm. Hahn Co.; A. H. Myers, Mrs. Keelan, coats and dresses; 151 W. 35th (D. Mann Co.).

FORT WORTH—Style Shop; Miss Cohen, jobs linen and broadcloth dresses; 25 W. 33d (L. Abelson).

FREMONT, Ohio — Somatt's Store; P. Somatt, Mrs. P. Somatt, ready-to-wear and furnishings; Pennsylvania.

GALESBURG, Ill.—Grossman Bros. Cloak Co.; Mr. Grossman, silver fur coats; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

GREENSBORO, N. C.—The Meyers Co.; J. T. Martin, novelties, needle work; 105 Madison Av. (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Miss L. Moyer, ready-to-wear, furs; Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Kaufman's; F. V. Zug, piece goods, china, electrical goods, hardware, upholstery, carpets, house furnishings, toys; 1,150 Bway (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

HINTON, W. Va.—J. W. Cook; Mr. Cook, ensemble suits; 1,261 Bway. (Merchants' Buying Co.).

HOUSTON—Foley Bros. D. G. Co.; G. W. Patton, millinery; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—The Anderson-Newcomb Co.; W. H. Newcomb, cotton piece goods; 455 7th Av. (C. A. Cook).

INDIANAPOLIS—H. Wagman; N. Friend, shirts, hosiery, work clothing, sheepskined coats; Pennsylvania.

INDIANAPOLIS—I. E. Solomon & Co.; H. R. Friedman, coats, suits, dresses, fur coats; 1,170 Bway (Welsman & Miller).

INDIANAPOLIS—Efroymson & Wolf; J. Zaklin, men's, boys' clothing; M. Efroymson, men's clothing, hosiery, underwear; G. W. Pennington, ladies' hosiery, men's furnishing goods; M. Strashun, domestics, wash goods, blankets; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

INDIANAPOLIS—Traugott Bros.; L. Traugott, silver rat fur coats; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

JOLIET, Ill.—Kline Bros.; A. J. Kahn, low-priced hats; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; T. J. Gill, china, glassware; 25 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—Lyon, Dawson Garment Co. (Jobbers); Mr. Dawson, flannelette, silk dresses; 33 W. 34th (J. E. Sweetman).

KANSAS CITY—Edmund Loewy & Co.; R. Loewy, dresses; 1,333 Bway.

KEWANEE, Ill.—Bondi Bros. & Co.; A. Hess, women's, children's' ready-to-wear, fancy goods; Pennsylvania.

KNOXVILLE—S. H. George & Sons; E. E. Ogg, general mdse.; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; Miss N. Carey, neckwear, trimmings, laces, embroidery; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

LANSING, Mich.—Simons D. G. Co.; H. A. Simons, coats, dresses, furs, millinery; Pennsylvania.

LA PORTE, Ind.—Meyer Lindorf Co.; M. Lindorf, general mdse.; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

LA SALLE, Ill.—T. Lucy & Bros. Co.; L. M. Lucy, ready-to-wear, genl. mdse.; 18 W. 34th (Felix Schiff).

LOS ANGELES — Klein-Norton Co.; H. Granas, shirts; 395 Bway. (R. A. Keller).

LOS ANGELES—Milton G. Cooper D. G. Co.; L. G. Weed, notions, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, ribbons, toilet goods; 377 Bway.

LOS ANGELES—Bway Dept Store; S. C. Shoeben, ready-to-wear basement; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

LOS ANGELES—Max Levine & Co.; M. Levine, Mr. Myers, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

LOS ANGELES—S. Samuels, better Fall coats, new steamer plaid sport coats, silk, cloth dresses; 1,180 Bway (Lipshitz & Shapiro).

LOS ANGELES—Schuman's; B. N. Schuman, piece goods, coats, hosiery, underwear; Pennsylvania.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Hirsch & Sons Merc. Co.; Allen Harris, mdse. mgr.; 1,182 Bway (A. E. Beasley); Pennsylvania.

LOS ANGELES—Clark's Dollar Stores; F. Suffin, shirts and overalls; 246 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE—I. Cohen Dept. Store; Mr. Cohen, ensemble suits; 1,261 Bway (Merchants' Buying Co.).

LOUISVILLE—Sternau's, Inc.; H. Fleischaker, women's and children's coats, dresses; Roosevelt.

LYNN, Mass.—Burrows & Sanborn; R. Sanborn, hosiery, underwear; W. Burrows, linens, piece goods, domestics, flannels; Miss Kolmer, girls' coats, dresses; Mr. Libby, housefurnishings, china, glassware; 1,440 Bway (R. J. Cronin).

LYNN, Mass—P. B. Magrane Store, Inc.; C. D. Bixby, silks, dress goods, velvets, linings, trunks, bags; Prince George.

MACON, Ga.—Union Dry Goods Co.; F. P. Bakewell, notions, laces, stationery, toilet goods; 105 Madison Av. (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

MASSILON, Ohio—Allman & Putnam Co.; J. J. Cronin, mdse. manager; J. A. Barnes, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

MATTOON, Ill.—Bower & Schulhoff; F. M. Schulhoff, ladies' ready-to-wear, dry goods, notions, fancy goods; Pennsylvania.

MAYFIELD, Ky.—Mayfield Woolen Mills; M. J. Wright, woolens and worsteds; Vanderbilt.

MEMPHIS—J. Summerfield; Louis H. Kornicker, fancy goods, hosiery, gloves, leather goods, jewelry, handkerchiefs, neckwear, silk underwear, gift novelties; Pennsylvania.

MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein Bros., Inc.; J. B. Carradine, sweaters, underwear, bathrobes, hosiery; 112 W. 38th (City Stores Co.), 14th floor.

MILTON, Pa. — A. Rosenbloom, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

MILWAUKEE—Boston Store; C. W. Blair, art goods; L. Salzenstein, women's gloves, handkerchiefs; 128 W. 31st (American Retailers' Assn.).

MILWAUKEE—Bitker Cloak and Suit Co.; A. J. Bitker, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

MINNEAPOLIS—Whitney-MacGregor Co.; J. J. Hyman, merchandise manager, linens; H. F. West, silks, dress goods, linings; J. Lafford, domestics, wash goods; L. S. Turner, men's furnishings, women's, children's hosiery, underwear; Miss F. Zimmerman, laces, handkerchiefs, neckwear, trimmings; C. S. Stern, basement ready-to-wear; T. O'Sullivan, basement lingerie, knit goods; J. P. Heber, basement men's furnishings, women's, children's hosiery, underwear; 115 West 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Mr. Pupa, furs; 1,440 Bway (Assoc. Mdse. Corp.).

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; H. E. Pearson, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; D. M. Scribner, men's, boys' furnishing goods, boys' clothing (basement); 1,440 Bway (Assoc. Merchandising Corp.).

MONTGOMERY—Montgomery Fair Co.; W. H. Ball, dress goods, linings, silks, velvets; T. I. Mastin, wash, white goods, towels, linens; H. E. Mullen, men's, boys' furnishings, clothing, umbrellas; W. J. Ryan, umbrellas, ribbons, handkerchiefs, neckwear, veilings, embroidery, laces; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa.—The Leader; W. Rakusin, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

NASHVILLE—D. Loveman, Berger & Tittelbaum; J. G. Bowman, linens, blankets, upholstery goods; G. H. Busby, notions, fancy goods, umbrellas, toilet goods, leather goods; Mrs. T. M. Brennan, ribbons, neckwear; Mrs. H. M. Gabriel, jewelry; Miss F. Simpson, ladies' gloves; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

NASHVILLE—Swords & Co.; Mr. Silverman, wools, silks, cotton goods; 1,261 Bway (S. Cohen).

NEW CASTLE, Pa.—Fisher Bros.; D. Fisher, mdse. manager; B. Bloom, boys' clothing, furnishings; R. H. Agan, men's shirts, hats, pajamas, sweaters, neckwear; E. Fisher, basement, popular priced men's furnishings, work clothes; Pennsylvania.

NEWCASTLE, Pa.—Harry Gross; A. E. Lindsey, coats, suits, women's furnishings; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

NEW HAVEN—Edward Malley Co.; A. Friedbaum, dresses, balbriggan suits, children's bloomer dresses, basement; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).

NEW LEXINGTON, Ohio—J. L. Cullens; Mr. Cullens, coats and dresses; 33 W. 34th (J. E. Sweetman).

OMAHA, Neb.—J. D. Brandeis & Sons; J. F. Culkin, men's and boys' clothing; McAlpin.

OMAHA—Thompson & Belden Co.; Miss Hulihan, blouses, sweaters, knit, silk underwear; Miss F. Dillman, corsets, brassieres, infants', children's wear; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

OMAHA—Goldstein-Chapman Co.; M. E. Chapman, dresses; 156 W. 34th (D. Carton).

OTTAWA, Ill.—L. M. Lucy & Co.; L. M. Lucy, ready-to-wear, genl. mdse.; 18 W. 34th (Felix Schiff).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Altmont, low end Fall dresses; 25 W. 33d (L. Abelson).

PHILADELPHIA—Amberger's; M. Horowitz, hosiery, general merchandise, underwear; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

PHILIPSBURG, Pa.—The Fashion Shoppe; F. L. Gieseke, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Bway (Weisman & Miller).

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. Sullivan, women's wool and silk dresses, street and dinner frocks; 1,140 Bway.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y.—Sharron's, Inc.; Miss D. L. Sharron, china, lamps, silverware, children's, infants' wear; Cadillac.

PONTIAC, Mich.—Chase Mercantile Co.; J. J. Edelstein, basement mdse., men's, women's and children's ready-to-wear, furnishings; Commodore.

PORTLAND, Me.—R. Libby Co.; Fred W. Greene, general mdse; Prince George.

READING—Kline, Epplihimer Co.; F. Jones, coats, suits, sweaters, petticoats, house dresses, waists, furs; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

RICHMOND—Thalheimer Bros.; E. J. Beal, silks; 128 W. 31st (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

ROCHESTER—Goldfarb & Moscov; H. Goldfarb, silver rat fur coats; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

SANDUSKY, Ohio—Kugel Bros.; L. Kugel, toilet goods, gifts, notions, linens, leather goods, handkerchiefs; Breslin.

SAVANNAH—Louis Wolf & Son; S. Wolf, jobs silk and cloth ensemble suits; 25 West 33d (L. Abelson).

SEATTLE—Bon Marche; Miss G. Kenfield, corsets; 455 7th Av. (C. A. Cook); Pennsylvania.

SELMA, Ala.—Liepold Bros.; N. Liepold, coats, suits, waists, furs; Pennsylvania.

SHREVEPORT, La.—Rubinstein & Son; Mr. Rubinstein, ensemble suits; 1,261 Bway. (Merchants Buying Co.).

SHEFFIELD, Pa.—Smith-Metzger-Wright Co.; J. H. Driscoll, Miss Lundquist, ready-to-wear and piece goods; Pennsylvania.

SPOKANE—Goldstein & Lubin; B. Goldstein, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

STEUBENVILLE—The Hub; L. S. Anathan, silver rat fur coats; 131 West 33th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

SUNBURY, Pa.—A. Rosenbloom, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

ST. JOSEPH—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall Dry Goods Co.; B. F. Rist, cotton goods, linens, bedding; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

ST. JOSEPH—John S. Brittain Dry Goods Co.; W. R. Jones, dress goods, silks; 320 Bway (R. B. Hart).

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney Dry Goods Co.; E. J. Glader, men's furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves; 171 Madison Av.

ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Merc. Co.; P. W. Judah, trimmed hats; Edgar Levis, flowers, feathers; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller; Miss C. Chary, women's dresses; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, negligees, house dresses, bathrobes; W. G. Acton, sporting goods, automobile accessories; J. E. Wallace, silks, dress goods, basement; 455 7th Av. (H. Hirsch).

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; A. S. Steedman, linens, white goods, handkerchiefs; 56 Worth.

ST. PAUL—The Golden Rule; F. E. Hicks, boys' clothing, basement; 128 West 31st (American Retailers Association).

ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans, Inc.; R. W. Fawcett, men's furnishing goods, umbrellas; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins); Brostell.

TALLEDEGA, Ala.—Samuel & Finlay Co.; J. H. Samuel, general merchandise; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

TERRE HAUTE—Kleeman D. G. Co.; P. S. Kleeman, coats, suits, furs, &c.; 1,150 Bway (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

TERRE HAUTE—Star Style Shop; J. M. Lubin, men's, boys, women's clothing, shoes; Pennsylvania.

TULSA—Vandever D. G. Co.; G. Y. Vandever, mdse. manager; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

UTICA—Doyle-Knower Co.; Miss R. K. Franklin, women's, misses' silk dresses, sport wear; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).

VAN WERT, Ohio—Weber & Moore; G. P. Weber, general mdse.; Collingwood.

WASHINGTON—King's Palace; Miss M. Kinder, infants' and children's fall apparel; Cumberland.

WASHINGTON—Lansburgh & Bro.; Miss Martowe, jewelry; 128 West 31st (American Retailers Association).

WATERLOO—A. T. McCoy, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Rubin's Department Store; G. Rubin, coats, dresses; 333 7th Av. (S. Seiff & Co.).

WHEELING, W. Va.—L. S. Good & Co.; S. Good, ladies' ready-to-wear; Roosevelt.

WILKES-BARRE—Justin Berg man; Mr. Bernhardt, silver rat fur coats; 131 West 35th (Hoffman & Hartblay).

WOONSOCKET—Harris & Mowry; Miss Langlois, Fall mdse.; 220 5th Av. (Delaney, Hand & O'Gorman).

WOODRUFF, S. C.—W. B. Gray & Son; J. W. Gray, clothing, shoes; Miss Parks, ready-to-wear, millinery; Collingwood.

YBOR CITY, Fla.—M. Weber (Jobbers); D. Magida, cheap silk and cloth women's dresses; 370 7th Av. (B. Geltner).

YOUNGSTOWN—G. M. McKelvey Co.; R. M. Mater, house furnishings, china, toys, electrical goods, stoves, sporting goods; S. C. Milliron, ready-to-wear, dresses, children's wear, suits, coats, skirts, waists, sweaters, furs, basement; T. E. Stitzell, muslin wear, house dresses, petticoats, &c., hosiery, underwear, domestics, beddings, wash and white goods, corsets, brassieres, boys', men's wear, small wares, notions, rugs, basement; Miss M. Connell, dress goods, linings, silks, velvets; Mrs. M. Hinton, women's, children's hosiery; Miss L. Watkins, suits, coats, silk and cotton waists, misses', juniors' wear, dresses, skirts, sweaters, bathing suits; Miss C. Landle, stouts' stylish wear; P. C. Jamieson, men's clothing, furnishings, hats, luggage; Miss L. C. Link, corsets, brassieres; T. Thompson, domestics, wash and white goods, bedding, linens; Miss G. Powell, kid gloves, silk gloves, notions, buttons; F. R. Barclay, rugs, draperies, materials, linoleums, carpets, curtains, Oriental rugs; G. R. Holsinger, books, art goods, stationery, magazines, gifts; Miss M. Appel, laces, neckwear, handkerchiefs, ribbons, bellings, trimmings, embroideries; Mrs. B. McCambridge, jewelry, leather goods; Miss V. Mackall, toilet goods, silverware; Mrs. M. B. Yerx, muslin underwear, house dresses, silk underwear, petticoats, kimonos, bath robes; Miss A. B. Goodman, infants', children's, girls' wear (to 16 yrs.); Mrs. E. Carden, furs; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins, Inc.).

BUSINESS OPTIMISM GROWS IN THE WEST

Chicago Building Permits for First Seven Months of Year Largest on Record.

GRAIN PRICES A HELP

Traffic on Western Railroads Increasing and Is Now in Excess of Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—General business conditions in the West show little change, but the feeling of optimism regarding the future is growing. That this is not entirely a local condition was shown by the numerous statements made here the past week by merchants from all over the country who were attending the interstate convention. With a high price for wheat and prospects for a large crop of corn for which farmers can secure 70 cents per bushel at the loading stations at the present time, and high prices for live stock there is little on which to base a belief of a business recession.

Building permits during the first seven months of the year total $225,917,000 here, the largest on record, and promise to be up to around $350,000,000 for the year, compared with $329,600,000 for the full twelve months in 1923. Wholesale business in dry goods was slightly less than the previous week but well ahead of last year, and road sales also exceeded those of a year ago. There has been no seasonal slacking in the demand for pig iron this season, to the surprise of the trade, and it is estimated that close to 100,000 tons have been sold in the past two weeks, with buyers now inquiring for first quarter delivery, but no sales of consequence have been reported. The tendency is to look for higher prices. Orders for bar iron are heavy and agricultural implement makers are taking supplies on a fairly liberal scale. Railroad business was fair.

Traffic on Western railroads is in excess of last year despite the smallest amount of grain moving, and for the first two weeks in August there was a satisfactory increase over the same period in July on practically all of the leading roads. Loadings on four of the leading Western roads for the first two weeks in August aggregated 286,000 cars, an increase of 34,000 over the same period in July, and 28,000 cars more than in 1924.

Grain traffic is rapidly picking up in the aggregate with a total of 28,426,000 bushels received at primary points last week, a gain of 3,463,000 bushels over the previous week. As compared with last year there was a reduction of 3,632,000 bushels, while the loss as compared with the average of the past five years was only 1,827,000 bushels.

SHOW MANY NOVELTIES.

French Milliners Include Several New Things in Fall Hats.

Several new ideas in shapes and trimmings of women's Fall hats, as described by special radiograms from Paris, will be contained in the forthcoming issue of the new Millinery Bulletin, the publication of the Retail Millinery Association of America. One of the things described will be a novelty felt hat featured by Agnes. This hat, The Bulletin will say, is made with a deep crown squared at the top and creased like a college boy's all around the top edge. The brim is narrow and drooping, except where it curves up at the left like a chair rocker.

"Poiret prefers two colors in both hats and costumes—Veronese green and royal purple," The Bulletin will continue. "He shows innumerable felt and velvet hats in these tones, often trimmed with silvered leather. This material is also preferred by him from trimming ensembles and dresses. Flat cut-out motifs and narrow bands and flowers, all made of silvered leather, appear on Poiret hats. The flowers are large, with pointed leaves, and a single bloom is sufficient for trimming a hat.

"A new idea in trimmings appears on a brown velvet sailor. The sides of the crown are covered with black felt, cut to simulate a quill around the centre of the side crown, so that the crown appears encircled by a brown velvet placed over black felt.

"At Lucile's there is a prevalence of wide-trimmed hats. The sides are four inches wide, narrowing toward the back and always rolling upward. A small yellow-beige velours model has an upcurving

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

The Stock Market's Action, Considered From the Viewpoint of "Credit Inflation."

Several developments in the past week's routine news served at least to illustrate the nature of the financial and business situation; the largest monthly exchange of bank checks ever reported in midsummer, the largest weekly loadings of railway freight, a better prospect for grain and cotton harvests than there was reason lately to expect, and, along with this, an easier money market. Whether because of the more cheerful view of things in these directions or because the mood of speculation is tenacious, the Stock Exchange has repeatedly resumed its lately arrested speculation for the rise. But the very high level of prices on which this speculation is conducted has led to much expression of judgment that even the most favorable aspects of the situation may be "overdiscounted." There is undoubtedly a considerable body of opinion which regards the existing situation, on the stock market particularly, as one in which the predominant force at work is "credit inflation"—meaning by that the placing by banks of such exceptional facilities in the hands of investors or speculators as to make possible the uninterrupted purchase of Stock Exchange securities at rising prices.

The contention is to this extent at least supported by undisputed facts; that the season's advance on the Stock Exchange could hardly have been conducted without access to an exceptionally large fund of credit, and that the present position of the banks is such as to make that credit fund available. The private banks in the Federal system have increased their loans and discounts nearly $1,000,000,000 over this month in 1924; their deposits, however, have increased even more largely, and their reserve exceeds the law's requirements. The reserve ratio of the Federal banks, notwithstanding substantial increase in member banks' reserve deposits over last year and the year before, stands only slightly below that of August, 1924, and on an even level with that of 1923. But the outstanding fact is that in the loans and discounts of member banks, the increase since 1923 of loans on other than Stock Exchange collateral has been barely $200,000,000, while the increase in such collateral loans has been $1,300,000,000.

It cannot be argued that this is a wholesome situation. Whether the position is or is not precarious may be a different question. Sudden and large requisition on banking credit, for the account of expanding Autumn trade, would presumably cause withdrawal of funds from loans on Stock Exchange securities; even the spread among lending banks of doubt over present Stock Exchange values might have a similar result. Yet the member banks as a whole appear sure enough of their own position to be carrying, on their own account, investments in United States and other securities which last week were exactly $500,000,000 greater than a year ago and close to the maximum of the year, while the New York City banks in the Federal system, although showing reduction of some $25,000,000 in such holdings from the high point of 1925, still report $78,000,000 more than in August, 1924.

On the face of things, this does not point to an early change in the money situation. It leaves the question open, however, whether the recent movement on the Stock Exchange is or is not primarily an outcome of the abnormal situation created by our recent immense accumulations of gold. When it is assumed that the whole financial situation is governed by "gold-inflation influences," the test cannot reasonably be applied to one market alone. The effect of this so-called "inflation" should be traced in the field of general trade, in prices of commodities, in the attitude of business men toward the whole question of intrinsic or speculative values. It cannot be thus traced at the present moment.

The volume of trade now moving is exceptionally large, but it is passing with unusual rapidity from producer to ultimate consumer. In most of the larger industries, resistance to rising prices is notoriously the governing influence and it has been effective. Average prices of commodities are now approximately 5 per cent. above last August, but they are also 3 per cent. below the high average in the early months of 1925. Furthermore, when comparison with a year ago is made by groups of articles, it is shown that the whole of the intervening rise has occurred in foodstuffs, for whose advance the abnormal world conditions in the harvests of 1924 are sufficient explanation. On the average, all other commodities of production and manufacture stand at practically the prices of this month in 1924.

It is a natural enough conclusion that the absence of increasing demands on credit from the field of general industry has itself encouraged the pressing of credit facilities in such directions as the Stock Exchange and the recurrently excited land speculation. At the present moment, the influence of overflowing bank reserves appears to be felt only in those directions in which existing circumstances of a given trade or market favor expanding speculative activities. In those directions, it unquestionably emphasizes existing tendencies toward higher prices. Much the same situation arises when available bank credit had been enlarged through release of capital in a trade reaction, but with this difference, that the Stock Exchange on such occasions is bidding up securities from an intrinsically very low valuation and is "discounting" eventual trade recovery, whereas stocks are being bought today at unusually high prices, with scarcely any pause to consider what those prices are "discounting." From that fact arise the evident hazards of the existing movement.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED AUG. 15, 1925.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	7,452,129	252,648,890
Same period a year ago	5,069,312	151,402,851

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	121.23	117.46	121.23	101.16
Same period a year ago	96.14	93.56	96.40	82.26

1925 High.	1925 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
75½	62	400	Abitibi Pow & Pap (4).	66	65½	66	— 1½
103¼	90	100	Adams Express (6)	91	91	91	— 1¾
18½	13	1,100	Advance Rumley	15¾	14½	14¾	— 1
62	47	2,900	Do pf (3)	58	56	56½	— 1¾
12⅝	9⅝	3,800	Ahumada Lead (11)	10½	10	10½	+ ⅛
111½	86¾	11,800	Air Reduction (4)	108¾	102⅝	107¾	+ 2¼
15⅞	10	13,000	Ajax Rubber	12⅜	11	11¼	— 1⅝
2¼	1	200	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
97⅝	80	526	Allied Chem & Dye (4)	97¾	92	93	+ 1½
120	117	1,400	Do pf (7)	120	119¾	120	..
86¼	71¼	3,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg (6)	83½	82	82½	..
108	103¼	100	Do pf (7)	107¼	107¼	107¼	..
23⅝	13½	4,900	Am Agricultural Chem	22	21	21⅝	— ⅜
68¾	36½	6,700	Do pf	64¾	61	63½	..
43	36⅜	600	Am Beet Sugar (4)	38	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
87⅞	84	100	Do pf (7)	87	87	87	..
54½	26½	4,600	Am Bosch Magneto	33⅞	29⅝	30⅝	— 2⅜
121½	90¼	1,300	Am Bks Sh & Fdy (5)	118	115½	115½	— 2½
113¾	107¼	100	Do pf (7)	110½	110¼	110½	+ ½
246½	158½	125,000	American Can (17)	246½	217¼	238½	+20⅝
121½	115	800	Do pf (7)	121	121	121	+ ½
111½	97¼	9,000	Am Car & Fdy (6)	104⅝	102	104⅜	+ ⅝
26⅛	22⅝	1,500	Am Chain, Cl A (2)	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	..
62	37	200	American Chicle	48¾	48½	48¾	+ 1¼
6⅝	5¼	4,000	Am Drug Synd (60c)	5¾	5½	5½	— ¼
166	125	700	Am Express (6)	135	133	133½	— 2
47	27¼	20,700	Am & Foreign Pwr	44½	40¼	41½	— 1
94	87	1,300	Do pf (7)	90⅞	90¼	90¼	— ⅞
14	8½	1,200	Am Hide & Leather	11	10	10⅝	— ⅜
75¾	59	1,800	Do pf	63¾	61⅝	62	— 2
122½	83	4,700	American Ice (7)	119¼	115¼	116	— 2½
41	32⅛	5,500	American International	36½	34⅜	34⅜	— 2½
14	11⅛	1,100	Am LaF Fire Eng (1)	12⅞	12¼	12⅝	— ⅛
35⅞	20	27,500	American Linseed	35⅞	31⅝	34⅜	+ 2⅛
81½	53	7,700	Do pf (3½)	81½	79	80¼	+ ½
144⅞	104½	11,600	Am Locomotive (118)	114	111⅛	113	— ⅝
124	115	400	Do pf (7)	117¾	115	115	— 3
53⅜	45⅝	2,900	American Metal (3)	50⅝	49⅝	49½	— 3¼
116½	111	400	Do pf (7)	115	115	115	+ ⅝
113½	80⅞	6,600	Am Radiator (4)	111	105¼	105¼	— 5¼
84	76¼	500	Am Ry Express (6)	77	77	77	..
76	48	100	American Republics	58¼	55¾	58¼	— 1⅜
68	36⅞	11,000	Am Safety Razor (3)	64⅝	59¾	64½	+ 3¼
14½	5⅝	1,700	Am Ship & Com	7	6⅝	6⅝	— ½
108⅝	90⅜	30,700	Am Smelt & Ref (6)	108⅝	105¼	107¼	— ⅝
111⅛	105½	300	Do pf (7)	110⅛	109	110⅜	+ ⅛
150⅜	138½	100	Am Snuff (12)	145	145	145	— ¼
40⅝	37⅝	7,600	Am Stl Foundries (3)	39¾	38¾	39	— ¼
112	108	400	Do pf (7)	112	111	112	+ ⅛
71¼	47⅝	15,800	Am Sugar Refining	67¾	64⅜	65	— 3
101½	91	300	Do pf (7)	99¼	98½	99½	+ 1
24½	6	1,900	Am Sumatra Tobacco	10½	9¼	10⅜	+ 1¼
47	37⅜	400	Am Tel & Cable (5)	40¼	40	40¾	+ ¼
144¼	130⅜	8,400	Am Tel & Tel (9)	139¾	139	139½	+ ⅛
99½	85	3,100	American Tobacco (7)	97½	96¾	x97⅜	— ⅝
98⅞	84½	5,900	Armour Co of Ill cl A(2)	23	22¾	22¾	— ¼
12½	8	5,900	Arnold Constable & Co	12¼	10⅝	10⅝	— 2
45½	30	1,500	Artloom	45	44	45	..
17⅛	5	200	Art Metal Constr (1)	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	..
55⅝	48½	7,700	Asso Dry Goods (2½)	52	48	48	— 3⅝
100	94	200	Do 1st pf (6)	98	96	98	— ⅝
41¾	32	10,800	Associated Oil (2)	38	36	36⅝	— ⅝
127⅝	116¼	10,500	Atch, Top & S Fe (7)	121⅜	120⅜	121⅛	+ ⅝
97⅜	92½	1,300	Do pf (5)	96½	96	96⅜	— ⅛
7½	3	2,600	Atlanta, Birm & At	5½	5⅛	5⅛	..
188	147⅛	4,200	Atlantic Coast L (18)	184½	179⅝	184	+ 1
56	20	11,000	Atl, Gulf & W Indies	51½	49⅝	51¼	+ 2⅛
53⅜	31	2,000	Do pf	51⅜	50½	51¼	+ ⅝
117½	95½	27,910	Atlantic Refining	106	96¼	99	— 10⅝
117⅜	113½	100	Do pf (7)	114⅜	114⅜	114¾	— 2¾
94	92	100	Atlas Powder pf (6)	92	92	92	— ½
13	9⅜	600	Atlas Tack	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅜
32½	22	12,100	Austin Nichols	28½	26	27⅛	+ 1½
95	87⅜	1,900	Do pf (7)	95	92	95	+ 5
4¼	1⅜	900	Auto Knitter Hosiery	1⅞	1⅜	1¾	— ⅛
146	107	45,300	BALDWIN LOCO (7)	116½	112½	115	+ ½
116⅝	107	100	Do pf (7)	108	108	108	+ 1
84½	71	57,700	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	81	78	80⅛	+ 1⅜
66½	62⅞	500	Do pf (4)	66	65½	66	— ¼
45⅝	35¼	17,900	Bangor & Aroostook (3)	45⅜	41⅜	45	+ 2½
94½	89	100	Do pf (7)	92½	92½	92½	..
30	18⅝	12,500	Barnsdall Class A	21⅞	18⅝	20½	..
22	16¼	1,100	Do Class B	17	16½	16½	— ½
53¼	39	800	Bayuk Cigars	39½	39⅛	39½	..
75⅝	60	6,900	Beech-Nut Pkg (2.40)	74⅜	68¾	69½	— 4½
39¼	38⅜	6,300	Belding Bros	39¼	38¾	38¾	..
53½	37	7,300	Bethlehem Steel	42½	41	41¾	— ⅝
102	93¾	300	Do pf (7)	95	94⅜	94⅜	— 2⅝
116½	109	300	Do pf (8)	114½	112⅝	114½	+ 2
46	43⅜	100	Botany Con Mills A(4)	43⅜	43¾	43⅜	— ½
7	4⅛	400	Booth Fisheries	5¼	5	5	..
39	25	200	Do 1st pf	39	39	39	+ 2½
44½	33¾	20,700	Briggs Mfg (3½)	38¼	35	36	— 2¼
3⅝	1⅝	100	British Empire Steel	3	3	3	+ ¼
33¾	22	300	Do 1st pf	20⅝	30	30	..
11¼	6⅜	200	Do 2d pf	10	8½	8½	— 1½
140⅝	120⅝	2,500	Bklyn Edison Elec(8)	138¾	136¼	x137	+ 1
55⅜	35½	16,200	Bklyn-Manhat Tran	53	50⅞	50⅞	— 2⅛
82	72⅞	900	Do pf (6)	80	78½	78⅝	— 1⅜
91⅝	75½	3,200	Bklyn Union Gas (4)	88¾	87⅜	88	— ½
121	64½	2,500	Brown Shoe (4)	117	109	116	+ 7
49¾	24	3,900	Bruns-Balke-Col	28¾	27½	28⅛	— ⅝
8⅝	3	2,200	Bruns Term & Ry Sec	8⅝	7	7⅛	— ⅝
92¼	48	175	B, R & Pitts (2) o lots	83½	83	83	..
98⅞	86⅝	10	Do pf (6) cash	100	100	100	..
100½	92½	800	Burns Brothers (10)	102	100¼	102	+ 2
30	17	600	Do Class B (2)	24¼	23½	24¼	+ 1⅝
117	113	100	Do pf pf (7)	114	114	114	— ¼
96¾	65	2,000	Burroughs Add M (3)	95⅝	93¾	95⅝	+ ⅝
19½	14⅜	400	Bush Terminal	17⅜	17¼	17½	+ ⅛
89⅞	80	700	Do deb (7)	86½	85½	85½	— 1½
8⅜	4¼	3,100	Butte Cop & Zinc (50c)	6⅝	6	6⅛	— ⅛
24¼	6½	3,200	Butte & Superior (1)	11⅝	10½	10⅝	— ⅝
28⅝	17	300	Butterick Co	19½	19¼	19¼	— ¼
2⅝	½	900	CADDO CENT OIL & REFINING	⅝	½	⅝	..
118	100½	1,300	California Packing (6)	114½	112¾	114	— ½
32⅝	23⅞	17,300	Calif Petroleum (2)	28	26⅞	27⅜	— ¼
4⅜	2½	2,000	Callahan Zinc & Lead	2⅝	2½	2½	..
58	45	1,600	Calumet & Ariz (2½)	50⅜	50	50	— ⅞
18⅝	12¼	3,000	Calumet & Hecla (50c)	15⅜	15	15¼	— ⅛
152⅜	136½	3,100	Canadian Pacific (10)	143½	141½	143½	+ 1⅝
49	24	5,100	Case (J I) Thresh M.	49	46	47	+ 1
89	60	600	Do pf	89	87	87	— 1½
21¾	14⅜	2,500	Central Leather Co	18⅝	17⅜	18¼	+ ⅝
66	49¼	5,500	Do pf	61¾	59	60⅜	— ⅞
321	265	2,700	C R R of N J (†12)	300	280	300	+21
47½	31¾	500	Century Rib Mills (2)	32	31½	31½	— ¼
98⅝	94⅜	100	Do pf (7)	97½	97½	97½	+ 2⅝
55½	43¾	6,800	Cerro de Pasco Cop (4)	53⅜	51⅜	52¼	— ⅝
55⅞	40⅝	16,900	Certain-Teed Products	53⅜	52½	52⅝	— 1⅝
100	89½	400	Do 1st pf (7)	100	100	100	+ 2
39⅝	28⅛	11,700	Chandler Motor (3)	30¾	29	30½	— 1¾
106	80¼	127,200	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	106	98⅜	103⅛	+ 3⅞
104¼	93¼	400	Do ctfs	104¼	101	103	+ 1½
112	105¼	2,000	Do pf (6½)	112	111	111¾	— ¼
10⅝	3⅝	7,200	Chicago & Alton	6¼	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
19½	5¼	17,700	Do pf	12⅝	10½	11	..
37½	29⅜	200	Chi & Eastern Illinois	36½	36	36½	+ ⅝
57¼	40	700	Do pf	47½	46	47½	+ 2
15	9	13,100	Chicago Gt Western	12¾	11⅝	12½	+ ⅝
32⅜	19¼	33,800	Do pf	27	24	26½	+ 1⅝
10⅝	3¼	8,700	Chicago, Mil & St Paul	8⅝	8	8	— ½
28½	7	9,000	Do pf	15½	14½	14⅝	— ⅝
75⅝	47½	26,700	Chicago & Nor'west(4)	68⅛	66⅞	67⅝	+ ⅞
117	101¾	200	Do pf (7)	110	109¾	110	..
108½	80¾	22,600	Chicago Pneu Tool (5)	108½	100⅜	108½	+ 5
54¼	40⅜	55,500	Chi, Rock Isl & Pac	48⅝	46	47⅜	+ ⅞
99¼	92	500	Do pf (7)	96¼	95¼	96¼	+ 1¼
89½	82	600	Do pf (6)	85⅛	85	85	+ ¾
59½	33¼	1,000	Chi, St P, Minn & Om	46	45	46	+ 1
45	45	100	Do ctfs	45	45	45	..
108	73¼	200	Do pf (5)	96	95½	96	+ ½
55	44½	100	Chicago Yel Cab (4)	46	46	46	— 1
59¾	43⅝	2,500	Childs Co (12.40)	57½	56⅜	56⅞	— ¼
37⅝	30½	9,700	Chile Copper (2½)	34⅜	33⅝	33⅞	— ⅞
28⅝	19	200	Chino Copper	24¾	24⅛	24½	+ ⅛
120	108¼	22,000	Chrysler Corp ctfs	119½	114¼	115	— 3⅞
105	100⅛	1,400	Do pf (8)	104½	102⅜	102⅜	— 1⅞
164½	140	100	Cleve, Cin, Chi & St L (5)	150	150	150	+ 5
71⅜	58½	200	Cluett, Peabody (5)	61	61	61	..
146	80	25,400	Coca-Cola (7)	145⅞	134½	144½	+ 4
101¼	99	100	Do pf (7)	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	+ ⅞
48¼	32¼	9,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	42	39	40½	— 1¼
65½	44⅛	300	Colorado & Southern	58	57⅝	58	+ ½
64½	60	200	Do 1st pf (4)	63⅜	62½	62½	— ¼
74⅜	45⅜	39,000	Col Gas & Elec (2.60)	73½	70¾	73¼	+ ⅝
110⅜	104¼	1,200	Do pf (7)	110	109⅝	110	+ 1⅜
51⅜	43	1,200	Columbian Carbon (4)	47¾	43⅝	45⅝	— 1⅝
67	50	100	Com Invest Trust (2¾)	62¼	62¼	62¼	— 1⅛
190	80	400	Com Solvents A (4)	95	91	95	..
189	76	800	Do B	93¾	91½	93½	— 1
43½	22	7,200	Congoleum-Nairn (2)	24½	23½	23½	— ⅜
44¼	26½	1,600	Consolidated Cigar	37¾	35⅜	37⅝	+ 1⅝
89⅞	79⅜	1,000	Do pf (7)	88¼	85	x86½	+ 2
9⅝	1⅝	3,500	Consol Distributors	4⅜	4¼	4¼	..
92⅝	74¼	19,600	Consolidated Gas (5)	90	87⅞	x89⅝	+ ⅝
5¼	2⅜	10,600	Consolidated Textile	3⅝	3	3	— ½
80	60½	39,600	Continental Can (4)	79	77	77⅝	+ ½
120½	103	200	Contin Insur (6)	114	113	113	— 1¼
11⅜	8¼	22,400	Contin Motors (80c)	9⅜	8¾	9	— ¼
41⅜	32⅜	19,000	Corn Prod Refining (2)	33⅜	32¾	33	— ⅝
49¾	48⅞	1,800	Coty, Inc (3.80)	49¾	48⅞	49¾	..
52½	36	100	Crex Carpet (4)	50	50	50	+ 2
79⅝	64½	8,200	Crucible Steel (4)	72½	70¾	71¾	— ⅞
96⅜	92	300	Do pf (7)	96	96	96	+ ½
14⅝	9½	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	11	9½	9⅝	— 1⅝
62⅝	45¼	9,100	Do pf	47	45¼	45¼	— 1⅝
33½	24½	9,200	Cuban Am Sugar (5)	27	24½	24½	— 2¼
101	95¾	200	Do pf (7)	97	97	97	— ¾
6¾	3¼	1,000	Cuban Dom Sugar	3¾	3½	3½	— ⅛
44½	23¾	100	Do pf	27	27	27	+ 1⅞
106¾	95¾	1,700	Cudahy Packing (7)	100	97¾	97¾	— 2
87	62	400	Cushman's Sons (3)	75	74½	x75	+ 2½
59	50	1,100	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	53½	52½	53	— 1
7⅞	1	1,900	DAN BOONE WOOL MILLS	1⅛	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
49⅜	27⅝	28,400	Davison Chemical	43½	40⅜	42¾	+ 1¼
24⅛	20¼	800	De Beers Mines (1.92)	24½	22½	24¼	+ 1⅛
107	82¾	300	Deere & Co pf (7)	104¾	104¼	104¾	+ ⅝
155	133½	4,100	Delaware & Hud (9)	150⅜	148	150⅜	+ 1⅜
147⅜	125	7,800	Del, Lack & West (17)	144	137	141⅜	+ 3½
60	35	1,000	Denver & Rio Grande Western pf	41⅛	38¾	41⅛	+ 2⅛
134⅛	110	1,000	Detroit Edison Co (8)	129¼	129	129	..
31	21⅜	35,100	Dodge Bros Class A	27	25	25¾	— 1½
84½	73½	23,000	Do pf (7)	82½	81¼	82	+ ⅝
16½	12⅜	800	Dome Mines (2)	14½	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
23½	14	2,400	Douglas-Pectin (1)	22½	21	22	— 1⅛
4⅞	2⅜	2,000	Duluth, S Shore & Atl	4⅛	3⅝	4⅛	+ ⅛
6¾	3⅝	2,700	Dupont de Nem (10)	190⅝	185½	185	— 22⅞
102	94	900	Do deb (c)	101	100	101	+ 1
102	94	100	Do deb, s 30 days	99½	99¼	99¼	..
111⅛	105	500	Duquesne Lt 1st pf (7)	111	110¾	x110¾	— 1⅜
12	8	300	Durham Hosiery	12	12	12	+ 1
118	104¾	2,600	EASTM'N K'D'K (†8)	108	106	107⅜	+ 1⅞
20¼	10½	26,900	Eaton Axle & Spg (2)	20½	18	20¼	+ 2¼
40⅛	17⅜	55,100	Elec Pwr & Lt ctfs	37⅛	33⅝	34½	— 3
94	90	2,200	Do pf (7)	93	91¼	91½	— 1
110	100	2,700	Do pf cfs 40% pd (7)	109¼	107⅝	108½	— ¼
110⅜	100¾	200	Do pf cfs full pd (7)	109⅜	109½	109¾	+ ½
70⅜	60⅜	8,400	Elec Storage Batt'y (4)	66	63⅞	64½	— 1⅝
11½	7½	200	Elk Horn Coal	11½	11½	11½	+ ⅛
2⅝	1⅜	8,500	Emerson Brntghm	3⅞	3½	4	— ⅛
22	8	4,900	Do pf	22	18½	22	+ 1½
72	63⅜	4,200	Endicott-Johnson (5)	68	66	67⅜	— ⅝
116⅜	112½	200	Do pf (7)	116	116	116	— ⅛
34½	26⅜	57,200	Erie	34½	30½	34¼	+ 3⅝
33½	25¼	1,400	Do ctfs	33½	30⅜	33½	+ 5¼
33½	25¼	30	Do ctfs, add lot	30¾	30¾	30¾	..
44⅞	35	52,100	Do 1st pf	43⅜	40½	42½	+ 1¾
37⅜	36⅜	32	Do 1st pf ctfs, odd lot	42¼	42¼	42¼	..
43⅜	34	2,800	Do 2d pf	40⅞	38	40½	+ 2½
19⅞	15¾	400	Exchange Buffet (1½)	15⅝	15¼	15¼	— ⅝
4⅞	2¼	500	FAIRBANKS CO	3⅝	3	3¼	— ⅝
49⅞	32½	4,300	Fairbanks Morse(2.60)	45⅜	43	43⅝	— 1¾
114⅜	90¼	38,000	Famous Pl Lasky (8)	110	105	108⅝	+ 1⅝
109	103	800	Do rcts full paid	107	104½	107	+ 2⅜
36	27½	6,000	Fed Lt & Trac (*1.40)	30⅝	27½	28	— 2½
86¼	85¼	200	Do pf (6)	86	86	86	+ ¼
25¾	15¾	700	Fed Mining & Smeltg	19	17	19	+ 2⅜
64¾	49½	8,000	Do pf (7)	61½	57¾	60⅜	+ 2⅝
175	147⅞	200	Fidelity-Ph Fire In(6)	165¼	165¼	165¼	— 1½
17⅜	12	100	Fifth Av Bus (64c)	15	15	15	— 2¼
101⅜	100	200	First Na Pic 1st pf (8)	101½	101	101½	— ¼
86¼	60¾	31,400	Fisher Body (5)	83½	77½	80⅞	— 1½
24⅝	10¼	49,500	Fisk Rubber	22¾	19¾	20	— 2¼
107¼	75½	800	Do 1st pf (7)	106	105¼	105¾	— ¼
104	75	20,700	Fleischmann Co (4)	104	96½	103½	+ 5½
134⅜	89½	13,200	Foundation Co (8)	128	123½	125¾	— ¾
106	101⅜	300	Franklin Simon pf(7)	106	105¾	106	+ 1
18⅞	8	13,500	Freeport-Texas	17½	16½	16¾	— ¾
31½	30⅜	3,100	GABRIEL SN A (2½)	31½	30⅜	31½	..
16¼	4½	1,900	Gardner Motor	10	8⅝	8⅝	— 1½
58½	44½	500	Gen Am Tank Car (3)	45⅝	45¼	45½	— ½
102⅞	96	100	Do pf (7)	102¼	102¼	102¼	— ½
63⅜	42½	9,200	Gen Asphalt	53¾	52¾	53⅛	— 1⅝
100	86½	400	Do pf (5)	96⅝	95	x95	— ⅝
175½	121	10,800	Gen Baking (6)	175½	160¼	162½	— 3⅝
101⅜	84½	2,500	Gen Cigar (8)	90¼	88¾	88⅝	— 1¼
319⅜	144	11,500	Gen Ry Signal (6)	319⅜	243	290	+46
327½	227¼	46,800	Gen Electric

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BANK OF ENGLAND IN CONTROL OF MARKET

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SOME UNEXPECTED RESULTS

Market's Movement Will Be Adjusted to the Movement of Gold In the Next Few Months.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The bank rate policy has become a fruitful source of discussion since the rate was reduced to 4½ per cent. Persistent endeavors are being made to give political rather than financial significance to the bank's action. But, while the Bank of England vouchsafed no information, it can now be confidently stated that the monetary position itself forms the main basis upon which the bank took action, and upon which it may conceivably decide to further reduce the rate before long.

The resumption of a free gold market has produced a position exactly opposite to what was expected by critics of the policy of reverting to the gold standard. It is these critics who are now so busy endeavoring to recover their prestige as prophets by asserting that political pressure forced the bank rate down.

The Bank of England's Policy.

When it is remembered that the Bank of England's gold holding has increased £8,514,705 since last April, and that a substantial credit exists in America for buttressing sterling in case of need, that the American monetary situation must have been fully reviewed by Governor Norman of the Bank of England and Governor Strong of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York during their recent Continental visit, also that the reduction in the bank rate has not disturbed American balances in London, there appears to be presented a strong case for those who contend that monetary conditions alone prompted the Bank of England's action. It is, however, extremely unlikely that the Bank of England would lower the rate now if it thought that within a few weeks it would almost certainly have to raise it again.

The bank has probably by this time sufficient knowledge of what gold will be required in the Autumn, and it may be assumed that it has lowered its rate because monetary conditions here and in New York are easy and are likely to remain so for some considerable time. The feature of last week's Bank return was that, for the first time in several weeks, the holdings of Government securities show a small increase. Recently the Bank has sold upward of £10,000,000 of these securities, with a view of preventing undue credit expansion as a result of the gold influx.

Controlling the Discount Market.

The object in view is evidently maintenance of the discount rates within a reasonable distance of the bank rate. There is little doubt that, if the gold flow had been allowed to exercise full play, money would have been abundant and the discount rates lowered to a level which would have made London unattractive to foreign capital. On the other hand, when gold flows out again, the Bank of England will be able, by repurchasing securities, to correct the deflating influence of gold exports.

Currency notes outstanding at the end of the week aggregated £301,216,085 as compared with £305,484,190 one week ago, and £301,404,321 two weeks ago. The figure of one week ago, £306,484,190, was the highest point of the year to date; the lowest having been £281,165,917 on Feb. 28.

STRIKE HURTS FRENCH LOAN

Subscription to Refunding Issue Impeded by Dispute With Bank Clerks.

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PARIS, Aug. 16.—The strike of French bank clerks, which continues, has seriously hampered the work of promoting subscriptions to the new refunding loan. Nevertheless, reports which seem to be fairly official indicate that the volume of applications is increasing. At the moment there seems to be no question of an effort to float a new French loan in the United States. The disposition is to wait until the interallied debts have been arranged and a balanced budget voted for 1926 before the French market seeks further aid in the market to re-establish the country's fiscal position.

The decrease of 500,000,000 francs in miscellaneous assets, reported by the Bank of France in last Thursday's weekly statement, merely reflected the month-end settlement of the preceding week. The Government's repayment of 100,000,000 francs to the bank and other credit operations made possible the decrease of 427,000,000 francs in circulation, which is considered satisfactory.

GERMAN PRICES STEADY.

Year's First Increase of Unemployment Reported for July.

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BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The index number of wholesale prices in Germany as of Aug. 12 stands at 134.2, against 133.8 a week earlier, 131.3 three months ago, and a January average of 138.2. The Frankfurter Zeitung's monthly index of wholesale commodity prices as of July 30 works out at 143.31, against a high point for the year of 147.14 at the end of January.

The Labor Bureau's report, covering conditions on July 15, shows the relatively small increase of 3,000 in unemployed, the number of which now stands at 198,087. This, it should be noted, is the first increase of German unemployment since February.

BRITISH STEEL OUTPUT CUT.

Monthly Decrease Continues, With Furnaces Blowing Out.

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LONDON, Aug. 16.—Pig iron production for July aggregated 492,700 tons, against 510,300 for June, 615,600 for July, 1924, and a 1924 monthly average of 609,900 tons. The steel output was 390,400 tons, against 584,400 in June, 393,300 in July of 1924, and a 1924 monthly average of 685,100 tons.

Owing to the depressed state of the industry, furnaces in blast declined twelve during the month to 136.

ITALY EXPECTS BETTER FOREIGN TRADE RESULTS

Less Wheat Imported—6 Months' Import Surplus 3,010,000,000 Lire Above 1924.

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ROME, Aug. 16.—The foreign trade of Italy for the six months ended June showed imports of 14,244,000,000 lire and exports of 8,446,000,000, or an import surplus of 5,798,000,000 lire. In the same period the year before imports were 9,443,000,000 lire and exports 6,676,000,000, the adverse balance being 2,788,000,000 lire. Discussions of this heavy increase in the balance against Italy generally agree that it is accounted for by the rise in prices caused by the recent depreciation of the lira, but also by abnormally heavy imports of wheat, sugar and frozen meat, which were largely necessitated by last year's poor Italian crops and which have contributed most largely to the increase of inward trade.

During the next few months, however, a considerable improvement in the trade balance is looked for, owing to decrease in imports of cereal. In July imports of wheat into Italy were less than 7,300,000 bushels, as against 11,000,000 in the same month a year ago. The Italian wheat crop is now definitely estimated at 227,000,000 bushels, against 168,000,000 a year ago. This would be the largest yield since the 141,000,000 of 1920.

REICHSBANK DRAWING FOREIGN GOLD CREDITS

$7,150,000 Received at Berlin Last Week—Bank's 'Gold Cover' Now 45%.

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BERLIN, Aug. 16.—That the Reichsbank has already put into force its policy of withdrawing and importing gold held for account abroad was shown last week by an increase of 30,045,000 marks in gold held at Berlin, although the increase in the Reichsbank's own gold reserve was only 9,542,000. The gold cover of the bank's circulation rose, however, from 43.6 per cent. to 45. Officials of the bank stated that the institution's policy regarding gold imports has been decided only to the extent that all of its "gold abroad," aggregating 102,778,000 marks, will be brought to Berlin gradually and that ultimately all of its "legal cover exchange," which is now 358,511,000 marks, will be converted into gold.

The Reichsbank's status shows distinct improvement in its report of last week, covering the position of Aug. 7. The decrease in discounts by 83,000,000 marks to 1,706,000 marks, the reduction of advances by 36,000,000 marks to 24,000,000 marks, and the decrease in outstanding circulation by 58,000,000, bringing it to 2,472,000,000, were taken to indicate a stronger position.

PRESSURE OF POLISH EXCHANGE NOT CHECKED

Berlin Now Ascribes It Mainly to 'Inundation' of Small Paper Notes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Financial experts do not consider that the increase from 10 per cent. to 12 in the Bank of Poland's discount rate will stop the depreciation of the zloty unless Polish commercial and governmental financial policy is also improved. All bankers here recognize that one main cause of the depreciation in Polish exchange has been the inundation of the Polish markets with bank notes for 1, 2 and 5 zlotys, nominally worth 19 1-3 to 96½ cents, and with small coins.

For months past officials and industrial employes have been paid their salaries mainly in "token money," and, since the banks refuse to accept this money, the citizens hoard notes in denominations of 10 zlotys and higher. On the other hand, the Bank of Poland's return as of July 31 shows a slight decline in circulation, which, at 461,639,000 zlotys, is regarded as in no way excessive in itself.

But the Polish trade balance continues bad. The figures just published for June show an import surplus of no less than 65,783,0000 zlotys and the adverse balance of trade during the first half of 1925 apparently swallowed up 350,000,000 zlotys of exchange, or 60 per cent. of the Bank of Poland's gold reserve and exchange. That bank's holdings of foreign exchange dropped between the end of last December and the end of June from 254,000,000 zlotys to 115,000,000. Germans are taking the ground that the trade war initiated by Poland against Germany is the last blow to the zloty currency. It was certainly a most unwise stroke of Polish policy.

RISING ESTIMATES OF EXPORTS FROM RUSSIA

One Russian Estimate Predicts Shipments of 240,000,000 Bushels of Wheat.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Crop reports from Russia hold no material change, but the official organ, the Economitcheskaya Zhizn, changes its earlier estimate of 300,000,000 puds of export grain, or about 180,000,000 bushels, to 400,000,000 puds, or 240,000,000 bushels. The "Gosplans'" estimate is that other exports from Russia in the business year beginning Oct. 1 will amount to 3,300,000 puds of flax, against 2,100,000 in the current business year, that the shipments of oil products will be 90,000,000 puds, against 42,000,000, and that exports of wool will be 150,000,000 puds, against 100,000,000.

In the field of general production, it is maintained that figures justify belief that Russian exports will actually increase materially and that this in turn will make possible increased imports.

Gold Movement Against London.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Bank of England received no gold during the week. Withdrawals were £184,000, Singapore taking £26,000, India, £132,000, the Straits Settlements £7,000, with £19,000 going to unstated destinations.

CONTINUED DECLINE IN GERMAN PRICES

Banks Badly Tied Up in Intricacies of the Stinnes Liquidation.

FAMILY ASSETS MAY BE SOLD

Berlin Comments That Banks Now Dominate Big Industry, Reversing Position of Inflation Days.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Shortage of money and unfavorable reports concerning the Stinnes liquidation have badly affected the market for securities during the whole of the past week. Not until Thursday was there any halt in the decline, and even the sharp recovery of that day was followed on Friday by renewed weakness. The Frankfurter Zeitung's index number of average prices for dividend-paying stocks, based on the quotations of Aug. 7, shows a new low record level for the year, standing at 69.71, as against 73.99 a week earlier, 74.12 at the end of July, 111.37 on Jan. 31 and 100 on Jan. 2.

Most bankers declare it impossible to foresee when the downward movement of prices will end, because dividend yields on most stocks, even at the present low quotations, work out much less than current interest rates. As for quotations, out of 922 stocks on the Berlin Boerse 250 are quoted below 50, 318 between 50 and 75. Only 157 are quoted over par, and 197 between 75 and 100.

Banks Tied Up With Stinnes Liquidation

The banks which intervened to avert the Stinnes crash are having increasing trouble. The estimate of unsecured debts has risen to 170,000,000 marks, of which about 70,000,000 marks have so far been raised by the sale of Stinnes property. But every big Stinnes interest has already been sold except for the Hamburg Shipping Company, which controls 250,000 tons; the Hamburg Traffic Company, which controls six hotels; the Koholyte Paper and Cellulose Company and the North German Publishing Company. It is now considered possible that it may be necessary even to sell the old Stinnes family properties, consisting of coal mines and the coal river fleet.

Even if these are saved, the Stinnes concern proper will nevertheless be entirely dissolved. The banks have declared a credit boycott against the elder son, Edmund Stinnes, who controls the Age Automobile Company and the North Star Insurance Company, the purpose being to compel him to accept their terms. This illustrates one result of the Stinnes crisis, namely, that the commercial banks have entirely recovered their pre-war domination over big industries, whereas during the inflation period big industry entirely dominated the banks.

Money Market and Crop Outlook.

While the supply of money on the market is generally short, increased demand for long-term bankers' acceptances has led to reduction in the private discount rate to 7⅞ per cent. This is the lowest figure since the Boerse last year began quoting the private discount rate.

Last week's crop report, covering conditions of Aug. 1, showed slight deterioration in the grain crops and destruction of meadows by drought in a restricted area. In general, however, the harvest still gives assurance of abundance.

ENGLAND'S GAIN OF GOLD IN JULY £5,660,865

Holland, Russia and Transvaal Largest Shippers — Gain Since Gold Resumption £9,680,700.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The Board of Trade's report on the gold movement into and out of England during July shows a surplus of gold imports amounting to £5,660,865, whereas in July of 1924 the import excess was only £78,410. Since the surplus of gold imports over exports in May and June amounted to £4,019,835; the total net gain in gold in the three months since the resumption of gold payments by the Bank of England has been £9,680,700. For the completed seven months of the year the surplus of gold imports has been £10,529,796, whereas in the same period of last year the surplus of gold exports was £3,125,976.

Gold imports into England during July were £8,931,932, of which £1,000,000 came from Russia, £2,002,232 from Holland, £22,998 from France, £132,176 from West Africa, £3,554 from South America, £189,280 from Rhodesia, £5,517,222 from the Transvaal and £65,474 from other countries. Exports aggregated £3,271,067, of which India took £1,589,009, Holland £328,832, Switzerland £153,521, Egypt £100,551, Straits Settlements £157,564, Belgium £7,485, France £9,699, Spain £5,100, West Africa £2,342, Java £13,561, South America £28,000 and other countries £875,403.

Total gold imports for July, 1924, were £4,239,736 and exports £4,161,326.

MONEY FLOWING TO LONDON

Resultant Reduction of Bank Circulation and Currency Notes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Money withdrawn by depositors for holiday purposes is now coming back to the banks with some rapidity. This explains the week's decline of £1,066,215 in the Bank of England's note circulation, also the drop of £4,268,105 in currency note issues to £301,216,085.

The Bank's reserve increased £822,850 to £38,753,339, but, owing to the expansion in deposits, the ratio of reserves to liabilities declined from 31.2 per cent. to 30.6 per cent. The Bank also lost £243,383 gold on balance during the week, reducing its holdings to £164,256,769.

New Issue

$25,221,500
(Total Authorized Issue)

Tide Water Oil Company

5% Cumulative Convertible Non-Voting Preferred Stock
Par Value $100 per Share

Dividends payable quarterly February 15, May 15, August 15, and November 15. Redeemable as a whole or in amounts of not less than $5,000,000, on any dividend payment date after three years from the date of issue, upon 60 days' notice, at 105% and accumulated dividends.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Registrar
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, Transfer Agent

Dividends exempt from the present normal Federal income tax.

The following information has been summarized by Mr. Axtell J. Byles, President of the Tide Water Oil Company, from his letter to us:

The Tide Water Oil Company was incorporated in New Jersey, in 1888, and with its subsidiaries constitutes a complete and self-contained unit in the petroleum industry, owning oil producing properties, pipe lines, refineries and distribution facilities. The Company's best known products are Tydol gasoline and Veedol lubricating oils, which have a high standing in the automobile trade.

The proceeds of this issue will be applied to the retirement of the entire funded indebtedness of the Company, to provide funds for a program of development in the Company's producing, manufacturing and marketing divisions, and to provide additional working capital to meet the needs of its steadily expanding business.

So long as any of the Preferred Stock is outstanding, no debt maturing more than one year from the date thereof (excepting purchase money indebtedness) may be created or assumed by the Company if holders of 25% of the par amount of outstanding Preferred Stock object thereto.

The authorized amount of the Preferred Stock may not be increased unless authorized by vote of two-thirds in amount of the Preferred Stock outstanding, and no other classes of stock may be created unless made subordinate to the Preferred Stock as to dividends and payments in liquidation or dissolution.

The Preferred Stock will be convertible at any time at its par value into the Common Stock of the Company, without par value, at the following rates: the first $5,000,000 of Preferred Stock surrendered for conversion will be convertible on the basis of one share of Common Stock for each $37.50 par value of Preferred Stock; the second $5,000,000 par value of Preferred Stock, on the basis of one share of Common Stock for each $40 par value of the Preferred Stock; the third $5,000,000 of Preferred Stock, on the basis of one share of Common Stock for each $42.50 par value of Preferred Stock; and the balance of the Preferred Stock, on the basis of one share of Common Stock for each $45 par value of Preferred Stock. If called for redemption, the holders of the Preferred Stock so called shall be entitled to convert, at the prevailing rate, up to and including the tenth day prior to the date set for redemption.

For the nine and one-half year period ended June 30, 1925, the consolidated net income of the Tide Water Oil Company and its subsidiaries, after interest and Federal taxes, available for dividends, has averaged $6,146,082 per annum, or 4⅞ times the annual dividend requirements on the Preferred Stock.

On the basis of the consolidated balance sheet of the Company and its subsidiaries at June 30, 1925, adjusted to give effect to the present financing, the net tangible assets, after deducting all liabilities, minority interests and reserves, amount to more than $96,000,000, or over $383 per share of Preferred Stock. At present quotations for the Common Stock the indicated market equity is in excess of $63,000,000.

Application has been made to list this Preferred Stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

We offer this stock if, as and when issued and received by us, less stockholders' subscriptions, and subject to approval by our counsel of all legal proceedings in connection therewith. It is anticipated that delivery of the Preferred Stock or interim receipts will be made on or about August 26, 1925.

Price 100 and accrued dividend

First Security Company, New York **The National City Company**

New Issue

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes

$1,793,000

City of Miami, Florida

4½% Gold Bonds

Dated August 1, 1925 **Due August 1, as shown below**

Principal and semi-annual interest (February 1 and August 1) payable in gold at the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, New York City. Coupon bonds in denomination of $1,000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Net Assessed Valuation, 1924		$87,661,714.00
Bonded Debt, including this issue		14,571,000.00
Water Debt	$1,000,000.00	
Sinking Funds (except for water debt)	725,299.00	1,725,299.00
*Net Bonded Debt		$12,845,701.00

Population, Federal Census, 1920 - 29,549
Population, State Census, 1925 - 71,400

*There are included in the above Net Bonded Debt $3,337,745 local Improvement Bonds for the retirement of which special assessments are pledged.

THESE BONDS, issued for the improvement of streets and sidewalks and laying of storm and sanitary sewers, constitute direct and general obligations of the City of Miami, payable from an unlimited ad valorem tax levied on all the property therein.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

$ 552,000 due 1927-1929, at 100.25 and Interest
1,241,000 due 1930-1935, at 100.00 and Interest

Legality to be approved by Chester B. Masslich, Esq., New York City

First National Bank

Hallgarten & Co. **Marx & Co.** Birmingham, Ala. **B. J. Van Ingen & Co.**

New York, August 17, 1925

BLAIR & CO.
Incorporated
24 Broad St., New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia
Cleveland Buffalo San Francisco St. Louis

HENRY CLEWS & CO.
7-9-11 BROADWAY (Ground Floor)
BONDS—STOCKS
Tape Quotations Magnified on Screen.
Letters of Credit
BRANCHES: 253 Broadway, 36 Union Sq., 210 Fifth Ave., 356 Fifth Ave., 51 E. 42d, 383 Third Ave., 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

NAPHEN & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
14 Wall Street New York

PROCTER & GAMBLE CO.
Common Stock and Fractions Bought and Sold
A. M. Kidder & Co.
5 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 2780

We offer

The Guaranty Company of Maryland

(Incorporated under the Laws of Delaware)

Short-Term Collateral Trust Notes

Maturities
4 to 12 months

Payable at The Baltimore Trust Co. (Baltimore, Md.), Trustee

	Discount Basis
4 to 8 months	5¼ %
9 to 12 months	5½ %

Maturities within the above limits may be specifed by the purchaser. Notes issued in $100 pieces or multiples thereof with interest payable in advance.

We invite inquiries

Kelley, Drayton & Converse

Members New York Stock Exchange
40 Exchange Place New York
Uptown Office: 50 East 42nd Street
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Weekly Review
Contains an analysis of
Studebaker Corporation
Ask for Circular T-37

Our review will be mailed weekly, gratis, on request.

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Bonds
Preferred Stocks

Conservative Issues for the Individual Investor

Circular upon request

H. D. Williams & Co.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
120 Broadway New York

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes Tax Exempt in the State of New Jersey

$75,000
Maplewood, N. J.
4½% Fire House Bonds

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in Gold at the United States Mortgage and Trust Co. in New York City

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New Jersey

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation	$22,840,141
Net Bonded Debt (1.00%)	297,457

Population - 12,500

Due annually June 1, 1930 to 1955

Prices to yield 4.20-4.25%

Circular upon request

H. L. ALLEN & COMPANY
Investment Securities
100 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 7333

(Federal Income Tax Exempt)

$500,000
City of
Baltimore, Md.

4% Bonds—Due 1934-38
Prices to yield 4.10%

5% Bonds—Due 1944-45
Prices to yield 4.20%

Legal investments for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.
40 Wall Street New York
Tel. John 6307, 4220

FRANCE HOPING FOR GREAT WHEAT CROP

Despite Damage of July, Largest Yield in Four Years Is Now Estimated.

WILL NOT MEET HOMENEEDS

Stock Exchange Prices Hold Well, With Government Bonds Generally Stronger.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—At the moment, financial interest converges largely on the news available regarding the new home crops, which is now available as wheat threshing begins. It is evident that in the Loire Valley and the North, where the great wheat regions of France are located, the acre yield will be considerably better than last year. Taking into consideration the fact that the area under this year's crop exceeds last year's by 150,000 hectares, or 275,000 acres, it is now commonly estimated that the yield will run from 285,000,000 to 300,000,000 bushels.

That would be the largest crop since 1921; the harvest was 243,000,000 in 1922 and 282,000,000 in 1924. One experienced grain specialist estimates that the 1925 wheat crop will be as good as that of 1921, which yielded 322,000,000 bushels. It has, in fact, been estimated lately that but for the bad weather in July the French annual consumption, amounting to, say, 329,000,000 bushels, would have been covered by this year's yield. The price in this market holds around 120 to 124 francs, which is less than the price of imported American wheat.

The Bourse was irregular last week. With the approach of the mid-August holidays, which generally marks the departure from the capital of most important dealers in Stock Exchange securities there were many liquidations, and these weighed on the value of securities, for which there was an active demand last month. However, there was a good reaction from this downward movement, and on Friday, on the eve of settlement day, the Bourse was generally strong.

Speculative positions for the rise had been largely closed out by the previous week's sales, and it is now thought unlikely that there will be any considerable tension on the Stock Exchange. Industrial and international shares, with the exception of oil stocks, showed little change, but the petroleum shares, especially Royal Dutch and the Shell group, continued to yield under heavy sales for account of Amsterdam and Frankfort.

French Government securities were generally stronger last week. Five per cents of 1915 closed the week, however, slightly over 59, as compared with 58 the week before, but the 4 per cents of 1918 and the 5 per cents of 1920 each gained about a point, ending the week at 47.25 and 72.20, respectively.

LONDON VIEW OF BRITISH TRADE BALANCE IN JULY

Not Considered Satisfactory—Decreased Import Surplus Due to Anticipatory Imports of June.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Great Britain's overseas trade position is still very unsatisfactory. Imports of July at £98,744,849 were £12,237,306 lower than June, and £9,352,000 below July, 1924. Exports at £76,202,599 were £66,709,208 above June, but £5,255,319 below July, 1924. Last month's adverse balance dropped to £22,542,250, this comparing with £41,488,764 in June and £26,550,000 in July, 1924.

The excess of imports was, as a matter of fact, the lowest since June of last year, when it was £16,453,701, but the adverse balance for the seven months amounts to £229,899,000, against £162,297,000 last year and £100,815,000 in 1923. The heavy decline in imports last month, as compared with June, was largely due to the anticipatory hurrying-in of foreign goods during June to escape the new duties which came into force beginning with July.

Coal exports in July were greater than those of June by 708,411 tons, foreign consumers buying more freely than for some months past, owing to fears of a coal stoppage in England. Iron, steel and textile trades all compare favorably with last year. Manufactures exported last month showed a decrease of £5,522,184 over 1924. On the whole, little satisfaction can be derived from a consideration of this fall in the adverse trade balance, since it was due to the decline of imports and not to any expansion of exports. That the general trade tendency remains unfavorable can be gathered from the fact that, whereas total imports for the first seven months were £70,000,000 higher than 1924, the exports are only up £2,225,000.

Cotton imports for July were 634,781 centals, valued at £4,314,960, against 790,278, valued at £6,307,851, in July, 1924. The seven months' imports were 10,396,029 centals, valued at £71,249,483, against 7,642,667, valued at £62,589,636, last year. Wheat imports for July were 9,408,360 hundredweight, valued at £6,432,706, against 13,053,608 hundredweight, valued at £7,104,267, in July of 1924. Seven months' imports were 56,202,381 hundredweight, valued at £41,804,577, against 65,188,234 hundredweight, valued at £34,417,789, last year.

DOUBT ON FRENCH FINANCE.

London Cautious, Considering Favorable Reports as Officially Inspired.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—In the exchange market the only feature of the last week was the unsettled condition of the franc, which has been swayed first one way and then another by the reverses of the French Army in Syria and the successful outcome of Briand's security pact negotiations in London. The Bank of France statement, although showing a large increase in the Government debt, was not so bad as expected.

At the same time the market considers the present favorable rumors regarding public finances as officially inspired. These reports concerning the progress of the new loan must in future be taken with caution.

DEMAND AND SUPPLY OF CEREALS ESTIMATED

Rome Calculates That World's Requirements Will Be Largely Exceeded by Production.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 16.—In grain trade circles, after taking into account the always increasing requirements for cereal food, including ever-increasing demand from Japan, it is now calculated that importing countries will this year require 163,000,000 quintals of cereals, without calculating the need for replacing depleted stocks. This importation of 163,000,000 quintals, however, which would compare with 145,000,000 last year, will be met by an estimated exportable surplus of 182,000,000 quintals in the producing countries.

It is calculated that consuming Europe will this season import 65,000,000 quintals from Canada, 18,000,000 quintals from Russia and the Balkans, 18,000,000 quintals from the United States, 2,000,000 quintals from North Africa, 24,000,000 quintals from the Argentine, and 21,000,000 quintals from Australia.

MORE CHEERFUL FEELING IN THE LONDON MARKET

Stock Exchange Even Began to Talk of Another Bank Rate Reduction.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—Stimulated by the bank rate reduction, the stock markets have shaken off their customary August lethargy and have banished unpleasant labor possibilities to the background. With its customary impetuosity, the Stock Exchange was looking for a further reduction in the bank rate last week and the failure of the Bank of England to live up to such optimism rather dampened enthusiasm.

But the markets are looking forward to still cheaper money and active markets in the Autumn; and later on, to the increase in the Reichsbank's own version scheme. Next year will be particularly propitious for refunding because there will be no short-dated maturity during the year.

HOPEFUL OVER THE ITALIAN OUTLOOK

Industrial Reports for the Half-Year Indicate Recovery of Trade.

STEEL OUTPUT MUCH LARGER

Increase of Investment in New Company Securities Considered a Favorable Sign.

Copyright, 1925, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 16.—The tendency of the financial markets was moderately upward last week, although the volume of business done at this time of the year is extremely limited. The new Finance Minister continues to create a feeling of confidence. The Government has taken very little part in supporting the lira with the Morgan credit and has not created any distinct improvement in the exchange. The market is generally regarded as not yet sufficiently stabilized to warrant intervention in any appreciable measure.

Financial attention has been largely devoted to the industrial reports for the first half of 1925, the indications of industrial activity for the period being exceptionally good. Italian output of steel, which averaged 98,000 tons monthly during 1924, began the year at 100,000 tons in January, rose to 115,000 in February, and by May had reached 133,000. Industries like cement and paper have been rapidly expanding, while the woolen, cotton and textile industries are working to capacity and already feel the lack of skilled workers. The only industry which reports depression is the hemp trade, where high cost of raw materials is a handicap.

Another indication is that the investment in securities of new and other companies has shown considerable increase. As against 4,905,000,000 lire in the whole of 1924, 2,128,000,000 lire and 1,044,000,000 lire, respectively, in the two preceding years, investments during only the first half of 1925 reached 4,740,000,000 lire. These figures are considered to be the safest indication of a growing production of new wealth, but they have caused considerable uncertainty on the markets, which are not yet prepared to absorb any such heavy influx of new securities.

SAYS GERMAN TRADE IS GOOD

Frankfurter Zeitung Ridicules Complaint Regarding Home Industry.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The condition of German industry, with the exception of coal, continues fairly satisfactory. The Frankfurter Zeitung ridicules as exaggerated the daily lamentations of the industrial press and the industrial congresses. It declares that German industry is, on the whole, undoubtedly prosperous, the shortage in working capital, of which so much has been heard of late, being merely the result of rapid expansion in production.

It holds that the automobile, electrical, potash, cotton and paper industries are particularly prosperous. Attention is generally called to the prospective reduction in the turn-over tax to 1 per cent. to date from Oct. 1.

INSURANCE LAW IN GERMANY

New Regulations Applied to Foreign Life and Fire Companies.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—New regulations promulgated regarding the conducting of the life insurance business in Germany by foreign companies require that such concerns shall deposit security equal to at least 10 per cent. of their premium reserve from business done in this country. The security for fire insurance companies is to be 500,000 marks, plus an annual settlement based on the amount of business done.

Many foreign companies, especially British concerns, have applied for the right to do business.

BIG COTTON CROP FORECAST

Trade Believes Consumption Has Been Overestimated.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—Most traders are now convinced that the present crop will be 14,000,000 bales or more without linters, and in the neighborhood of 15,000,000 bales with linters included. In bolstering up that belief and justifying the decline in prices, which amounted to over a cent a pound last week, they are claiming that there is a tendency to underestimate the crop and to overestimate consumption.

Whether or not the crop has been underestimated will depend mainly on the character of the weather and the activity of insect pests from now on. That consumption has been overestimated there is reason to believe, as the actual figures are already available.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Twenty-one.

1925 High	1925 Low	Stock and Dividend Rate.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.	Net
45	38½	Natl Depart Stores....	2,200	41½	41	41½	—	½
102	96	Do 1st pf (7).....	200	97½	97	97½	+	½
37¼	30	Natl Distillers Prod...	5,000	35⅝	32½	32½	—	2⅝
70	52½	Do pf	1,500	67	64	64	—	3⅞
36⅞	25	Natl Enam & Stamping	1,800	33	31⅝	33	+	⅞
89¾	75	Do pf (7).....	100	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	+	⅞
160⅞	138½	National Lead (8).....	2,200	154⅜	151½	152	—	2
118¾	116	Do pf (7).....	100	118⅜	118⅜	118¾	+	1¾
6	3½	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	100	4½	4½	4½	..	..
71	59⅜	National Supply (3)...	1,500	58	56⅞	58	+	⅞
16⅜	11⅝	Nevada Consol Copper.	2,900	13⅞	13¼	13¾	—	½
123⅜	113¾	Do New Orl, T & M (7)..	100	118¾	118¾	x118¾	—	1
50⅝	42⅜	New York Air Brake(4)	8,800	51	48¾	49¾	+	¼
57½	51	Do Class A (4).....	600	56	55½	56	+	½
54½	31⅜	New York Canners (2)	900	53½	49½	50¼	—	3
124¾	113¼	New York Central (7)..	53,100	119⅝	118¾	119⅝	+	⅝
137¾	118	N Y, Chi & St L (6)..	1,700	133	130	x133	+	6¼
96	88½	Do pf (6).....	2,200	96	94⅜	x94⅜	—	⅛
36⅜	18	New York Dock	3,900	35	31	34	+	1½
72⅛	52⅜	Do pf (5).....	600	70	68¼	68½	—	1½
37½	28	N Y, N H & Hartford.	118,800	37½	33⅜	37½	+	3½
34⅜	20⅝	N Y, Ont & W (1).....	128,200	34⅜	28⅝	33⅜	+	4⅞
42½	17	N Y Shipbuilding (2)..	5,500	42½	38½	40	+	½
58½	58	N Y State Rys pf (5).	200	58½	58	58	..	..
294	277	Do part ctfs, o l....	50	285	283	283	..	..
43	21⅜	Norfolk Southern	1,700	40¼	38½	40¼	+	⅞
139¾	123½	Norfolk & Western (7).	57,300	139¾	133½	137⅝	+	2⅞
60¾	41½	North American (3.40)	42,400	56⅜	56⅜	57⅜	—	1⅝
50⅜	46⅜	Do pf (3).....	1,800	50	49¾	49⅞	—	⅛
71¾	58¼	Northern Pacific (5)...	29,600	69⅝	67	68⅜	+	1½
10⅜	8	Nunnally Co (1).....	300	10	9½	9½	—	½
7½	5½	ONTARIO MINING....	100	6¾	6¾	6¾	—	¼
33½	18⅜	Onyx Hosiery	600	33½	33	33½	+	½
86	78¼	Do pf (7).....	100	86	86	86	..	..
46½	41½	Oppenheim-Collins (3).	600	43	41½	41½	—	1½
32⅞	25⅜	Orpheum Circuit (1.80)	4,600	30¼	28⅝	29	—	1¼
102⅜	98	Do pf (8).....	200	102½	102	102	—	⅜
135	87⅜	Otis Elevator (6).....	1,300	125	120⅞	126⅜	—	3½
14½	8	Otis Steel	7,600	13⅜	12⅞	12⅞	—	⅝
88	50¼	Do pf	1,800	83⅞	81	82	..	..
56⅞	42⅜	Owens Bottle (3).....	4,500	55	54	54½	—	¼
38	20	PACIFIC COAST	100	25	25	25	+	½
70	64	Do 1st pf (5).....	100	70	70	70	+	½
118½	102½	Pacific Gas & Elec (8).	1,500	116	113½	114½	—	2¼
11	5½	Pacific Mail	100	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	..	..
65¼	52¼	Pacific Oil (3)	64,500	54⅞	52⅜	53¾	—	1
100	93¾	Pac Tel & Tel pf (6)...	100	100	100	100	+	1½
38⅜	15	Packd Mot Car (†1.70)	49,300	35⅜	33⅜	34⅝	+	⅛
23½	17⅜	Paige-Det M Car (1.20)	11,800	22	20½	20½	+	⅞
85¾	61	Pan-Am P & T (6).....	23,000	67½	61	63¾	—	4
84½	61¼	Do Class B (6).....	173,500	68	61¼	64	—	4¼
5⅝	2⅜	Panhandle Prod & Ref	100	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	—	⅛
60¼	43	Do pf	100	44¾	44¾	44¾	—	2¼
35½	26½	Park & Tilford	1,900	29	27	29	+	1½
28	19¼	Penick & Ford	3,900	21⅞	19¼	21	—	¾
29⅜	12⅝	Penn Coal & Coke	1,500	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	—	1½
48⅞	42½	Penn Railroad (3).....	16,800	46¼	45½	46½	+	⅛
3	1	Penn Seaboard Steel..	18,000	1⅝	1	1¼	+	⅛
122¾	112	People's Gas, Chi (8)..	1,500	116½	114⅜	115	—	1
20⅞	13⅝	Peoria & Eastern.....	900	19¼	18½	19	+	½
72	61⅜	Pere Marquette (4)....	4,300	72	68	72	+	3½
68	60½	Do ctfs (4).....	200	68	68	68	+	1¼
84	75	Do prior pf (5).....	100	83	82½	82½	—	½
75⅜	68½	Do pf (5).....	800	73½	72	73½	+	1½
62⅜	51½	Phila Co (4).....	3,500	59⅝	58⅛	59⅛	—	1½
52½	37⅜	Phila & Read Coal & I.	6,300	39½	38	38½	—	1
23⅞	12¾	Phillip Morris & Co....	9,200	22⅜	20⅝	21¾	+	..
95¾	81¼	Phillips-Jones pf. (7)..	200	89⅝	88	88	—	2
47⅞	30¾	Phillips Petroleum (2).	72,400	40	37¾	39½	—	½
42¼	18	Phoenix Hosiery	1,700	39	36	36¾	+	⅛
26¾	10⅝	Pierce-Arrow	55,500	26⅜	25½	25½	—	⅜
86	43	Do pf	4,800	79⅜	71½	78¼	—	1½
179½	150	Do prior pf (8).....	100	150	150	150	—	5
3½	1½	Pierce Oil	6,200	1⅞	1½	1⅝	—	⅛
40	25½	Do pf	500	31½	30½	30½	—	1½
8¾	5	Pittsburgh Coal	11,300	5⅞	5	5⅜	—	⅛
54⅜	37¼	Do pf	400	44½	43¾	43¾	—	⅝
99	80	Pittsburgh Coal Car....	300	86	85	86	—	½
141¼	139½	Do P, Ft W & C pf (7) o	140	140	140	140	..	..
63⅜	30	Pittsburgh Term Coal..	200	36	35½	35½	—	½
17⅞	12⅜	Pittsb Util pf (†1.20)..	1,200	14⅞	14¼	14½	—	⅛
15½	13½	Do pf ctfs new (†1.20)	300	14	13½	13½	—	½
73⅞	63	Pittsb & West Va.....	1,600	72⅜	70	72	+	1⅝
122⅜	93¾	Postum Cereal (4).....	5,000	122	115⅜	122	+	3¾
69	45	Pressed Steel Car.....	1,500	51½	50	51	—	½
92½	76½	Do pf (7).....	600	77	76½	76½	—	½
32⅜	14¾	Producers & Refiners..	5,200	15⅜	14⅜	15¼	—	¼
47⅜	34	Do pf	100	34	34	34	—	½
87⅛	62⅜	Pub Service, N J (5)...	42,500	85⅜	81½	82	—	3½
115¼	109	Do pf (8).....	200	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜	—	½
104	99	Do pf (7).....	300	104	103	104	..	..
96½	92½	Pub Ser E & G pf (6)..	1,700	96¼	96	96¼	—	¼
151⅜	129	Pullman Co (8).....	20,700	144½	140	141	..	..
47⅜	33	Punta Alegre Sugar....	4,800	35½	34½	35	—	⅝
33⅜	25⅛	Pure Oil (1½).....	26,100	26¾	25¼	x26¼	—	¼
108	103	Do pf (8).....	100	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	—	⅛
77⅜	48⅜	RADIO CORP OF AM.	40,700	57	54½	55⅜	—	1⅜
54	48⅜	Do pf (3½).....	300	49¼	49	49	—	⅝
74	68¾	Rem R E Sec, Ill C stock ctfs (4).....	130	69	68¾	68¾	—	1⅜
141⅝	122½	Railway Steel Sp (8)..	1,500	125⅜	124	125½	—	1
121	114¾	Do pf (7).....	200	121	120	121	+	¾
17⅜	11⅜	Ray Consol Copper....	21,800	15¼	14	14⅝	—	½
91¼	69⅝	Reading (4).....	45,100	88	85	87⅜	+	1⅜
41	35⅞	Do 1st pf (2).....	2,100	40	40	40	..	..
44¾	36¼	Do 2d pf (2).....	2,100	41¾	41	41	..	..
85⅜	46⅜	Remington Typewriter.	4,800	82¾	78½	80¼	—	1⅜
45⅞	44¼	Reid Ice Cream (3)....	2,800	45⅞	44¼	45¼	..	..
23¼	12⅜	Replogle Steel	5,200	15¾	14⅜	14½	—	¾
64⅜	42¼	Republic Iron & Steel..	4,500	49	47⅜	48⅞	+	⅛
95	84½	Do pf (7).....	1,200	91½	90	91½	—	1½
18	8	Reynolds Spring	3,500	9	8⅝	8⅝	—	⅝
84	72¼	Reynolds Tob B (3).....	20,900	81	81	81	+	3
122	110⅜	Do pf (7).....	600	121	121	121	+	¼
28¾	10	Robert Reis & Co.....	5,100	23⅝	22	23	—	⅝
97½	85	Rossia Ins Co of A (6)	200	89½	89½	89½	..	..
57⅝	45¼	Roy D N Y Sh (a1.73½)	5,800	50⅜	48¾	49⅞	—	1⅛
62⅞	42	Rutland pf	1,500	60⅜	55	60⅜	+	4⅞
52½	35⅜	St JOS LEAD (2).....	7,900	42⅜	40¼	41¾	+	⅞
97	57½	St L-San Fr (5).....	78,000	97	90½	95⅝	+	3⅞
92¾	76	Do pf (6).....	400	91	89¾	91	+	2
53⅝	43⅜	St Louis Southwestern.	8,700	50¼	48½	49	—	¼
77⅝	70¼	Do pf (5).....	1,500	74½	73	74¼	+	2
108⅜	48½	Savage Arms	6,300	62⅝	59⅜	60⅝	—	⅞
116⅞	104½	Schulte Ret St (8).....	1,900	107½	104½	x104½	—	½
36⅜	20⅜	Seaboard Air Line.....	19,100	30⅜	34¼	35	+	⅛
48	35	Do pf	7,900	45½	43⅜	44¾	—	⅛
16⅜	13½	Seagrave (1.20).....	3,800	15¼	14½	14½	—	⅝
197	147½	Sears, Roeb & Co (6)..	11,700	197	191	194⅛	+	⅛
7⅞	5¼	Do pf (5).....	200	6	6	6	..	..
92	40¼	Shattuck (Frank G)(2)	9,800	89⅛	84	85½	—	3
45⅜	39⅜	Shell Transport & Trad (2.16).....	800	41½	40⅝	40¾	—	1
28⅜	21⅝	Shell Union Oil (1.40).	45,700	23	21⅝	22⅛	+	¼
105¼	99½	Do pf (6).....	300	103	102	103	+	1
26⅜	19¼	Simms Petroleum (1)..	16,300	21¾	19½	20⅜	—	1¼
49⅜	31¼	Simmons Company (2)	12,500	46⅜	43¾	45⅜	..	..
24⅞	17	Sinclair Consol Oil....	59,900	20⅛	18⅝	19⅞	..	..
94⅛	78¾	Do pf (8).....	700	91	89	89	—	2½
30¼	21⅜	Skelly Oil	16,300	24⅝	22½	24⅜	+	½
107⅞	80¼	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co (6)	6,300	102¾	96	99⅝	—	3⅜

RIGHTS

⅝	⅛	Glidden Co	39,850	⅝	⅛	¼	..	..
2½	1	Pan Am Pet & Tran..	71,100	2½	1	1⅛	..	..
24¾	17	Reading	11,500	17¾	17	17	—	½
⅞	⅝	Schulte Retail St, cash	24,300	⅞	⅝	⅝	—	⅛
1⅞	1½	Stand Gas & Elec....	28,100	1⅞	1½	1⅞	..	..

Dividend rates as given in the above table are the annual cash payments based on the latest quarterly or half yearly declarations. Unless otherwise noted, extra or special dividends are not included.

a Paid this year—no regular rate. *Partly stock. †Partly extra. §Payable in preferred stock. ‡Plus 4% in stock payable 1% quarterly. ¶ Plus 6% in stock payable 1½% quarterly.

The Washing Machine Industry—

its rapid development and possibilities during the next few years is discussed in a study which has just been prepared by us. We shall be glad to send you a copy.

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Price 100 and accrued interest to yield 5½%

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$263,000
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5% Improvement Bonds

Dated July 1, 1925 Due July 1, 1931-1935

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Population—6,000

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FINANCIAL NOTICE.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
CLINCHFIELD COAL CORPORATION
Ten-Year Eight Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Debentures.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Clinchfield Coal Corporation Trust Agreement dated April 1, 1921, hereby gives notice that it has received the sum of Fifty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($52,500) on account of the Sinking Fund instalment due August 15, 1925, under the said Trust Agreement, and it invites tenders to be submitted to it at its office, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, on or before three o'clock P. M., August 24, 1925, of Debentures with all unmatured coupons annexed for sale to the Sinking Fund at prices not to exceed 105% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest to the date of purchase. The Trust Agreement provides that any such tender of Debentures may be accepted in whole or in part by the Trustee. Tenders should be addressed to the Trust Department.

All Debentures the tenders of which are accepted must be delivered to the Trustee, at its aforesaid office, within five days after August 24, 1925.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.
Dated New York, N. Y., August 17, 1925.

Southeastern Power & Light
6s of 2025

Southeastern Power & Light
Stock Warrants

Alabama Traction, Light & Power
5s of 1962

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RESPONSIBLE New York firm wishes to get in touch with a reputable concern able to place all or part of an issue of $750,000 8% Cumulative Preferred Stock of first class going concern. No bonds or other indebtedness. Last six years certified earnings statement shows preferred dividend earned twice over. Address B. E. R., Box 64, Trinity Station.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

KINGDOM OF NORWAY
Redemption Notice

To Holders of Kingdom of Norway Twenty-Year Eight Per Cent. Sinking Fund External Loan Gold Bonds, dated as of October 1, 1920:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, in the exercise of the right reserved to it by the terms of the above-described Bonds, the Kingdom of Norway will redeem the entire issue of such Bonds on October 1, 1925, at a redemption price equivalent to 110 per cent. of the principal amount thereof. The said Bonds are hereby required to be surrendered, on the said date, at the principal office of the undersigned, No. 55 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, for redemption at the said redemption price; and, upon the surrender thereof, on or after the said date, with all interest coupons attached duly indorsed subsequently to the said date, and, in the case of bonds, the ownership of which shall at the time be registered, accompanied by duly executed assignments of transfer powers, the said Bonds will be paid and redeemed at the said redemption price. On the said redemption date, further interest on the said Bonds will cease to accrue; but all interest coupons pertaining to such Bonds which shall have matured on or prior to October 1, 1925, shall continue to be payable to the respective holders thereof, but without interest thereon.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
as Fiscal Agent of the Loan.
W. W. HOFFMAN,
Vice President and Trust Officer.
New York, August 1, 1925.

MUNICIPALITY OF MEDELLIN
REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA
Twenty-Five Year External 8% Secured Gold Bonds
Due October 1, 1948
SINKING FUND NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee under the Instrument of Mortgage and Pledge dated October 26, 1923, made by the Municipality of Medellin, Republic of Colombia, hereby invites tenders for the sale to it, at prices not exceeding 104 and accrued interest, of as many of the above mentioned Bonds as will be sufficient to exhaust as nearly as may be the sum of $25,493.53 now held in the Sinking Fund under said Instrument of Mortgage and Pledge. Tenders will be opened at the office of the undersigned at twelve o'clock noon on Monday, August 24, 1925, and acceptance will be given to the bonds tendered at the lowest prices. All tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope endorsed "Tender to Municipality of Medellin Sinking Fund" and addressed to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trust Department, 37 Wall Street, New York City. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated, August 17, 1925.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC COMPANY
1000 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia
July 17, 1925.

To the Holders of the Preferred Stock of The Philadelphia Electric Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the fifteenth day of September, 1925, The Philadelphia Electric Company will redeem all of its outstanding preferred stock at the price of $28 per share. Payment will be made to holders of record at the office of The Land Title and Trust Company, Transfer Agent, Broad and Chestnut Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, upon presentation and surrender of their stock certificates duly indorsed for cancellation. From and after said date, the holders of the preferred stock will not be entitled to receive any dividends accruing thereafter.

For details relating to the conversion of this stock into common stock, see circular letter mailed to each stockholder.

By order of the Board.
A. V. R. COE, Secretary.

TIDE WATER OIL STOCK IS OFFERED

First Security and National City Companies Tender Balance of $25,221,500 Issue.

AMOUNT IS NOT GIVEN

Proceeds to Be Used to Liquidate Debts and for Expansion Purposes.

The First Security Company of New York and the National City Company will make an official public offering today of the balance of the $25,221,500 5 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Tide Water Oil Company not subscribed for by stockholders. The actual amount of the stock unsubscribed for by stockholders was not made public. The offering will be at $100 a share and accrued dividend. Proceeds from the sale of the issue will be used to retire $12,000,000 outstanding 6½ per cent. bonds, liquidate other debts and provide funds for carrying out the company's program of expansion in its producing, manufacturing and marketing divisions. Application will be made to the New York Stock Exchange to list the preferred stock for trading on the big board.

Conversion of the preferred stock into the new no-par value common stock of the company is arranged for on a sliding scale of prices. The first $5,000,000 of preferred stock surrendered for conversion will be entitled to one share of comman for each $37.50 par value of preferred; for the second $5,000,000, the basis is $40; for the third $5,000,000, the figure fixed is $42.50, and for the balance $45.

A. J. Byles, President of the company, says, in part: "Upon completion of the financing and the exchange of each share of $100 par value common stock for four shares of new no-par value common, the company will have outstanding $25,221,500 preferred stock, the total authorized, and 2,017,716 shares of no-par common stock out of 4,000,000 shares authorized. Net tangible assets of the company on the basis of the consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 1925, adjusted to give effect to the present financing, amount to more than $96,000,000, or over $383 per share of preferred stock. The market equity of the preferred as indicated by the current quotations for the common is in excess of $63,000,000.

"The new stock will have preference as to dividends and assets. It will be redeemable after three years as a whole or in amounts of not less than $5,000,000 upon sixty days' notice, the call price being fixed at 105 per cent. and accumulated dividends. The conversion privilege will be good up to ten days of the date set for redemption."

HABIRSHAW CABLE AFFAIRS SETTLED

W. A. Harriman & Co. Participate in Reorganization Plan—Receivership to Be Lifted.

Terms of the settlement of difficulties which threw the Habirshaw Electric Cable Company into a receivership in November, 1921, were made public yesterday.

More than 90 per cent. of the creditors and stockholders of the Habirshaw Electric Cable Company have deposited their claims and stock for exchange under the reorganization plan, which provides for the pro rata distribution to them of 150,000 shares of the new corporation, the remaining 20,000 shares of which are to be turned over to W. A. Harriman & Co., which concern has advanced or will advance $300,000 to the new company for working capital.

George H. Walker has been chosen Chairman of the Board of Directors of the new concern. The other directors are Francis T. Christie, John B. McGuire and George H. Sibley of 61 Broadway; Harold A. Donegan, Patrick H. Loftus and Francis O. Noble of 80 Broadway, and Arian L. Kline, William A. Sands Jr. and John R. Newton of 70 Broadway.

Claims filed with the receivers, John B. Johnston and John S. Worley, aggregated $10,004,113. Of these, $5,578,605 were against the Habirshaw Electric Cable Company, Inc., $2,861,511 against the Electric Cable Company and $1,563,997 against the Bare Wire Company—the two latter concerns being subsidiaries of Habirshaw.

As a preliminary step to putting into effect the reorganization plan, which had been approved by Judge Augustus N. Hand of the United States District Court, Habirshaw properties were bid in at public auction sale by nominees of the reorganization committee for $4,636,824.

Provision is included in the plan for making cash payments to non-assenting creditors on the following basis: As to Habirshaw Electric Cable Company, 42.81 per cent.; Electric Cable Company, 49.97; Bare Wire Company, 54.25.

All necessary preliminaries have been attended to and, under Judge Hand's order, already granted, the properties in the receivers' hands will soon be turned over and the Habirshaw Cable and Wire Corporation will be functioning.

Spanish Telephone Dividend.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, Aug. 16.—The International Telephone and Telegraph Company, holding the Spanish telephone monopoly, today declared a dividend of 8 per cent. on the capital of 150,000,000 pesetas.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Rudolph Guenther, President of Rudolph Guenther-Russell Law, Inc., returned on the Veendam after an extended business trip in Europe.

B. J. Van Ingen & Co., dealers in municipal bonds, announce the opening of a Chicago office at 231 South La Salle Street, under the direction of Durbin Bond, Vice President, Walter G. Green, Vice President and Jesse E. Cooke, Secretary-Treasurer.

Minton & Wolff have issued for distribution to investors a choice list of guaranteed railroad stocks.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York has been appointed registrar for the capital stock of the Mohawk Hudson Power Corporation, consisting of preferred stock, second preferred stock and common stock without par value and option warrants for common stock without par value.

Daniel J. Lyne, recently appointed receiver for the Consolidated Stock Exchange firm of Hunt, Ellis & Co. of Boston, has retained Leslie, Banks & Co., as accountants.

Sulzbacher, Granger & Co. have prepared a brief survey on the Rayon industry.

FEELING OF MERCHANTS IN THE MIDDLE WEST

Disappointment Over Wheat Crop Expected to Extend the Period of Cautious Buying.

Special to The New York Times.

ABILENE, Kan., Aug. 16.—Retail merchants in the Middle West have hedged closely in their purchases until harvest conditions should be clearly discernible. As the situation now develops, this policy is likely to continue and to make a season until the Autumn condition should be apparent. Now they will continue with an intention of playing safe, it is likely to be a year of cautious buying, but with far less embarassing debts overhanging than two years ago and a fairer start of normal expansion. With plenty of money in the banks and with real estate loans being made at 5½ per cent., an expansion program is still possible if confidence is present, but Kansas at least is going slow just now.

Some favored sections will have larger incomes than last year, this applying mostly to the eastern third of the State, where both corn and wheat have given fair averages, despite the loss of 3,000,000 acres of wheat abandoned last Winter and the minimum yield from the remaining 7,000,000 acres. Indications are that, under the impetus of present prices and hopes for the future, more acres will be sown this coming Autumn than last season. Probably 80 per cent. of the acreage is ready for sowing, with the ground in notably fine condition at a record early date. Thus wheat still has its lure for the Middle Western farmer and he is pinning his faith to another good yield, even though the present crop has not been sufficient for the State's own mill consumption.

$4,000,000 BONDS TO BE OFFERED TODAY

Two Municipal and One Real Estate Mortgage Issue Make Up Total.

Public offering will be made today of bond issues aggregating about $4,000,000, consisting of two municipal and one real estate mortgage offering. A syndicate consisting of the First National Bank, Hallgarten & Co., B. J. Van Ingen & Co. and Marx & Co. is offering a new issue of $1,793,000 City of Miami, Fla., 4½ per cent. gold bonds, due 1927 to 1935. Of the total amount, $552,000 maturing 1927 to 1929 is priced at 100.25 and interest, and $1,241,000 maturing 1930 to 1935 is priced at 100 and interest. The bonds are issued for the improvement of streets, sidewalks and the laying of sewers.

S. W. Straus & Co. have puchased and are offering an issue of $2,800,000 first mortgage 6¼ per cent. serial coupon bonds of the Seneca Hotel Building Corporation, secured by the new Seneca fifteen-story apartments to be erected in Chicago. The bonds are offered to yield from 6 to 6.30 per cent. according to maturity.

Grandon, Gordon & Waddell are offering $100,000 City of Dallas, Tex., 5½ per cent. municipal warrants, due 1942 to 1945. They are priced to yield 4.70 per cent.

GOOD STEERS IN DEMAND.

The Average Price for All Cattle Under Figures for Last Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Heavy corn-fed steers were in active demand the past week and scarce, with an advance to $16.10, a new high for the season, and the best since November, 1920. In the past four weeks there has been an advance of $1.60 to $2, and, as compared with June, a bulge of $5 per 100 pounds. Last year at this time the top on steers ranged from $11 to $11.20, and two years ago from $12.35 to $12.70. Average price of heavy steers the past week was $15, an advance of 45 cents for the week, while the average for all cattle was $12.40, or 10 cents under that of the previous week, and $2.70 higher than last year. The slow demand for medium kinds was reflected in a decline of 75 cents to $1, which brought down the week's average figure.

The hog market was decidedly unsettled with an average price for the week $13.25, a decline of 15 cents from the previous week and compared with $9.20 last year. Supplies were somewhat reduced, but the shipping demand was indifferent. Part of the strength in lightweights is due to the demand from feeders who, in many instances, have outbid packers and shippers.

Sheep and lambs were in fair demand with little change in prices in the aggregate. Sheep sold mainly at $7, while lambs averaged $14.20 or the same as the preceding week. Estimated receipts of cattle this week are 57,000; hogs, 110,000; sheep, 80,000. Last year there were 61,000 cattle, 142,200 hogs and 78,700 sheep.

COAL PRODUCTION RISES.

9,957,000 Tons of Bituminous Mined in Week Ended Aug. 8.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (AP).—Bituminous coal production during the last full week reported by the Bureau of Mines, which ended Aug. 8, amounted to 9,957,000 tons, compared with 9,456,000 during the preceding week and 8,036,000 during the same week of 1924.

The steady increases in production during the last two months have now brought the output to a figure higher than any since Feb. 7, the bureau disclosed today, while the output is shown to be growing further in preliminary returns from car loadings during the week of Aug. 15.

Anthracite production for the week ended Aug 8 was 2,068,000 tons, 24.3 per cent. more than the production for the same week last year, but a trifle less than the figure for the preceding week. During recent weeks the anthracite fields have shown a steady production of more than 2,000,000 tons.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

Week ended Aug. 15, 1925.

RAILROADS (25 Stocks).

Date.	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Aug. 10	82.50	81.91	82.27	+ .17
Aug. 11	82.90	81.83	82.16	— .11
Aug. 12	83.87	81.97	83.48	+ .57
Aug. 13	83.21	82.44	83.05	+ .57
Aug. 14	84.02	82.85	83.43	+ .38
Aug. 15	84.13	83.68	83.93	+ .50

INDUSTRIALS (25 Stocks).

Aug. 10	154.90	153.20	154.10	— .44
Aug. 11	155.69	153.08	154.35	+ .25
Aug. 12	155.33	153.97	154.19	— .16
Aug. 13	156.80	154.52	156.14	+1.94
Aug. 14	158.33	156.11	156.95	+ .82
Aug. 15	158.33	156.83	157.88	+ .93

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 Stocks).

Aug. 10	118.70	117.55	118.18	— .14
Aug. 11	119.29	117.46	118.25	+ .07
Aug. 12	119.10	117.66	118.32	+ .08
Aug. 13	120.00	118.48	119.39	+1.26
Aug. 14	121.17	119.98	120.19	+ .80
Aug. 15	121.23	120.26	120.90	+ .71

RANGE YEAR 1925 TO DATE.

	High. Date.	Low. Date.	Last.
25 rys.	85.05 Mar. 3	73.50 Mar. 30	83.93
25 ind'ls.	158.33 Aug. 8	128.83 Mar. 30	157.88
50 st'ks.	121.23 Aug. 8	101.16 Mar. 30	120.90

RANGE FOR YEAR 1924.

25 r'ways.	81.41 Dec. 18	57.80 Jan. 5	79.15
25 ind'ls.	135.11 Dec. 31	102.30 Apr. 22	134.29
50 cmb'd.	107.23 Dec. 31	82.26 Apr. 22	106.72

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED AUG. 15, 1925.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$47,204,750	$2,270,178,495
Same period a year ago	70,669,200	2,363,776,510

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 40 bonds	83.70	83.52	85.10	81.99
Same period a year ago	81.40	81.18	81.69	76.95

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS
(Figures after decimals represent 32d of 1 per cent.)

Range, 1925 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
107.29	100.19	223	3½% Liberty '32-47	100.26	100.20	100.27	+.7
103.6	101.14	69	4½% Lib 1st cv '32-47	102.00	101.21	101.27	—.1
102.26	101.9	1	Lib 1st cv 4¼%, '32-47, registered	101.18	101.18	101.18	—.1
101.13	100.00	2	Lib 2d 4s, '27-42	100.8	100.1	100.8	—.2
101.19	100.20	850	4¼% Lib 2d cv '27-42	101.00	100.22	100.28	—.3
102.15	100.18	9	Lib 2d cv 4¼s, 1927-42, registered	100.30	100.20	100.30	+.9
102.3	101.1	913	4¼% Lib 3d '28	101.16	101.8	101.12	..
101.30	101.1	89	4¼% Lib 3d '28, reg	101.13	101.8	101.10	..
102.10	101.20	1964	Lib 4th 4¼s, '33-38	102.8	101.26	102.5	—.7
103.5	101.18	74	Lib 4th 4¼s, 1933-38, registered	102.2	101.24	102.1	+.1
108.12	104.13	316	Treas 4¼s, 1947-52	106.19	105.28	106.8	+.8
104.14	100.14	226	Treas 4s, 1944-54	102.26	102.16	102.22	—.1

Total sales $4,447,850

FOREIGN SECURITIES

Range, 1925 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
97	95	181	ARGENTINE 6s A, 1957	96⅞	96⅛	96⅛	— ⅜
97	95	171	Do 6s B, 1958, ctfs	96	95⅝	95⅝	..
96⅜	95½	261	Do 6s, 1959, ctfs	96	95⅝	95⅝	— ¼
88¼	81½	6	Do 5s, 1945	88	86⅞	86⅞	— ⅝
103¼	101⅜	121	Do 7s, 1927	103¼	102¼	102¼	— ⅝
100	93¼	85	Austrian s f 7s, 1943	95½	93⅞	95½	— ⅝
99⅝	99¼	543	COM OF AUSTRALIA 5s, 1955, ctfs	99⅝	99⅛	99⅛	..
43⅛	40¼	9	Chinese Govt 8s, '51	41⅛	41	41	— ⅛
115⅛	110⅛	4	City of Bergen 8s, '45	114	113⅜	113⅝	+ ⅛
111⅛	108	29	City of Berne 8s, 1945	109¼	109	109	..
96½	94	18	City of Bogota 8s, 1945	95	94½	95	..
86	80	23	City of Bordeaux 6s, '34	84⅜	83⅜	83⅜	— ⅛
99⅛	95⅛	18	City Buenos Aires 6½s'55	97⅜	97⅛	97⅛	+ ⅛
101⅛	95⅛	8	City Christiana 6s, '54	98	97⅝	97⅝	— ⅛
100⅛	97⅛	26	Do 6s, 1955, ctfs	98⅛	97½	98	+ ⅛
111¼	109⅜	5	Do 8s, 1945	110⅜	109⅞	109⅞	— ⅛
100	94¾	54	City Copenhagen 5½s, '44	98	97⅜	98	+ ⅝
95¼	89	37	City of Greater Prague 7½s, 1952	93½	92⅝	93½	+ ⅜
88⅛	80⅜	15	City of Lyons 6s, 1934	84½	83⅞	84	+ ⅛
86	80	14	City Marseilles 6s, 1934	84⅝	84	84¼	+ ⅛
96⅛	88	8	City of Montevideo 7s, '52	95½	95	95	— ⅛
96⅜	94	1	City Port Alegre 8s, '61	96	96	96	+ ⅛
97½	94	23	City Rio de Jan 8s, '46	95	94	94½	+ ¼
97	92	48	Do 8s, 1947	94	93	93	..
104½	100	3	City Rotterdam 6s, '24	103	103	103	..
100½	97	7	City Sao Paulo 8s, '52	100¾	100	100¼	+ ⅛
88	82	6	City Soissons 6s, 1936	85½	85	85¼	+ ⅛
101⅝	97	14	City Trondhjem 6½s, '44	100	99⅝	99⅝	— 1⅛
68½	64⅛	27	City Tokio 5s, 1952	67⅜	67	67⅝	+ ⅝
111½	107½	21	City Zurich 8s, 1945	108¾	108	108½	..
101½	98¾	33	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, '51	100⅝	99⅝	100⅜	+ ⅝
100⅜	97⅝	43	Do 8s, 1952	99⅝	99¼	99½	..
112¼	109	12	DANISH M s f 8s, '46, A	111½	110¼	110¼	— ⅝
112	108½	7	Do s f 8s, 1946, B	111⅜	110	110	— ⅝
91	82¼	144	Dept of Seine 7s, 1942	88¼	87⅝	88	— ⅜
96	92	25	Dom'n Rep 5½s, 1942	95½	95	95	..
102¼	100¼	11	Dom of Canada 5s, '26	100⅝	100¼	100¼	..
103½	102	26	Do 5½s, 1929	102½	102¼	102⅜	— ⅛
103¼	101⅛	57	Do 5s, 1931	102¼	101⅞	101⅞	— ⅛
104⅜	101⅜	95	Do 5s, 1952	102¼	101⅛	101⅛	— ⅛
103½	98⅜	61	Dutch E Indies 6s, '47	102½	102¼	102½	..
103½	98⅞	54	Do 6s, 1962	102⅝	102¼	102¼	— ⅛
101⅛	93¼	24	Do 5½s, March, 1953	100½	100⅜	100⅜	— ⅛
101⅛	92⅜	40	Do 5½s, Nov. 1953	100⅝	100⅜	100⅜	— ⅛
88¼	86⅛	48	ELEC PWR 6½s, '50, rcts.	87¼	87	87	— ⅜
92½	85⅜	6	FINNISH MU 6½s A, '54	89½	89⅜	89½	..
92½	85½	2	Do 6½s B, 1954	89½	89½	89½	..
95⅜	89¼	19	Fram Ind D 7½s, 1942	93½	91⅜	91⅜	— 1⅛
104⅜	98¾	230	French Govt 8s, 1945	104⅜	103⅝	104⅛	+ ⅛
92⅞	86	533	Do 7s, 1949	91½	90⅝	91	+ ⅜
100½	93	325	Do 7½s, 1941	100⅞	99⅝	99¾	— ⅛
94½	92	66	GERMAN GEN ELEC deb 7s, 1945	93½	93	93¼	— ¼
98	91⅝	681	German gold 7s, '49, rcts.	96⅝	95⅞	96¼	— ⅜
92	87¼	33	Great Consol Elec Pwr (Japan) 7s, 1944	90¼	90	90	— ¼
88½	83	151	Greek Govt s f 7s, '64, cfs.	87⅛	86	86	— ½
89¾	79	26	HOLLAND-AM s f 6s, '47	89½	89	89	— ¼
100	98½	44	INDUS BK OF JAPAN deb 6s, 1927	99	98½	98⅞	— ⅛
95	90	399	JAPANESE 6½s, 1954	93	92½	93	+ ⅜
84½	81	81	Do 4s, ster loan, 1931	84	83¾	83¾	— ½
107½	88	91	2-5 Jurgens (A) Un Margarine Wks 6s, 1947	105	103¾	104½	— 1½
88½	83¾	159	KING OF BELGIUM 6s, 1955, ctfs	86	85¼	85⅜	+ ⅛
96⅛	90⅝	116	Do 6½s, 1949, ctfs	93	91¼	91⅝	+ ⅜
98½	93⅝	372	Do 7s, 1955, ctfs	96¾	96	96	— ⅛
110¼	106⅜	45	Do 7½s, 1945	108⅛	108¼	108⅜	— ⅛
108¼	106⅝	27	Do 8s, 1941	107⅝	107	107⅜	+ ⅛
111	109	119	King of Denmark 8s, '45	110½	110	110⅜	+ ⅛
105	99½	91	Do 6s, 1942	103	102	103	+ ⅛
94⅜	87	64	King of Hungary 7½s, '44	93¼	92	93	+ 1
104¼	100⅛	67½	King of Neth 6s, 1954	103¼	102⅞	103¼	+ ⅛
102¼	102¾	32	Do 6s, 1972	103¾	102⅞	103⅜	+ ⅛
97½	94	115	King of Nor 5½s, '65, ctfs.	94⅝	94	94½	..
101½	97¼	31	Do 6s, 1943	100⅜	100¼	100¼	— ⅛
101⅜	97⅝	72	Do 6s, 1944	100⅜	100	100½	+ ⅛
101½	97⅝	58	Do 6s, 1952	101½	100⅜	101	— ⅜
113½	110	47	Do 8s, 1940	110⅝	110¼	110¼	+ ⅛
90	84⅜	62	King of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes 8, 1962	88½	87½	88¼	+ ⅝
101⅜	98½	206	King of Swed 5½s, 1954	101¼	100⅝	101½	+ ⅜
105¼	103	24	Do 6s, 1939	104⅞	104	104⅜	+ ⅜
86¼	85⅛	3	LWR AUS HY EL6½s, '44	85¼	85⅛	85⅛	..
84⅜	79⅝	51	NORD RYS 6½s, '50	82¼	82	82¼	— ⅛
87¼	83½	16	ORI'TAL DEV deb 6s, '53	85⅞	85	85	— ⅛
80½	70¼	91	PARIS-L-M RY 6s, 1958	78	77	78	..
89	80⅝	47	Do 7s, 1958	85¼	84½	84⅜	— ½
89¼	80	17	Paris-Orl Rys 7s, 1954	84½	84⅛	84½	+ ⅜
101	97	1	Paulista Ry 7s, 1942	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	..
97	92¾	120	REP OF BOLIVIA 8s, '47	96⅜	95½	95¾	..
102	98⅝	44	Rep of Chile 7s, 1942	101	100⅝	101	..
103¾	102	13	Do 8s, 1926	103¾	102⅝	102⅞	+ ⅛
110	108¼	31	Do 8s, 1941	109⅜	109	109	..
111¼	108	18	Do 7s, 1949	110⅞	109½	109½	+ ⅛
102	96½	270	Rep of Cuba 5½s, 1953	101⅛	100⅝	101⅛	+ ⅛
99½	93½	15	Do 5s, 1949	99¼	99	99¼	+ ⅛
93	84	3	Do 4½s, 1949	93	91	93	+ 1½
100¾	96	6	Do 5s, 1944	98½	98½	98½	— ½
98	93¼	71	Rep of Finland s f 7s, 1950, ctfs	94	93½	93⅞	+ ⅛
89⅛	83¼	17	Do s f 8s, 1945	86¼	85⅝	86⅛	+ ⅛
106½	103¼	6	Rep of El Sal 8s, A, '48	106½	105½	105½	+ ⅛
96⅝	91¼	70	Rep of Haiti 8s, A, 1952	96¼	96	96¼	..
24⅝	18½	7	Rep of Mex 4s, '54, asst.	20	19½	19½	— ⅛
24½	20¾	4	Do 4s, 1910, asst	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
28½	19⅝	22	Do 4s, 1910-45, asst, small	21¼	20⅞	21	..
30⅝	22	59	Do large	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜	+ 1⅛
43	34¼	11	Do 8s, 1933, small	35⅞	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅝
43	33	6	Do large	35⅜	35⅛	35⅛	..
41	31	22	Do 5s, 1946, asst	33	32½	33	+ 1
104	100¼	1	Rep of Panama 5½s, '53	101	101	101	+ ⅛
102⅜	97⅞	13	Rep of Peru s f 8s, '44	100½	100¼	100¾	..
79	66⅜	8	Rep of Poland 8s, 1940	68	67½	68	— ⅛
96	86	242	Do 8s, 1950, ctfs	87⅜	86	86¼	+ ⅛
110½	106¼	7	Rep of Uruguay 8s, '46	109	109	109	— 1
90	88⅝	7	Rima Steel 7s, 1955	89¼	88¼	88¼	..
93½	90½	122	SAXON PUBLIC WKS 7s, 1945	91½	90½	91⅛	..
107	101½	2	State of Queen'd'd 6s, '47	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	..
112⅜	109	11	Do 7s, 1941	110⅜	109⅝	109¾	— 2
98½	94	2	State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	96½	96½	96½	+ ⅛
104	100	11	State of Sao Paula 8s, '36	102	101	101½	— 1
100⅝	99	26	Do 8s, 1950, receipts	100¼	100	100	..
117	113	24	Swiss Confed s f 8s, '40	116¼	115¼	116¼	+ ⅛
105⅜	100¼	49	Swiss Govt 5½s, 1946	102⅜	102	102⅜	+ ⅛
118¼	115½	169	UNITED KINGDOM OF G B & I cv 5½s, '29	118	117⅝	118	+ ⅛
107⅞	104⅜	106	Do 5½s, 1937	105½	105	105⅜	+ ⅛
107½	103½	2	U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952	106½	106½	106½	..
99½	95	102	Do 8s, 1941	98⅜	97	98	+ ⅝
84⅜	80⅛	4	Do Cent Ry Brazil E 7s, 1952	82⅝	82	82	— ⅝
95½	91	8	Un S S Copen s f 6s, '37	94⅜	94¼	94½	+ ⅛

Total sales $8,596,900

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

100¼	98	12	4s, 1959	99¼	99⅛	99⅛	S 7 fl
107⅜	103⅛	1	4½s, May, 1957	106½	106½	106½	— ⅝
101½	100¾	1	4½s, 1960	100¾	100¾	100¾	— ⅛
			Total sales, $14,000				

CORPORATION ISSUES

87⅛	85	2	ADAMS EXP 4s, 1948	85	85	85	..
103½	94½	15	Ajax Rub s f 8s, 1936	100	99½	99½	— ⅞
103	98½	17	Am Agr Chem cv 5s, '28	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	..
103⅝	94⅝	99	Do ref s f 7½s, 1941	103½	103	103½	+ ⅛
102½	97⅜	18	Am B Sug cv 6s, '35, cfs.	101	100¾	100¾	..
99⅞	96⅝	17	Am Chain 6s, 1933	98⅜	98	98⅛	+ ⅛
115¼	115¼	4	Am Ice cv 7s, 1939	115½	115¼	115¼	..
98	91½	35	Am Republics 6s, 1937	97¾	97	97¾	— ¼
96½	95½	68	Am Smelt & Ref 5s, '47	98¼	97½	98¼	+ ⅛
108½	103¾	15	Do 6s, 1947	107½	107⅜	107½	+ ⅛

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FINANCIAL NOTICE.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.
To the Holders of
ROANOKE WATER WORKS COMPANY

General Mortgage Six Per Cent. Fifteen Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

and

Participation Certificates for said General Mortgage Bonds issued by The New York Trust Company, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, in accordance with Section 3 of Article 8 of the indenture, dated September 1, 1919, from Roanoke Water Works Company to The New York Trust Company, Trustee, Roanoke Water Works Company has elected to redeem and pay, on September 1, 1925, the next interest payment date, *all* its General Mortgage Six Per Cent. Fifteen Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds issued under and secured by said indenture, at the principal amount thereof, plus a premium of two per cent. (2%) of such principal amount, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Said bonds called for redemption are numbered as follows:

M/147, 20/33, 35/49, 52/69, 71/80, 82/141, 144/56, 162/91, 199/205.

M95/179, 210/30, 232/3, 338/67, 369/76.

D1/7, 9/11, 12/26, 28/9, 31, 33, 36/51, 63, 91/97, 109/20.

Pursuant to the provisions of the agreement between Roanoke Water Works Company and the New York Trust Company, dated September 11, 1920, relating to Participation Certificates for said General Mortgage Bonds, Roanoke Water Works Company has elected to redeem and pay on said Participation Certificates now outstanding on September 1, 1925, at $102 and accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Said Participation Certificates called for redemption are numbered as follows:

C1/6, 7/19, 20/39, 39/47, 50/7, 59, 62/79, 91/166, 169/9, 171/30, 132/3, 135/49, 151/5.

All of said General Mortgage Gold Bonds and said Participation Certificates are hereby called for redemption and are required to be presented for payment on September 1, 1925, at the office of The New York Trust Company, at No. 100 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York. After September 1, 1925, interest on said Bonds and Participation Certificates shall cease to accrue.

Holders of said Bonds and Participation Certificates may present the same for payment at any time prior to September 1, 1925, and receive, on the surrender thereof, the principal of said Bonds or Participation Certificates, together with accrued interest thereon to the date of presentation, plus the premium of 2%.

Bonds and Participation Certificates presented for redemption or payment must be accompanied by or have attached thereto the coupon of interest warrant maturing September 1, 1925, and all subsequently maturing coupons or interest warrants. Bonds presented so to principal must be accompanied by proper instruments of assignment and transfer in blank.

Dated, New York, July 27, 1925.

ROANOKE WATER WORKS COMPANY
By F. W. Collins,
Vice President.

ELECTRIC INVESTORS INC.

The books for the transfer of the stock and of the subscription receipts of ELECTRIC INVESTORS INC. will be closed at the close of business on August 19, 1925, and will be reopened at the opening of business on September 19, 1925. A special meeting of the stockholders of the Company having been called to be held on September 18, 1925,

E. P. SUMMERSON, Secretary.

DEMAND FOR COTTON QUICKLY SATISFIED

Liquidation Is Based on Belief Government Underestimated the Crop.

STEADY DECLINE IN PRICES

Beneficial Rains in West Reported to Have Increased the Probable Yield.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 16.—While the latest Government report was in a way as great a surprise to the trade as any of those which have preceded it this season, it failed to produce anything like the effect on prices which resulted from the previous reports. The buying resulting from the report was quickly satisfied by an advance of 37 points in the early trading Monday morning, when October contracts, which had sold at 23.28 on Saturday before the report was issued, advanced to 23.65.

From that level prices steadily receded owing to the liquidation of the disappointed long interest and selling by traders who were convinced that the Government has underestimated the crop, just as it did at the corresponding time last year.

The small effect of the very bullish report on prices was no doubt in a large measure due to the fact that there was no trading immediately after the report was issued and all interests had ample time over Sunday to dissect the details. The general opinion on Monday, and since, was that the Government had failed to make any allowance in its condition average of 65.6 for the beneficial effects in the West of the rains of the last days of July.

Traders as a rule are convinced that the crop has made favorable progress since Aug. 1 and they have been influenced during all of the past week by a growing belief that the next Government report, to be based on conditions existing Aug. 16, will show a large crop indication. Judging by the inflation of the "pars" prepared for the next report, there will be an increased crop indication should the condition be the same as or higher than it was on Aug. 1.

One of the arguments used in justifying the decline in prices is the probability of a heavy early movement of the crop and the resulting volume of "hedge sales." That the crop is already moving more liberally than usual and that the ginnings are going ahead far in advance of what is customary this early in the season cannot be gainsaid. At the same time, it is well to reflect that a heavy early movement and large ginnings before Sept. 1 are no justification per se for predicting a large yield, as past experience has shown that crops which have matured early and moved in volume earlier than common have in nearly all cases turned out to be short crops.

That "hedge sales" will increase rapidly is probable enough, and it is also to be hoped that enough speculative demand will develop to absorb these hedges; otherwise their pressure on the market will naturally make for lower prices. It has been the fear of hedge selling, quite as much as a disbelief in the Government's crop forecast, that has influenced prices downward during the past week.

The consumption statistics for July indicate plainly that domestic mills are well employed, as the total consumed proved nearly as large as during June, and fully 136,000 bales in excess of July a year ago. Moreover, despite talk of poor spot demand on a lower basis, exports since Aug. 1 are well ahead of last year.

The fact that the market is already in a hesitating mood in anticipation of the next Government report has served to call attention anew to the baneful effect on trading of the numerous crop reports. A campaign is now under way for the repeal of the law calling for semi-monthly reports.

CEMENT COMPANIES MERGE.

Security and the Helderberg Involved in Big Deal.

The consolidation of two prominent cement organizations into one, to be known as the North American Cement Corporation, has been officially announced. The companies involved are the Security Cement and Lime Company and the Helderberg Cement Company. Frederick W. Kelley, for twenty-five years executive head of the Helderberg Company, will be President of the consolidated organization, and Loring A. Cover, for fifteen years President of the Security Company, will be Vice President. The Board of Directors will include Nicholas F. Brady and Robert C. Pruyn.

The consolidated assets will aggregate $12,000,000, and the production capacity of both companies aggregate 3,000,000 barrels of cement annually. The capitalization of the North American Cement Corporation, following the consolidation and following the new financing which is expected to be announced shortly, will consist of $6,000,000 outstanding sinking fund gold debentures, Series A, 6½ per cent., with detachable stock purchase warrants; $3,500,000 outstanding 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of $100 a share par value, and 125,000 shares of no par value common stock. A large part of the $3,500,000 outstanding 7 per cent. preferred stock, it is announced, will be given in payment for the plants to be acquired.

PRICES REFLECT SHORT WHEAT CROP

Canada and the Argentine Are Expected to Supply the Importing Countries.

SUPPLIES AFLOAT LIGHT

Indications Are That United States and Canada September Crop Will Show Gains Over August.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Those who have made a careful study of the world's wheat situation see therein numerous factors that are likely to result in extremely rapid and at times violent changes in the price in this and in other countries. The practical elimination of the United States as an exporting country for the 1925-26 season put it up to Canada, Argentina and Australia to furnish the bulk of the 600,000,000 bushels or more wheat needed by importing countries this season with the help of unknown amounts that can be obtained from Russia and the Danubian countries.

India is hardly a factor in the world's trade at the present time, having secured only about sufficient grain from the last crop for domestic requirements. There is a possibility of 50,000,000 bushels or more being exported by the United States, and the quantity might run considerably heavier, due to the distribution of the grain. The States of the Far West have apparently raised about 50,000,000 bushels more than is actually required for home bread and seed requirements and high freight rates will probably prevent any great movement of grain eastbound into the sections of heavy consumption. Added to this is the 30,000,000 bushels or more durum wheat produced in the Northwest that is not wanted by the domestic trade.

From a statistical standpoint the territory east of the Rockies has a theoretical deficit as far as the new crop is concerned, but there was somewhat above a normal carry-over from the old crop, and this can be drawn on for 25,000,000 bushels or more if necessary, but it would result in a near exhaustion of supplies at the end of the season. With the world's supply and demand situation very closely adjusted any untoward developments would be almost instantly reflected in the world's price level, and the short crop in the United States is already reflected in the price, which is around 28 cents per bushel higher than at this time last year.

This season, with stocks in exporting countries somewhat smaller than last year and with a very light carry-over in Europe, there is practically no buying for forward shipment at the present time, and buyers seem content to run on a hand-to-mouth basis. Supplies afloat are unusually light for this season and the situation is rather unique, inasmuch as Canada will be practically the only country that can be drawn on for supplies for a number of months to come, as the new Argentine and Australian grain will not be available in volume abroad until February. Canada has it in its power this season to force buyers to pay extremely high prices if it should desire, and the general situation at the present time would seem to be favorable to the manipulation of the world's markets.

There are indications that the coming September crop reports of both the United States and Canada will show somewhat larger yields than the August returns, due to the generally favorable weather both sides of the International line during the past two weeks. At best the United States can scarcely much exceed a crop of 700,000,000 bushels, or 173,000,000 bushels more than last year, while all Canada may run up to 400,000,000 bushels, against 262,000,000 last year. Latest official estimates from Europe suggest that the world's crop will finally be larger than many in the trade have anticipated of late; but this does not necessarily mean that the needs of importers will decrease in proportion to the larger home supply. In 1923, with a large yield, Europe took 534,000,000 bushels from exporting countries, while in 1924, with a crop of 200,000,000 bushels less rye, the imports were only around 610,000,000 bushels. This year Europe is expected to need at least 520,000,000 bushels and non-European countries 120,000,000 bushels.

The greater part of the statistics on the world's situation are based at present on the supposition that Argentina and Australia will harvest normal crops this season. Argentine wheat acreage is 2,500,000 in excess of last year and Australia had probably seeded 5 per cent. more. Both countries have received rains of late and the moisture situation as a whole is favorable, which would suggest yields above normal. A great change can be made, however, later, as the crops will not be harvested until late in November and early in December, and the outlook in Argentina, especially, will shortly become a market factor.

Trading in A. E. Hill Shares Today.

The Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York will inaugurate trading today in the shares of the A. E. Hill Manufacturing Company, makers of automobile accessories. The Exchange has listed the company's 500,000 shares of common stock and 6,000 shares of preferred stock.

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NEW YORK CURB MARKET TRANSACTIONS FOR THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED SATURDAY, AUG. 15, 1925

Trading by Days

	Industrials.	Stand. Oils	Miscel. Oils	Mining.	Dom. Bonds.	Federal Bonds.
Monday	187,345	52,200	40,400	28,100	$416,000	$199,000
Tuesday	218,535	49,510	53,700	43,310	573,000	196,000
Wednesday	184,960	42,025	62,720	65,800	536,000	130,000
Thursday	173,285	42,245	37,200	83,700	536,000	173,000
Friday	228,175	29,140	44,850	46,800	602,000	170,000
Saturday	110,895	9,250	14,400	28,200	380,000	53,000
Total	1,103,195	204,670	262,270	295,910	$3,052,000	$921,000

WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, AUG. 15, 1925.

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1925 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
140	131¾		ALPHA POR CEM(6).	132	131¾	132	— 5
34	33	100	Aluminum Co (1½)	33	33	33	— 1
22	18¾	200	Am Multigraph (1.60)	21	21	21	..
51¾	26¾	17,500	Am Rayon Prod (50c)	41	34¼	36	+ ½
84½	44	200	Am Stores, new (1.60)	75	75	75	— 8
4¼	3⅜	200	Am Thread pf (25c)	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
26	21	200	Apco Mfg. A	24½	24	24½	..
39	33⅜	500	Arundel Corp (1.20)	34⅝	33¾	34⅝	— ⅛
15	11⅜	1,100	Arrow Co of Ill., B	13	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
94½	84	100	Do pf (7)	89	89	89	— ¼
1½	.76	4,000	Atlantic Fruit & Sug	.91	.81	.85	+.04
56½	44	300	AtlasPorCem,new(3.50)	53½	51	51	— 1
142	142	10	BABCOCK & WIL (7).	142	142	142	..
40½	37⅛	12,100	Belding Bros	39¼	38¾	39⅛	+ ⅜
3⅜	.31	2,300	Bolssonnault	1⅛	.95	.95	—.05
18	16	500	B Schwartz Cik, Cl A.	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
21¾	20	100	Brompton Pulp & P	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
87	68	100	Borden ex stock (4)	81	81	81	— 4
113	106	50	Do pf (6)	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	— ¼
83⅜	67⅜	200	Do sub stock (4)	77⅜	77¼	77⅜	+ ⅜
11	4½	300	Bridgeport Mach	9½	8¾	9½	+ ⅝
28½	24⅞	3,600	Brit-Am Tob, ep (96⅔)	26⅝	26	26	..
		200	Do ref	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	+ ⅝
16¼	10	600	B & W Tob, Cl B (60c)	16¼	16	16¼	+ ¼
182	121	573	Bucyrus (5)	179	171½	179	+ 6
51½	34½	12,700	CAN DRY GIN ALE, new, w i	42¼	39	39	— 3½
5½	1⅜	8,400	Car Light & Power	4	3½	4	..
26	10	2,600	Cent Cast I Pipe (1)	14¼	13	14	+ 2
55¼	12⅝	18,600	Chapin-Sacks	53¼	50⅝	53¼	+ 2¼
1½	.50	200	Central Teresa Sug pf	.85	.85	.85	—.05
40	29	1,100	Chicago Nipple, A	37⅞	37½	37⅝	— ¼
17	11½	1,300	Do B ctfs	16⅝	16	16⅝	— ⅛
117	113½	10	Childs Co pf (7)	116½	116½	116½	+ ½
24⅝	..	200	Chicker Cab, Class A	8	8	8	— 2
26	10½	2,500	Cleveland Motors	22⅜	21¼	22⅜	..
144	108⅔	3,300	Cont Bak, Class A (8).	140	138	138	— 1
39⅞	21⅜	101,000	Do Class B	39	34⅜	35½	— 2⅜
103⅜	91⅛	4,700	Do pf (8)	102½	101	102⅜	— ⅝
20¼	14½	300	Cont Tobacco	15¾	14½	14½	— ⅜
49¾	37⅜	3,700	Coty (3.80)	49¾	47½	49⅜	+ 2⅜
51	35¾	4,400	Cuba Co. (4)	50	47⅜	47⅜	— 2⅜
43	6¾	1,600	Cuban Tob	41⅜	39	40	+ 1
22½	13	300	Curtiss Aero & M	18	17½	18	+ 1
79	55	200	Do pf (5)	76	76	76	+ 2
34	18¼	4,400	DE FOREST RADIO	24⅜	22⅝	23¼	— 1⅝
137	119	1,175	D, L & W Coal (7½)	129	127	129	+ 1
58½	58⅜	300	Dow Chemical (4)	58½	58⅜	58⅜	..
1⅜	1⅛	600	Do rights	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	..
35¼	12⅞	5,300	Dubilier Cond & Radio.	18½	16⅜	18	+ 1¼
21	10	6,700	Durant Motors	12	10	11	— ⅝
25	21	2,100	Duz Co, Cl A, vot tr cfs	22½	21	21¾	— ⅝
76⅜	67		375 ELEC AUTO LITE (6)	69	68	68	— 1⅜
52½	46		700 Eureka Vac Clean (4).	50½	49	50	— ⅝
8	7⅛	4,200	FAGEOL MO CO	7⅞	7½	7⅞	— ⅛
42	21	500	Fed'ted Metals v t c.	26⅞	26¾	26⅞	— ⅛
39⅞	33¼	6,800	Fed Motor Tr (1.20).	39⅝	35½	36¾	— 3½
11½	4⅜	1,800	Film Insp M	6	6	6	— ½
527	402	30	Ford Mot of Can (10).	407	495	497	+ 1
65	47⅜	19,500	Fox Film, Class A	65	61¾	65	+ 3⅝
42⅞	16½	4,700	Franklin Mfg	34⅜	31	32	— 2½
96	76	125	Do pf (7)	87¼	86½	87	+ ½
33⅜	7	2,100	Freed-Eisemann Radio	12⅜	11⅜	12⅜	+ 1¼
28	9½	1,400	Freshman (C) (2)	16	15¼	16	+ 1
32	26	5,900	GABRIEL S. A (2½)	31⅜	30¼	30½	— ⅝
173⅛	2	8,300	Garod	9¼	6	8½	+ 2⅜
41	34	2,000	Gen Ice Cream, w i	37½	36½	36⅝	— ⅜
46⅜	42⅜	900	Gen Outdoor Adv (4).	45¼	45	45¼	..
28	20⅜	1,500	Do v t c	26½	26¼	26¼	+ ¼
80⅜	57½	6,300	Gillette Safety R(12½)	79⅝	75¼	79¼	+ 1¼
138	117	4,000	Glen Alden Coal	131½	129¾	131½	+ 1½
22	20	900	Gold Coupler, Cl A(2)	21¼	20	21	— ¼
31⅝	24⅝	9,300	Goodyear Tire & Rub.	33¼	30⅝	32¼	— ¾
82⅛	55	2,100	Grand 5-10-25c Stores	82⅞	82	82	— ⅛
21¼	15½	7,300	Grennan Bakeries (1).	20	18⅞	19⅝	+ ¾
26¾	9	17,500	Grimes D Radio	26¼	24	26¼	+ 2½
9⅝	6¼	9,000	HAPPINESS CANDY STORES A (50c)	9⅝	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
9½	5¼	2,000	Do founders' shares.	9½	8½	9¼	+ ⅝
51¾	14¼	1,000	Hazeltine (1½)	21	20	20	— ⅜
3	1⅜	200	Heyden Chemical	2¼	2¼	2¼	..
58⅝	46	200	Horn & Hardart	56⅜	54⅞	54⅞	— 1⅝
25	21	200	IMP TOB OF GT BR & IRE	23	25	25	+ ⅝
16⅞	5	1,800	Intercon Rubber	12⅜	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
56⅜	37½	3,800	Int Match pf (2.50)	52	50¾	52	+ 1⅜
51½	49	2,500	Do new, pf, w i	51½	50	51½	+ 1¾
15⅞	7	2,000	Int Concrete Indus (1)	12⅞	11¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
181½	163	450	JOHNS-MANV CO (3).	172	166	167½	— 3½
9	1	2,200	Jones Radio	3⅜	2⅜	3½	+ ½
45	18⅜	4,700	KELVINATOR (1½)	42	40	41⅜	— ⅜
98½	64	250	Kraft Cheese (1½)	93⅝	92	92	..
3	3	160	Do rights	8	3	3	..
23½	8½	250	LANDO'ER HLD, Cl A	20¼	19¾	20¼	+ ⅛
21⅜	15¼	1,200	La Salle Ext Uni(50c)	21⅜	21	21	..
37	36½	10,300	Lehn & Fink, w i	37	30½	37	+ ¾
50⅜	33	2,500	L V Coal cfs, n (2½)	38½	37⅜	38	+ 1⅛
87	78	223	Do sales (8)	85⅝	80¾	85¼	..
219	182	230	Libby O Sht & G (2)	200	196	197	— ¾
9	6⅜	6,400	Life Radio Chain Strs.	9	8	8⅝	..
9¼	6¼	1,000	Libby, McN & L, new.	7½	7½	7½	..
8¼	3½	100	Lupton Pub, Cl A	4¼	4¼	4⅜	+ ⅛
16	6⅜	2,300	MARCONI WIREL'S OF LONDON	7	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
		600	Marconi Wrls of Can	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
23½	22	1,500	McCord Rad ctfs (2)	23½	23	23	— ⅛
69⅝	30	1,420	Mengel Co	67	65¼	65½	+ 1½
4⅝	2	1,000	Mesabi Iron	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
21	20	100	Midvale Co	20	20	20	— ⅛
146	144½	660	Mercantile Strs (3)	146	144½	144½	+ 1
54	53½	500	Midland Stl Prd (4)	54	53½	54	..
188	145	160	Miller Rubber (6)	180	175	175	— 5
19⅝	17	300	Motion Picture (1¾)	18	17¾	18	..
68⅝	63½	100	Moore D Ftg, Cl A(6)	64¾	64¼	64½	— ⅛
41	38⅜	6,400	Moto Meter, Cl A, w i	39½	38⅜	38⅝	— ⅛
110	94	30	Motor Prod, new	105¾	105¼	105¾	..
21½	8⅝	8,600	Music Master	18	17	17¾	+ ⅝
6⅝	4	500	NATL LEATHER	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	..
64½	37	2,800	Nizer Corp, A (3)	64½	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅛
59⅝	43¾	20,000	Do Class B, w i	59⅝	56⅜	56⅜	— 1⅛
18	14	49,100	Norwalk T & R (1.60)	18	15⅜	17⅞	+ 1⅝
96	86	100	OMNIBUS pf (8)	93	91⅞	93	+ 1½
17⅛	12	400	Do vot tr ctfs	13⅞	13	13⅝	..
41	38	700	Outlet Co	39¼	38⅜	39½	+ ⅜
100	100	1,500	Do pf, w i	100	100	100	..
93⅜	42¼	6,300	PATHE EX, Cl A (⅝)	84	80½	82	— 2¼
290	260	800	Pratt & Lambert	46	45½	46	+ 1
47	40	6	Pitts Fit Glass (f18)	265	265	265	—10
46⅜	42	1,700	Purity Bak, Cl A (3)	46⅜	45½	46	+ ⅛
95	93	100	Do pf (7)	97	97	97	..
47	34	11,300	Do Class B	47	40½	44	+ 2⅜
14¼	9¼	400	Fyrene Mfg (1)	10¾	10¼	10¾	..
49¾	37	200	REMTON TYPE Cl A	45	45	45	— 1
115	96½	50	Do pf (7)	107	107	107	— ½
43½	35	1,700	Reid Ice Cream (3)	43½	41	43½	+ 3⅜
24¾	15¼	8,100	Reo Motors (f1.45)	22⅜	20⅜	22⅜	+ 1½
14¼	3⅜	4,800	Rova Radio	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
25	22	100	Sieberling Rubber	25	25	25	..
31	9⅝	25,900	Serv El, Cl A	31	29¼	29	+ ¼
21	12⅜	700	Silica Gel	20	19⅜	20	+ ¼
10	4	1,700	Singer Mfg, Ltd	8	8	8	..
19⅜	4¼	1,800	Sleeper Radio	8¼	6¼	6¾	+ 1½
93	36½	6,300	St Regis Paper (2)	82⅞	76	79⅛	— 1⅝

Range, 1925 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
27⅜	19	1,500	Std Pub, Cl A ($1.50).	20⅜	20¼	20¼	— ¼
4¾	4	300	Stand Motors	4⅛	4	4	— ½
24⅜	21	200	Stand Textile	21	21	21	..
14	8½	200	Stand Tank Car	16½	15⅝	16½	+ 2½
10¼	6	7,900	Stutz Motor Car	9⅜	7¾	9½	+ 1⅝
35⅝	24⅞	1,600	Swift Internat (1.80)	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
120	109	320	Swift & Co (8)	113	110	110	— 4½
22¼	6½	3,500	THERMIODYNE	13⅜	12	12	— ⅜
9⅜	3⅞	200	Timken Detroit Axle	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
25	6	7,200	Thomp (R E) Radio	13⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ¼
5⅜	3	900	Tobacco Prod Exp	4¼	4	4	..
42	33	100	Todd Shipyards (4)	33	33	33	+ ⅜
24⅜	5	200	Tower Mfg	8	8	8	..
180	147	300	Tub Artif Silk, Cl A	165	155	155	— 4
73⅜	65	3,500	UN CARB & CARB (5)	69	67⅝	68½	+ ⅛
16½	14	600	Un Profit Sh, new (60)	14⅜	14¼	14½	..
10⅜	10½	100	Do pf, new	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
44⅞	35⅞	2,100	Univ Pictures	37¼	35⅞	37¼	+ 1⅜
4	.90	3,500	U S Lt & Ht, new, pf	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ½
5½	3¼	300	Do com	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
7	4⅛	2,300	U S Rubber, reclaim'g.	5½	4⅞	5¼	+ ⅝
116½	65	750	VICTOR TALK M (8)	79⅞	78	79	— 1
14⅞	13½	8,300	Va-Caro Chm, new, w i	14⅞	13½	14	..
49½	47⅛	1,400	Do pf w i	49½	47⅛	48¼	..
89	85⅞	600	Do prior pf	89	83⅞	86	..
24⅜	24	4,700	WALWORTH MFG	24⅜	24	24¼	..
40¼	8	3,200	Ware Radio	14⅜	13⅜	14⅜	+ 1
21⅞	15	13,900	Warner Bros Pictures, A (1¼)	21⅞	21	21⅞	+ 1
18	13½	5,000	Do com	18	16	18	+ 2
26	26	200	Warner (Charles)	26	25⅞	25⅞	..
.55	.17	1,000	Wayne Coal	.20	.20	.20	+.03
49⅜	15⅝	400	White Rock Min Spg, new (f2)	47	46	46	— 3
15⅞	11⅞	500	Wilson & Co, new, w i	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅜
75⅛	68	800	Do pf, w i	70¼	70	70	— ⅝
22	10¼	800	YELLOW TAXI, N Y.	11⅜	11	11	— 1

RAILROADS.

93	82½	7,300	NICKEL PL, new, w i	93	89	92⅜	+ 3½
87½	81½	2,900	Do pf, new, w i	87⅝	86	87⅜	+ 1⅜
160	142	110	PITTS & L ERIE	156	142	151	+ 6½

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

100	33	190	ADIRONDACK P & L.	90	88	88	— 2½
100	99	100	Do pf (7)	101	100½	100½	— ½
84½	68¾	2,400	Am G & E(f11)	78⅝	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅜
90⅝	83½	200	Do pf (6)	90¼	89¾	90¼	..
224	187	10,425	Am Lt & Trac (7)	224	207	220	+12½
103½	94	8,225	Do pf (6)	102	100½	102	..
67¼	48¾	16,800	Am P & L, new (21)	59½	56¾	56⅝	— 2⅜
95	79	230	Do pf (6)	94½	93⅞	94	— ⅛
39⅝	26¼	950	Am Superw, Cl A (60c)	38¾	36½	37¼	— ⅝
26⅜	24½	400	Do prior pf	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ ¼
41	27⅜	14,900	Do Class B (60c)	38⅜	36⅝	38¾	— ⅜
34⅞	17½	100	Arizona Power	30	30

STEEL BUYING SHOWS A GAIN

Mill Operations Have Increased Slightly Since July and Prices Remain Firm.

INGOT PRODUCTION OFF

Many Independent Companies Report Heavier Bookings in July Than in June.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 16.—The volume of steel buying has increased since June, the rate of steel mill operations has been slightly upward since the middle of July, and steel prices have been practically stationary for nearly two months after their four-month period of softening.

As the steel trade had previously been losing ground, it may now be said to have rounded the turn. This is what was expected in most quarters, but the recent improvement is not as sharply marked as some observers expected. They seem to have thought that whatever the low point in buying and production should be, the rebound would be the same in intensity. The steel trade did not really get down to a low point at all, hence but little rebound should reasonably be expected.

Steel ingot production in July was at 18 per cent. below the average rate in the first half of this year, but it was 8 per cent. above the average rate in the six preceding years, since the war. Production in the first half of this year was unusually high, making the best half-year but one of the thirteen since the war. Production at present is probably about 10 per cent. above the six-year average. Production in terms of capacity cannot be stated precisely, as a controversy has arisen as to what the capacity is. According to the extreme figures taken for capacity, the present operation may be 65 per cent. or it may be 75 per cent.

Many of the independent steel companies report that they had heavier bookings in July than in June, this conforming with the showing made by the Steel Corporation by its unfilled tonnage report., while all the evidence is that buying, in the general sense, is running a trifle better this month than last. Comparisons of precise tonnages may be misleading, because occasionally a few large orders disturb the reckoning when only short periods are taken.

As to the Steel Corporation's unfilled tonnage report, the July loss of 170,991 tons, against the June loss of 339,342 tons, taken in conjunction with estimates of the corporation's shipments in the two months, shows that in the main the change was favorable. The difference of 168,000 tons in the loss may be ascribed approximately one-third to decreased shipments and two-thirds to increased bookings.

For the present month both shipments and booking will no doubt be heavier than in July. It depends on which increases the more, whether August will show a larger unfilled tonnage decrease than the July 170,991 tons. As the steel market is now aligned, an increase in shipments would be more promising than an increase in bookings, unless there should be a large increase in shipments and a still larger increase in bookings. Consumers and jobbers are disposed to obligate themselves only for prompt or early delivery and an increase in shipments means an increase in consumption, which is the final arbiter of the steel trade.

Steel consumption prospects are in the main quite favorable, but as shipments of steel had only half as great a dip from March to July this year as in the same period last year—27 per cent., against 55 per cent.—fairly heavy consumption in the remainder of the year will not necessitate much increase in output.

Buying of tubular goods for sinking oil wells has just begun to grow less insistent, after having been very active for more than two months. The recent steady increase in oil production is a factor, leading as it did to a reduction of 25 cents this week in the price of Pennsylvania crude, the first change in that commodity since the advance of some three months ago. Buying of line pipe, particularly for gas lines, has been very heavy of late, and the pipe mills are assured of a full operation on the larger sizes for some time to come. Merchant pipe, running to the smaller sizes, is in slightly better demand. Nails, in which the buying was very poor in May and June, have been slowly increasing in activity since the middle of the year. The automobile trade is taking steel in a very fair way, possibly at a slightly higher rate than a month or two ago.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Aug. 15, 1925.

STOCKS (SHARES).

	1925.	Same Weeks. 1924.	1923.
Monday	1,281,312	859,582	320,261
Tuesday	1,440,985	1,103,389	534,116
Wednesday	1,467,170	885,936	623,100
Thursday	1,389,526	742,155	586,529
Friday	1,335,556	968,670	588,825
Saturday	537,600	529,400	363,256
Total week	7,452,129	5,089,312	3,015,672
Year to date	252,648,890	151,402,851	150,616,287

Amount of rails and industrials composing the week's total dealings compares as follows with last year:

STOCKS.

	1925.	1924.	Changes.
Railroads	1,783,387	1,399,801	+ 383,566
Industrials	5,668,762	3,689,511	+1,980,251
Total	7,452,129	5,089,312	+2,382,817

BONDS (PAR VALUE).

Monday	$8,147,800	$12,606,350	$6,965,950
Tuesday	9,108,250	13,346,350	7,188,550
Wednesday	9,211,400	14,247,500	8,230,240
Thursday	9,124,350	13,089,150	5,832,750
Friday	8,166,250	11,979,950	8,331,656
Saturday	3,447,500	3,400,900	3,435,900
Total wk	$47,204,750	$70,669,200	$40,034,040
Year to date	$2,270,178,405	$2,363,776,510	$1,837,468,580

Bond dealings in detail compare as follow:

	Aug. 18, '25.	Aug. 16, '24.	Changes.
Corp'ns.	$34,146,000	$42,875,300	— $8,729,300
U. S. Govt.	4,447,850	11,562,400	— 7,114,550
Foreign	8,596,900	16,204,300	— 7,607,400
City	14,000	27,000	— 13,000
Total all	$47,204,750	$70,669,200	—$23,464,450

WEEK'S COTTON MARKET.

	—Oct.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—Jan.— High.	Low.
Aug. 10	24.17	23.35	24.38	23.35	23.80	23.10
Aug. 11	23.59	23.27	23.84	23.50	23.34	23.08
Aug. 12	23.88	23.37	24.08	23.62	23.58	23.14
Aug. 13	23.62	23.24	23.86	23.46	23.38	23.00
Aug. 14	23.54	23.16	23.77	23.39	23.28	22.91
Aug. 15	23.57	23.30	23.83	23.57	23.35	23.08

Week's range—
24.17 23.16 24.84 23.39 23.80 22.91

	—March— High.	Low.	—May— High.	Low.
Aug. 10	24.07	23.33	24.43	23.75
Aug. 11	23.82	23.50	23.95	23.63
Aug. 12	23.87	23.40	24.20	23.47
Aug. 13	23.66	23.25	23.90	23.60
Aug. 14	23.60	23.22	23.92	23.54
Aug. 15	23.63	23.40	23.95	23.73
Week's range	24.07	23.22	24.43	23.54

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York.
Aug. 10	13.37d	23.30c	23.8-c
Aug. 11	13.00d	23.50c	24.05c
Aug. 12	13.00d	23.67c	24.23c
Aug. 13	13.12d	23.15c	23.50c
Aug. 14	12.93d	23.35c	23.72c
Aug. 15	13.06d	Holiday.	23.60c
Week's range—			
High	13.37d	23.67c	24.05c
Low	12.93d	23.15c	23.60c
Year to date—			
High	14.37d	26.00c	26.05c
	Mar. 6	Mar. 5	Mar. 5
Low	12.11d	22.40c	22.20c
	May. 13	May 13	May 13

WHEAT MOVEMENT NOW SLOWING UP

American Millers May Have to Buy Canadian Grain Despite the High Duty.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Movement of Winter wheat to terminal markets has fallen off, and it will probably take a good advance in prices to start farmers to selling again. In some sections of Illinois the bulk of the surplus wheat has already been shipped, while in the Southwest there are many sections, especially where the crop was light, that have the bulk of the crop still on hand. Taking Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas as a whole, there is practically very little wheat available for use by outside mills, while in Kansas alone mills would be able to grind the entire surplus operating at half time for 300 days. Nebraska wheat is already being shipped to Kansas.

The American miller promises to have a rather hard time of it this season, except in mills located where the lower-priced Canadian can be obtained. It would not be at all surprising if big Eastern mills bought millions of bushels of Canadian before the close of navigation to permit them to take care of their export trade, while if domestic prices advance materially it might be possible to secure low-grade Manitobas for domestic consumption despite the 42-cent duty.

With Chicago September around 17 cents over Winnipeg October, and the certainty that there will be much low-grade wheat in Canada this season due to the premature ripening, there is more than a probability of mills importing grain. There are many in the trade who are disposed to ignore the world's price level in their views on the market, but the fact remains that America cannot advance materially above Winnipeg without permitting an inflow of grain sooner or later despite the tariff wall. This will tend to depress the Spring wheat rather than the Winter variety of which there seems to be a scarcity that cannot be made up.

It is possible that Eastern mills could bring in American wheat from the Far West via the Panama Canal. In the face of all the bullish comment the past week there was a net loss of 6½ to 7 cents on wheat, while corn was off ⅛ to ⅝ cent, oats 1⅞ to 2 cents and rye 4 to 4¾ cents. Speculative interest in corn, oats and rye is small, with corn and oats holding within relatively narrow limits, while rye has simply followed wheat.

The American Spring wheat crop is practically made and there are but few sections where harvesting is not on. Thrashing operations in North Dakota and Minnesota are rapidly getting under way and an increase in the Spring wheat movement is anticipated within the next two weeks. Plowing for the new Winter wheat crop in the Southwest is well along, and recent rains have placed the soil in good condition. The rains over the Central West have furnished sufficient moisture in many sections to carry the corn crop to maturity, and unless there is a spell of most unfavorable weather the next Government report may suggest a yield of over 3,000,000,000 bushels despite the heavy losses sustained in the Southwest and in a fairly large area in the near Northwest covering parts of Northern Iowa and Southern South Dakota. Very little moisture was received in the latter section and the crop is in bad shape.

SEEKS CANADIAN UTILITIES.

International Would Add to Its Holdings, Wall Street Hears.

Negotiations are pending for the acquisition of additional public utility properties in Canada by the International Utilities Corporation, according to information in Wall Street. While details are withheld, it is known that a prominent officer of the corporation is in Banff, Alberta, for this purpose.

Gas resources of the International Utilities Corporation in Alberta are already large, the newest well drilled in the Viking field measuring 9,250,000 cubic feet open flow per day, the largest producer in that field up to date. It is also understood that the International, through its Calgary subsidiary, the Canadian Western Natural Gas, Light, Heat and Power Company, Ltd., has recently entered into a contract with the Royalite Oils, Ltd., a subsidiary of the Imperial Oil Company of Canada, whereby a large amount of gas from the Turner Valley Field is made available for consumption in Calgary upon an unusually favorable basis. Incidentally it has developed that the Royalite Company is recovering over 600 barrels of 73 gravity Baume gasoline per day from this gas.

GOLD RESUMPTION DECLARED A SUCCESS

Review of Situation by Swiss Bank Concludes Gold Standard Will Be Maintained.

RETURN WAS NOT PREMATURE

Has Resulted in London's Regaining Its Former Place as "Clearing House of the World."

The monthly bulletin of the Swiss Bank Corporation, published at Zurich, takes ground positively that Great Britain's gold resumption experiment will meet with full success. It points out that since 1920 Great Britain has been able to meet all her expenditures without the necessity of having recourse to further borrowing, the budget has been effectively stabilized, the sinking fund has been duly operating and the outstanding total of short-term liabilities has been greatly reduced by various successive measures of consolidaion. The conclusion is that "there seems thus to be no danger of the gold standard being compromised by inflationary measures."

The Board of Trade's estimates on England's actual balance of foreign trade are accepted, and it is shown that after setting against the adverse trade balance the receips from investments abroad, services, &c., there remained a surplus of about £30,000,000 in 1924. "But a further factor," the bulletin continues, "must be considered—namely, the balance of the investments; that is, the transfer of funds which may exercise a very important influence on the exchange and consequently on the stability of the currency. Foreign loans placed in London during 1924 actually amounted to some £134,000,000. On the face of it, therefore, it would appear that the net export of capital was about £100,000,000, but the weight of this figure must have been greatly reduced by the fact that large amounts of these foreign issues have been subscribed by foreigners and that, further, a large portion of the product of these issues has remained temporarily deposited in England or went to pay for English goods.

"Moreover, money rates have been higher in London than in New York, and foreign capital has thus been attracted to England, especially from across the Atlantic, so that there is a large balance of floating capital at the present time in the English market. On balance, the international transfer of funds operated in favor of Great Britain and more than equalized the balance of foreign payments. These large floating balances would indeed constitute a danger in case of sudden withdrawal; but this is only to be feared under extraordinary circumstances or in a panic, since at present London has regained her old attraction as the clearing house of the world, while against the peril of a sudden withdrawal the bank will always be able to bring in play the large credits obtained in the United States and a rise in the discount rate."

In conclusion, the bulletin expresses the opinion that the return of Great Britain to the gold standard was not premature, and that there need be no fear as to the ability of the Government to maintain it, while the country will gradually regain all the advantages which, on the basis of its sound currency, it enjoyed before the war.

Reformers Ask Schepp for $100,000.

The Rev. Albert Sidney Gregg, Superintendent of the American Civic Reform Union of Cleveland, announced here yesterday that he had asked Leopold Schepp, philanthropist, to set aside $100,000 a year for the Union. Mr. Gregg said that he has been notified that Mr. Schepp was considering his proposal among others.

THE SHORT WHEAT CROP AND FARMERS' INCOME

Disappointment Over Results in Kansas, but With Numerous Compensating Considerations.

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 16.—With an official estimate of 68,000,000 bushels of wheat for this season, compared with 153,000,000 last year and a five-year average of 126,000,000, Kansas is promised the smallest yield since 1917. Only eight bushels an acre is the estimated average, the second smallest in sixty years. While last year's crop brought $163,000,000, the present crop at present prices would realize only $105,000,000.

This loss of income affects the western third of the State more severely than elsewhere, the large acreage being in that secion. The high plains counties had opportunity last year to clear up obligations and were hoping for a new era of prosperity—now, however, delayed at least another year. The estimated income is one-third that of the high year, 1919, and practically the same as 1922, and it comes upon sections where wheat is the principal resource of trade.

The favorable factor is that so much paper in the hands of banks has been liquidated already and that credit has been restored after a period when it was practically exhausted. Banks have come through harvest with practically no new rediscounts, and many have been able to buy commercial short-term paper in harvest time, owing to the small demand for local borrowing. The crop has also been harvested at less expense than any in the State's history, with improved machinery, eliminating much hand labor, so that a larger percentage of profit remains, though this is not an important factor in the total.

Generally, producers are holding their grain where possible, believing that there will be higher prices later. In this they are encouraged by farm leaders, who point to the possibility of a short Spring wheat crop in the Northwest and claims of estimates on the Canadian output. However, millers are going on the theory that the prices are likely to remain around the present figure of $1.50. They deny that they are urging sales to bolster their deposits and clean up frozen credits, alleging that their condition is generally easy and the farmer may take his own time for selling. That the shortage will materially lessen buying power over a large area is evident from the fact that retail trade, which has lagged in the wheat belt during the Summer, is not looking for any great improvement for the early Autumn. What is expected to give relief is the generous yield of minor crops, such as sorghums and the prospect of a corn crop of fair dimensions, estimated at 106,000,000 bushels, compared with 130,000,000 last year and a five-year average of 116,000,000. However, the cool, moist weather of this month may add to the Aug. 1 estimate, and another favorable factor is the rising market for live stock, which is now on a profit-paying basis. If corn prices are not prohibitive—a condition considered unlikely—there will be a return to activity when Autumn opens, though the smaller return from products is likely to modify last Spring's promise of heavy purchase of commodities. It has disappointed retail merchants, though they have hedged closely in buying.

PRICE AVERAGE IS DOWN.

Slight Decline in American Commodity "Index Number."

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 16.—Professor Irving Fisher's index number of American commodity prices last week, based on 100 as the average of 1913, is 160.6, which compares with 161.4 a week ago, 160.8 two weeks ago, 160.4 three weeks ago and 160.5 four weeks ago. The average of a week ago was the highest since the third week of March.

The highest weekly average reached this year to date was 164.4 on Jan. 31, which was also higher than any point reached in 1924; the lowest was 154.1 on May 2. Last year's high point was 156.7 on Dec. 27; its lowest 142.3 on June 29. The highest percentage since the war was 247 in May, 1920; the lowest, 130, in January, 1922.

Crump's British index number, as cabled for the past week, is 153.0, comparing with 152.9 a week before, 153.7 two weeks before, 151.9 three weeks before and 152.1 four weeks before. The average of 166.5 on Jan 10 was the highest reached this year to date; the lowest was 149.6 on June 27.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

(Chicago Prices.)

	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—May— High.	Low.
WHEAT—						
Aug. 10	1.66¼	1.64¼	1.64	1.61¾	1.67	1.64¾
Aug. 11	1.62⅝	1.57⅞	1.61⅛	1.57	1.64⅜	1.60½
Aug. 12	1.64½	1.58⅜	1.62	1.57⅜	1.64⅜	1.61⅝
Aug. 13	1.68⅜	1.64	1.64	1.61⅜	1.67	1.64
Aug. 14	1.63⅛	1.60⅜	1.61¼	1.58⅛	1.64	1.62
Aug. 15	1.61	1.58	1.58⅝	1.56	1.62	1.60
Week's range—		1.66¼ 1.57⅞	1.64	1.58	1.67	1.60
Year to date—	1.67½ 1.23	1.70	1.34½	1.68¼		1.51¾
	June 3. Apr. 30	June 5.	Apr. 30.	Aug. 8.	July 24.	

	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—May— High.	Low.
CORN—						
Aug. 10	1.05¾	1.04⅝	.89	.87	.91½	.89½
Aug. 11	1.07⅞	1.04⅞	.90¼	.87½	.92⅝	.89⅝
Aug. 12	1.06⅝	1.02½	.89¾	.86⅝	.91¼	.88⅝
Aug. 13	1.05	1.03⅜	.87½	.86¼	.89⅝	.88⅜
Aug. 14	1.05⅜	1.03¼	.87⅝	.86⅜	.90¼	.88⅜
Aug. 15	1.05	1.04	.87⅜	.86½	.90	.89
Week's range—		1.07⅜ 1.02½	.90¼	.86¼	.92⅜	.88⅜
Year to date—	1.38½	.97¼	1.02½	.85	.94¼	.87⅜
	Feb. 4.	Apr. 3.	Jun. 5.	July 21.	July 13.	Aug. 1.

	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—May— High.	Low.
OATS—						
Aug. 10	.42⅜	.41⅞	.45¼	.44⅜	.48⅜	.47⅛
Aug. 11	.42⅞	.40⅝	.44⅝	.43½	.47⅞	.46½
Aug. 12	.43⅞	.40⅝	.44¼	.43½	.47⅞	.46½
Aug. 13	.41⅞	.41⅜	.44⅝	.44¼	...	...
Aug. 14	.41¼	.40⅝	.44⅛	.43⅜	.47⅛	.46⅜
Aug. 15	.40⅞	.40⅝	.43⅜	.43¼	.47	.46
Week's range—		.42⅜ .40¼	.44⅜	.43¼	.47⅞	.46
Year to date—	.61	.39½	.59½	.42½	.54	.46
	Jan. 30.	Apr. 3.	June 9.	Aug. 15	July 13.	Aug. 15

	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Dec.— High.	Low.	—May— High.	Low.
RYE—						
Aug. 10	1.12	1.07¼	1.16	1.11¼	1.19¾	1.15
Aug. 11	1.10⅝	1.02⅜	1.13⅝	1.06⅜	1.18½	1.14
Aug. 12	1.09¼	1.03½	1.12⅛	1.05⅜	1.16⅝	1.14⅝
Aug. 13	1.10⅜	1.09½	1.14⅛	1.12⅛	1.18¼	1.16⅜
Aug. 14	1.07⅞	1.05⅜	1.11⅜	1.09	1.16	1.14¾
Aug. 15	1.06	1.04	1.09½	1.07	1.14⅜	1.11⅞
Week's range—		1.12 1.04	1.16	1.07	1.19¾	1.14
Year to date—	1.38	.90	1.16	.97½	1.19¾	1.11¼
	Jan. 26	Apr. 6	Aug. 10	July 6	Aug. 10	Aug. 7

Provisions.

	—Sept.—	—Oct.—	—Dec.—
LARD—	High. Low.	High. Low.	High. Low.
Aug. 10	17.70 17.62	17.75 17.62	16.32 16.30
Aug. 11	17.70 17.37	17.72 17.40	16.32 16.10
Aug. 12	18.87 18.80	17.45 17.40	16.17 16.12
Aug. 13	17.37 17.22	17.40 17.25	16.15 15.95
Aug. 14	17.30 17.25	17.40 17.30	17.15 17.00
Aug. 15	17.27 17.22	....	15.95 15.92

	—Jan.— High.	Low.
Aug. 10	16.20	16.12
Aug. 11	16.12	15.90
Aug. 12	15.95	15.90
Aug. 13	15.50	15.75
Aug. 14	16.02	15.97
Aug. 15	.....	.....
Week's range—	17.70 17.22	17.75 17.25	16.32	15.92
			16.20	15.75
Year to date—	17.95	15.02 17.95	17.15	16.37	15.90
	Jan. 2	Apr. 28	July 17	Aug. 4	July 17	July 14
			16.20	15.75	Aug. 10	Aug. 13

RIBS—	—Sept.— High.	Low.	—Oct.— High.	Low.
Aug. 10	19.00	18.95	18.95	18.85
Aug. 11	18.87	18.80	18.75	18.67
Aug. 12	18.95	18.92	18.77	18.70
Aug. 13	18.95	18.90	.....	.....
Aug. 14	.....	.....	18.60	18.55
Aug. 15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Week's range	19.00	18.80	18.90	18.55
Year to date—	19.12	15.75	18.90	18.00
	July 6	Apr. 30	Aug. 10	Aug. 1

WEEK'S MONEY MARKET.

ON CALL.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.
Last Week	4½	Aug. 10	4	Aug. 12
Same week last yr.	2	Aug. 11	2	Aug. 11
Year to date	6	June 29	2	Jan. 18
Same period last yr.	3½	Jan. 5	2	June 9

TIME MONEY.

Last week	4¾	Aug. 10	4½ Aug. 10
Same week last yr.	3¾	Aug. 11	2¾ Aug. 14
Year to date	4½	Aug. 6	3½ Jan. 6
Same period last yr.	5	Jan. 5	2¾ Aug. 14

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Last week	4½	Aug. 10	4 Aug. 10
Same week last yr.	3¾	Aug. 11	3 Aug. 13
Year to date	4¼	Mar. 9	3½ Jan. 2
Same period last yr.	5	Jan. 2	3 Aug. 13

FEDERAL RESERVE RATES.

Boston	3½	Chicago	4
New York	3½	St. Louis	4
Philadelphia	3½	Minneapolis	4
Cleveland	3½	Kansas City	4
Richmond	4	Dallas	4
Atlanta	4	San Francisco	3½

LONDON MONEY AND SECURITIES.

	Discount Rate.	Gold.	Brit. Brit. Cons. 4½s.
Aug. 10	4½	84s 11¼d	56½ 93⅛
Aug. 11	4½@4½	84s 11d	56⅝ 95⅜
Aug. 12	4½	84s 10½d	56½ 93⅞
Aug. 13	4½@4	84s 10½d	56½ 95¾
Aug. 14	3½	84s 10½d	56½ 93⅞
Aug. 15	3½	84s 10½d	56½ 93⅞

PARIS MONEY AND SECURITIES.

	Paris Rentes.	Ex. on London.	Ex. on N. Y.
Aug. 10	47f 50c	103f 86c	21f 38c
Aug. 11	47f 30c	103f 50c	21f 29c
Aug. 12	47f 15c	104f 22c	21f 45c
Aug. 13	47f 05c	104f 03c	21f 41½c
Aug. 14	46f 90c	104f 11c	21f 42c
Aug. 15	46f 90c	104f 11c	21f 42c

CORPORATE MEETINGS TODAY

For Dividend Action.

Crucible Steel Company of America.
Du Pont (E. I.) de Nemours.

Special.

Crescent Pipe Line.
Keystone Telephone.

Annual.

American Public Utility.
Sperry Flour.
Washburn-Crosby.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Twenty-four.

Range, 1925. High.	Low.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
84¾	80	1	Harlem Riv Port 4s, '54	84	84	84	..
97	92½	7	Havana El Ry 5s, 1952	94½	94	94	— ¼
95⅝	85½	21	Do L & P 5s, 1954	94½	94	94½	..
105	103	25	Hershey Choc s f 6s, '42	104¼	104¼	104¼	..
98⅜	98	110	Do 5½s, 1940, receipts	98¾	98	98⅜	— ⅛
92	88½	11	Hocking Valley 4½s, 1999	89	88½	88⅝	— 1¼
104½	100⅜	36	Hoe (R) 6½s, 1934	104	103	103½	+ ⅛
93⅜	88½	82	Hudson & Manr ref 5s, '57	90½	89⅞	90	— ⅛
77⅜	67¾	65	Do adj 5s, 1957	75¼	74⅜	75	— ¾
102½	99½	37	Humble Oil & Ref deb 5½s, 1932	101¼	100½	100⅝	— ½
101⅞	97	27	ILL BELT T ref 5s, '56	100⅝	100	100⅝	+ ⅛
89	86¼	1	Ill Cent 4s, 1952	87½	87½	87½	— ⅛
85¾	83	27	Do 4s, 1953	84	83½	83⅝	..
106¼	102⅜	23	Do ref 5s, 1955	103	102⅜	103	+ ⅛
103⅜	102	16	Do 5½s, 1934	103	102⅛	102⅜	+ ⅛
84½	78¾	1	Do 3½s, 1952	84	84	84	+ 1
92¾	87¾	53	Do ref 4s, 1955	89	88	88⅞	+ 1¼
73½	70	1	Do Litchfld Div 3s, 1951	71⅝	71⅜	71⅜	— 2⅛
77	71¾	9	Do St L Div 3s, 1951	73	72⅜	73	..
100⅝	96¼	32	Do C, S L & N Jt 5s, '63	100	99¾	99¾	— ⅜
96⅜	92⅜	28	Ill Steel deb 4½s, 1940	94½	93¾	94	+ ⅛
104½	101	8	Ini Steel 1st 5s, 1952	101¼	101	101¼	+ ¼
92	87¼	11	Ind, Ill & Ia 4s, 1950	88	87¼	87¼	— ¾
74½	59½	99	Interboro R T 5s, '66	67⅜	66¾	67⅛	..
73⅝	50	155	Do stamped	67⅜	66	67⅛	— ⅜
81½	62¾	144	Do 5s, 1932	70⅝	67⅞	68	— 1½
95	85	76	Do cv 7s, 1932	90	88¾	90	+ ¼
78⅝	68	2	Int Agri col tr 5s, '32	75	75	75	— 2½
72	61	55	Do col tr 5s, '42, stpd	70⅝	69⅜	69⅜	..
78	66	487	Int Gt North adj 6s, 1952	74⅜	74¼	74½	..
74⅛	71	1	Do adj 6s, stpd	74¼	74¼	74¼	+ ⅛
105¼	100⅛	35	Do 1st 6s, 1952	102½	101⅞	102⅜	— ⅜
91½	82⅝	46	Int Mer Mar col tr 6s, '41	84	83¾	84	— ⅜
88⅝	80⅝	28	Int P'a 1st 5s, Ser A, '47	90⅝	89½	90⅜	+ ⅜
98⅜	95	78	Do s f temp 6s, 1955	96⅞	95	95¾	— ⅛
80½	76¼	23	Int Rys of C Am 5s, '72	77½	77	77	..
65	57	2	Iowa Cent 1st 5s, 1938	58	58	58	— ⅜
26¼	19⅜	9	Do ref 4s, 1951	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	..
103⅞	102⅜	2	K C, FT S & M 6s, 1928	103⅜	102⅜	103⅜	+ ⅜
88⅝	86⅜	28	Dy 4s, 1936	85½	84½	85½	+ ⅜
100⅜	98	1	K C & Mem Bdg 5s, 1929	99½	99½	99½	..
100½	99¼	7	Kan & Mich 2d 5s, 1927	100⅛	100	100	..
82	80	2	Do 4s, 1990	81¾	81⅜	81⅜	..
90	84¾	1	JAMESTN, F & C 4s, '59	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	— 3⅜
101	95⅜	39	K C P & Lt 5s, A, 1952	99	97⅞	98⅜	— ⅛
75	70¾	24	Kan City Sou 3s, 1950	71⅜	71	71⅛	+ ⅛
92⅞	88¼	50	Do ref imp 5s, 1950	90	88⅜	89⅝	+ ⅛
87⅜	84	63	Kan C Term 4s, 1960	85¾	84½	84½	— 1
104½	101½	4	Kayser (J) 7s, 1942	104	104	104	+ ¼
103⅞	98½	29	Kan Gas & El s f 6s, '52	101⅞	101½	101⅝	+ ⅜
103	90	23	Kelly-Spr Tire 8s, 1931	102½	101	101¼	— ⅜
92½	82	4	Keystone Tel 5s, 1935	92	91¾	91¾	..
108½	103⅜	7	Kings Co E L&P 6½s, '54	107⅝	107¾	107¾	..
99¼	89	1	Kings Co Lt 1st 5s, '54	98½	98½	98½	+ ⅛
79¼	75	5	Kings Co El 4s, 1949	79¾	79½	79½	— ⅜
80	74	6	Do 4s, '49, stpd	79½	79½	79½	— ⅜
108⅞	106½	10	Kinney & Co 7½s, 1936	106¾	106½	106½	— ⅜
94¾	89⅞	21	LACKAWANNA STEEL con 5s, Ser A, 1950	92	91½	92	..
102	95¼	62	Laclede Gas & Lt of St L ref 5½s, C, 1953	99¾	99¼	99⅝	— ⅛
101½	98¼	8	Do ref & ext 5s, 1934	101	100⅝	100⅝	+ ⅛
97	95¾	1	Lake E & W 2d 5s, 1941	95½	95½	95½	— ½
101¾	98⅝	5	Do 5s, 1937	100	100	100	+ ⅛
97⅛	97¼	57	Lake Shore & M So 4s, '28	98¼	97¾	97¾	— ¼
97½	95⅛	17	Do 4s, 1931	96½	96⅜	96⅜	— ¼
79¼	76½	3	Do 3½s, 1997, reg	77¾	76½	76½	— 1
81¾	78¾	3	Do 3½s, 1997	80	79	80	+ 3½
103	100¾	1	Leh Val Harb 1st 5s, '54	102¼	102¼	102¼	..
83½	79	15	Leh Val (Pa) con 4s, 2003	80⅞	80	80	— 1
93	88	5	Do con 4½s, 2003	91	90¼	90½	— ⅛
98	95⅝	4	Do gtd 4½s, 1940	95¾	95⅜	95⅜	— ⅛
102¾	101¼	3	Leh Val Ter 5s, 1941	102¾	102¾	102¾	..
101⅝	96¼	1	Leh Val R con 5s, 2003	100¾	99¾	99¾	— 1
129⅝	117¾	2	Liggett & Myers 7s, '44	119¾	119½	119⅝	+ ¼
102	94¾	29	Do 5s, 1951	100¾	99	100	..
92	87⅛	8	Long Island deb 5s, 1937	90	89	90	+ ½
85¼	82	2	Do ref 4s, 1949	83¾	83¼	83¼	+ ⅛
94½	93½	1	Do gold 4s, 1931	93½	93½

STEEL FABRICATORS FORM TRADE BOARD

Charles L. Eidlitz, Chairman, Now Heads Two Powerful Construction Industries.

BIG COMPANIES FAVOR IT

Building Contractors Foresee Far-Reaching Benefits From Electrical Trade Experiment.

Fabricators of structural steel have formed a Board of Trade in New York City, with Charles L. Eidlitz Chairman, with rather extraordinary powers, writes Allen E. Beal in the current Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

The activities of the new organization are now being planned on the fifth floor of the 100 East Forty-fifth Street wing of the Grand Central Terminal, which is in the heart of the building construction contracting industry in New York. The headquarters adjoin those of the Electrical Board of Trade, Inc., which is also presided over by Mr. Eidlitz as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Structural Steel Board of Trade will be officered by W. A. Garrigues of Severing & Garrigues Company, President; R. C. Post of Post & McCord, Inc., Vice President; J. Lowenstein of Taylor, Fichter Steel Construction Company, Treasurer. J. L. Hay of the Hay Foundry and Iron Works has been made Chairman of the Finance Committee. The Board of Directors consists of the foregoing officers, Mr. Eidlitz and A. M. Conneen Jr. of the Hedden Iron Construction Company, R. W. Knight of McClintic-Marshall Company, L. D. Rights of the Shoemaker Bridge Company and R. T. Brooks of George A. Just Company.

The formation of the Structural Steel Board of Trade has been looked upon with complete accord by all of the great steel manufacturing companies supplying this market. It will have nothing whatever to do with prices. Its chief purpose is to develop a high standard of service to the structural steel consumer and to the public in general, insuring fair treatment of its membership by the building trade; to gather statistics concerning the volume and condition of the market, which data are to be made available not only to its members but to the architects, owners and general contractors through the customary channels of building trade news distribution.

It is expected that same standard form of contract and general regulations for the betterment of the conditions in this industry will shortly be announced.

At the time the electrical industry selected a Commissioner in the capacity of supervisor and director general in their business, the Dow Service recommended to the serious consideration of the building material and equipment industry in general, as a means of divesting the New York building industry of time-worn cost-multiplying practices and policies, the selection of a single administrator, endowing him with plenary powers over all branches of the material, equipment and appliance distributing industry beginning in New York City and later nationally.

Since that time the beneficial results accomplished by the electrical industry in this city through its Board of Trade has been seen and fully studied by various local and national building trades, and while the organization of the Structural Steel Board of Trade is a symbol of growing recognition that ultimately this concentration of direction will probably be brought about and incidentally is a visible sign of local progression toward a general building trades directorship, a national movement directed toward the same end is now actually under way.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Majority of Cash Staples Decline, an Action Which Canceled Gains in the Previous Week.

The trend of cash staples last week showed a price direction decidedly opposite to that of its predecessors, when ten of the subjoined list of twenty-one articles showed a decline from the levels at the close of the previous week; seven were steady and unchanged, but four registered improvement.

Losses were found chiefly in the grains, and followed publication of optimistic crop reports by both the American and Canadian Governments. Wheat, corn, rye, oats and flour all reacted. Spot cotton, lard, eggs, zinc and tin were others to sag. Those which improved included coffee, butter, lead and rubber, while sugar, pork, beef, iron, steel billets, copper and printcloths remained firm.

Yesterday's closing wholesale cash prices for commodities in the New York market, unless otherwise noted, were:

FOODSTUFFS—	Aug.15, 1925.	Aug.8, 1925.	Aug.16, 1924.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.71¼	$1.78½	$1.52
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.25¾	1.27¼	1.43
Oats, No. 2, f. o. b.	1.14½	1.18½	1.01
Oats, No. 2 white	.51	.54	.67
Flour, std. Spg. pts.	8.60	9.10	9.50	7.77
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.20¾	.20½	.16¾
Sugar, granulated	.05½	.05½	.06¾
Butter, cr., 92 score	.43¾	.43	.38
Eggs, fresh gathered	.33	.34	.34
Lard, Mid. W.	17.50	18.05	18.20	14.65
Pork, mess	41.00	41.50	41.50	29.75
Beef, family	20.00	22.00	22.00	21.00
METALS—				
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	23.00	23.00	22.25
Steel billets, Pitts	35.00	35.00	38.00
Copper	10.00	9.85	8.15
Lead	6.55	6.55	6.35
Zinc, E. St. L. del'y	7.35	7.37½	6.25
TEXTILES	58.12½	59.25	52.87½
Cotton, mid. upland	25.60	24.85	28.70
Print cloths	.06¾	.06¾	.07
RUBBER—			
Ribbed sheets, spot	.82	.80	.26¾

Range of prices 1925 to date:

	Highest.		Lowest—	
Corn	$2.34¾	Jan. 28	$1.61¾	July 21
Oats	1.52½	Jan. 16	1.13¾	Aug. 3
Rye	1.85¾	Jan. 30	1.03	July 2
Flour	.71	Jan. 14	.49	Apr. 3
Cotton	30.25	Jan. 28	24.50	May 5
Sugar	.04¾	Jan. 3	.03½	May 13
Coffee	.09¾	Jan. 2	.08¾	July 27
Wool	.94	Mar. 9	.87	Jan. 27
Lard	.68	Jan. 20	.07¾	Mar. 4
Pork	18.40	July 7	18.20	Apr. 27
Beef	41.50	Mar. 24	34.00	Jan. 2
Steel	38.00	Apr. 14	20.00	Jan. 20
Iron	23.50	Mar. 24	22.00	May 7
Lead	6.60	Jan. 2	5.50	May 27
Copper	10.85	Jan. 9	7.70	Apr. 20
Tin	50.90	Jan. 5	43.25	Apr. 17
Zinc, E. St. L.	8.12	Jan. 20	6.00	Apr. 9
Printcloths	26.06	Mar. 2	22.50	May 13
Rubber	.97	Mar. 6	.06¾	May 15
Silk	7.21	July 20	3.84½	Jan. 20

Highest and lowest prices for the principal commodities in the war period, 1914, to date:

	—Highest—		—Lowest—	
Wheat	$3.50¾	May 15, '17	.80¼	June 30, '14
Corn	1.93	July 31, '17	.67⅝	Oct. 14, '21
Oats	1.40	May 12, '20	.48¼	Apr. 18, '14
Coffee	.24	May 12, '17	4.15	June 28, '14
Sugar	23½	June 23, '19	.03⅝	Mar. 12, '21
Cotton	36.50	June 18, '19	7.80	July 13, '15
Wool	1.20	June 29, '18	15.50	Sep. 4, '15
Pork	45.00	Apr. 16, '19	14.00	May 9, '15
Beef	42.00	May 15, '17	14.37½	Mar. 26, '15
Lard	100.00	June 13, '17	19.00	June 24, '14
Steel	58.00	Dec. 17, '16	11.75	Mar. 17, '14
Iron	112.00	May 7, '20	20.21	Aug. 2, '21
Lead	15¾	July 22, '20	.02	Dec. 11, '14
Silk	10.00	Apr. 15, '20	.02½	Jan. 2, '15

PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR RAIL BUYING

Present Steel Prices Are Held to Indicate That Declining Tendency Is Over.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 16.—Railroad rolling stock continues its very poor showing, there having been little buying for months, and there are no definite predictions that the freight car shops will be restored to their former activity. Some are almost idle now. Rail buying, on the other hand, has been very fair, and present prospects are that active buying for next year will soon develop. The course of steel prices is more important in relation to earnings of steel producers than in connection with the volume of buying. There is little disposition at the present time to theorize that a stiffening in steel prices would tend to bring buyers into the market for forward deliveries. Early this year buyers showed their hostility to price advances, which were made on paper but did not work out on shipments to any great extent.

The policy of buyers is to purchase only against early and known requirements. Steel prices have been virtually unchanged for nearly two months, indicating that the declining tendency is over. Mills are not dissatisfied with present prices, on the whole, and may be quite content if, as now seems probable, the decline is entirely ended. What the mills want above all is a good operation in point of tonnage.

Connellsville coke, long in a lethargic condition, has suddenly grown active and prices have advanced sharply. There have been numerous purchases arising from prospects of an anthracite suspension of no short duration, including fair sized tonnages for delivery over the next thirty to sixty days to public utilities, chiefly gas makers. The situation was helped by buying by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation for blast furnace use. Furnace coke has advanced from $2.90 to $3.25 during the week, with still higher prices predicted.

Frequently Connellsville coke operators put ovens in blast in anticipation of heavier demand, thus forestalling price advances by which they had expected to benefit. They may not be able to increase production rapidly, however, as some ovens have been idle for a long time, and there are operators who have sold coal to such an extent that they would not have much coal for their ovens.

Pig iron remains dull, and without much prospect of increased demand. Prices are very firm, having been thoroughly shaken out long ago.

Heavy melting steel scrap has easily held its price range of $19 to $19.50 as advanced 50 cents more than a week ago, although the market has been dull in point of consumer buying.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Demand.

	LONDON.			PARIS.		
	High.	Low.	Last.	High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 10	4.85¾	4.85¼	4.85¼	4.68¾	4.67½	4.68½
Aug. 11	4.85¾	4.85¼	4.85½	4.70	4.66¾	4.68½
Aug. 12	4.85⅞	4.85¾	4.85¾	4.07½	4.65¾	4.66½
Aug. 13	4.85½	4.85¼	4.85½	4.67¼	4.66	4.66½
Aug. 14	4.85⅝	4.85½	4.85⅝	4.67½	4.65¾	4.66½
Aug. 15	4.85⅞	4.85¾	4.85⅞	4.67¼	4.66¼	4.66¾
Week's range—						
High	4.85⅞	Monday		4.70	Tuesday	
Low	4.85⅝	Monday		4.65¾	Wednesday	
Year to date—						
High	4.86¼	May 20		5.44½	Jan. 22	
Low	4.74¼	Feb. 26		4.44	July 7	

	ITALY.			SPAIN.		
	High.	Low.	Last.	High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 10	3.63¼	3.59	3.63	14.44	14.42½	14.42¼
Aug. 11	3.64	3.61	3.61	14.44	14.40½	14.40¼
Aug. 12	3.61¾	3.55¾	3.60¾	14.40	14.38	14.38
Aug. 13	3.61¾	3.60¼	3.61	14.39	14.38	14.38
Aug. 14	3.61¾	3.60¾	3.61¼	14.43	14.41	14.42¼
Aug. 15	3.61¾	3.61¼	3.61½	14.42	14.42	14.42
Week's range—						
High	3.64	Tuesday		14.44	Monday	
Low	3.59	Monday		14.38	Wednesday	
Year to date—						
High	4.24¼	Jan. 3		14.68	Apr. 30	
Low	3.32¾	July 1		13.97	Jan. 2	

	HOLLAND.		
	High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 10	40.21	40.20	40.20
Aug. 11	40.21	40.20	40.20
Aug. 12	40.20	40.19	40.19
Aug. 13	40.22¾	40.20	40.20¼
Aug. 14	40.24½	40.23	40.23
Aug. 15	40.28	40.26	40.26
Week's range—			
High	40.28	Saturday	
Low	40.19	Wednesday	
Year to date—			
High	40.59	Jan. 9	
Low	39.79	Mar. 30	

	GERMANY.		
	High.	Low.	Last.
Aug. 10	23.80	23.80	23.80
Aug. 11	23.82	23.81	23.82
Aug. 12	23.81	23.81	23.81
Aug. 13	23.81	23.81	23.81
Aug. 14	23.81	23.81	23.81
Aug. 15	23.80	23.80	23.80
Week's range—			
High	23.82	Tuesday	
Low	23.80	Monday	
Year to date—			
High	23.82	May 4	
Low	23.78	June 27	

First quotation on new reichsmark Friday, Nov. 7, 1924.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

Week's range	Year to date			
High. Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.
Switzerland—				
19.41½ 19.40	19.50	Jan. 3	19.20	Feb. 26
Belgium—				
4.52⅝ 4.50	5.20½	Jan. 28	4.44	July 1
*Austria—				
14.125 14.125	14.375	July 3	14.125	Jan. 2
Denmark—				
22.99 22.70	24.03	July 27	17.66	Jan. 2
Sweden—				
26.87 26.86	26.96	Apr. 3	26.72	May 16
Norway—				
18.53 18.37	18.73	July 27	18.12	Jan. 2
Greece—				
1.58 1.55	1.97	Apr. 20	1.49¾	Mar. 13
Czechoslovakia—				
2.96½ 2.96¼	3.02	Jan. 3	2.95½	Feb. 6
Yugoslavia—				
1.80 1.79	1.82	July 31	1.54½	Jan. 3
Hungary—				
.00141⅝ .00141⅝	.00141⅝	Jan. 13	.00135⅜	Jan. 2
Finland—				
2.52⅜ 2.52⅛	2.52⅜	Mar. 24	2.51¾	Apr. 9
Rumania—				
.52 .51½	.53	Jan. 16	.45	Apr. 24
Poland—				
19.00 19.00	19.25	Jan. 2	17.75	July 29
Portugal—				
5.23 5.23	5.28	July 22	4.85	Jan. 15
CHINA.				
Hongkong—				
57.38 57.13	59.63	June 24	54.12	Apr. 23
Shanghai—				
77.25 77.125	78.38	June 26	73.12	Apr. 22
Peking—				
82.00 81.623	82.00	Aug. 11	76.25	Mar. 3
INDIA.				
Calcutta—				
36.63 36.56	36.63	June 23	35.36	Jan. 15
JAVA.				
Batavia—				
41.25 41.25	41.50	Jan. 15	40.50	Feb. 26
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.				
Manila—				
49.63 49.37	49.875	May 15	49.37	Aug. 10
JAPAN.				
Kobe—				
41.13 41.06	42.13	Apr. 16	38.25	Jan. 9
SOUTH AMERICA.				
Buenos Aires—				
40.37 40.31	40.68	May 28	37.50	Apr. 6
Rio de Janeiro—				
12.06 11.92	11.93	Jan. 12	10.10	May 8
Chile—				
11.90 11.84	11.87	July 27	10.42	May 11
Peru—				
3.89 3.89	4.24	Feb. 16	3.80	Aug. 7
Uruguay—				
99.75 99.63	100.00	Jan. 21	94.97	Mar. 5

*Price of one Austrian schilling representing value of 10,000 Austrian crowns. Previous quotation for crown had been at rate of $14.12½ per million crowns.

RUSSIA.

	100-Ruble Nts.		500-Ruble Nts.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Aug. 10	.06	.08	.13	.15
Aug. 11	.06	.08	.13	.15
Aug. 12	.06	.08	.13	.15
Aug. 13	.06	.08	.13	.15
Aug. 14	.06	.08	.13	.15
Aug. 15	.06	.08	.13	.15
Week's range—				
High	.06	Monday	.13	Monday
Low	.05	Monday	.12	Monday
Year to date—				
High	.15	Jan. 2	.09½	Feb. 5
Low	.12	Mar. 9	.05½	Apr. 20

Canadian Exchange.

Canadian exchange was steady at ⅛ of 1 per cent. premium all of last week, while American dollars in Canada were ⅛ of 1 per cent. discount.

Year to date—	Prem. U. S.	Disc. Can.
High	$4.10 Jan. 14	$4.10 Jan. 14
Low	Par Jan. 29	Par Jan. 29

TOLL OF FIREWORKS 111 DEAD, 1,030 HURT

Statistics Gathered on July 4 Casualties From 500 Cities in 36 States.

NEW YORK HAD 10 MISHAPS

Biggest Damage to Life and Limb Was in Small Towns Where Sales Were Unrestricted.

Fireworks used to celebrate this year's Fourth of July caused the death of 111 persons and injured 1,030, mostly children, according to a statement yesterday by the American Museum of Safety and the National Committee for the Prevention of Blindness. The statistics were developed out of an analysis of reports from 500 cities in thirty-six States.

New York City, despite its great population, had only ten casualties from fireworks. St. Louis led the list, reporting 133 persons injured, of whom 73 were seriously hurt. The number injured in small towns or cities in Pennsylvania was, oddly, large. Pottsville, for instance, reported 21 casualties; Scranton, 13; Lock Haven, 12, and Altoona, 12.

Detroit reported 27 persons injured; Bayonne, 19; Hartford, 17; Chicago, 16; Elmira, 11; Waterbury, 9; Wheeling, W. Va., 8; Kansas City and Butte, 7 each; Spokane and Hibbing, Mich., 6 each; Cleveland and Denver, 5 each; Los Angeles and San Francisco, 4 each, and 3 each for Dallas, Providence and Philadelphia.

62 Arrests Made.

In the reports of more than 1,000 fireworks accidents only 62 arrests were indicated. Approximately 800 of the casualties occurred on July 4 and more than 200 took place before or after the holiday. Only 30 of the casualties resulted from public celebrations.

The joint statement issued yesterday reported that of the injured 148 would probably lose the sight of one or both eyes, seventy-nine had been disfigured through the loss of an arm, leg, fingers, or through other mutilation, and two had lost their hearing or speech. The statement was signed by Arthur Williams, as President of the museum, and by Lewis H. Carris, managing director of the committee. It said:

"The total of 111 fatalities and of more than a thousand other casualties reported in this study represents only a part of the actual sacrifice of human life and limb which takes place annually in the United States during the month of July; no reports were received from twelve States, including many in the South, where few restrictions are placed on the sale and use of fireworks.

New York's Good Record.

"Were it possible to obtain a complete record of Fourth of July casualties it would probably be found that several hundred persons were killed and several thousands injured in this year's celebration. If a record had been kept of the casualties resulting from the use of fireworks since 1776 it would undoubtedly be found that more persons have been killed and injured during celebrations commemorating our Independence Day than were killed and injured during the Revolutionary War.

"The fact that in New York City among a population of more than six million there were only ten casualties and that in Chicago among a population of more than three million there were only sixteen casualties, is convincing evidence of the effectiveness of restrictive legislation, properly enforced. Most of the casualties reported in this study occurred in the smaller cities where fireworks are still being sold to children of any age not only during the Fourth of July but long before and after.

"The obvious remedy is the enactment and enforcement of legislation restricting the sale of fireworks to adults, together with a greater discrimination on the part of parents in the distribution of fireworks among children and far more supervision of the use that children make of fireworks."

BATTLE BRIDGE BUILDERS.

Beaver Falls (Pa.) Firemen With Hose Streams Halt Disputed Work.

Special to The New York Times.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., Aug. 16.—Sprayed by water from the hose of the Borough Fire Department and facing guns of the town policemen, workmen of the Dravo Engineering Company late yesterday were compelled to give up their attempt to span Seventh Avenue here with a Pennsylvania Railroad bridge whose construction, it is alleged, had been unauthorized.

Borough authorities will go into court tomorrow and seek an injunction against the construction of the bridge.

The battle between the workmen and Borough authorities took place high in the air on the false work for the bridge over the Beaver River. The workmen, hanging to guy ropes struggled in vain to swing girders into place. They had previously cut telephone cables, but residents, seeing them at work, turned in the fire alarm.

Burgess George Hemphill announced today that the Pennsylvania Railroad had never obtained a right of way across Seventh Avenue and that residents of the district had obtained an injunction against the company on the ground that their properties were being damaged.

EXPORTS OF WHEAT DOUBLE IN A YEAR

Total of 195,000,000 Bushels for Fiscal Year Nearly Quadrupled Pre-war Average.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Wheat exports from the United States in the fiscal year, which ended on June 30, were more than 195,000,000 bushels, according to a report submitted by J. A. Leclerc of the Foodstuffs Division of the Department of Commerce. The total was more than double those of the previous fiscal year and were nearly four times as great as in pre-war times. Only in 1915, 1921 and 1922 did the exports of grain exceed those of the past fiscal year.

The principal buyers of American wheat are essentially the same now as before the war, except that China may be considered one of the more recent large customers. As compared with the pre-war trade, exports of wheat in the last four years have shown a marked increase in the case of China, Canada, Japan, Italy and France. The most important countries of destination during the crop years 1922-1925 have been Canada, the United Kingdom, Italy, Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, France and Japan.

Although the exports of flour in the last fiscal year were nearly 3,500,000 barrels less than during the fiscal year 1924, the total, 14,000,000, was about 3,200,000 barrels greater than average pre-war shipments. Compared with 1924 the flour exports of 1925 show an increase to Europe of 1,569,000 barrels, to South America of 151,000 barrels and to Africa of 35,000 barrels.

There has been an increase in flour exports to the United Kingdom, Germany, Belgium, Denmark, Norway, Greece, Russia, Cuba, Brazil, Venezuela and Egypt.

TO QUIT BRITISH REGISTER.

Free State's Medical Separation Plan Stirs Irish Doctors.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Irish Free State Government has announced its intention to establish a separate medical registery for the twenty-six counties which hitherto have been on the British Medical Register.

This step, which no doubt, is dictated by a desire for autonomy in medical as well as in politics! matters, has not received the support of the Irish medical profession, and has caused dismay among Irish medical students.

It will bar the Irish trained doctors from the immense field of the British Empire and the British medical services, military and civil, in all parts of the world. It may incidentally injure the prestige of the medical schools in Dublin and Cork, it is said.

USE OF WASHING MACHINES.

Report Shows 29 in Every 100 Homes Have Them.

Hornblower & Weeks, in a special study of the growth of the electric washing machine industry made public yesterday, show that 13,000 washing machines valued at $1,000,000 were sold in 1914 and 612,000 valued at $85,680,000 in 1924. Sales of vacuum cleaners in 1924 are estimated at 1,250,000, valued at $69,000,000, and of electric irons 2,500,000 valued at $14,750,000. The average value of a washing machine is estimated at $150, indicating a value of $600,000,000 for the 4,000,000 or more in use in the United States in 1924. There were only 50,000 in use in 1914, of an estimated value of $5,000,000.

The bankers point out that at the close of 1924 there were approximately 13,250,000 homes in the United States wired for electricity of a total of about 26,000,000 homes; that 75 out of every 100 had an electric iron, 34 of every 100 had a vacuum cleaner, while only 29 of every 100 had an electric washing machine.

At the current rate of consumption and allowing for obsolescence, it is conservatively estimated that in 1929 there will be more than 7,600,000 washing machines in use in 22,850,000 wired homes valued at more than $1,100,000,000, or 33 for every 100 wired homes. If this rate is increased to even 40 in every 100, the total of electric washing machines will exceed 9,000,000, or over twice the number now in every day use.

JEWS SEEK UKRAINE LAND.

Masses Forced Out of Trading Turn to Farms, Says Aid Here.

Dr. Joseph A. Rosen, Director of the Russian agricultural work of the Joint Distribution Committee, 40 Exchange Place, in a statement yesterday said that masses of Jews were moving across the Ukraine to find land on which to found a new, secure life and to re-establish themselves as tillers of the soil. They are giving up their former occupation of trading—forced out by taxation, government monopolies and subsidized consumers' cooperatives. Seventy-four groups, it was announced, from sixty towns and villages, have already made the trek, and their example is being followed by hundreds of other groups from all parts of Russia.

Many of these Jews have been helped by the Joint Distribution Committee, it was said. The fund of $15,000,000, which will be sought from Jews of this country this Fall, in a campaign headed by David A. Brown of Detroit, will be used partly to facilitate the settlement of 180,000 Jews as farmers on the steppes of Russia by the end of 1927. A nation-wide conference of Jews to deal with this matter will be held in Philadelphia Sept. 12 and 13.

Today's Radio Program.

(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)
August 17, 1925.

Numerals after names of stations show wave lengths in meters.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.

6:45-7:45 A. M.—Setting-up exercises.
4:00-4:15 P. M.—Sadrian Trio; E. Baebler, tenor.
4:45 P. M.—"The Human Side of Music," Margaret Z. Cowl.
6:00 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria dinner music.
7:00 P. M.—M. Glass, baritone.
7:15 P. M.—Strand musical program.
8:50 P. M.—Health talk.
8:48 P. M.—Goldman Band; W. Kauppi, cornet.
10:15 P. M.—Benedetto, tenor.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Marine Roof Orchestra.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.

6:30 P. M.—Charleston Five.
7:00 P. M.—Market high spots.
7:15 P. M.—Charleston Five.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms.
7:35 P. M.—Piano recital.
7:45 P. M.—Roy Whitmeyer, tenor.
8:00 P. M.—"Knotty Problems in Baseball," J. B. Foster; baseball results.
8:15 P. M.—Twenty-second Regiment Band direct from the Mall, Central Park.
10:15 P. M.—"Trend of the Times," Dr. S. N. Ussher.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; weather.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.

10:00 A. M.—Talk, Mrs. Julian Heath.
10:30 A. M.—"Home Decoration," Dorothy Walsh.
10:40 A. M.—Talk, "The Evolution of a Stew."
10:50 A. M.—Fashion talk; news.
1:00 P. M.—Park Lane luncheon music.
2:00 P. M.—News.
4:00-6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; racing results every half hour; news.
4:10 P. M.—J. B. Daniel, reader.
4:35 P. M.—B. A. Ahrens, baritone.
5:00 P. M.—Grace F. Reeve, soprano.
5:20 P. M.—Market reports; closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange; financial review; news.
6:00 P. M.—U. S. Navy Band.
7:25 P. M.—Landay Ensemble.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; racing results; news.
8:10 P. M.—Landay Ensemble.
8:30 P. M.—U. S. Army Night; talk, Col. J. H. Reeves; Sixteenth U. S. Infantry Band.
9:30 P. M.—L. Canton, tenor.
10:00 P. M.—J. Weber, 'cello.
10:15 P. M.—Radio Franks.
10:30 P. M.—News.
10:35 P. M.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.

WGBS, NEW YORK—316.

1:30 P. M.—Scripture reading.
1:55 P. M.—Pirates' Glee Quartet.
3:00 P. M.—Talk with Terrese.
3:10 P. M.—Schafer and Fisher, entertainers.
3:20 P. M.—Miriam Gordon, reader.
3:30 P. M.—Schafer and Fisher, entertainers
6:00 P. M.—Children's program.
6:30 P. M.—Premier Orchestra.

WHN, NEW YORK—361.

2:15-3:15 P. M.—Rev. Dr. Daly, reader; Ethel Pincus, piano; Julia O'Brien, songs; E. Sampson, violin; Fordan and Mathiebe, songs.
3:45-5:15 P. M.—Helen Rothenberg, piano; C. B. Kennedy, bass; Evelyn Ryan, piano, Mabel Chanley, soprano; Kay's Orchestra; Joe Sherman, songs.
7:30-7:45 P. M.—Rose Balgian, piano.
7:45-8:00 P. M.—Marie McCristall, soprano.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Roseland Orchestra.
8:30-10:45 P. M.—Psychic phenomena demonstration from Hotel Astor.
10:45-11:00 P. M.—"Girl with Thousand Eyes," Leona La Mar.
11:00-11:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
11:30-12:00 P. M.—Silver Slipper revue.
12:00 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Owl Revue.

WMCA, NEW YORK—341.

11:00 A. M.-12:00 M.—Joe Almon, violin; Richard Bower, piano; Snedden Weir, baritone.
6:30 P. M.—Hotel McAlpin Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Coakley Sisters, songs.
8:00 P. M.—Lecture on Christian Science from Third Church of Christ, Scientist, by W. D. Kilpatrick.
9:15 P. M.—F. A. Semmens, baritone.
9:30 P. M.—Lou Hayes, ukulele.
9:45 P. M.—F. A. Semmens, baritone.
10:00 P. M.—"People and Their Names," Aaron Marcus.
10:15 P. M.—Ethel Rea, soprano.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—S. S. America Filipino Novelty Orchestra.

WRNY, NEW YORK—239.

12:00 M.—Luncheon hour entertainment.
1:00 P. M.—Industry news.
1:02 P. M.—Sports forecast.
1:10 P. M.—Sports Orchestra.
7:20 P. M.—Sports results.
7:30 P. M.—Continental code lesson.
7:50 P. M.—Commerce of the day.
8:00 P. M.—Orlando's Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—William Edelson, basso.
8:45 P. M.—Paolo del Pino, tenor.
9:00 P. M.—"Gravitation," Hugo Gernsback.
9:15 P. M.—Edna Klein and Ethel Prokesh, ukelele and tarapaich.
9:30 P. M.—Rietz and Ward, entertainers.
9:45 P. M.—Studio recital.
10:30 P. M.—Bernie's Orchestra.

WFBH, NEW YORK—273.

2:00 P. M.—Lillian Lorcher, soprano.
2:15-3:00 P. M.—Studio recital.
5:15 P. M.—Hauser and Cross, piano recitals.
5:45 P. M.—Esther Brankin, soprano.
6:00 P. M.—Ben Hur Orchestra.
11:30 P. M.—Schafer and Fisher, entertainers.

WOKO, NEW YORK—233.

8:15 P. M.—Ethel Pincus, piano.
8:35 P. M.—Semalina Stevenson, soprano.
8:50 P. M.—Jessica Silver, Elsie Schneider, songs.
9:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
9:50 P. M.—Health talk.
9:55 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.

WBBR, STATEN ISLAND—273.

8:00 P. M.—Irene Kletapeter, soprano; F. Franz, tenor; vocal duets; news; Bible instruction.

WHAP, BROOKLYN—240.

8:30-9:30 P. M.—Concert.

WHAG, RICHMOND HILL—316.

12:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
12:58 P. M.—Time signals; weather.
1:05 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—W. Grayson, piano.
7:45 P. M.—T. Fisher, sport talk.
8:00-10:30 P. M.—G. Wooley, saxophone; H. J. Taylor, reader; Synchrophase Trio; R. G. Parker, tenor; W. N. Grayson, piano.
10:30 P. M.—Bensonians, dance orchestra.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather.
11:05 P. M.—Bensonians, dance orchestra.

WOR, NEWARK—405.

6:45-8:15 P. M.—Setting-up exercises.
2:30-3:45 P. M.—Walter Burke, tenor, Marion Adame, contralto, Freda Paster, piano.
3:45 P. M.—Beauty talk, Betsy Talbot.
6:15 P. M.—Talk, Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly.
6:17 P. M.—Baltimore Orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—"Sports," Bill Wathey.
7:30 P. M.—Edward Breck, piano.
7:45 P. M.—"The Airedale," Dr. George W. Little.
8:00 P. M.—Edward Breck, piano.
8:15 P. M.—Playlet "The Jaywalker."
8:30 P. M.—Branford Theatre music.
9:30 P. M.—"Pearls," E. H. Bierstadt.
9:45 P. M.—Julius Koehl, piano.
10:00 P. M.—Theo Alban, tenor.
10:15 P. M.—Julius Koehl, piano.
10:30 P. M.—Theo Alban, tenor.
10:45 P. M.—Bernard Frank, harmonica.

WAAM, NEWARK—263.

11:00 A. M.—Happy hour program.
7:00 P. M.—Sports oracle.
7:20 P. M.—Brown and Donnelly, songs.
8:00 P. M.—Music.
8:30 P. M.—Hilda Kay, piano.
9:00 P. M.—Features.
9:20 P. M.—A. Johnston, baitone.
9:40 P. M.—Arline Felker, songs; soloists.
10:10 P. M.—Orchestra.

WPG, ATLANTIC CITY—300.

3:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
4:30 P. M.—Tea music.
6:40 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:45 P. M.—Organ recital.
7:00 P. M.—Dinner concert.
8:00 P. M.—Dance music.
8:05 P. M.—Dinner music.
9:00 P. M.—Traymore Orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Ambassador Orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—275.

2:00 P. M.—Seaside Trio.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Trio.

WTIC, HARTFORD—349.

7:00 P. M.—Hotel Bond Trio.
7:30 P. M.—Weather report.
7:50 P. M.—Baseball scores.
7:55 P. M.—Dinner music continued.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—333.

7:00 P. M.—Capitol Theatre Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—Baseball results.
7:32 P. M.—Capitol Theatre Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Aleppo Drum Corps.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Play, "The Rose Maiden."
10:30 P. M.—Market report.
10:40 P. M.—Dramatic review.
10:50 P. M.—Baseball results.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather reports; missing persons.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.

2 P. M.—Music, "Springs and Matresses," Beulah Blackmore.
2:30 P. M.—Asia Club Orchestra.
3:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
6:58 P. M.—Cadman program; soloists.
8:00 P. M.—Orchestra.
8:40 P. M.—Rose Mountain, contralto.

WHAZ, TROY—380.

9:15 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental music.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—306.

10:00 A. M.—Housewives' Radio Exchange.
1:05 P. M.—Studio recital.
8:00 P. M.—Musicale.
8:40 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:45 P.

OCEAN TRAVEL.

Three steamships arrived yesterday from Europe bringing returning American business men and tourists and ninety-four immigrants from England, Scotland and Ireland who traveled third class and were allowed to land at the piers under the new regulations of the Department of Labor.

The list of the Lloyd Sabaudo liner Conte Rosso from Genoa and Naples included:

Mrs. Walter K. Ashmead, Mrs. K. F. Bright, Comm. R. Bertelli, W. Harold Black, George W. Brown, Princess D.Caracciolo W. Henry Conant, Mrs. Conant, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Carrey, Miss M. Forester, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Farrish, Mrs. Matilda Hays, Whitfield Hawkes, Mrs. Gladys Kern, Miss Irene Homer, John C. Lynch, Raymond Miller, Dr. and Mrs. William Steffins, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tucker, Miss Tucker, Miss Hilda Vaughan.

Some of the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Cunarder Carmania from Liverpool and Queenstown were:

Miss L. B. Baker, Miss S. Burke, A. B. Balfour, Mrs. C. F. Brown, Mrs. J. Barry, H. Bringedal, Miss J. E. Culver, Mrs. J. S. Cline, J. Corrigan, Mrs. Corrigan, T. J. Cavanagh, Miss A. Climate, Mrs. A. A. Christie, Mrs. G. E. Ford, Mrs. J. Goudy, Miss M. Goudy, Mrs. N. Green, Miss E. R. Glasford, Mrs. M. Glynn, E. O. Gilmore, Mrs. E. B. Gilmore, Miss V. Gilmore, E. O. Gilmore, Miss E. B. Gilmore, J. Hurley, Miss E. Heffron, Miss S. L. Hayes, J. G. Hardy, Mrs. Hardy, S. Hardy, E. Jensen, F. Jones, Mis M. Jones, Miss G. B. Johnson, G. P. Kerr, C. B. Lennon, J. Locke, M. E. McGuire, Mrs. McGuire, Miss H. McCarthy, Miss M. Moore, C. Mansfield, Miss M. McKenna, Miss M. McKeon, Miss J. Manning, D. J. McLane, Miss E. E. Martin, M. Mitchell, D. McNamara, Mrs. McNamara, Mrs. M. Maher, Miss P. Maher, Mrs. J. O'Connor, Miss M. O'Connor, Mrs. G. O'Sullivan, J. O'Sullivan, Mrs. K. S. Orr, Miss F. J. Perry, Mrs. J. Rooney, Miss C. J. Robertson, Dr. W. Read, Miss Suttaby, Miss R. Spero, F. G. Smith, Miss E. Stewart, Miss H. Lyn, John G. Kelly, Mrs. Kelly, Prof. S. E. Swartz, Mrs. Swartz, Mrs. Williams, J. G. McMurchey, Mrs. McMurchey, Miss McMurchey, M. P. Stoney, Mrs. Stoney, Miss D. Staat.

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Not a boom, but NATURAL GROWTH!

The most pessimistic observer who really has seen the progress of Florida's developments will admit that Florida's progress and prosperity are permanent and safe. It is not a boom! For centuries Florida was the sleeping giant of America and that giant has now awakened and is making great strides to overtake the rest of America. That is the briefest explanation of Florida's wonderful growth.

With exports of $66,552,000; imports of $21,861,000; agricultural products valued at $106,000,000 manufactured products valued at $206,294,000; lumber products valued at $45,150,478; mineral products valued at $58,067,662; new construction of the estimated value of $112,000,000; bank deposits in excess of $300,000,000; and an estimated true value of all properties of $2,440,491,000.00. It does not take any phenomenal foresight to see in Florida the next "empire state."

This organization is thoroughly conversant, through years of experience, with Florida values and conditions. We invite correspondence from interested parties.

J. Wellington Roe, Inc.
and Affiliated Land Co.
FORT LAUDERDALE, FLA.

FLORIDA ACREAGE

About 3200 acres of good fertile and timber land in Sumter Co. Main railroad passing through property. Must sell at once. Can be bought direct from owners in New York, thereby saving brokerage fees. Will also consider syndicating.

M 136 Times

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COR. 103RD STREET
NEW 15 STORY HIGH CLASS APARTMENT BUILDING
3 ROOMS AND BATH $1500 to $1800
4 ROOMS AND BATH $2300 to $2400
SOUTHERN AND WESTERN EXPOSURE
DOCTOR'S QUARTERS $1200
Renting Agent on Premises

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JUST OFF BROADWAY
NEW 14 STORY HIGH CLASS APARTMENT BUILDING
2 ROOMS AND BATH $1100 to $1200
3 ROOMS AND BATH $1400 to $1800
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REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.

Like a Wild West Stampede
TO BUY VERNAM ESTATE
ROCKAWAY COAST LOTS
FIRST HAND

ON SATURDAY approximately 10,000 Persons Crowded the Largest Tent ever used at an Auction Sale and caused almost

A Riot to Buy

In fact, there might have been a "real" riot if it had not been for New York City's most efficient "FINEST," who good naturedly prevented the eager bidders from practically climbing over themselves to Buy the 1,123 Vernam Estate, Rockaway Coast, N. Y. City, Lots Sold by me on Saturday.

347 VERNAM ESTATE ROCKAWAY COAST LOTS

REMAIN TO BE SOLD, separately, for whatever they may bring at

ABSOLUTE AUCTION
TO-NIGHT

At 8 P. M. on Premises, Rain or Shine,
In Large Tent on Rockaway Beach Boulevard at Beach 52d St.

Some of the Best Lots Remain to Be Sold

Lots on Amstel Boulevard To Connect With New Cross Bay Boulevard
Lots on Rockaway Beach Boulevard and Waterfront Lots

To be sold FIRST HAND, without reserve or protection, TONIGHT

LUCKY BUYERS on Saturday came from all parts of the city and suburbs, and from as far West as Indianapolis.

LUCKY BUYERS CAME FROM MANHATTAN

And Bought Vernam Estate Rockaway Coast Lots FIRST HAND.

Ned Matz of H. Matz & Co., Real Estate, was one of the wisest of the lucky buyers. He bought an entire block of 68 Vernam Estate Rockaway Coast, New York City, lots, FIRST HAND.

J. M. Bierman, Insurance; D. G. Carmichael, Importer; A. M. Kahn, Machinery; J. Haughey, Multigraphs; Charles K. Thau, Hair Importer; R. Abramson, G. Le Boutellier, H. Frank, Jos. S. Goodell, M. J. Bloom, G. Edelman and many other Manhattanites BOUGHT Vernam Estate Rockaway Coast lots FIRST HAND.

LUCKY BUYERS CAME FROM BROOKLYN

Jacob Sachs, Builder; A. S. Fink, Insurance; Louis Schaffer, D. J. D'Andrea, J. D. Dalson, H. Holland, C. J. Jannace, M. Goldstein, Jos. Rosen, Irwin Sperling, Frank Fischmecko and many other Brooklynites BOUGHT Vernam Estate lots FIRST HAND.

LUCKY BUYERS CAME FROM BRONX

H. Gillman, Builder; A. Radinsky, A. Wilk, Maurice Wollin, Grand Terrace Co., Morris Elkend, Wm. Glazer, A. L. Jackel and many other Bronxites BOUGHT Vernam Estate Rockaway Coast lots FIRST HAND.

LUCKY BUYERS CAME FROM QUEENS, ARVERNE, EDGEMERE AND THE ROCKAWAYS

Wm. Scheer of Arverne was one of the large buyers; also John Fitzgerald, Max M. Plesser, A. Goldfliesel, Wm. Dercon, Conrad Seidenberg, Cord, Mayer & Buff, J. Goldberg and many other "Rockawayites" and "Queensites" BOUGHT Vernam Estate Rockaway Coast lots FIRST HAND.

DO NOT MISS THE SALE TONIGHT of all the remaining Vernam Estate First Hand
Arverne Edgemere Lots
on Rockaway Coast in New York City

ordered sold, separately, for whatever they may bring
By Clarence Vernam, Esq., Trustee of Vernam Estate

TAKE MY ADVICE and attend this great FIRST HAND Rockaway Coast Auction Sale and BUY Vernam Estate Lots or be prepared to pay a profit to those who do take the time and trouble to attend this great FIRST HAND Auction Sale and BUY!!

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Occupancy August 1st
1, 2 & 3 Rooms
Each with bath and shower. Complete serving pantry with automatic refrigeration and equipment for service of food.
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GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS
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Studios, north light, overlooking Central Park; also apartments of 2 and 3 rooms and bath for rent. Ideal for bachelor or couple.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECULATORS

Main Street, White Plains, vacant business plot to lease for 42 years; low rental; also plot for sale greatly under value. Quick action necessary.

ANGELL & CO., INC.,
SCARSDALE, N. Y.
Tel. Scarsdale 300 or Olinville 4400

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Henry Brady

SHERIFF'S AUCTIONEER.
SELLS AT PUBLIC AUCTION

this day, Monday, August 17, 1925, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the International Motor Co., 252 West 64th Street (ground floor), all the right, title and interest that the defendants, King and Johnson, Inc., had on June 26th, 1925, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to one Mack Dump Truck, Motor No. 9065. Terms cash.

H. WARREN HUBBARD, Sheriff.
HERMAN BERNSTEIN, Deputy Sheriff.

Henry Brady

SHERIFF'S AUCTIONEER
SELLS AT PUBLIC AUCTION

this day, Monday, August 17, 1925, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 198-201 Canal Street, store tables, chairs, kitchen utensils, plate glass slicing machine, soda fountain interior, etc. Terms cash. Immediate removal.

H. WARREN HUBBARD, Sheriff.
LOUIS RESSLER, Deputy Sheriff.

BUSINESS PROPERTY. SALE OR RENT.

STORE 115 W. 23 St. STORE
RENT
$3,600
Double Show Windows—New Building. Desirable location. Suitable Novelty, Electrical, Sporting Goods, Women's Wear, Etc.
Inquire Supt. on premises, or
A. M. DRUCKMAN
115 W. 23 St.
Tel. Chelsea 6750
Brokers Protected

PRINTERS

Opportunity to rent 16,000 sq. ft. in good building at 50 cents a foot. Long lease. Sprinkler and good light.

Brown, Wheelock:
Harris, Vought & Co., Inc.
20 East 48th Street Vanderbilt 0031

INDUSTRIAL SPACE FOR LEASE

Waterfront buildings with space to suit; adaptable for all industrial purposes; railroad connections with ten trunk lines; busy industrial centre where an abundance of labor is available.

NEW YORK DOCK COMPANY
44 Whitehall Street, New York.
Phone Bowling Green 9120.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BUSINESS CONTINUOUS SINCE 1883 ARTHUR C. SHERIDAN INCORPORATED 1917
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER

TONIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK
ATTEND THE
"EASTHOLME"
Long Beach Auction

AT EIGHT P. M., UNDER LARGE ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED AUCTION TENT ON PARK STREET AND NATIONAL BOULEVARD, OPPOSITE CITY HALL AND RAILROAD STATION, LONG BEACH.

287 EASTHOLME LONG BEACH IMPROVED LOTS

Long Beach Is the Greatest Beach on the Atlantic Coast and Lots Are Selling at Low Prices Now

SATURDAY'S SALE WAS ATTENDED BY FOUR THOUSAND PERSONS. THE SALE COMMENCED AT THREE O'CLOCK, AND AT FIVE MINUTES OF TWELVE THERE WERE STILL TWO THOUSAND PERSONS UNDER THE AUCTION TENT. NINE HOURS OF STEADY SELLING BROUGHT A GRAND TOTAL OF $2,823,000 FOR NEARLY A THOUSAND PARCELS.

TERMS: 10% at sale in cash or certified check; 20% 30 days; balance mortgage

BOOKMAPS READY

BUSINESS CONTINUOUS SINCE 1883 ARTHUR C. SHERIDAN INCORPORATED 1917
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER

EXECUTIVE OFFICE:
41 EAST 42 ST., COR. MADISON AVE.
NEW YORK CITY
TELEPHONE 5776-7-8-9 VANDERBILT

LOCAL INFORMATION OFFICE:
LAFAYETTE HOTEL,
OPPOSITE CITY HALL AND RAILROAD STATION, LONG BEACH.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

RUNCIE

Two-Fisted Opportunity

Opportunity is banging at your door with double strength. Do not let a little cash interfere with this big chance. We help you finance your home, you help yourself to the home you have long wanted.

A Small Amount But Mighty In Possibilities $295 CASH WITH EASY TERMS ASSURES HOME OWNERSHIP

On the South Shore of Long Island, with every convenience and improvement.

One of the 10 types of homes offered to a limited number of people.

Every improvement and convenience to make home complete, including water supply, gas, electricity—just a few of the many city advantages. Boating, bathing and fishing nearby. Unexcelled transportation service, motor highways to everywhere. Exhilarating air, ozone laden breezes in one of the most wonderfully located communities, 45 minutes out, on the South Shore of Long Island. Substantially built all-year homes, constructed of the finest lumber and finished inside and out as carefully as expensive residences costing a great deal more. See these unusually fine homes at unusually low prices.

Mail the Coupon or Call.

AT ONCE
RUNCIE HOME BUILDING COMPANY Inc.
9 YEARS OF HOME BUILDING SERVICE
594 ATLANTIC AVE. Tel. Nevins 7070 BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Gentlemen: Please send full information explaining how $295 assures the ownership of a beautiful home.

Name.....
Address.....
City.....

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

375 Park Ave.

Several Desirable Apartments of 6 to 16 Rooms

Apply on Premises

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED

Premises Suitable for Industrial Club

with large, reputable membership. Preferably in Times Square district. Submit propositions by mail to

P 581 TIMES

REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT.

PROPERTY OWNERS, ATTENTION. Management specialists; live young broker has own office; saves you 20% on coal bills. Phone mornings, Bingham 1702.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MONEY for first, second, third mortgages, building and permanent loans; lowest rates. A. J. Clemens, 1,774 Southern Boulevard.

MONEY to loan on first, second, third mortgages; quick action. Windsor Mortgage Co., Times Building, 42d and Bway.

MORTGAGES.
BUILDING LOANS.
PHOENIX FACTORS. 1,265 BROADWAY.

MONEY, second mortgages; quick action. L. CAMINEZ, 15 Park Row. Barclay 5251.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

WANT to secure mortgage of $40,000 on printing plant located in New York City; plant's inventory, $125,000; surplus, $68,000; life insurance policy of $40,000 covering mortgage by owner and manager of plant. W 647 Times Downtown.

BUILDER wants 1st and 2d mortgages on newly completed homes; desirable investments; principals only. Johnson, Box 67, Times Plaza Station, Brooklyn.

SECOND mortgage of $15,000 wanted for 3 years, payable quarterly, on good paying property in Brooklyn; no broker. W 602 Times Downtown.

BUILDER wants several 5-year second mortgages on newly completed buildings; principals only. Faber Realty Co., 53 Audubon Av.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale or Rent.

90TH (off Drive)—Private house, completely renovated; four-year lease. Schuyler 6332.

91ST ST., WEST—4-story, basement, 15-footer; $37,000; $9,000 cash; with or without furniture; immediate possession. Susquehanna 9437.

ON AUG. 20
I WILL SELL MY PROPERTY,
222-224-226 East Houston St., New York.
TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.
I will be at the above address from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., Aug. 20. This property will positively be sold on that day; have offer of $60,000. F. Voegelin, 224 East Houston St., New York.

OPPORTUNITY for business; house with store, 22d St., between 7th and 8th Avs.; sale or rent on long lease. Apply N. Rosetti, 302 West 28th St., New York.

Bronx For Sale or Rent.

CLAY AV., 1,053—3-story, basement brick 2-family; 25x100; $20,000; seen by appointment only. Johnston, 212 East 167th St. Jerome 8368.

ELDER AV., 1,239—Beautiful 2-family house, 15 rooms; all improvements. Inquire Philip Potash, 558 West 164th.

MERRIAM AV., 1,331—For rent, overlooking Harlem River at Highbridge, new private house, 6 rooms, sun parlor; furnished, with, without garage; healthy; references. Owner, Suter, Chickering 9519; evenings Jerome 3746.

ANOTHER READY.
REAL country home in city; just the place for young children and grown-ups who want fresh air, sunshine and fine views over water; quiet neighborhood and desirable neighbors; lot 20 feet wide, house 24 feet wide; three bedrooms and tiled bathroom; large living room, with solarium at end; good dining room and kitchen; glassed-in stoop and light cellar; have one of the new type ready; $9,500 decorated. $9,250 if you do your own decorating; easy terms to right party.
TURNBULL AV., near Castle Hill Av., on Castle Hill Neck. Go to Castle Hill Av. station on Lexington Av., Pelham Park line, and walk toward water, or take the Jo jitney; 180th St. crosstown trolley passes near by.
JOSEPH P. DAY, INC.,
830 Castle Hill Av. Tel. Westchester 4218.

Brooklyn For Sale or Rent.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
2-family, two-story building on Elton St. near Pitkin, one block from elevated; all improvements; price $10,000; arrange terms. Blumenson & Bass, 4 Court Sq., Brooklyn. Triangle 3219.

Queens For Sale or Rent.

JAMAICA'S finest hill section—$6,500 buys $8,000 house, select neighborhood; driveway; 20 minutes Manhattan, 535 trains daily, 5 cent subway; large rooms, steam, parquetry, tiling; $500 cash; $25 monthly principal. McNeece, Corn Exchange Bank Building, Sapphin Boulevard, opposite Jamaica L. I. Station. Phone Jamaica 8010 daily and Sunday.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

ELMHURST — Modern eight-room house, two-car garage; best section; convenient all transit. Havemeyer 1918.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Will sacrifice 1 or 2 houses, lots 25x125, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all up-to-date improvements, parquet floors, tile kitchen; situated Bayswater section, off Mott Av., 1,358-1,360 Union St.; no reasonable offer refused; acted quick. I. Harris. Telephone Far Rockaway 1780.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Will sacrifice nine-room house; large corner plot; two-car garage, shade trees; exclusive section. 3,124 Cornell St.

GARDEN CITY—Illness necessitates immediate sale house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, 2 enclosed porches; hot-water heat; 2-car garage; corner plot: 100x100; excellent condition; price $16,000; easy terms. Telephone evenings, Garden City 1545.

HUNTINGTON—High ground, overlooking harbor and bay, with use of private beach and dock, fine anchorage; large, new 8-room bungalow and garage on plot 75x150, built for year-round use with cellar, heat, lights, fireplace, bath, good water supply, double floors, lath and plaster walls, screens for porch and windows; unusual conditions permit us to sell at $5,000. Charles E. Seamis Jr., 353 New York Av., Huntington, N. Y. Tel. Huntington 1400.

KEW GARDENS—Plots and houses of unusual attraction. Write, call or phone; Station Plaza, Kew Gardens, L. I. Richmond Hill 1713, or 216 West 34th St., Lackawanna 1400. Edgeworth Smith, Inc. "Covering Long Island." K. B. 12.

$2,000 CASH; $17,000.
WOODHAVEN—8-room modern house; 50 ft. front; ideal home, select community; small payments; write for appointment; owner. M 142 Times.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale or Rent.

GENUINE Colonial house; plot 3,000 square feet; 20 minutes Manhattan; 110 trains daily; restricted residential park; high elevation; garage space; tiled kitchen, tiled built-in bath, steam, electricity, gas, parquetry, sun parlor, breakfast room, copper leaders, artistic architecture; day's work by finest architect; sacrifice $7,500, cash $500, balance $39 monthly principal. McNeece, Corn Exchange Bank Building, Sutphin Boulevard, opposite Jamaica, L. I., station. Jamaica 8010. Daily and Sunday.

TO SETTLE estate will sell $2,500 under value, suburb, tax-exempt Dutch Colonial stone hall house; ground 8,700 square feet; parked boulevard; Jamaica's highest restricted park; surrounded large trees; pavement, gutters; tapestry brick open fireplace; panelled throughout; 2-car garage; rare bargain, $1,500 cash, balance $50 monthly. McNeece, Corn Exchange Bank Bldg., Sutphin Boulevard, opposite Jamaica, L. I., station. Phone Jamaica 8010 daily and Sunday.

CAN offer next few days beautiful home on South Shore of Long Island, within commuting zone; 6 rooms, tile bath, enclosed shower, steam heat, hardwood floors; close to station and bathing beach; price $7,500; can accept $500 cash, balance like rent. Address G. A. Blasser, 594 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Westchester County For Sale or Rent.

BRONXVILLE.

Beautiful home, Colonial style, built of finest material and construction for client; 6 rooms, modern tile bath with shower, wood-burning fireplace, enclosed sun porch, hardwood floors, vestibule and laundry; in cellar; ideal location; on a plot 60x160, with garage and driveway; sewer and all improvements within 2 minutes' walk of the Boston & Westchester Station in a restricted community; price $14,750, will consider small payment and will arrange balance on easy terms; a house of this design and construction sells for at least $2,000 to $3,000 more in this locality. Phone 3. W. 20, Emerson Av., Hazelhurst Park, New Rochelle.

ELMSFORD—Owner must sell a newly completed 8-room house; plot 100 by 100; 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, shower, all modern improvements; 2-car garage; 35 minutes from Grand Central; near schools, bus line and trolley; located on beautiful Hartsdale and Elmsford, N. Y., in the heart of Westchester County. For particulars write or call Calore & Venuti, contractors, Main St., Elmsford, N. Y. Phone Elmsford 1787.

MAMARONECK, Larchmont and vicinity; send for descriptive HOME list. Chas. W. Davis, 97 Mamaroneck Av., Mamaroneck. Telephone 47.

MOUNT VERNON—Near Columbus Av.; a pretty stucco house, Colonial design; large plot of shrubs and flowers; house is 6 years old; 7 rooms, 2 baths, enclosed porch and is in perfect condition; garage in rear. Price $22,500.

ANDERSON REALTY CO.,
Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Oakwood 8880.

MOUNT KISCO, Westchester County—Estate of 25 acres, 14 rooms, 3 baths, greenhouse, garage, poultry houses. Jay E. Healey, Mount Kisco, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON for homes, sale or rent. See Anderson Realty Co. Oakwood 8880.

NEPPERHAN HEIGHTS, Yonkers (68 Rossiter Av.)—New 6-room house, stucco; open fireplace, hot water heat; 2-car garage; very modern conveniences. Apply John L. Bull, 299 Washington St., New York City. Phone Walker 4965.

PELHAM—To rent, elaborately furnished colonial house in restricted part of Pelham, 2 minutes from N. Y., N. H. & H. Station; 8 rooms and 3 baths; for 12 months beginning Oct. 1, 1925, $400, unfurnished; no less than one year lease, $275. Telephone Pelham 6564.

PELHAM MANOR AND NEW ROCHELLE. For sale, private new homes, highly restricted neighborhood, 6, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths each; $500 to $1,000 cash; $80 monthly. JOHN R. ALTIERI CO., BUILDERS, Pelham Gardens, Pelham Manor, N. Y. Tel. Pelham 6596.

PLEASANTVILLE—Simple bungalow cottage, 3 bedrooms, living room, dining room, kitchenette, bath, hot water heat; restricted neighborhood, amongst fine homes; 5 minutes' walk from station; low taxes; ideal for small family for year-round use; about one-half acre; $7,000, terms. Dubie, Pleasantville. Phone 168 or Ashland 9190.

RYE—Fine home for sale, 25 per cent. below cost. Telephone Murray Hill 4586, New Rochelle 8084, or your own broker.

A NEW house in popular Italian style, with 8 rooms and 3 baths, for sale at beautiful Oakwood, Mount Vernon; true to type and superbly built; handsome stucco effects with variegated tile roof; brass plumbing; vapor heating, copper leaders; tiled kitchen; fine high plot, with trees and pretty landscaping; price and terms on application. ANDERSON REALTY CO., 34 East 1st St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

$13,000, attractive 7-room Colonial; 2 porches, oak floors, tile bath, shower, fireplace, garage; plot 50x145; 6 minutes station. Zangerle's Office, Crestwood, Harlem Railroad.

SEND for descriptive list "Select Suburban Homes," covers Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle, Larchmont; homes in all types; priced $14,000 upward. WHITE REALTY CO., Mount Vernon or Larchmont, N. Y.

Rockland County For Sale or Rent.

UNUSUAL new English cottage, must be sold quickly; six large rooms, open fireplace, steam heat, hardwood floors; improvements; plot 60x100; three minutes from Nyack station, 40 minutes out; price $9,500; convenient terms. G. L., 856 Times Downtown.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

FORT LEE—Beautiful two-family house, all modern improvements, four-car garage; nothing equal; plot 50x100. Leonard, Harlem 1308.

GLEN RIDGE—Substantial house; exceptional location, value and quality; refined, established neighborhood, 12 rooms, 3 baths and shower; steam heat; hardwood floors; fireplaces; convenient to Lackawanna and Erie, schools, &c.; $36,500. M 892 Times Downtown.

RUTHERFORD—Store and dwelling, frame, detached; plot 44x200 feet; main street; cash $10,000. Chas. H. Davies, 74 Francisco Av., Rutherford, N. J.

MUST sell 5-room house, open fireplace, bath, enclosed porch; all modern improvements; garage, fruit trees, paved street; high, beautiful location; 45 minutes from New York; 5 minutes from station; price $7,000, $2,000 down, balance mortgage. See Yoke, Minzer St., Avenel, N. J., or 47 West 28th St., New York. Phone only weekdays, Lackawanna 2000.

FREE BOOKLET, photographs, homes; Bogota, Teaneck, West Englewood, Hallberg & Longfellow, Bogota.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write Van Winkle Co., Rutherford, N. J.

LOTS AND LAND.

Manhattan.

808, near 7th Av., 120x100 square feet; ripe for improvement. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway. Wisconsin 4674.

BUILDERS' opportunity; immediate possession, choice 75th Av. corner plot for sale, 75x100; below 46th Av. White-Goodman, 872 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION—OPPORTUNITY, 97th, West—58x102; wonderful plot; also plot on 74th, 62½x103; free and clear. Glass, Columbus 6151.

Brooklyn-Queens.

JAMAICA—365 lots at Hillside station; houses built on adjoining lots all sold; new modern school immediately adjoining; low price; easy terms. F. M. McCurdy Co., 188 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

GENUINE BARGAIN.

Wonderful buy; corner plot in Coney Island, one block from Brighton Beach subway; size 140x150; attractive price and terms. Simonson & Bass, 4 Court Sq., Brooklyn. Triangle 3219.

Long Island.

BELLE HARBOR, L. I.—120-foot front, on ocean block, most desirable location, for sale. For further particulars apply White-Goodman, 872 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0218.

Westchester County.

PHILIPSE MANOR-ON-HUDSON.

2 or 3 exceptionally priced lots available in the fastest growing restricted home community in Westchester; these lots are fully improved and command a fine view of the beautiful Hudson River. For details apply E. & Morris, 507 5th Av.; Murray Hill 9547. Barrows Tarrytown 787.

Florida.

FLORIDA—If interested in timber and lands Perry Carroll, 231 South Hillsboro Street, Arcadia, will give you honest service.

FLORIDA—Ten acres, $50 per acre; $100 down, balance terms; developed if desired. A. F. R. Co., 503 5th Av., N. Y. C.

640 ACRES, Okeechobee, Fla., Section 17, State Road No. 8; $400 per acre; wonderful terms. Manassa, 279 E. Burnside Av., Bronx, N. Y.

18,000 ACRES, Sarasota Co., 6 miles from ocean; $80 per acre; adjoining sale $150. Topsy, 442 East 146th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR choice Palm Beach and suburban properties communicate J. C. Twitty, 41 East 42d St. Murray Hill 5456.

LOTS AND LAND WANTED.

FLORIDA acreage wanted; describe location, price and terms. John J. Krihak, 1,133 Broadway, N. Y. City.

LONG ISLAND acreage or lots wanted; state price and terms. H. Jannis, 1,133 Broadway, N. Y. City.

8 P. M. Friday

Advertisements for the Classified Sections next Sunday, except display Real Estate, must be received before 8 P. M. Friday. Display Real Estate before midnight Thursday.

4 P. M. Daily

Advertisements for daily editions must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Telephone LACkawanna 1000

Offices of The New York Times

Times Building	Harlem
Times Square	137 West 125th St.
Times Annex	Brooklyn
43d Street.	100 Washington St.
West of Broadway	Bronx
Downtown	2,233 Third Av.
7 Beekman St.	(149th St.)
Wall Street	Fordham
168 Broadway	11 E. Fordham Rd.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

LOFT building on Mercer St.; rent $8,400; client wishes to exchange for suburban property or second mortgage. LOWENTHAL, 144 EAST 86TH.

APARTMENT HOUSES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

CHARLES ST., near 4th (the best section of Greenwich Village)—Two six-story houses; 50x92; ready for improvement; possession; small amount of cash. John R. Peel Co., 262 West 23d St.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD—Two five-story new-law tenements; all improvements; four stores; two fours and two fives on floor; rents $22,000; price, 6½ times the rent; quick action necessary; owner must leave city. Inquire Room 817, 366 5th Av. Telephone Wisconsin 8154.

ANOTHER SNAP; 2d Av., below 42d, 40x100, 10-year standing first mortgage; cash $10,000; rare opportunity to purchase in neighborhood of great building activity; future great enhancement in value assured; full price, $42,000; principals only. 77 West 47th.

BARGAIN, $17,000 cash buys 9x100 6-story corner elevator apartment house; excellent location; average $15 per room. Owner, Room 517, 565 5th Av.

BARGAIN—6-story new-law tenement, 4 stores; excellent neighborhood; good investment; reasonable terms. Graute, 213 East 17th.

$9,000 CASH buys two 15-family brick houses, all improvements; good location. Owner, Room 517, 565 5th Av.

$20,000 CASH buys 6-story elevator apartment house; rent $28,572; one mortgage. Owner, Room 517, 565 5th Av.

APARTMENT HOUSES WANTED.

WILL invest $10,000-$20,000 in good tenement, west side preferred; state full particulars. Box 840, 27 Union Square.

OWNERS, what have you to offer? Papson, 40 Madison St., city.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

418T, 214 EAST—For lease, five-story business building, suitable for offices, studios; light manufacturing. Kelly, 643 3d Av.

47TH ST. (10th and 11th)—50x100, small building; principals only. J 26 Times.

FACTORIES, ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE.
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
FACTORY BROKERS,
100 EAST 42D ST. ASHLAND 8714.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

16,000 sq. ft., 2-story fireproof building on corner; excellent light, block from subway and freight station; bargain; small cash necessary. James B. Fisher Co., 160 Remsen St. Triangle 2200.

New Jersey For Sale or Rent.

TO LEASE, metropolitan district, all, part, 200,000 ft. fireproof manufacturing or warehouse space; 45c foot; all improvements, sliding, dock, deep water. Luddeu-Corwin-Bronk, 873 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Triangle 6835.

WE offer manufacturers, factories, lofts, Hoboken, Jersey City, rent or sale; unusually low prices; good labor conditions. J. I. Kinlak, 84 Newark, Hoboken 7100.

MODERN factory; railroad siding; Bell terminal. Garwood, N. J.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

3D AV., 317 (corner 24th)—Corner loft, first and second floors, to rent; reasonable rent. Inquire on premises or Nemirow, University 1715.

17TH ST., 221-225 WEST—Top loft, light, large windows; very desirable; low rental. Phone Watkins 9191.

20TH, 115 WEST—Large and small spaces, modern, 100 per cent. fireproof building; suitable for dress or fur manufacturers. Inquire premises or phone Pennsylvania 1819.

30TH, 32 EAST—1,525 square feet loft; good light and ventilation; fine show window; second floor; $1,800 per year. Inquire Manager Hotel, 30 East 30th St.

42D (7th-8th Avs.)—Loft, 2,500 square feet; rail front light; offices or light manufacturing. Bilson, Bryant 6435.

BROADWAY, 1,270—Part of showroom to rent. Atlantic Romper Co., Inc., Room 907.

CANAL PLACE, 339 (Bronx)—Very light loft, 25x107. Inquire on premises.

GRAND ST., 319-321, 8 light corner lofts; Orchard St., 63, 3 lofts. Apply elevator operator on premises.

GREENWICH 806 (near 12th St.)—5,000 feet; elevator, light on 3 sides, strong building; sprinkler, live steam, power and light if desired; reasonable. Apply premises or Stuyvesant 9430, E. Hano.

NEW LOFTS, OFFICES AND SHOW ROOMS.
122 5TH AV.

We are subdividing the entire second floor, 18,000 square feet, into various size lofts, offices and showrooms, at low prices. Fireproof building, 100 per cent. sprinklers, seven elevators, light manufacturing allowed. Lockers protected.

SPACE $70 PER MONTH.
SPACE $90 PER MONTH.
SPACE $125 PER MONTH.
SPACE $200 PER MONTH.
SPACE $125, $128 PER MONTH.

And other spaces at low figures.

41 WEST 21ST ST.
Lofts, offices and show rooms, $30-$40-$60 to $100 per month.

131 WEST 24TH ST.
Loft, 1,100 square feet, $1,100 per year. Store, 2,750 square feet, $3,300 per year.

E. SHARUM CO., 122 5th Av. Room 808. Tel. Watkins 1878.

25,000 SQUARE FEET FOR RENT, GRAND CENTRAL ZONE; SPRINKLER SYSTEM, FIREPROOF, UNUSUAL LIGHT; SUITABLE SERVICE STATION, MANUFACTURING OR OTHER BUSINESS; ATTRACTIVE RENT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. TAUSCHER & KAVA, 338 EAST 46TH ST. TEL. VANDERBILT 8736.

TWO lofts and basement, with elevator; fully equipped and suitable for steam laundry. North 6th and Havemeyer, Brooklyn. Phone Worth 2070.

THREE, 42x140, very attractive lofts, light four sides; large freight elevator, electricity; any broker. Engineer, 207-209 East 49th St. Academy 2754.

LOFTS, STORES, BUILDINGS.
Mercantile, Warehouses, Factories.
Large selection, all sizes.
LOUIS SCHRAG, INC., 142 WEST 23D.

LOFT, 1,750 sq. ft. and larger; moderate rent; live steam. Walvin Co., 100 10th Av., near 16th.

Other Sections For Rent.

FOR RENT—5,000 sq. ft. space, 1st floor, brick building, centre of city; ideal for light manufacturing. J. Ellis, Burlington, N. J. Phone 186.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

2D AV., 1,144—20-foot store; new front; adjoining Queensboro Bridge entrance.

3D AV., 317—New, large, double-window store; reasonable rent. Inquire on premises, or Nemirow, University 1715.

16TH ST., 18 EAST (between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Ground floor (store and basement), 20x100; copper front; fireproof. Inquire F. H. Grether, 80 Wall St. Phone Hanover 6071.

42D ST., WEST—Desirable mezzanine floor, with front and rear windows, to sublease; reasonable rent. Pennsylvania 3974.

111TH, 57 WEST (corner Lenox Av., subway station)—Stores; busy location.

AUDUBON AV., 577 (near 184th)—Store to lease; any business; reasonable rental.

BROADWAY, 3899 (corner 163d St.)—Choice light corner, large basement store; great future; $50 monthly.

COLUMBUS AV., 452—STORE 18x23, TWO WINDOWS; EXCELLENT FOR REAL ESTATE, RADIO, JEWELRY, LINGERIE (ADJACENT HOTEL ENDICOTT). INQUIRE HOTEL MANAGER, 81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. TRAFALGAR 6400.

LEXINGTON AV., 658 (55th)—Stores, new building; agent on premises. Plaza 1730.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 840 (corner store at 127th St. subway station)—Good for any business; 3-year lease; rent reasonable. Inquire on premises. Rosenblum.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

WALKER ST., 8—Store, all improvements, to rent. Columbia Co., Walker 8530.

WASHINGTON AV., 945 (NEAR 163D ST.)—LARGE STORE, SPLENDID BUSINESS SECTION.

LARGE STORE.

3 big display windows, 11x23; convenient for any furniture dealing purpose. Further information 135 West Houston St., Bakery.

STORES, entire basement, entire second floor store in the world-known PLATIRON BUILDING.

MILLINERY space to let; high-class gown shop; straight rent or commission basis. Daley, Philip & Martha, Inc., 3 East 47th St.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

STORES TO LEASE.

BEST RETAIL SECTION BROOKLYN.

APPLY ON PREMISES,

635 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN,

OR S. WILLIAMS, 1,440 B'WAY, N. Y,

TELEPHONE PENNSYLVANIA 8296.

Other Sections For Rent.

IN the busiest retail section at 796 Broad St., Newark, N. J., next to Kinney Building, it is less than 100 feet from Market St., the second busiest corner in the world. Samuel Stamler, 29 Broad St., Elizabeth. Emerson 5053.

TWO stores, 8 apartments; 50x250; faces 2 streets; Elizabeth Av., main business street to new Staten Island bridge; bargain at $25,000; easy terms. Walter B. Sauer, 744 Madison Av., Elizabeth. Phone Emerson 2935.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

220 5TH AV., COR. 26TH ST.
Very desirable office to rent.
Immediate possession.
SPEAR & CO., INC.
Renting agent on premises.
1,261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 6520.

5TH AV., 244—Large, light, front office, 16x17; rent very reasonable; phone service if desired. Inquire 8th floor or call Ashland 7218.

5TH AV., 527—Small office with private entrance. Apply Suite 808.

5TH AV., 267 (Room 412-14)—Sublet attractive furnished daylight office or space.

5TH AV., 246—Private furnished office, $25 monthly; desk, $15; individual telephone.

5TH AV., 263 (20th)—Fully furnished private office, $25, with telephone. Franklin.

25D, 10 WEST—Office or showroom, large, light, excellent location; reasonable rent. Apply Room 500.

26TH, 28 WEST—Two rooms, suitable for office or business, in Caledonia Hotel, centrally located. Watkins 8950.

28TH ST., 37 EAST.

Near 4th Av. subway station, $40, $45, $70; newly painted in white; look at these offices before renting elsewhere. Superintendent on premises.

33D, 88 WEST—Office to sublet, $55. Robertson.

34TH ST., 45 WEST (Worth Building)—Large and small offices; ideally situated.

38TH, 9 EAST—Sacrifice, 2 separate, soundproof, light, airy offices; lawyer's suite; beautifully furnished; services; $50. Room 501.

41ST and Park Av.—Office, 400 square feet, 3 rooms, 11th floor, finest light. Ashland 0420.

42D, 7 EAST—Part of furnished office to lease; ideal for lawyer, accountant, insurance or garage broker. Room 901.

42D ST., 324 WEST—$30 MONTHLY.
Modern elevator building, Times Square. Freeman Co., premises. Chickering 3375.

44TH, 36 WEST (Bar Building)—670 feet at unusually low rental, excellent building, 3 offices and reception, soundproof partitions; immediate possession. See Baumeister, 17 East 45th. Murray Hill 3816.

44TH ST., 19 WEST—Light room, furnished, with or without stenographic service, in law office; suitable for accountant or broker. Room 610.

45TH ST., OFF 5TH AV.
Very desirable sublease, 2 private offices, reception and workroom; rental $2.50 per foot. Baumeister-Baumeister, 17 East 45th. Murray Hill 3816.

45TH, 25 WEST—Light, airy, furnished office space, 2 desks, typewriter, switchboard service; bargain, $50 month. Suite 1104.

47TH ST., 245 WEST (Romax Bldg.)—Furnished front offices with partition; $45 mo.

AEOLIAN BLDG.—Large light office with private office, $1,700. ELLEN & JEFFREY, 1548 Aeolian Bldg. Longacre 8143.

BROADWAY or 5th Av. address; most beautifully furnished offices and best service in city; mahogany desks, $15 up; mail privilege, $4; stenographers, bulletin and phone listing. Shaw, Tribeway, 151 5th Av.

BROADWAY, 1,440 (40th) (Room 1106)—Exceptional location, new building, attractively furnished, private; desk space; mailing privileges; secretarial services.

BROADWAY, 1,350 (near 35th)—Small furnished private office, telephone, stenographer; very reasonable. (Room 219). Wisconsin 0527.

BROADWAY, 896 (Room 611)—To sublet 2 desirable offices, 480 square feet; very light; must sacrifice. Canal 5180.

BROADWAY, 1,658 (51st)—Newly furnished, private offices, $25; stenographic, telephone service. Lindsley.

BROADWAY, 1,440—Splendid, light, furnished private office with stenographer's service. Suite 1709.

BROADWAY, downtown, attractive, private office; also desk room, telephone. Rector 2952.

LONGACRE B'LD'G, B'WAY COR. 42D.
Small and large offices, immediate possession, reasonable rent. Phone Bryant 6262.

PARK AV. BUILDING—Available on second floor singularly desirable large west room; suitable for professional or semi-professional usage such as dentist, real estate operators, &c. For terms and further information call Plaza 8230.

WALL ST., 56—Light, private office. Call Room 522.

WOOLWORTH BUILDING—Small office, Room 2587. Telephone Whitehall 1940.

$75 PER MONTH.

FINE OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS at 1,182 BROADWAY.

Centurian Building, near 28th St., a high-class 16-story mercantile building.

Renting office on premises.

Mr. McKeon, Madison Square 1232.

EVERY ROOM AN OUTSIDE ROOM.
Small offices;
entire second floor;
top floor studios
in the world-known
FLATIRON
BUILDING.

OFFICES, STUDIOS, LIVING ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER; ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE; RENT $30 TO $80 PER MONTH. EMPIRE SQUARE REALTY CO., 1,947 BROADWAY, TRAFALGAR 8898.

OFFICES.
$20 month and up.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

UNITS of 150 square feet and up at exceptionally low rentals in modern office building near Wall St. Apply WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

CLUNY PROFESSIONAL BUILDING, 133 WEST 72D ST.
Suite of offices for physician or dentist from Oct. 1. See Superintendent.

DOCTOR to share furnished office with surgeon on West 73d; 24-hour service. Telephone Trafalgar 7895, 2-3 P. M.

HIGH-CLASS, spacious office, with separate entrance, to sublet in new building, 1,440 Broadway. Apply Room 1102.

SMALL OFFICE, furnished, stenographer service; reasonable. 1,472 Broadway, corner 42d, Room 723.

OFFICE, furnished or unfurnished, at 27th St. and Broadway. Phone Ashland 8880.

OFFICE TO RENT in architect's suite; very attractive. Plaza 2117.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

GROUND FLOOR duplex house, suitable for dentist or oral surgeon; all modern conveniences; long lease; practising physician on 1st floor. 405 Parkside Av., Brooklyn.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

47TH AV., 215 (corner 18th St., Room 1712)—desk room in high, attractive office, $25.

57TH AV., 309-311 (SUITE 209).
Mail address, telephone messages carefully taken; $5 per month; with use of desk. Ask for Mr. Boardman.

57TH AV., 263—Desk, $15 monthly; private office, $25; telephone service. Franklin.

57TH AV., 246—Desk, private office, $15 monthly; telephone, stenographic services.

23D, 71 WEST (Masonic Hall, Room 1527)—Desk room in private furnished office, also furnished office if desired, with or without services; reasonable.

54TH ST., 18 WEST (Room 345)—Desk room, telephone service; rent reasonable.

54TH, 19 WEST—Desk, $15; private office, $20; phone or mail service, $3. Levine.

40TH, 15 EAST, Room 802—With intelligent service for responsible party, $25.

BROADWAY, 165 (Room 1816)—Desk space, furnished, with phone service or mailing privilege.

DESK ROOM

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

BROADWAY, 277—To let, desk space, lawyers' office. Suite 1605.

CHURCH ST., 6 (Room 505)—Large desk; stenographer and telephone; reasonable.

WILL sublet part of office and small storage space in loft; service of stenographer and telephone. Please phone Beekman 6092-3 for appointment.

MAIL, telephone privileges, $5; private box, conference room. 246 5th Av, Franklin.

DESK ROOM, elegantly furnished office; Summer rates. 132 West 43d, Room 605.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale or Rent.

22D ST., WEST—Garage, fireproof, sprinklered; truck elevator; 40,000 square feet, 50c a square foot. Principals, Cyrille Carreau, Inc., 101 Park Av. Ashland 0600.

24TH, 417-419 WEST—6,000 sq. ft.; suitable for dye house or laundry boiler; immediate possession.

49TH, 28 WEST—Spacious parlor floor, large show windows; rent reasonable.

4-STORY modern business building, 40-foot front, on Amsterdam Av., upper 80s; high ceilings, 100% sprinklered; perfect condition; suitable any mercantile business; garage permit. Principals, Cyrille Carreau, Inc., 101 Park Av. Ashland 0600.

Broadway, 377-379, corner White St.; knit goods offices and showrooms; north light; rent $500 up.
P. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., INC.
377 Broadway, New York.

LOFTS FROM 1,000 TO 5,000 SQUARE FEET. DAYLIGHT, FIREPROOF BUILDING; NEW FURNITURE CENTRE. SANDS & APPEL, 142 EAST 52D. CALEDONIA 6516.

GROUND FLOOR, 34x100, SUITABLE MANUFACTURING; 15-FT. CEILING. WALVIN CO., 100 10TH AV., NEAR 16TH.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

WANTED
PREMISES SUITABLE FOR
INDUSTRIAL CLUB
WITH
LARGE, REPUTABLE MEMBERSHIP.
PREFERABLY IN
TIMES SQUARE DISTRICT.
SUBMIT PROPOSITION BY MAIL TO
S 464 TIMES.

WANTED by desirable broker in Grand Central zone, private office, quiet, light, furnished or unfurnished, switchboard service; give rent, full particulars. T 224 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

1ST AV. (near 70th)—3-room apartment; low rent. Telephone Butterfield 9857.

69TH, 206 EAST—Furnished residence, 10 rooms, $3,000 a year, $900 a month; from Sept 1; unusual opportunity.

72D, 157 EAST (The Lexington)—One, two, three rooms, furnished or unfurnished; maid service available; restaurant on premises. Apply to Mr. Merritt, on premises.

92D ST. AND MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service; two rooms and bath, all light rooms; $25 a week and up; convenient to all transportation; close to park.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH ST., 15 WEST (corner, Apt. 8B)—Large living room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, charmingly furnished, for three months or longer. May be seen at any time.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and baths, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $75 to $125 monthly and up. Longacre 3760.

49TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator, telephone, newly decorated. Lindsley.

49TH, 28 WEST—Attractive three-room apartments; weekly or monthly; rent reasonable.

54TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Ideal studio home occupying entire ground floor of house, consisting of 2 unusually large rooms, reception hall, bath with shower, fireplaces, real kitchen; private street entrance and gardens in rear; north, south and western exposures; seen by appointment. Phone Circle 9488.

56TH ST., 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

EXTREMELY LOW SUMMER RATES.

58TH ST., 150 WEST—Large, sunny, one room; all conveniences; $50 up monthly.

60TH, 44 WEST (St. Paul Hotel)—3-room suite, kitchenette, bath; beautifully furnished; facing Central Park; full hotel service; $33 a week; inspection invited.

61ST, 10 WEST (Hotel Pasadena, corner Broadway)—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished 2-3-5 room apartments; kitchenettes and baths, overlooking Central Park; continuous elevator, restaurant, telephone and maid service; $20 up weekly Columbus 7127.

65TH, 15 WEST—Studios, pianos, bath, kitchenettes, $80; north light; suitable artist.

69TH ST., 245 WEST—1-2-3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; $20 up month; complete housekeeping; references.

70TH, 209 WEST—Attractive 2 rooms, bath, large closets; light housekeeping.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalston Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suite, bath; hotel service, restaurant; by week, month or year, from $28 week or $100 month up. Endicott 1060.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY SUMMER RATES.

72D, 844 WEST (Apt. 6F)—Sublet 7 rooms, 2 baths; will sacrifice on rent.

75TH ST., 166 WEST, HOTEL EMERSON.
Comfort, service, environment, without extravagance; few choice rooms, with bath, from $75 month; two-room suites, with bath, from $100 month.
A FAMOUS RESTAURANT.
American and European Plans.

76TH, 250 WEST—Five rooms, 2 baths, front, high-class elevator apartment; prefer breakfast room; door service; $225. Superintendent.

75TH, 325 WEST—Luxuriously and completely furnished 1-3 room apartments; exclusive.

75TH, 5 WEST—2 rooms and bath, complete kitchen; moderate. Davies.

76TH, 225 WEST—Unusually attractive entire parlor floor; also basement; partly furnished; ideal doctor, studio, residence; service reasonable.

76TH, 304 WEST—Artistically furnished, just remodeled studio, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone, linen, silver; $125-$145 month; maid service.

76TH, 325 WEST (Drive)—Attractive entire basement, bath, kitchen, yard; service; reasonable.

77TH, 50 WEST—Sublet two-room apartment; also three-room apartment; complete hotel service; beautiful rooms on Manhattan Square, facing Museum of Natural History and Central Park; very great reduction. Apply manager or phone Endicott 3700.

77TH, 272 WEST—Beautifully furnished 1-2 room apartments; excellent service.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV., COLONIAL HOTEL, FACING PARK.
All apartments newly furnished and decorated; parlor, bedroom and bath; $30 weekly or $125 month up. Trafalgar 2000.

82D, 70 WEST—Exceptional 1-2 room apartments, clean, respectable, comfortable; references.

84TH, 155 WEST—Bargain $80 monthly; beautifully, completely furnished modern 3 rooms, bath housekeeping apartment; absolute cleanliness; telephone.

84TH, 64 WEST—High-class, remodeled, artistically furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette.

87TH—1 and 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $83; nicely furnished. Wisconsin 8905.

93D (Drive)—Sell, sublet, two 8-room apartments; wonderful income. Riverside 3970.

94TH, 311 WEST—Attractive and completely furnished, immaculately clean, 6 all outside rooms, convenient all transportation; year's lease only; $175. Bernstein.

97TH, 50 WEST—Artistically furnished studio, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower, telephone, linen, silver; refined neighborhood, near park; $35 to $110 month; maid service.

98TH, 305 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $100.
Four-room apartment, $175 month.
Weekly, $25 to $45; full hotel service. Newly decorated; complete for housekeeping.

108TH, 235 WEST—4, 6 rooms, nicely furnished; clean; elevator; very reasonable.

109TH ST. AND MANHATTAN AV.
2-3-4-5-6 rooms, $30 monthly and up.
Also weekly rates. Elevator and non-elevator.
Apply 215 Manhattan Av.
REFERENCES ESSENTIAL. Academy 1647.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
High-class elevator apartments.
1, 2 and 3 rooms, $50 monthly and up.
Also weekly rates; references essential.
Apply 410 Cathedral Parkway. Academy 0613.

113TH, 546 WEST (Broadway)—Two rooms, bath, improvements; private house; maid service.

113TH, 416 WEST (Columbia)—4-7 room apartments; well attractive furnishings; good income from roomers. Kluna, Yellowstone 8417.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Attractive new apartments desirably situated in pleasant neighborhoods.

Apartments to Let—Furnished and Unfurnished

60 cents an agate line. Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

The New York Times censorship is intended to exclude unreliable advertisements.

Furnished—West Side.

122D, 416 WEST (Morningside Drive)—Delightful location, heights, overlooking Morningside Park; residence club near Columbia; choice environment; attractive general reception rooms; well furnished housekeeping suites, four rooms, front, large kitchen, private bath; $130; three rooms, front, $100; two rooms, front, $65.

138TH, 529 WEST—Very desirable 4-5 front rooms; complete; $18. Newton.

170TH, 629 WEST—Comfortable furnished 3-room apartment; immediate possession; permanent. Siegel.

181ST, 728 WEST—3-room elevator apartment, newly furnished, modern improvements. Supt., or Washington Heights 1706.

187TH, 523 WEST—6, 7 large, light, beautifully decorated apartments; high-class elevator; $85-$100; concessions.

BROADWAY, CORNER 67TH ST.
IN THE HEART OF MANHATTAN.
121 West 67th St., just completed, 1 and 2 room apartments; disappearing beds; every modern improvement; refined, quiet surroundings; reasonable. Renting agent on premises.

BROADWAY, 2,647 (100th)—Beautifully furnished 4-room front apartment, exclusive neighborhood. Mrs. Schutte.

BROADWAY (Near West 75th)—Bachelor (Christian) will share 4-room apartment with gentleman. Phone Bond, Trafalgar 8178.

CLAREMONT AV., 175 (near Grant's Tomb) (Apt. 51)—Will sell outright, sublet; four rooms, front apartment. Morningside 3750.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 488 (119th St.)—Seven, 8 rooms, two baths; extra lavatory; maid's room; three master's bedrooms; tile kitchen, &c.; overlooking river; beautiful apartment; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 250 (entrance 97th, Apt. 51)—Front apartment, large living room, southern and western exposure; until October.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 50—1-2-room high-class studio apartments; newly furnished; occupancy Oct. 1; $75 up. Apply premises.

WEST END AV., 646 (91st)—Attractive, new three-room apartment; real kitchen; scrupulously clean; ideal location; housekeeping. Superintendent.

WEST END AV., 550 (86th)—Beautiful 2-3 room suites, private baths, kitchenettes; suitable doctor, dentist; reasonable; subway.

Z. LANGHAM,
73d and 74th Sts., on Central Park West. House to sublet for a tenant, 10 rooms, corner apartment; fully furnished for one year. Apply to Mr. Whiting or telephone Susquehanna 4020.

Furnished—Bronx.

MIDDLETOWN ROAD, 2,078—3 rooms, private house; country surroundings; subway. Westchester 3785.

Furnished—Westchester County.

FURNISHED apartment; Chester Hill, Mount Vernon; 3 rooms, tiled bath and shower; private entrance; instantaneous hot water; complete kitchenette; large closets; near railroad stations; possession Sept. 1. ANDERSON REALTY CO., 84 East 1st St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Furnished—New Jersey.

FOR SALE—A completely furnished three-room apartment in the fashionable Bergen section of Jersey City, furniture, books and solid silverware, costing over $4,500, may be had for $1,500

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

Continued From Preceding Page.

78TH ST., WEST—Bachelor (Christian) will share 4-room apartment with gentleman. Phone Bond, Trafalgar 8178.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER; DELIGHTFUL COOLING SYSTEM INSTALLED; $2 A DAY; $12 WEEK; BATH ADJACENT. COMPLETE HOTEL SERVICE.

81ST ST., 123 WEST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements.

82D, 110 WEST—Large bedroom, dressing room, private bath, kitchen, linen, dishes, silver, telephone, electricity; $20.

82D, 76 WEST—Cozily furnished room, strictly clean, all conveniences. Volante.

83D, 22 WEST—Combination living room and bedroom, bath, kitchenette; large and small connecting rooms; clean house.

83D, 24 WEST—Newly decorated and beautifully furnished doubles, singles; reasonable.

84TH, 104 WEST—Newly furnished single room, convenient bath, clean, $7. McGhee.

84TH, 320 WEST (Apt. 2-W)—Attractive, light room; private family. Call evenings.

84TH, 51 WEST—Three rooms, bath; refined surroundings.

85TH WEST—Large, clean, homelike room, running water; private family. Schuyler 6862.

86TH (2345 Broadway)—Gorgeous rooms, suites; water; private bath; $11-$25. Adler.

86TH, 11-25-33, WEST — Newly furnished rooms, suites; suitable studio.

87TH, 46 WEST—Large, newly decorated rooms, private baths; electricity; all conveniences.

87TH, 14 WEST—Light airy rooms; all modern conveniences; $8.

89TH, 327 WEST—Single room, running water; large room, housekeeping, next bath.

88TH, 65 WEST—Private baths, kitchenettes; others, $12 up; singles, $5.50 up.

90TH, 55 WEST—Comfortable housekeeping double room; couple; private bath; homelike; owner.

90TH, 308 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath, twin beds; $12-$14; phone.

92D, 106 WEST (Apt. 1)—Clean, airy room, large closet, $6.

97TH, 209 (Broadway)—Attractive, clean, outside room, adjoining bath; elevator; private family.

97TH, 316 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive front room, $9; smaller $7.50; modern. Stanford.

98TH, 254 WEST—Gentlemen desiring refined home, large, comfortable front room or suite, bath, shower; references. Apt. 7.

98TH (2,612 Broadway)—Very choice medium, shower, southern exposure; new apartment (7-B).

98TH ST. (2,612 Broadway) — Attractive rooms, running water, $6-$7; improvements, 6-B.

106TH, 221 WEST (Broadway)—Single room, with running water; private family, Rogers.

106TH, 61 WEST—Front room, elegantly furnished; elevator, phone. Apt. 20.

106TH WEST—Front, $6, $7; housekeeping; refined business people. J 132 Times.

108TH, 326 WEST—Beautifully furnished double room; private bath, kitchenette; exclusive house.

111TH, 526 WEST (near B'way)—Beautiful large front room; $10. Enoch. Apt. 4B.

112TH, 532 WEST—Front room for one, $8; clean; elevator. Apt. 21.

113TH, 546 WEST (Broadway)—Large room; suitable for two; private house; service.

117TH, 117 WEST—One double room, private bath, first floor, all improvements, kitchenette.

119TH, 12 WEST—Nice, comfortable rooms; running water, all improvements; gentlemen or couple; private family; two flights up.

121ST, 420 WEST—Large and small light rooms, running water, shower, all improvements, elevator, kitchen. Giffin, Apartment 4, elevator.

122D, 416 WEST (Morningside Drive)—Delightful location, heights overlooking Morningside Park; residence club; near Columbia; choice environment; attractive general reception rooms; large front room and large kitchen, for two, $16; with kitchenette, $12, $14; single rooms, $7-$9; small private bath, $7.50.

122D, 520 WEST—Cozy room, kitchen privileges. Apt. 1-C, 1, 2. Higgins.

125TH, 612 WEST—Room, bath with kitchenette, private house, phone; subway; Riverside.

147TH, 546 WEST—Medium, large; running water; housekeeper part rent. Schavrien.

156TH, 570 WEST (APT. 7).

Charming suite, private entrance; $16 weekly; suitable two gentlemen, couple.

160TH, 555 WEST—Beautiful corner rooms, one or two; elevator. Apt. 26.

172D, 575 WEST (Apartment 5B)—Beautiful, large, front double, single rooms; elevator, telephone; light housekeeping; couple; gentleman; references.

CLAREMONT—Twin beds, running water; reasonable. Store, 10 Tiemann Place (125th, Broadway).

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 353 (108th St.)—Comfortably furnished, airy, small or large; elevator; maid service. Academy 0872.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 530 (inquire 6D)—Elevator, light, cool; $8, $10. Morningside 4824.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (85th)—Large room and bath; references required. Schuyler 1371.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 849—Furnished room for gentlemen; all conveniences. Cross.

INDEPENDENT furnished room for two; hot water, electric light. 344 West 48th St. J. Lopez.

SINGLE room for young man, near bath; private residence; special Summer rate. Circle 0236.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Double furnished room, block from ocean, for September, $60. Cortlandt 5113.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

83D, 101 WEST (Apt. 20)—Beautiful, unfurnished, front room. Weiss.

154TH, 701 WEST (N. W. cor. Hway)—New building, 3, 4 rooms, bath, real kitchens; $56-$88; unusual suites for refined people.

LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, ELECTRIC LIGHT, GAS, SOME WITH BATHS; RENT $35 TO $80 PER MONTH.

EMPIRE SQUARE REALTY CO., 1,947 BROADWAY. TRAFALGAR 5898.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

MERCHANT, gentleman, desires large, comfortable room between 72d and 110th, west of Central Park for $10; strictly private family. P 10 Times.

MIDDLE AGED GENTLEMAN wishes room and breakfast with congenial small family; state price. P 11 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes large furnished room, with family; answer with price. Box 12, 646 Westchester Av., Bronx.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH ST. (at Lexington Av.) — Hotel Rutledge, for women only; one room and meals, $18 weekly and up; elevator, telephone, &c., with hotel service; newly decorated.

63D (near Madison Av.)—Private family; handsomely furnished room, second floor, bath adjoining; single lady; board; references. Ithnelander 1474.

MADISON AV., 213—Attractive single and double rooms; excellent table; references required.

West Side.

87TH, 201 WEST (The Kennedy)—Single and double rooms, suite; elevator; private phones; unusual restaurant. Schuyler 7211.

88D, 254 WEST—Rooms, private bath; exclusive residence; home cooking; table guests.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR—Double room or suite, shower; near beach, station. Bayside 1079W.

LONG BEACH — Catering to a few refined guests for season; good location; excellent table. Phone Long Beach 879.

LONG BEACH (429 West Penn)—Excellent board. Mrs. Feigin, Long Beach 286.

New Jersey.

SUMMIT—Party desirous securing permanent home, not boarding house, offered superior accomodations; private family; lovely home. Summit 1663.

LARGE private home; will take permanent guests; delightful house on bathing beach; large enclosed porch; all year; 40 minutes from New York. Phone Woodbridge 23W, or X 2023 Times Annex.

New York State.

WIDOW, Christian, will board new baby; country home; fresh milk; private preferred; best references. Mrs. E. Pollet, Hyde Park, Dutchess County, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ARTIST, original, pen, pencil, color; refined, dependable; accustomed taking charge; principally figures, nude, draped; design and lettering; reliable house. Z 2361 Times Annex.

ARTIST, fashion, experienced pen-and-ink, wash; permanent preferred. Leonia 1025W.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, high school graduate, excellent reference; salary secondary. Robins, 1,308 Union Av. Intervale 3458R.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 25, double entry controls, six years last position, high school graduate; full charge. G 378 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, capable, full charge; balances, controls, statements; $40. L 420 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER.

I have been manager of the accounts payable office of one of New York's largest department stores; since then I have had charge of the office of a manufacturing concern; references are of the best; salary $45. G 370 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, extensive business experience, seeking connection successful business house; unquestionable references furnished. Address 342 Madison Av., Room 1116.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant stenographer, experienced; $20 to start. Call Kilpatrick 8689.

CLERICAL typist, knowledge of office routine; afternoons, part time, 1:30 to 5:30. Phone Tremont 6295.

CLERICAL, penman; 16; part time $6; full time $12. Mollie. Drydock 0008.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent; recommendations; out; $7; theatrical remodeling. Miss Fairman, Clarkson 1260.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT wanted by publisher of engineering trade journal to handle details of a technical handbook; permanent position, good future; give full details in first letter. V 630 Times Downtown.

EDITOR-PUBLISHER, young lady, college graduate, wide experience as magazine writer and executive manager of bookshop, desires position. G 379 Times.

NURSE wishes position in a doctor's office; graduate Lenox Hill Hospital, 1923; also qualified secretary; best of references. Box 145, 392 Amsterdam Av.

SECRETARIAL position; have good knowledge German and French; can type French or German; export and import work preferred; graduate Wisconsin University. Miss Ellen Flynn, care of Cohn Rissman, 212 5th Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, long experience, capable, efficient, not afraid to assume responsibility; permanent; salary $30; leave message. Ashland 7186.

SECRETARY, thoroughly efficient and dependable; good correspondent and stenographer; educated; diversified experience; $35-$40. J 43 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' legal, commercial experience, open for position Sept. 1; now public stenographer. J 130 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, handle correspondence, details; selling experience; initiative; competent; $35. Lexington 5411.

SECRETARY, banking, real estate experience; moderate salary; references. H 998 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert; 10 years' experience; $35; permanent. E 952 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, college, young woman; thoroughly experienced; $45. C 38 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.

College, American, expert stenographer; thoroughly experienced; $40. Havemeyer 3895. G 352 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGH BUSINESS ABILITY WITH INITIATIVE, SOUND JUDGMENT, RETENTIVE MEMORY, GOOD PERSONALITY. WADSWORTH 1225.

STENOGRAPHER and switchboard operator; owing to the curtailing of our office force, we are anxious to see well placed a competent, reliable and conscientious young girl. Commonwealth Building Co., 20 Church St. Phone Cortlandt 8748-8749.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; rapid, accurate, efficient, loyal. Miss Cole, Murray Hill 7510. 345 Madison Av., care Collegiate.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience; very capable; salary $30. F. B. Guth, 521 West 185th St. Billings 3766.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping, 5 years' experience. R. Herman, 527 West 187th St. Billings 0704.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, composes own letters, desires part-time position. Raymond 5379.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; 17; eight preliminary; start $14.; recommended. Julia. Drydock 0008.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; references. Laura Satora, Estey Scool, 37 East 58th St. Regent 7340.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, bright, intelligent. Miss Leeds, 1,029 East 163d St. Intervale 3458.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, thoroughly reliable; $25. M 897 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires connection with advertising concern. L 447 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, neat, accurate; start $12. Anna Green, 1,632 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, part time; Bronx preferred. V 1286 Times Bronx.

YOUNG LADY of favorable appearance desires to make connections in the capacity of office executive; full knowledge of all business routine and all branches of bookkeeping; six years of experience, dependable, pleasing personality, and well educated, able to meet people; interview will convince. L 361 Times.

YOUNG LADY, five years' experience, desires steady bookkeeping position; full charge of books; salary $30. J 127 Times.

FRENCH, English stenographer, translator; position evenings, Saturdays and Sundays. 156 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS WANTED

Rate 10 cents per agate line.

FEMALE.

CHAMBERMAID, seamstress, experienced; best of references. J. Gosh, 511 West 146th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Finnish woman, experienced chauffeur or waitress; references. Lehlonen, 3 West 123d St. Harlem 0763.

COOK, German, highly recommended, wants permanent position private family keeping second maid; Mount Vernon or vicinity. 41 South 1st Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

COOK, waitress; mother and daughter; experienced. Phone Riverside 6297, 10 to 2.

DAYS' WORK—Washing, ironing, cleaning; young woman. Write S., 507 Amsterdam. Av.

GIRL, colored; mother helper or housework; sleep out. 247 West 144th. Black.

HOUSEKEEPER, cook or nurse; woman about 50, white, American, Protestant, wishes place where she can have her 13-year-old girl with her; good home considered more than wages. Mrs. P. F. Dee, Ettrick, Va.

HOUSEWORKER, experienced, willing, light colored; good cook, cleaning, washing; references. Bradhurst 5568.

HOUSEWORK, cook, colored; city, country. Call Sunday, Monday, Washington Heights 1296. Jackson.

HOUSEWORKER—Colored girl; part time, mornings; references. Audubon 0970, Apartment 4.

HOUSEWORKER, cook; whole, part time; call all week; reference; colored. Audubon 3886.

HOUSEWORKER, good cook; whole or part time; neat, reliable; colored. Bradhurst 8421.

LADY, middleaged, refined and cultured, wishes position as companion to lady; will exchange references. Bingham 845 5th Av.

LAUNDRESS, catering to high-class trade, to take in wash; call, deliver; references; sunny drying, neat mending. Mrs. Fox, 2 West 51st St. Circle 1336.

LAUNDRESS wishes position in private family; speaks French. 18 East 62d St.

LAUNDRESS, first-class; day's work, washing and ironing. Lordan, 113 West 60th.

NURSE, graduate, colored, desires position doctor's or dentist's office. Morningside 6127. Magahee.

NURSERY GOVERNESS; knowledge French, English; best references. J 129 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other South help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange Agency, 314 West 50th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1892.

COOKS, part-timers, houseworkers, chambermaids, cleaners, laundresses, pressers, nurses (refined colored), janitors, porters; references. Agency (free). Audubon 5774.

HOUSEWORKERS, highly recommended colored part-time maids, $10.60; day workers, chauffeurs, porters, &c.; investigated references. Agency, Bradhurst 2346.

FEMALE.

Employment Agencies.

EXCELLENT Scandinavian and German domestic help; references investigated. Djaanes & Wisland Employment Agency, 120 East 59th St. Plaza 8595.

BELTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Schuyler 1987. East side, 787 Lexington Av. Regent 6940.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, $3.60; chambermaids, part-timers; recommended colored. Free Agency, Harlem 1573.

PART-TIMERS—$5.30, $8.60, $10.60; housewokers, nurses, cooks, free. Givens Agency, Bradhurst 8537.

WILLIAMS' COLORED AGENCY—Southern help; references investigated. 45 West 99th. Academy 9139.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY—Experienced colored maids; good references. Audubon 2856. Bradhurst 2398.

HOUSEWORKERS all kinds, cooks, whole, part; city. Audubon 1128. Community Agency, Free.

TINKA ANDRESEN, Scandinavian Agency, 2,209 Broadway (83d). Endicott 7740-7741.

MALE.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 West 64th. Trafalgar 6184-6185.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 34, white, clear record, wishes position; out of town or travel; employed in city present; only reason for changing, Academy 7055. Godfrey.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single; long experienced driver, reliable, steady, willing, obliging; personal reference; city or country; anywhere. Columbus 9623.

CHAUFFEUR — GENTLEMAN LEAVING TOWN DESIRES TO PLACE CHAUFFEUR; HIGHLY RECOMMENDED. EDGECOMBE 5939.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position, private or commercial; work or hours no object; best reference. Collins, 1,670 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, experienced, private; butler, houseman; commercial. Edward, Morningside 0890.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, houseman; moderate wages; city, country. 70 West 132d. Harlem 2387.

CHAUFFEUR, private; experienced; references. Call Susquehanna 8427. Roger.

COUPLE—Swedish, chauffeur, cook, desire position; references; New York, New Jersey licenses. Phone Murray Hill 10090 mornings. Petersen.

JANITOR, colored, good cleaner; small house; room; wages. Henry, Harlem 2387.

JAPANESE—Good cook, butler; wants position or bachelor place; good experience, references. 242 East 58th St. M. Sugi. Telephone Plaza 8141.

JAPANESE—Experienced general houseworker; best reference. Wasa, 148 West 65th St. Susquehanna 2816.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, 26, university graduate; seven years' varied accounting experience; highly capable executive; full knowledge office practice; desires responsible position with reputable mercantile concern; salary moderate. M 20 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 38, married, credits, collections, statements, office management, correspondence; constructive worker; salary moderate. M 61 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced bookkeeper, desires certified connection. M 928 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, systems, arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $3 weekly. Bryant 0083.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' varied experience, desires certified connection. 953 3d Av.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 21, desires permanent connection; fully experienced. C 74 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Swiss, 27, would like clerical work with large agricultural firm, motion-picture company or steamship company going any place; permanent. C 30 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, office manager, correspondent, 28, married, 10 years' experience; references; salary about $65. 132 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 28, married, office manager, assume control experienced; salary secondary to opportunity. J 85 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, eight years' experience; conscientious worker; good all-around office man. G 334 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent desires position spare time and evenings. J 128 Times.

BOY, 18 years, wants position; high school graduate; excellent references. Orchard 2965.

BRUSHMAKER, all around bristle man; understands paint brush making thoroughly; can take charge. M. Cohen, 803 South 16th St., Newark, N. J.

CASHIER, reliable; good references; security. Jansen, 341 West 22d. Phone Watkins 0071.

COMPUTER-SURVEYOR, thoroughly experienced field and office work; start immediately. 42 Times 165 Broadway.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; 9 years' broad experience; technical; moderate salary. L 422 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, thoroughly trained, energetic, reliable man, accustomed to responsibility; three years' sales experience abroad, competent to manage branch office; excellent correspondent, 28, married, Christian, desires connection where ability and initiative will be rewarded; best references from present employers. 41 Times 165 Broadway.

EXECUTIVE.

Office manager, can assume entire responsibility; thorough practical experience; credits, collections, bookkeeping, purchases; good correspondent; dependable and energetic worker; best references. J 33 Times.

JANITOR-SUPERINTENDENT wants large house, no basement, no switchboard; first-class reference. Prager, 1,318 Stebbins Av. Intervale 3862.

MAN, married, age 30, desires connection with reliable concern; had ten years' selling experience. BB 18 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

MAN, intelligent, age 40, speaking French, German Rumanian, Serbian and Czechoslovak, desires a position. Call Butterfield 4469.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 22, experienced bookkeeper, typist, correspondent, export, import line, desires permanent connection progressive concern. J 83 Times.

OFFICE MAN, experienced cotton goods, capable taking charge records concerning orders, stock, converting, shipping. O 169 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, 28, married, 10 years' experience; expert accountant, systematizer, correspondent; references; salary $65. 133 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

PRESSER on dresses, colored, experienced, reliable. Holder, Bradhurst 6745.

SALESMAN, hardware, 12 years' wholesale, retail experience. M 881 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, aggressive, desires manufacturer's line for metropolitan territory; line must support earnest effort; no insurance. G 372 Times.

SALESMAN in the ready-to-wear line looking for connection; must have drawing account. E 966 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 35, married, several years' selling experience, wholesale. Z 2390 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 26, desires connection; highest references; can furnish car. J 63 Times.

SECURITY SALESMAN, high-grade producer, seeks connection with established organization to assist in refinancing; excellent references. E 941 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, long experience, best reference Charles Panos, 4,016 Av. I, Brooklyn.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, steady, married. Max Hoffman, 1,351 57th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, capable, industrious young man, college education, several years experience, seeks position with future. C 67 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; high school graduate; initiative; references; start at $22. Phone Billings 9323.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 21; experienced; $30 to start. O., Stationery, 2,166 8th Av.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes elevator apartment house; engineer, all repairs, elevators, plumbing, electricity; best references. G 380 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, seeking business career with future; knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting; 3 years' experience; do not wish to be permanent bookkeeper. E 968 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, has mechanical, electrical, carpentry training, also 8 years' experience as chauffeur, wishes position; Reuben Fox, Box 55, Station W, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, wishes position with future; experienced stenographer-secretary; excellent credentials. George Jenrich, 149 East 55th St., city.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position mornings until 2 o'clock; knowledge of bookkeeping, typing; will take any kind of work. M. Pierson, 109 West 54th.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 27, with sound general clerical experience, wishes position with reliable firm, starting Sept. 14; steady, reliable. J 122 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, possessing extensive office experience, executive capacities, seeks live-wire opportunity; highly recommended. J 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN, good education three languages, printing experience, wishes work with publisher or advertising agency. G 371 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, correspondent or responsible office position, understands statistical and routine work; moderate salary. L 347 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, Hebrew, high school graduate, conscientious, desires position with small, growing concern. M 883 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, aggressive, ten years' selling experience, good bookkeeping, wishes connection with reliable house. J 123 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, stock and selling experience, desires position where can learn business. Jack Straus, 281 Edgecombe Av.

YOUNG MAN desires position in advertising line; one year's experience. Price, 110 Lenox Av. Telephone University 5116.

YOUNG MAN (22), high school graduate, neat, good penman, wishes a position with advancement. B 1180 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married; handy with tools; locksmith, electrical experience; best of reference. A 1249 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 23, with five years' experience in jewelry novelty line, desires position. J 126 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position, experienced bookkeeper and typist. L 306 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires inside, outside position, growing concern. L 308 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious to be broken in to business. L 446 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

PACIFIC COAST TRAVELING SALESMAN, covering all cities West, permanent office in Los Angeles, desires connection, manufacturer art goods, gift shops or upholstery materials. Box 463 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS to call on association members; commission. Room 704, 291 Broadway.

ARTIST, stencilor, experienced on greeting cards; permanent work. Norcross, 244 Madison Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer. The Best Mills Co., 16 West 30th St.

AUTOMATIC PRINTING-TELEGRAPHY.

Automatic telegraphy is a varied, pleasing occupation, especially suitable for young women, although many young men find it the foundation for permanent and progressive employment. It offers a more dependable and remunerative livelihood than the majority of stenographic positions. The work is a combination of typing and proof reading, with miscellaneous features. The personnel has been carefully chosen. The educational requirements are not great, but a quick and thoughtful mind is necessary. During the training period of a few weeks the student earns enough to be self-supporting. Upon graduation the beginning wage is $18 a week, increasing to $25 and $30 per week, depending upon the aptitude and qualifications of the operator. Supervisory positions are invariably filled by promotion of operators.

MINIMUM age 17 years. Maximum 25.

WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.,

17th Floor, 24 Walker St., Near Canal St. and Broadway.

L L

BILLING CLERK, typist, experienced, accurate. Apply Frank M. Katz & Co., 22 West 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady; must be thoroughly experienced in checking remittances, &c., for ladies' coat or dress house; no others need apply; mention salary, reference, experience, &c. Z 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Elderly, thoroughly competent, to take entire charge double entry set. State age, experience and salary expected. Box 471, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, knowledge of stenography, must be bright, with personality; good permanent position. M. Gustin Co., 39 West 19th.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, control account; rapid and accurate; do not apply otherwise. Apply 2 to 4 P. M., Monday, Bulova Watch Co., 392 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, intelligent, several years' experience, thoroughly competent; salary not over $25. Call Charles H. Levitt, 35 West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, thoroughly experienced; capable doing own correspondence. Perfect Dress and Costume, 40 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for factory office, to take complete charge of books; salary $25. W 640 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, dress house. Call after 11 A. M., Fantasy Frock, 242 West 38th St.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, experienced, permanent position; pleasant surroundings. Caledonia Dress, 241 West 37th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; reference. Call Monday between 12-1. Fleminger Bros., 142 West 20th.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—Take full charge of office of gentile firm. Blue, 99 Myrtle Av., Bklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge typewriting. Call 10:30, Rainbow, 31 East 31st.

CANVASSERS and crew managers, refined woman's necessity, sanitary belts and steps combined; retails $1.50; commission 33 1-3 per cent.; quick sales made. Call Clifton Distributing Co., 1,658 Broadway, 51st St., Suite 408.

CASHIER for retail store; state salary and experience. S 354 Times.

CLERKS WANTED.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

Girls, 17 years of age or over, wanted for permanent positions; no business experience required.

HOURS 9 TO 4:30 O'CLOCK, SATURDAY, 9 TO 12 O'CLOCK.

LUNCHEON SERVED FREE.

Free classes in stenography, typewriting, comptometer operating, business English, millinery and dressmaking.

ADVANCEMENT IN SALARY AND POSITION MADE ON THE BASIS OF MERIT.

QUALIFIED APPLICANTS WILL BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY.

Apply any day between 9 and 4 o'clock, Room 1, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

COMPTOMETER operator and typist, experienced, in dry goods commission house; give full particulars, age, experience and salary wanted. M 31 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—Several good, permanent positions open immediately for experienced dictaphone operators. Miss Charash, Dictaphone Sales Corp., 154 Nassau St., Room 1515.

GIRL, young, neat appearance, to assist in show room; references. Randa, 57 West 38th.

LEDGER CLERK on accounts receivable, one with millinery experience preferred. Ideal Hat Co., 49 West 38th. Fitzroy 1982.

MODELS, SIZE 16, TALL, ATTRACTIVE, FOR DRESSES. LONG SEASON. J. M. SILVERMAN, 498 7TH AV.

MODELS—Quick money for attractive young women selling advertising space, memberships and tickets for big success at Polo Grounds; commission payment daily. 1,480 Broadway, corner 42d, Suite 1125.

MODEL—Young lady of neat appearance, size 16, to act as model for dress house; must be experienced. F. W. R. Dress Co., 470 7th Av.

MODEL, coats, size 16, to assist in office and typewrite; permanent position with good opportunity. Apply by letter or in person. Saul Yuran, 21 West 30th St.

MODELS, size 16, for prominent dress house; good salary; steady, all-year-round position. Almo Dresses, Inc., 1,859 Broadway.

MODEL, size 36, tall, attractive, experienced, for ladies' coat house. Meyer Vesell, 333 7th Av.

MODELS, SIZE 16, FOR COAT HOUSE. SILVER & GOLDSTEIN, 22 WEST 52D.

MODEL—COATS, SIZE 18. ROOM 5, 1,181 BROADWAY.

NURSES, registered New York, general day, night duty. Apply Supervisor Nurses, Jewish Hospital, Classon-St. Marks Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE, graduate, wanted for general ward duty; salary $90 monthly and maintenance. Apply Superintendent of Nurses, Barnert Hospital, Paterson, N. J.

OFFICE WORKER, general, knowledge of stenography; beginner considered. Commodore Shirt Co., 73 5th Av.

OPERATORS for telephone offices in central and lower Manhattan. No experience necessary.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE OPEN week days 8 A. M.-6 P. M.; Saturdays 8 A. M.-1 P. M.

1,158 Broadway (corner 27th St.), New York City. New York Telephone Company.

ORDER CLERK, thoroughly familiar with figures, good typist, knowledge of stenography, alert and willing. Call Max Schaffer Co., 31 West 15th St.

PACKERS, experienced on dresses; steady position; salary to start $15. Murry Schulman & Dessau, 230 West 38th.

SALESLADY DRESSMAKING

Thoroughly competent woman with following preferred, experienced in special orders and high-class ready-to-wear, accustomed to finest trade. Apply by letter. Applications confidential. Mme. Brundage, 26 East 56th.

SALESLADY, experienced on dresses. Molly 'O Shop, 2,880 Broadway, 102d St.

SALESWOMEN.

STEWART & CO., 5th Av.,

offer excellent opportunities for capable saleswomen experienced in selling women's and misses' wearing apparel; salary commensurate with ability.

DRESSES, COATS, SUITS, MILLINERY, BLOUSES, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY.

Apply Superintendent's office (entrance 2 West 37th St.).

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

SALESLADY, RETAIL DRESS STORE, EXPERIENCED, STEADY. DAISY, 1,692 PITKIN AV., BROOKLYN.

SALESLADY for art needlework store; must be competent in this line. Doelger & Co., 26 West 46th.

SALESWOMEN, CANVASSERS

in New York and elsewhere can earn large commissions selling our ladies' silk underwear direct to consumer; commission paid immediately. Multibond Sales Corp., 1,182 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN wanted everywhere, sell our shirts; salary and commission basis; direct to consumer; part, full time employment. Call or write all week, Mutual Shirt Sales Corp., 621 Broadway, New York City.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, capable, well educated. Apply Saturday or Monday to Mr. Hunt, Premier Service Co., 62 West 45th St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced; speed and accuracy essential; good salary. Call Stilwell 6795.

STENOGRAPHER.

A bright young woman with high school or college education, who has a thorough knowledge of shorthand, typing and English and is good at figures; pleasant office associates, permanent employment and advancement according to merit may be depended upon; the young woman selected will be one who is quick, accurate, conscientious, cheerful in performing any task that may be assigned and unafraid of work; state age, education, experience, religion and salary expectations. Address "Savings," K. L., 646 Times Downtown.

SALES REPRESENTATIVES.

Women with or without selling experience to act as our sales representatives for ladies' wear; an unusual opportunity to connect with a large growing concern where big money can be made; we give you every assistance and train you for our work; commission to start, but salary will be given as soon as you show ability to produce results. See Miss La Marque, Room 501, 110 West 42d St.

SALES WOMEN WANTED.

Good salaries and steady work, part time and full time.

DRESSES COATS MILLINERY SHOES

National C. & S. Co.'s Retail Store, 39 West 13th St. Mr. Abramson.

STENOGRAPHER,

with several years' experience; must be capable.

At WANAMAKER'S.

Apply Employment Bureau, Broadway and 9th St.

STENOGRAPHER, by downtown New York corporation; accuracy, attention to detail and willingness are more essential than long experience; permanent position; entrance salary $20; in replying state education, experience, religion and age. Address W. G. L., P. O. Box 64, Trinity Station, New York.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER in import business, 22-25, at least three year's experience, with sufficient education and grasp to attend to correspondence without dictation when familiar with business; starting salary $25; state full particulars, religion. E 912 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Exceptional opportunity in small law office for girl with ability and refinement. Apply by letter only to Room 1304, 40 Exchange Place, giving age, education, experience, salary and religion.

STENOGRAPHER for prominent coat and suit house; must be experienced as a good correspondent; one who has knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; give full particulars. Box 489, Realservice, 15 East 40th St.

STENOGRAPHERS (2), CAPABLE, EXPERIENCED GIRLS, BY PROMINENT CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; NO BEGINNERS NEED APPLY. SAMUEBER, FRANK & ENGEL, 1,359 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, by steel concern, must be experienced, rapid and accurate typist; high school graduate and over 20 years old preferred; salary start $22. Leo & Co., 145 West 41st.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping, insurance brokers office; must have experience in automobile insurance; state age, experience, reference. Room 1812, 250 West 57th St.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; one capable of handling detail in office of busy executive; good salary and plenty of opportunity for an energetic girl. Port Richmond 2305.

STENOGRAPHER, good typist; temporary position, two weeks, $25 weekly. Call this morning. Graphic Photo Engraving, 250 West 54th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Advertising agency has unusual opportunity for alert, ambitious assistant to head of agency. Call or write 20 Vesey St., Suite 609.

STENOGRAPHER, capable young lady, with knowledge of bookkeeping, for office of busy executive. Tilman Mfg., 14th St. and Van Alst Av., Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, at least two years' mercantile experience, high school education; state experience, salary; manufacturer. M 931 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED IN MANUFACTURING LINE. NIRENBERG & SALZMAN, 11 EAST 26TH.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, alert, familiar with figures, handle orders and correspondence. Call Max Schaffer Co., 31 West 15th St.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, neat-appearing young lady for showroom; wonderful opportunity for advancement. Room 1104, 225 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—One who can assist bookkeeper; state age, experience and salary expected to start. W 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent business girl, capable stenographer and typist for builders hardware concern. W 650 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, wide awake, knowledge of bookkeeping, experienced; must be 20 or over. Riverdale Paper, 209 West 38th.

STENOGRAPHER, one able to operate monitor switchboard preferred; $18 to start. V 624 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced only; $25 start; advancement. Eureka Outlet Corporation, 131 West 14th.

STENOGRAPHER, some experience necessary; temporary position. Call Monday, 10 o'clock, Martin Silverman, 1,819 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; $25 start. Baltimore & Ohio R. R., Pier 22 North River, New York.

STENOGRAPHER OF INTELLIGENCE AND ABILITY. APPLY OKAY EXTRACT CO., 37 EAST 8TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in real estate office; good salary. Phone Virginia

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 6 P. M.—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.
THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate with cuts, photographs, sketches or drawings.
FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Editorial Section.
FRIDAY, 8 P. M.—Undisplayed classified.
Business Opportunities.
SATURDAY, 1 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 4 P. M. day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines. Agate line of 6 words.

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarders and Board Wanted	60c
Help Wanted	55c
Salesmen Wanted	60c
Lost and Found	60c
Real Estate, Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	70c
Automobile Exchange	70c
Agents Wanted	75c
Mortgage Loans	80c
Employment Agencies	90c
Public Notices	$1.00
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.
Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.
Telephone LACKawanna 1000.
**In connection with advertisements basis of compensation, either salary or commission, and article or service offered must be stated.*
Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one inserting a fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Offices of The New York Times

Times Building	Harlem
Times Annex	137 West 125th St.
43d Street	Brooklyn
West of Broadway	300 Washington St.
Downtown	Bronx
† Beekman St.	2,329 Third Av. (149th St.)
Wall Street	Fordham
165 Broadway	11 E. Fordham Rd.

SALESMEN WANTED.

FURNITURE SALESMAN.

Large, well-known instalment house has an opening in its organization for an experienced salesman of proven ability; good live man; future assured for right party; salary and commission. S 413 Times.

FURNITURE SALESMAN, experienced in high-class retail store; good salary, steady position, chance for advancement. Call or write, Nasgell Shop, 111 East Fordham Road.

FUR TRIMMING SALESMEN, to cater to department stores and dress trade; all territories; commission only. Lou Hoffman, 133 West 25th St.

MONUMENT SALESMAN—A well established Jersey concern with all modern equipment, has opening for a $5,000 representative; a high grade man, married, about thirty years of age, and his work to sell monuments around Newark and Elizabeth; experience not essential; but some knowledge of pencil sketching an asset; a permanent connection with a future to the one chosen; commission basis; state your qualifications. Z 2382 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE AND SPECIALTY SALESMEN.

FLORIDA LOTS.
TWENTY (20) PER CENT. COMMISSION.

To sell large sized lots at $25, $50 and $100, singly and in blocks. We give deed and close for you. If you are a business getter and available, call at 10:30 Monday. You can sell these lots while still employed. Suite 511, 1,457 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.

Will put on in my department five to six bright, ambitious men; experience not necessary, as I help you to close sales; this is an exceptional opportunity; commission basis. Ask for Mr. Little, 275 West 34th St., Room 1867.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.

There is an opportunity for five or six ambitious salesmen to join the sales force of one of the largest and most successful real estate corporations in America; commission basis; experience not necessary; we give you 100 per cent. cooperation; we help you make 40% close sales. Apply Room 704, 104 West 42d St.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.

Wonderful opportunity for experienced lot or insurance salesmen; we are just putting on a new property in Stamford, Conn.; in a few weeks will open another large development near New Rochelle; our salesmen all make good money and we consider this one of the best properties we have ever handled; commission basis; call personally. H. A. Lockwood & Co., 415 Lexington Av., New York City.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN, renting, leasing and selling Bronx, Manhattan properties; live leads; commission. A. J. Clemens, 1,774 Southern Boulevard.

SHIRT SALESMEN, thoroughly experienced and with big following in New York and New Jersey, for popular price line of dress shirts, including silk shirts and lumberjack shirts; excellent opportunity for right party; drawing against commission; reply confidentially. W 626 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN.

Clean-cut, positive man, between 25 and 45, who is an experienced specialty salesman or who has apparent sales ability, to take over one of several excellent local territories we are ready to open in Greater New York district; straight commission and bonus basis; new electrical device sold direct to the home; a most excellent permanent opportunity to deserving man; men already established are drawing handsome incomes; no traveling; applicant must be of good character and clean record; married man given preference. Call personally SUITE 15, AT 102 ASHLAND PLACE, BROOKLYN, 1 block from Atlantic Av. subway station.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN—A Middle West lithographer, specializing in window and counter displays, has an opening for a man who wants to get into advertising work, selling to manufacturing executives; New York City territory; commission basis. X 2023 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, experienced, to call on drug trade in Greater New York, to sell a cleaning fluid with aid of conference card; drawing account. Call 9:30, Room 517, 17 West 60th St.

SALESMEN wanted to sell one of the most popular trucks in the market; easy sales, will furnish live leads; very good territory; commission basis. Box 24, 560 Melrose Av.

SALESMEN for established fancy linen house, acquainted with department and dry goods buyers, city and vicinity; salary and commission. W 648 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell a side line, out of town, of perforated designs to department and art embroidery stores; splendid proposition on commission basis. S 477 Times.

SALESMEN for large city business college to enroll students; leads furnished; liberal commission; steady position. Apply Mr. Warren, Suite 1024, 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN auto supply; wholesale; automotive experience essential; commission; territory Bronx and Westchester. Call Auto Trade Supply Co., 250 West 54th.

SALESMEN, furnishing line, to cover sideline of tables, floor lamps and wrought iron novelties; commission basis. Aurora Lamp Fixture Co., 83 Greene St.

SALESMEN to call on paint contractors and large users of paint, sell paint specialty. Phone for appointment, Bowling Green 1900. Drawing account and expenses.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, store and office fixtures; salary and commission. Apply Monday morning. Drydock Contracting Co., 434 East 10th St.

SALESMEN, experienced, auto accessories established jobbing house; salary and commission. Call Greenberg Bros., 86th St., off Av. Brooklyn.

SALESMEN to sell nationally advertised cloth products, commission basis. Write or call Nosar Mfg. Co., 132 West 43d St.

SALESMEN experienced, lamps and shades; New York and Pennsylvania; commission. Write A. B., 18 East 41st St., Room 1204.

SALESMAN, calling on drug trade; side line, small sample; toilet powder; commission. Odosan Co., 339 East 93d St.

SALESMAN, experienced, for road, sell laces and trimmings to custom dressmaker; salary and commission. L. 331 Times.

SALESMEN for smoking and novelty articles; salary and commission. Marcel, Meyels & Co., 33 Union Square.

SALESMAN—Active side line; commission; decorative laces, linens; Middle West territory. Z 2447 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted to sell union made overalls on commission to the jobbing trade. X 2004 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wonderful opportunity selling shipping room supplies; commission. W 644 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, artistic screens; commission. Ernesto Cruggi Studio, 139 Sullivan St.

SALESMAN, junior, gents' furnishing store; New York experience. Otto's, 2,214 Broadway.

SALESMAN sell hot oil treatment to beauty trade; salary. S 479 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMEN.

FLORIDA.

Here's your opportunity to get in on the greatest real estate activity in the country.

This is the golden hour for salesmen and investors in Florida real estate.

Sales made easy through our plan. We have moving pictures, and other sales helps.

Our lots as low as $100, on easy payments.

We help you close business.

Big money can be made on our attractive commission basis.

EDWARD L. McGRATH CO.,
19 WEST 44TH ST.
SUITE 1615.

SALESMEN.

Experienced lot or insurance men. Read our ad under Real Estate Salesmen. Ultra-desirable opportunity; commission basis. H. A. Lockwood & Co., 415 Lexington Av., New York.

SALESMEN, PRINTING—We have an excellent opening for a successful printing salesman, particularly a man with a broad knowledge of direct mail advertising; our selling plan is unusually attractive and offers an opportunity for a substantial income on a salary and commission basis; when answering advise in detail what experience you have had. T 195 Times.

SALESMEN—High-grade young men to sell floor coverings, carpets, rugs, &c., Oriental and domestic; young man of high social steanding; helpfulness and cooperation given; call on large interests, corporations, &c.; experience not essential but desirable; big opportunity; best references; liberal commission paid. S 386 Times.

SALESMAN—New York corporation wants high-grade man to travel and sell newspaper advertising service to merchants; liberal commissions paid daily; if engaged, one of our field men will sell in your presence and you will be thoroughly instructed. Phone Mr. McCarty, Madison Square 2480, for appointment.

SALESMEN—Balog Neckwear Co., 254 West 36th, has openings for high-class salesmen in its scarf and handkerchief department for following territories; New York City and vicinity, New York State, Pennsylvania, Ohio and South, either in conjunction with another line or exclusively; commission. Call or write.

SALESMEN
for responsible position with a New York corporation handling the distribution of Government compiled information; commission and expenses and satisfactory financial arrangement with those who can qualify. 40 West 39th, 2d floor. Ask for Mr. Runey.

SALESMEN—Young men, single; traveling positions, selling optical goods; experience unnecessary; we teach you; must have automobile; commission paid; advances for expenses; wonderful opportunity for ambitious young men; references required. American Spectacle Co., 136 West 52d.

SALESMEN
experienced in selling magazine subscriptions on club plan, also book salesmen; opportunity to establish permanent connection. The New York Times Company, Current History Department, 229 West 43d St. See Mr. Burgess, 10th floor.

SALESMEN—We want real live wire salesmen to sell real estate; we will furnish you leads from interested parties; we will give 100 per cent. cooperation; you can earn substantial income on liberal commission basis. Suite 1504, Borden Building, Madison Av., near 45th St.

SALESMEN—Wash goods house having extensive line of novelties, with right prices, want men to call on retail trade; only those with experience and following need apply; strictly confidential; commission basis; write, stating territory and experience. S 373 Times.

SALESMAN, LADIES' NECKWEAR—Prominent manufacturer desires representative for large cities, Middle West; established following essential to men qualifying a real proposition with unusual opportunities; salary or commission. Box 212, 228 West 42d.

SALESMAN—T. O. man; we are open for a live wire, thoroughly experienced salesman and T. O. man; one capable of taking full charge, retail, ready-to-wear shop, in South Norwalk, Conn.; salary and commission. Apply Bon Ton, 264 6th Av.

SALESMEN for medium sized towns, to sell line of Christmas handkerchiefs, boudoir caps, scarfs and other good novelties; popular priced merchandise; good opportunity for right men, side line; all territories; commission basis. S 423 Times.

SALESMAN—FURNITURE.
Thoroughly experienced instalment man; must furnish highest credentials; salary and commission. Apply in person, Kalamazoo Furniture Co., 1,031 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN
with following in cutting-up trade for novelty stitching and tucking line; good opportunity for right party; salary and commission. Knickerbocker, 123 West 23d.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell a factory line of popular-priced silver-plated hollow ware, to call on department store trade in N. Y. and vicinity; salary or commission. Western Silver Works, 128 Mott St.

SALESMEN—Quick money for capable people selling advertising space, membership and tickets for big success at Polo Grounds; large commission; payment daily. 1,450 Broadway, corner 42d St., Suite 1125.

SALESMEN, to solicit house wiring and radio on time payment; 20 per cent. commission. Apply to I. Sonnesberg, care of Commonwealth Wiring and Fixture Co., 265 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN wanted everywhere sell our shirts; salary and commission basis; direct to consumer; part, full time employment. Call or write, all week, Mutual Shirt Sales Corp., 621 Broadway, N. Y. C.

SALESMEN—Automobiles; not necessarily experienced if otherwise qualified; unusual opportunity on a commission basis. Mr. Austin, Decatur Auto Sales Corp., 1,365 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN to carry as line or side line ladies' leather handbags; for N. York State, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New England, Indiana; straight commission basis. Call at 11 West 25th, 5th floor.

SALESMAN for artificial silk yarn concern, with big following in dress trimmings, passementerie and embroidery lines; salary and commission. Feiring-Nerick, 18 West 20th.

SALESMAN, experienced, for dress trimming and lampshade line; good chance for right party; salary and commission. Astor Braid and Trimming Co., 39 West 21st.

FLORIDA.

HIGH-CLASS DEVELOPMENT SEEKS LOCAL REPRESENTATION.

This development, located four and a half miles south of Jacksonville actually has under construction tourist hotel, country club, golf course, Administration building and other city improvements on an extensive scale. More than $900,000 worth of property was sold to Jacksonville people out of the first section in less than four weeks. Company composed of a group of leading Jacksonville citizens, and proposition stands investigation through local banks. The proposition is the most unusual throughout Florida, having a mile and a half St. Johns River frontage and a mile and half lake frontage with Dixie Highway and St. Augustine Road passing through it, twenty-foot bluff, a forest of giant trees, many over 500 years old; is to be nationally advertised. General sales manager will be in this city in the next week or ten days, seeking high-class reliable sales connection in local realtor or sales organization qualified to properly represent this company; commission basis. Only men of responsibility and of the highest calibre need apply. If you read this and are not interested, favor a friend by calling it to his attention. Address A. L. M., giving your name, phone number and details. On arrival sales manager will communicate with all parties for immediate interview. This ad is to run six consecutive days. Connections are to be closed immediately.

Z 2440 TIMES ANNEX.

MANUFACTURERS' representatives, selling to jobbers of plumbing and heating supplies, desire two salesmen, 20 to 25 years of age; long experience not necessary, this is a real opportunity for a young man where work will bring him results; state salary and references. S 907 Times Downtown.

IMPORTERS want salesmen to sell high-class cotton and silk novelty dress fabrics, also high-class novelty flannels; require experienced salesmen for all territories, well acquainted with the retail trade; on commission basis. S 437 Times.

ENTIRE Southern territories, experienced department store, leather goods, jewelry department, sideline; commission; state experience. S 356 Times.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENCY for well-known English leather goods manufacturer offered to a reliable firm. G 377 Times.

FOR SALE AND WANTED TO PURCHASE ADVERTISEMENTS ON PAGE 19.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16.—Pressure is high almost generally east of the Mississippi River, and it is low over practically all other regions, with centres of minimum pressure over Utah, Eastern North Dakota and north of Newfoundland. Pressure is also relatively low over the Caribbean Sea.

There have been local thunderstorms within the last twenty-four hours in the Lake Superior region, Missouri, portions of Iowa, Nebraska and the Dakotas and along the South Atlantic and East Gulf Coast, and general showers in Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and Northern Montana. Elsewhere fair weather has prevailed.

The temperature is above normal almost generally east of the Rocky Mountains, and it is considerably below normal in Idaho and Western Montana, Alberta and in the interior of the North Pacific States.

The indications are for mostly fair weather Monday in the Washington forecast district, but local thunder showers are probable Tuesday or Tuesday night in portions of practically every State east of the Mississippi River. There will be little change in temperature the next two days.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the preceding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Temperature. Barom-Rain-

Station.	*High.*	*Low.*	*eter.*	*fall.*	*Weather.*
Abilene	98	..	29.82	..	Clear
Albany	86	72	30.16	..	Clear
Atlanta	94	..	30.16	..	Clear
Atlantic City	78	64	30.16	..	Clear
Baltimore	86	66	30.14	..	Clear
Bismarck	88	..	29.80	..	Clear
Boston	80	66	30.12	..	Clear
Buffalo	86	64	30.12	..	Clear
Charleston	88	..	30.04	..	Clear
Chicago	88	..	30.04	..	Clear
Cincinnati	90	..	30.04	..	Clear
Cleveland	86	66	30.08	..	Clear
Denver	86	..	29.78	..	Clear
Detroit	86	70	30.08	..	Clear
Galveston	90	..	29.94	..	Clear
Helena	88	..	30.04	..	Clear
Indianapolis	88	..	30.04	..	Clear
Jacksonville	86	..	30.02	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Kansas City	90	..	29.86	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Los Angeles	76	..	29.92	..	Clear
Miami	88	..	29.96	..	Clear
Milwaukee	80	64	30.02	..	Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	86	..	29.86	..	Clear
New Orleans	90	..	29.92	..	Clear
New York	86	68	30.18	..	Clear
Oklahoma	96	..	29.84	..	Clear
Philadelphia	86	68	30.16	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	88	..	30.10	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	88	..	30.10	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	74	..	29.88	..	Clear
Salt Lake C'y	86	..	29.66	..	Clear
San Antonio	100	..	29.84	..	Clear
San Diego	76	..	29.86	..	Clear
San Francisco	60	..	29.86	..	Cloudy
Seattle	70	..	29.94	..	Clear
St. Louis	84	..	29.98	..	Clear
Washington	84	..	30.16	..	Clear

Eastern New York—Fair Monday, Tuesday partly cloudy, probably local thunder showers Tuesday afternoon or night; not much change in temperature.
Northern New England—Fair Monday; Tuesday increasing cloudiness, probably followed by local thunder showers Tuesday afternoon or night; not much change in temperature.
Southern New England—Fair Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, probably local thunder showers Tuesday night; not much change in temperature.
Eastern Pennsylvania, District of Columbia and New Jersey—Fair Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, possibly local thunder showers Tuesday afternoon or night; little change in temperature.
Western Pennsylvania, Western New York and Virginia—Generally fair Monday; Tuesday local thunder showers; not much change in temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.
Official Temperature.

5 AM.	69	12 M.	84	6 PM.	79
6 AM.	68	1 PM.	83	7 PM.	77
8 AM.	72	2 PM.	86	8 PM.	76
10 AM.	77	3 PM.	82	9 PM.	74
10 AM.	77	4 PM.	83	10 PM.	74
11 AM.	80	5 PM.	82	11 PM.	74

Average temperature yesterday, 77.
Average same date last year, 70.
Average same date for 46 years, 73.
High yesterday, 86 at 2 P. M.; low, 68 at 6 A. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 30.19; 8 P. M., 30.18.
Humidity—8 A. M., 77; 8 P. M., 64.
Wind—8 A. M. northeast, velocity 8 miles; 8 P. M. south, velocity 7 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., clear; 8 P. M., clear.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Forecast.
North Carolina and South Carolina—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday; possibly light local showers Tuesday.
Georgia—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; probably local thunder showers Tuesday and in south Monday.
Florida—Partly cloudy, with local thunder showers Monday and Tuesday.
Alabama and Mississippi—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably local thunder showers in extreme south.
Tennessee—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; possibly scattered thunder showers Tuesday; little change in temperature.
Kentucky—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; probably local thunder showers Tuesday and in extreme west Monday; little change in temperature.
Ohio—Generally fair Monday; Tuesday local thunder showers; not much change in temperature.
West Texas—Monday and Tuesday generally fair; continued.
Illinois—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably local thundershowers; not much change in temperature.
Indiana—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably local thundershowers Tuesday and Southeast Monday; continued warm.
Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, possibly local thundershowers Tuesday; not much change in temperature.
Upper Michigan, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Missouri—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, possibly local showers or thunderstorms; not much change in temperature.
North Dakota—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday, possibly showers northeast; not much change in temperature.
South Dakota—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; not quite so warm central portion.
Nebraska—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.
Kansas—Mostly fair Monday and Tuesday; continued warm.
Montana—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; slightly warmer Monday west and central.
Wyoming—Mostly fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:00—Kingsbridge Road and University Av., Bronx; Union Railway Co.	Trifling
12:40—56 Eldridge St.; not given	Not given
12:40—19 Catharine St.; not given	Not given
1:00—783 8 Av.; J. Goldman	Not given
1:05—715 9 Av.; not given	Not given
1:20—853 Broadway; not given	Not given
1:35—1,785 Madison Av.; A. Katz	Trifling
2:00—625 Brook Av., Bronx; Swift & Co.	Not given
4:15—345 W. 36 St.; not given	Not given
4:40—160 W. 106 St.; G. Carroll	Not given
6:30—407 E. 135 St.; M. Steinberg	Trifling
9:20—289 Front St.; not given	Not given
P. M.	
12:45—1,269 Madison Av.; Duffy & Conger	Not given
12:45—Morris Park and Bogart Avs., Bronx (auto); B. Pizzino	Trifling
12:45—2,889 Eastchester Av., Bronx; Lackin Lumber Co.	Not given
2:35—136 Greene St.; F. Berger	Trifling
3:40—546 W. 48 St.; Packard Motor Sales Co.	Trifling
4:50—26 W. 50 St.; Nox Coaten	Trifling
5:05—566 and 568 W. 164 St.; J. Kramer	Trifling
7:15—1 Lexington Av.; not given	Not given
8:30—3,780 Park Av.; not given	Not given
11:15—1,890 1 Av.; not given	Trifling

ROBBED, IS THOUGHT INSANE

Armenian Woman, Nearly Hysterical, Held Till Friends Explain.

Extreme excitement, due to the loss of $200 from her hand bag, and her inability to make known in English the cause of her troubles, led to the temporary detention of Margaret Keshishian of 229 East Twenty-first Street in the Psychopathic Ward of Bellevue Hospital yesterday afternoon.

The theft took place in the crowded West Shore ferry house at West Forty-second Street. Her outcries, in Armenian, led passengers to ask Patrolman Gisner of the West Thirtieth Street station to call an ambulance. When Dr. Sutliff arrived from Bellevue Hospital the woman was almost hysterical.

When she was being detained for observation the young woman made it known that if she got in communication with friends by telephone a different light would be thrown on the matter. Friends answering the young woman's call for help disclosed details of the robbery, and she was immediately released.

Detectives attached to the West Thirtieth Street station were detailed to run down the thief.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Hours are given in Daylight Saving Time unless otherwise noted.

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	7:09	7:28	7:57	8:03	9:35	9:59
Low water	1:11	1:18	1:50	1:56	4:02	4:14

THE SUN

Rises.	Sets.
A.M.	P.M.
6:06	7:53

Steamships Arrived Yesterday

Steamer.	From.	Date.
CONTE ROSSO	Naples	Aug. 7
CARMANIA	Liverpool	Aug. 8
CALIFORNIA	Glasgow	Aug. 8
ITALIA	Port Limon	Aug. 8
SCANDIA	Nyborg	Aug. 2
GRAIG	St. Lucia	Aug. 8
ASTREA	Curacao	Aug. 7
BYRON D. BENSON	Colon	Aug. 8
LONDON COMMERCE	Philadelphia	Aug. 15
CITY OF MONT'RY	Savannah	Aug. 13
COMANCHE	Jacksonville	Aug. 13
CHEPUKU MARU	Boston	Aug. 15
SARMATIA	Progreso	Aug. 8
TREFUSIS	Manchester	Aug. 1
CAN. CONSTRUCTOR	Colon	Aug. 8
CLEMENT SMITH	Tampico	Aug. 7
E. L. DOHENY JR.	Tampico	Aug. 7

Incoming Steamships

Steamer and Line.	Sailed From.	Due.	Will Dock.
*CEDRIC, White Star	Liverpool, Aug. 8	†Today, P.M.	W. 18th St.
*STUTTGART, Nor. Ger. Lloyd	Bremen	†Today, A.M.	16th St.
*PT. ST. GEORGE, Furness L.	Hamilton, Aug. 15	†Today, A.M.	W. 55th St.
*AMERICAN LEGION, Munson	Buenos Aires, July 30	†Today, A.M.	14th St.
*MARTINIQUE, Colombian	P. Colombia, Aug. 7	†Today	Cuyler's Alley
*PONCE, Porto Rico	San Juan, Aug. 12	†Today	†Hamilton Av.
*SAN LORENZO, Porto Rico	San Juan, Aug. 13	†Today, A.M.	†Hamilton Av.
*CARACAS, Red D.	P. Cabello, Aug. 6	†Today, A.M.	11, Furman.
*CAMAGUEY, N. Y. & C. M.	P. Padre, Aug. 12	†Today	Joralemon St.
*MINNEKHADA, Atl. Trans.	London, Aug. 8	Today, P.M.	W. 16th St.
*MAJESTIC, White Star	Southampton, Aug. 12	Tomorrow, A.M.	W. 17th St.
*ORDUNA, Royal Mail	Southampton, Aug. 8	Tomorrow, A.M.	Morton St.
*AMER. SHIPPER, Am. Merch.	London, Aug. 8	Tomorrow	Rector St.
*WESTPHALIA, Hamburg Amer.	Hamburg, Aug. 6	Tomorrow, P.M.	W. 46th St.
*ZACAPA, United Fruit	P. Barrios, Aug. 9	Tomorrow	Rector St.
*ORIZABA, N. Y. & C. M.	Havana, Aug. 15	Tomorrow, A.M.	Wall St.
*SIERRA VTANA, N. G. Lloyd	Bremen, Aug. 8	Wednesday	158th St.
*TENO, So. Amer. S. S. Co.	Valparaiso	Wednesday	†Harrison St.
*RESOLUTE, United Amer.	Hamburg, Aug. 11	Thursday, P.M.	W. 46th St.
*ROSALIND, Red Cross	St. John's, Aug. 15	Thursday	Java St.
*FT. VICTORIA, Furness B.	Hamilton, Aug. 18	Thursday, A.M.	W. 55th St.
*CARRILLO, United Fruit	Santa Marta, Aug. 11	Thursday	Fulton St.
*NICKERIE, Royal Dutch	Port-au-Prince, Aug. 14	Thursday	†Montague St.
*BERENGARIA, Cunard	Southampton, Aug. 15	Friday, P.M.	W. 14th St.
*ROCHAMBEAU, French	Havre, Aug. 12	Friday, A.M.	W. 15th St.
*PRES. ROOSEVELT, U. S.	Bremen, Aug. 12	Friday, A.M.	22d St.
*STAVANGERFJORD, Nor. Amer.	Bergen, Aug. 12	Friday	20th St.
*CANADA, Fabre	Marseilles, Aug. 4	Friday	131st St.
*IROQUOIS, Clyde S. S Co.	S. Domingo City	Friday	†Hamilton Av.
*LANCASTRIA, Cunard	Hamburg, Aug. 12	Saturday	W. 14th St.
*OHIO, Royal Mail	Hamburg, Aug. 14	Saturday	Morton St.
*CHAGRES, French	Bordeaux, Aug. 12	Saturday	W. 59th St.
*VOLENDAM, Hol. Amer.	Rotterdam, Aug. 12	Saturday, A.M.	10th St.
*ZEELAND, Red Star	Antwerp, Aug. 12	Saturday, A.M.	W. 20th St.

*Carries mail. †Reported by wireless. ‡Brooklyn. ‡Hoboken.

Outgoing Passenger and Mail Steamships

The following table shows the destination of steamers, the lines operating them, when their mails close (at General Postoffice and City Hall Station), when they sail, location of piers and points for which they sail:

SAIL TOMORROW (Aug. 18)

PRESIDENTE WILSON (Cosulich Line), Trieste (mails close 6:30 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), 41st St., Brooklyn. Azores and Portugal. Italy, Greece, Yugoslavia must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Azores, Portugal, Italy, Albania, Greece, Yugoslavia. Supplementary mail closes 8 P. M. if shipped by rail to Boston.

AQUITANIA (Cunard Line), Southampton (mails close 5 P. M.; sails 10 P. M.), W. 14th St. Europe, Africa, West Asia. Portugal must be specially addressed. Parcel post for France and the countries in Note B. Supplementary mail at Varick St. Station closes 8:45 P. M.

MARAVAL (Trinidad Line), Georgetown (mails close 8 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn. Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar, British Guiana. Also parcel post (except Ciudad Bolivar).

ARACAJU (Lloyd Brasileiro), for Bahia, Maceio, Recife (mails close 8 A. M.; sails noon), 44th St., Brooklyn. Pernambuco, Parahyba, Natal. Other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Pernambuco.

ST. PATRICK (Booth Line), Porto Alegra (mails close 11 A. M.; sails 3 P. M.), Hamilton Av., Brooklyn. Bahia, Sergipe. Other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed. Also parcel post. Supplementary mail closes 4 P. M., Wednesday. By rail to Norfolk.

LEMPIRA (Atlantic Navigation Corp.), Porto Cortes (mails close 2:30 P. M.; sails 5 P. M.), Catharine Slip. Honduras (except Amapala City, Choluteca, Departments of Colon and Atlantida, and prints, &c., for Nacaome, Tegucigalpa, Yuscaran). Parcel post for Porto Cortez, San Pedro Sula.

SAIL WEDNESDAY (Aug. 19)

AMERICA (United States Lines), Bremen (mails close *8 A. M.; sails noon), 2d St., Hoboken. Europe, Africa, West Asia. Norway, Sweden, Finland must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Irish Free State, Great Britain, Northern Ireland, France, Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland and countries mentioned in Notes A and B.

ARABIC (White Star Line), Hamburg (mails close *11 A. M.; sails 3 P. M.), W. 18th St. Great Britain, Irish Free State, Bergen, Northern Ireland, Madeira, South Africa, Cape Verde Islands, Sierra Leone, Liberia. Other countries must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland.

FORT ST. GEORGE (Furness Bermuda Line), Hamilton (mails close 8 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), W. 45th St. Bermuda. Also parcel post.

ECUADOR (Panama Mail Line), Cristobal (mails close 8:30 A. M.; sails noon), Colombia St. Colombia (except Cartagena, Cauca, Narino and Magdalena Departments), El Salvador, Nicaragua (except east coast). Canal Zone, Panama, Guatemala. Other parts of Colombia must be specially addressed. Also parcel post.

TACHIRA (Red D Line), Maracaibo (mails close *8:30 A. M.; sails noon), 14 Furman St., Brooklyn, Curacao, Venezuela. Porto Rico specially addressed only. Also parcel post.

SIXAOLA (United Fruit Co.), Santa Marta (mails close *9 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), Rector St. Costa Rica, Jamaica, Colombia, except Cauca and Narino Departments, Canal Zone, Panama. Other parts of Colombia must be specially addressed. Also parcel post.

GUIANA (Quebec S. S. Co.), Barbados (mails close 10 A. M.; sails 1 P. M.), Congress St., Brooklyn. St. Kitts, Nevis, Montserrat, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados, St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Guiana must be specially addressed. Also parcel post.

CORSICAN PRINCE (Prince Line), Buenos Aires (mails close 10:30 A. M.; sails 2 P. M.), 45th St., Brooklyn. Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay. Must be specially addressed.

HAITI (Colombian Line), Paramaribo (mails close noon; sails 2 P. M.), Cuyler's Alley. St. Thomas, St. Croix, Saba, St. Martins, St. Eustatius, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar, Guiana. Parcel post for Trinidad, British and Dutch Guiana.

LILLIAN LUCKENBACH (Luckenbach Line), Cristobal (mails close 2 P. M.; sails 6 P. M.), 35th St., Brooklyn. Canal Zone, Panama, Nicaragua (except east coast), Amapala City, Choluteca, Cauca and Narino Departments of Colombia, Ecuador. Printed matter for El Salvador, Nacaome, Tegucigalpa, Yuscaran. Also parcel post.

SAIL THURSDAY (Aug. 20)

CLEVELAND (United American Lines), Hamburg (mails close 5:30 A. M.; sails 10 A. M.), W. 46th St. Great Britain, France, Germany. Must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Switzerland.

SAUGUS (American Export Lines), Oran (mails close 7:30 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), Kent St., Brooklyn. Morocco, Algeria. Specially addressed only.

ROUSSILLON (French Line), Bordeaux (mails close 8 A. M.; sails 11 A. M.), W. 50th St. Spain. France must be specially addressed.

NOVIAN (Red Star Line), Antwerp (mails close 9:30 A. M.; sails 1 P. M.), W. 20th St. Belgium, Luxemburg. Specially addressed only. Parcel post for Belgium, Luxemburg, Belgian Congo.

DROTTNINGHOLM (Swedish American Line), Gothenburg (mails close *10 A. M.; sails 1 P. M.), W. 57th St. Sweden, Finland. Other countries must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Sweden.

UNITED STATES (Scandinavian American Line), Copenhagen (mails close *10 A. M.; sails 1 P. M.), 17 St., Hoboken. Norway, Poland, Russia, Latvia. Other countries must be specially addressed. Parcel post for Norway, Denmark, Poland, Russia, Latvia, Esthonia.

DROMORE CASTLE (American & African S. S. Line), Cape Town (mails close 11:30 A. M.; sails 3 P. M.), 20th St., Brooklyn. South Africa. Specially addressed only. Parcel post for South Africa, Bechuanaland, Portuguese East Africa, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Southwest Africa.

AMERICAN SHIPPER (American Merchant Line), London (mails close noon; sails 3 P. M.), Rector St. Great Britain. Must be specially addressed.

SANTA TERESA (Grace Line), Valparaiso (mails

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. Rate one dollar an agate line.

The cooperation of readers in reporting promptly advertisements which may appear to be questionable or misleading is welcomed.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WANTED, $25,000, FULLY SECURED AT very good rate of interest; security first mortgage on unencumbered property in Hamburg, Germany. For full particulars inquire "Good News," 90 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR SALES-man or executive with $5,000 to $10,000; I will offer partnership in established manufacturing business to right party. L 328 Times.

PARTNER WANTED, EXPERIENCED, IN established moving, express business. Englander, 3,416 Broadway.

LADIES' WEAR, RETAIL, WHOLESALE, desires lady partner; $5,000 necessary. Nibur, 1,476 Broadway.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL INVEST $20,000 UPWARD ESTAB-lished business; active partnership; experienced merchant; highest credentials; state nature business. G 384 Times.

Brokers.

CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED, FINANCED, reorganized, refinanced; also temporary, permanent loans. Colonial Industrial Co., 11 East 42d. Murray Hill 8977, Dept. T.

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RESPONSIBLE NEW YORK FIRM WISHES to get in touch with a reputable concern able to place all or part of an issue of $750,000 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of first-class going concern; no bonds or other indebtedness; last six years certified earning statement shows preferred dividend earned twice over; full details at interview. W 610 Times Downtown.

WANTED—ADVERTISING MANAGER FOR Florida publications; large income, salary and commission guaranteed; must have wide experience and be of highest caliber and integrity; will require investment after period of investigation and work to insure permanent interest in organization; give all details possible regarding qualifications in writing. S 457 Times.

WE ARE OPEN TO MANUFACTURE, FI-nance and promote small patented articles; ideas must be practical. S 455 Times.

PART OF JEWELRY STORE TO RENT for selling theatre tickets. 200 West 48th St., between Broadway and 7th.

PACKING BOX BUSINESS PARTNER WANTED. PHONE LEXINGTON 7546.

FOR SALE.

Plants and Factories.

SILK THROWING PLANT
at Dunmore, Pa., near Scranton; capacity 2,000 pounds per week; new Atwood machinery, brick building, 60x80, 3 stories and basement; plenty of experienced help available; a wonderful opportunity; only a small amount of cash required. Write to L. Sulkin, 643 Ferry St., Easton, Pa.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE MAN OR group of men to purchase a fully equipped electric manufacturing plant, manufacturing standard goods, with plenty of orders on books and wonderful opportunity for expansion; situated near New York; $5,000 will handle situation. Z 2388 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE RADIATOR MANUFACTUR-ing and repair shop; also fenders and body repairs and equipped with machinery for sheet metal work; including 2-story double building, located in Capital district; established 1912. Z 2341 Times Annex.

WILL SELL HALF INTEREST IN BUTTON plant manufacturing celluloid buttons and novelties; good opportunity for competent salesman or inside man. P 12 Times.

CELLULOID PLANT, MODERN AND COM-pletely equipped for manufacturing heavy celluloid buttons, buckles and novelties. P 13 Times.

MANUFACTURER SPECIALIZING JAP-anese and gold rings seeks work reasonable. Pollack, 73 Forsyth.

LADIES' NECKWEAR PLANT FOR SALE; moderate investment; easy terms. M. S., 207 Times.

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DEPARTMENTS FOR RENT.
Boys' Clothing
Luggage
Floor Coverings
Housefurnishings
Toys.

Reasonable rental to live parties. Martin's Department Store, Inc., 14th St. and 6th Av.

LUNCHEONETTE, SODA; FINE LOCA-tion; lease, cheap rent; receipts over $400 weekly; could be greatly increased by proper management; cash $1,200, balance terms; bargain. Times Square Realty Exchange, 241 West 42d St., city.

WE SPECIALIZE IN SODA FOUNTAINS and all kinds of store fixtures; easy monthly payments. Merit Equipment Co., 2 West 43d St. Pennsylvania 9284.

HIGH-GRADE DRESS SHOP ON BROAD-way in the eighties; forced to sacrifice account of illness. X 2013 Times Annex.

DRY GOODS STORE, GOOD JERSEY LO-cation; unusual sacrifice. Z 2328 Times Annex.

Restaurants and Tea Rooms.

BECOME INDEPENDENT—RESTAURANTS, lunch rooms, tea rooms, coffee pots, drug and confectionery stores are the money-makers of today; we start you in a business of your own by completely equipping your store; small cash payments, balance on easy monthly instalments; if you have a location call, write or phone. Merit Equipment Co., 2 West 43d St. Pennsylvania 9284.

RESTAURANT, SELF-SERVICE, ELEgantly constructed; heavy traffic section; established 10 years; does $120,000 business yearly; long lease; rent free; $30,000 cash necessary. I. Ziff, 1,482 Broadway. Telephone Bryant 4132.

GIVE US FOUR WALLS, WE DO THE rest. Restaurant fixtures for coffee pots, cafeterias, &c.; terms arranged. American Hotel & Restaurant Ware Co., 394 Canal St. Write or phone Walker 8555.

Garages.

GARAGE, NEW MODERN FIREPROOF building, two floors, runway; income producing; sell or lease long term; owner must leave city; rare opportunity. Inquire Room 817, 366 5th Av. Telephone, Wisconsin 8154.

GARAGE, 50'S, NR. 6TH AV., 100x100, 4 floors, leased direct from owner; same management many years. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway. Wisconsin 4674.

GARAGE; YONKERS; CAPACITY 40 CARS; filled; ideal for mechanic; $3,500; including security. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

GARAGE; LOWER EAST SIDE; GOING business; direct owner; long lease; security only. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

GARAGE, COMMERCIAL, WEST SIDE, downtown; two floors, 22,400 feet; 71 cents; cash $5,000. Wood, 5 Columbus Circle.

GARAGES, ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE. Gaillard, 100 East 42d. Ashland 8714.

Leases.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, EN-tire building; excellent location; Flatbush Av., near Albemarle Road, Brooklyn. W 611 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY, 3,839, CORNER 163D ST., choice light corner, large basement store; great future; $50 monthly.

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ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE PURCHASED ON NON-NOTIFICATION PLAN; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; LOWEST RATES. GENERAL COMMERCIAL FINANCING. CREDIT UTILITY CORPORATION, 270 MADISON AV. TEL. CALEDONIA 2700.

47 YEARS OF SERVICE.
ANY AMOUNT ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY. J. E. LEMON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1878. 478 6th Av. (29th St.). Tel. Lack. 8080-1.

LIBERAL ADVANCES ON YOUR AC-counts receivable and on export shipments. Caledonia Credit Corporation, 18 West 27th St. Phone Longacre 3412.

LOANS TO BUSINESS MEN
and high-grade salaried employes.
DANGLER FINANCE. STERLING 2158.

MONEY FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION. Phoenix Factors Corporation, 1,265 B'way. Reorganization, Real Estate, Com'cial Paper.

IF YOU NEED MONEY SEE
HARRY H. OSHRIN,
1,476 Broadway, Suites 1114-1115.

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LOANS $50 to $5,000, ONE YEAR OR LESS; MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN (weekly if requested); no chattels, no salary assignments. Secure booklet "HOW TO BORROW."
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Resources over $27,000,000.
MAIN OFFICE, 469 5TH AV., AT 40TH ST.
Phone Murray Hill 9680.
BRANCHES:
NEW YORK—261 Broadway, 1 Union Square, 268 Grand St., 391 East 149th St., 940 Southern Boulevard.
BROOKLYN—198 Montague St., 804 Manhattan Av., 1,668 Pitkin Av.
Under supervision State Banking Department.

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CAR IN YOUR POSSESSION.
LOANS MADE SAME DAY.
STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Lowest rates.
PEERLESS FINANCE CORPORATION,
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LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES.
Quick action, no red tape.
BURTON FINANCE CORPORATION,
1,440 Broadway, N. Y. Room 1506.
Bklyn. Branch 1,774A Pitkin Av. Dickens 3606

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS FINANCED; liberal terms, lowest rates; confidential; quick service assured.
MERCANTILE FACTORS CORPORATION,
212 5th Av. Ashland 9506.

SIX MEN STABBED IN A FASCIST RIOT

Members of League of North America Break Up Opposition Meeting in Newark.

KNIVES AND RAZORS USED

Six Patrol Wagons Called to Quiet Row Started When Anti Gathering Is Invaded.

Two men were seriously stabbed and four others slightly injured in a riot yesterday which ended an Italian meeting in Laurel Gardens, Springfield Avenue, Newark. The meeting had been called by an anti-Fascist element of the Italian population of Newark. When forty members of the Fascisti League of North America entered the building, a fight began which ended only when a riot call had been sent in and six of the eight patrol wagons in Newark had clanged to the scene.

When the police arrived, the injured were lying about the hall. Also lying in odd corners where they had been abandoned were stilettos, razors and sticks. Ambulances took the injured to the Newark City Hospital while the police hastily arrested the few remaining participants in the meeting. These explained that they were all of the Fascist League who had been attacked as they entered the building. After being questioned they were allowed to go home.

The seriously injured, who were still in the hospital last night were Lino Balatie, 26, 447 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York, and Lapolto Petilo, 34, 390 Littleton Avenue, Newark, both of whom were stabbed. The other injured are Girardo Defines, 18, 390 Littleton Avenue, Newark, stab wounds; Alfred Consiglo, 28, 418 East Fourteenth Street, New York, shot in left elbow; Antonio Nicotera, 26, 111 Fourteenth Avenue, Newark, stab wounds; Frank Condel, 23, 35 Irving Terrace, Irvington, N. J., stab wounds. All of the injured except Condel were of the Fascist element.

The meeting yesterday morning was an outgrowth of a similar meeting held two months ago by the anti-Fascisti element. The police learned that at that time a debate took place which won many followers to the cause of Fascism. Yesterday's meeting was called by the antis to offset the damage done their cause at the earlier meeting. Members of the Fascist League heard of the proposed gathering and made plans to attend. Members of their group asserted yesterday that they had gone unarmed.

1 KILLED, 1 HURT BY FALLS.

Negro Mistakes Air Shaft for Stairway and Crashes Six Floors.

One man was killed and another probably fatally injured in falls from high places early yesterday morning.

The man killed was Harry Dunston, 23 years old, a negro, of 101 West 140th Street, who crashed six floors down an air shaft at 552 Lenox Avenue.

Dunston, the police learned, returned to his home shortly before six o'clock yesterday morning after an all night party. He went toward his room and raised considerable commotion, so much, in fact, that he was ordered out of the house.

Dunston packed his trunk and carried it to the street, hailed a taxi and drove to 552 Lenox Avenue, where he had friends. He carried the heavy trunk up to the sixth floor, where he rested and fell asleep on top of his burden.

His scream, breaking sharply through the quiet house a little later, aroused the place. Dunston had apparently walked into the air shaft under the impression it was the opening for the stair case.

John Fagan, 21 years old, of 432 East Forty-second Street, attended a party at the home of his sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Carr, 1,392 Second Avenue, Saturday night. Just before dawn he went to the roof of the four-story building to get a breath of air, fell asleep and rolled off the edge.

The crash of his body on a one-story extension below aroused his sister who summoned Patrolman Wynn of the East Sixty-seventh Street station. Wynn called an ambulance and Dr. Greenburg of Reception Hospital responded, taking Fagan to Flower Hospital, where it was said he had a fractured skull and internal injuries.

K. OF C. TO MAKE PILGRIMAGE

Hudson Valley Delegations to Visit Graymoor Monastery Aug. 25.

Special to The New York Times.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Extensive plans are being made at Graymoor, the monastery four miles north of here on the Albany Post road, to receive 600 members of the Hudson Valley Knights of Columbus, who will make a pilgrimage there next Sunday. The majority of the delegations will be from Poughkeepsie, New York, Newburgh and Yonkers, with smaller representations from the smaller councils in Peekskill, Cold Springs, Ossining, Tarrytown and Beacon.

The Rev. Paul Head of Graymoor, who has just returned from a visit to Rome, will have charge of the pilgrimage and will give a sermon at the close of the exercises. On the same day the Catholic Daughters of America of the Hudson Valley will make a pilgrimage to Graymoor.

Boy, Trampled by Horse, Dies.

Dominic Piro, 3 years old, of 223 Seventh Street, Jersey City, died yesterday in St. Francis's Hospital, Jersey City, of internal injuries received Saturday when he was trampled upon by a horse in the roadway in front of 118 Erie Street, Jersey City. The horse was drawing a delivery wagon owned by the Keystone Dairy Company and driven by George F. Watt of 136 Greenfield Street, Hoboken. Watt was held without bail on a charge of manslaughter.

FLORIDA WILL SELL LAND TO SQUATTERS

Gov. Martin in Telling Plan for Everglades Likens Situation to That at Marco.

SEES PEACE WITH COLLIER

But Executive Says State Will Act in Emergency—Island Hotel Power Plant Burns.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Aug. 16 (AP).—An early settlement of the Everglades squatters' question, which has kept part of Collier County in a state of disturbance for the last few days, was seen today in the announcement by Governor John W. Martin of his decision to sell the lands to squatters all over the Everglades.

"We've been working on this squatter question and we're not going to take the land away from the men; we're going to sell it to them," he said.

Governor Martin said that, despite the apparent seriousness of the Collier situation, where a group of homesteaders on the Island of Marco are opposing the claim of Barron G. Collier to the land, he expected the situation to quiet down quickly.

"However, the State will not hesitate to handle the situation in whatever way it deems best if any emergency arises," he said.

Governor Martin made it clear that the decision of the trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund was applicable alike to all sections of the Everglades in which, from time to time, situations similar to that of Collier County have arisen.

Marco Hotel Power House Burns.

FORT MYERS, Fla., Aug. 16 (AP).—Fire of undetermined origin last night destroyed the power house of the Marco Hotel at Marco, the scene of the controversy over the Marco Island "lost land."

The hotel and power house are properties recently acquired by W. G. Williams of New York, who is the leader of the faction opposing the Baron G. Collier interests in the land contest.

Mr. Williams, whose party is contesting with the Collier interests the possession of 3,000 acres of land unaccounted for in Government surveys, said that "while we have been subjected to many petty annoyances by the Deputies, I cannot believe that the fire was anything but a coincidence—unless there is proof to the contrary."

Other members of the Williams group openly declared their belief, however, that the fire was incendiary.

The loss was small, but the hotel was in darkness tonight and was without water.

Mr. Williams plans to take a delegation of his faction to Tallahassee on Tuesday to present petitions to Governor Martin in behalf of the homestead claimants who oppose the Collier contention over the land. The petitions, signed by 153 citizens of Collier County, ask the Executive to remove Sheriff W. R. Maynard and his armed Deputies.

Sheriff Maynard said the Deputies were ousted from the hotel and were ordered by Williams not to even enter the postoffice. Williams also declared the Sheriff said, that residents of the island would be evicted if they harbored any of his officers.

So far three arrests have been made, two for charges of being drunk and disorderly and another for aggravated assault with a dangerous weapon.

The mysterious disappearance of Deputy Sheriff J. H. Cox and his wife some time ago was explained today when it was said he probably left the settlement after a warrant was sworn out charging him with the attempted murder of Howard Helveston, a fisherman.

Collier Doubts Extension of Plans.

Marco Island, Barron G. Collier said last night, is seventy miles or more from the Everglades and any disputes involving homesteaders in the latter region which Governor Martin plans to settle cannot possibly be connected with land on Marco Island.

"I can see no connection between anything the Governor is going to do in the Everglades," Mr. Collier said, "and matters on Marco Island."

The Marco Island Hotel is a two-story wooden building with rooms for about sixteen guests and, as far as Mr. Collier could recall, had no power house.

"A small gas engine and a quart of gasoline," he said, "would furnish lights all night for that place."

SING SING TO OUST RIOTERS.

Transfer to Other Prisons Will Separate Political Enemies.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Aug. 16.—While Vincent Gaffney, notorious criminal, and seven other prisoners implicated in the riots in Sing Sing late Friday night, were kept locked up in isolation cells all day today, the prison authorities arranged to send leaders of the rival factions to different prisons.

By making the transfers the officials will separate political enemies whose feelings were hurt by the outcome of contests to elect Mutual Welfare League officers, and they will not be able to clash again. John McIntyre and James Cleary, who were seriously wounded, are still in the hospital. They will recover.

In the absence of Warden Lewis E. Lawes, who is on vacation, Acting Warden Thomas McInerney will try the offenders in Warden's Court.

While Gaffney was a desperado outside of prison, keepers declared that he never made trouble in prison, and might not have been the aggressor this time.

PARENTS RECOVER CHILD.

Girl Found in Pennsylvania Station Located Through a Picture.

The girl found by the police in Pennsylvania Station early Saturday morning and turned over to the Children's Aid Society was identified yesterday as Loretta Harvey, 14 years old, 843 Third Avenue. Her mother, Marie, and her father, Louis Wagner, recognized the girl's picture in a newspaper and claimed her.

The parents explained that they had been living in New York only two weeks and that Loretta had gone walking on Friday evening with a girl friend in Central Park. The girls became separated and Loretta wandered to the station. She would not say why she had told the police her name was Helen Smith.

MAN DIES IN SYNAGOGUE.

Believed to Be Morris Goldberg, an Actor.

A man about 45 years old, believed to have been an actor and a member of the Jewish Theatrical Guild, collapsed while at worship in the Jewish Synagogue at 10 Clinton Street yesterday. He was pronounced dead by Dr. Cacippi of Gouverneur Hospital. Heart disease was said to have been the probable cause of death. A card in the man's pocket indicating membership in the Theatrical guild bore the name of Morris Goldberg.

The man was about 5 feet 7 inches tall, weighing 140 pounds. He was clean shaven, had gray eyes and mixed gray hair. He wore a brown shirt with gray stripes, a straw hat, low brown shoes and blue socks.

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WOOLEN patterns do not vary much from year to year. What a wonderful opportunity is thus created down here!

We are now offering the last suit-ends of Spring and Summer woolens. Prices are lowest of the year.

Yet, the styles and weights are correct for Fall. The designing will be in the style for Fall.

Only Arnheim's Remnant Disposal can offer such an advanced Fall suit at such a reduced Spring price.

Choose from Two groups—NOW

Remnants of $40, $50, $60 fabrics $34

Remnants of $60, $70, $80 fabrics $48

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You Can't "Mop Up" By Mopping the Brow!

FRETTING over the heat won't get you anything but a wilted collar—no man can take care of propositions and perspiration at the same time—the Waldorf Massage enables you to cut out the beads and get down to business—it's an ice-cold proposition—like diving off the end of the pier!—applied only to the face and the head but penetrates clean through to the toes!

A Waldorf a Day
Keeps the Weather Away

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TERMINAL BARBER SHOPS "Where the Promise is Performed"

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THE KNICKERBOCKER 452 W. 42nd St. Open till 11 P. M.
NATIONAL CITY BLDG. 67 E. 42nd St.—At Subway Entrance
HOTEL COMMODORE 42nd at Lex. Ave. Open till 10 P. M.
HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA 7th Ave. at 33rd Open till 11 P. M.
THE WALDORF-ASTORIA 5th Ave. at 34th Open till 8 P. M.

WOMEN'S HAIRDRESSING AND BEAUTY SHOPS: THE ROOSEVELT, THE KNICKERBOCKER, WALDORF-ASTORIA, HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA 193 BROADWAY, COTTON EXCHANGE BLDG.

EQUITABLE BUILDING 120 Broadway
TEL. AND TEL. BUILDING 195 Broadway
HUDSON TERMINAL BLDG. Concourse
HUDSON TERMINAL BLDG. 30 Church Street
HUDSON TERMINAL BLDG. 50 Church Street

TERMINAL BARBER SHOP AND BEAUTY SALON, BOOK-CADILLAC HOTEL, DETROIT, MICH.

The FOUNTAIN ROOM

of Hotel Pennsylvania serves dainty and attractive dishes all day and all evening, including a fixed-price dinner at $1.25 and a club breakfast at 60c. There's music at tea-time, and the soda fountain gets things right.

There are 9 restaurants of this hotel, the others being the Main Dining Room—the Roof Garden—the Cafe—the Tea Room—the Lunch Room. In all of them prices are reasonable.

hotel PENNSYLVANIA New York

There is no cover charge until after 9:30 p. m. in the Roof Garden—where Vincent Lopez and his orchestra play for both dinner and supper dancing.

Exceptional Retail Location in Baltimore

A modern new building 28x110, located in the 100% block on Lexington Street, will be ready for occupancy by September 15th. This choice site is directly in the centre of the best retail district in Baltimore. It is so located that it commands both day and night business.

This valuable property is ideal for drug store, restaurant, candy and tearoom or specialty shop. The building can be rented in whole or in part. A lease for a satisfactory term of years can be arranged. Rental is reasonable.

Full details can be had by communicating with Mr. Elb, 9th Floor, 80 William Street, New York City.

WILL CHANGE YOUR IDEA OF HOTEL LIVING

The SHELTON is such an entirely different atmosphere—it is more like a huge club, for both Men and Women. It is unlike any other hotel in the city.

GET UP A SWIMMING PARTY

Spend a delightful afternoon or evening in The SHELTON pool. Be sure to make definite reservations in advance. Single admission $1.50 including bathing suit.

1200 rooms—32 floors

And now for Winter!

Only 300 of the 6,000,000 people in New York can be accepted as guests in this most unusual club-hotel

Make your reservation now —or better, move in at once

WHEN these few rooms and suites are taken no others will be rented as the remainder are for visitors from other cities. It is not too early to plan for winter, in fact, this is the right time, to be assured of exactly the accommodations you want.

All of the features of *The* SHELTON that were so popular last year have been retained—the swimming pool, solarium, gymnasium, lounges, bowling alleys, library, card rooms, roof garden, squash courts, and so on. Yet the cost of completely furnished rooms and suites and enjoying these luxuries and comforts is less than similar sized unfurnished accommodations in this desirable neighborhood.

EXERCISE KEEP FIT!
The gymnasium and the swimming pool give The SHELTON *resident every opportunity to keep fit. There are bowling alleys also.*

OUT-OF-TOWN GUESTS
All the privileges of the hotel are for short time visitors, too. Single rooms, $3 to $6, double rooms, $5 to $8.

THE ROOF GARDEN
A delightful place to while away Autumn nights, in the cool breezes high above the street with nothing over your head but the moon and the stars.

The SHELTON
49th Street and Lexington Avenue, New York
"Offers you more than any other New York Hotel"

Fresh Youthful Skin Maintained By Cuticura

Daily use of Cuticura Soap, with touches of Cuticura Ointment when required, will do much to prevent pore-clogging, eruptions, roughness and other unwholesome conditions of the skin.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. Sample each free. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 63M, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

BUSINESS CONNECTION

In the Business Opportunities columns of The New York Times are advertisements which offer advantageous business connections, as well as special services. Bank and business references required from each advertiser.

EDUCATIONAL

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The Summer Term of the Clark School, at 78 Riverside Drive, is now in session.
Day School 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.
NIGHT SCHOOL FOR MEN
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Specialists in all subjects prepare students for September examinations.
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78 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Telephone: Endicott 7068

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The Leading Endowed Musical Conservatory in the Country
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America's finest teachers of ballroom dancing. You can learn in six strictly private lessons. Half price this month.
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